



ASM & SMGR 6.2

Avaya Aura® System Manager and Session Manager Administration



Please note that this course does not have audio. Click the forward/backward arrows to navigate this course.



Course Duration: 4 Days

Module 01: Connecting Student Computer to Toolwire Network

Three step process:

- Use browser to log in to Toolwire
- Follow the steps to install the Citrix ICA Web Client
- Enter your Toolwire Login and Password

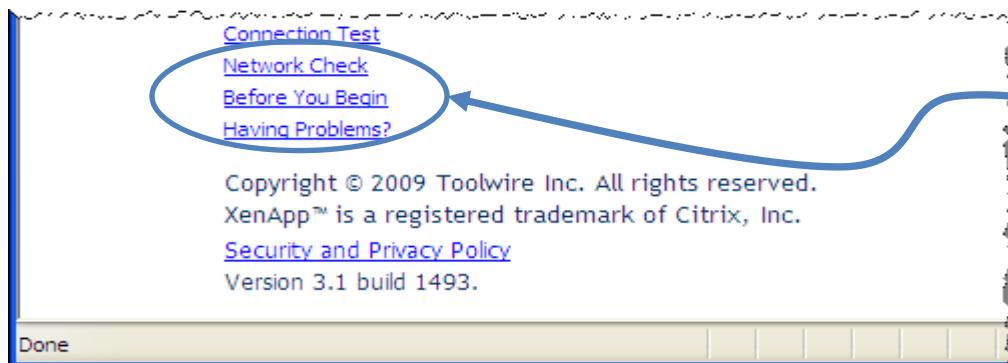


Module Duration: 45 minutes

Classroom Setup



Navigate to the Toolwire portal



You should have already downloaded the Citrix client – if not, click 'Before You Begin'

Classroom Setup

Toolwire: Login - Windows Internet Explorer
https://dcm.toolwire.com/pro

Favorites Toolwire: Login

TOOLWIRE.

Before you begin...
Welcome! Our hands-on labs provide on-demand, personalized practice with live systems for experiential learning. The information below will help ensure your system is ready to go!

Verify your computer settings

WINDOWS 2000, XP OR VISTA REQUIRES INTERNET EXPLORER 5.5, FIREFOX 3 OR GREATER
Other browsers are not supported. If you are using Windows Vista, open Internet Explorer > Internet Options > Security tab > Trusted Sites > Sites > un-check, Require server authentication (<https://>... > type, *.toolwire.com > Add.

MAC OS X REQUIRES SAFARI 3.1, FIREFOX 3 OR GREATER
Other browsers are not supported.

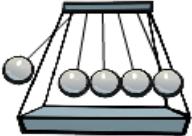
DISABLE ALL POP-UP BLOCKERS
Some pop-up blockers can cause problems when accessing our hands-on labs.
Disabling them ensures you will have a trouble free experience.

INSTALL THE JAVA CLIENT
[Java](#) is required to access our Windows Servers through the Internet. Please follow the installation instructions on the Sun website.

INSTALL THE CITRIX ICA WEB CLIENT FOR INTERNET EXPLORER
The [Citrix ICA Web Client](#) is required for Internet Explorer to access our Windows Server through the Internet. Select "Run" and follow the installation instructions.

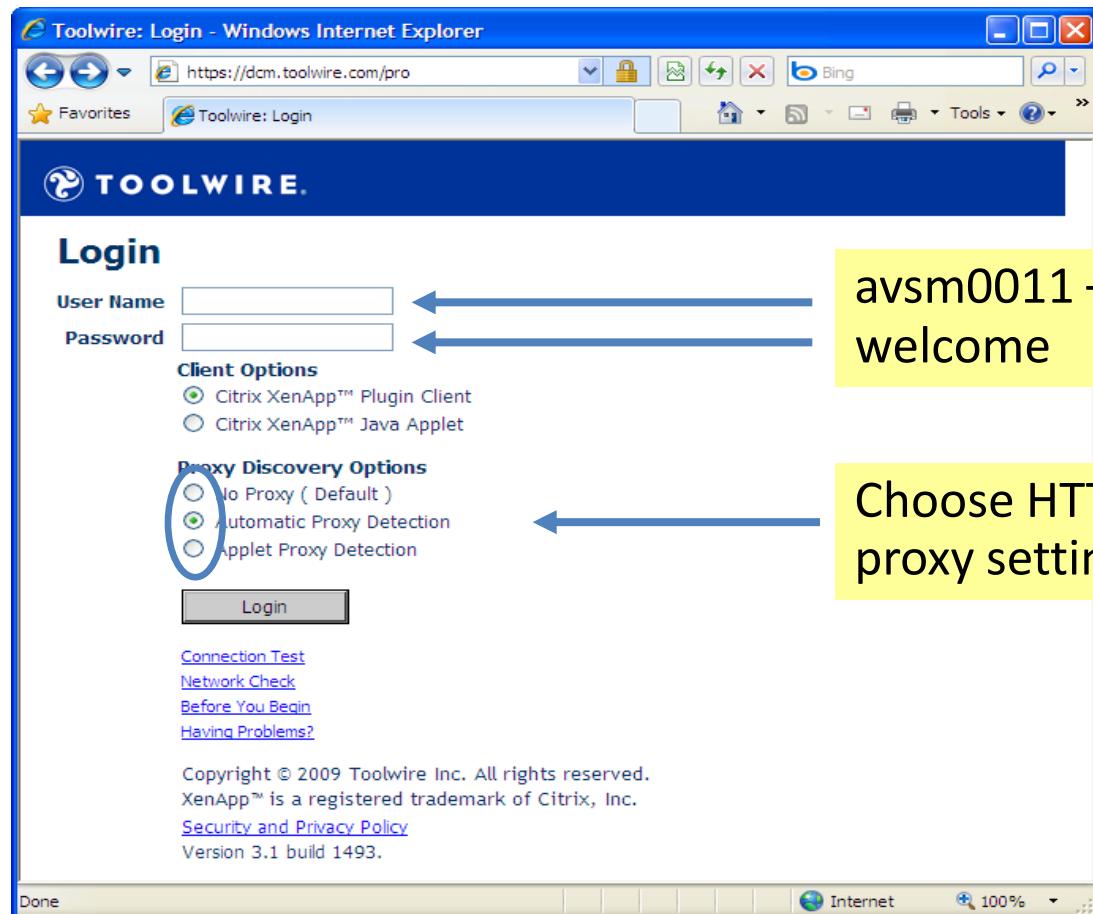
VERIFY FLASH 9 OR HIGHER IS INSTALLED

Internet 100% © 2009

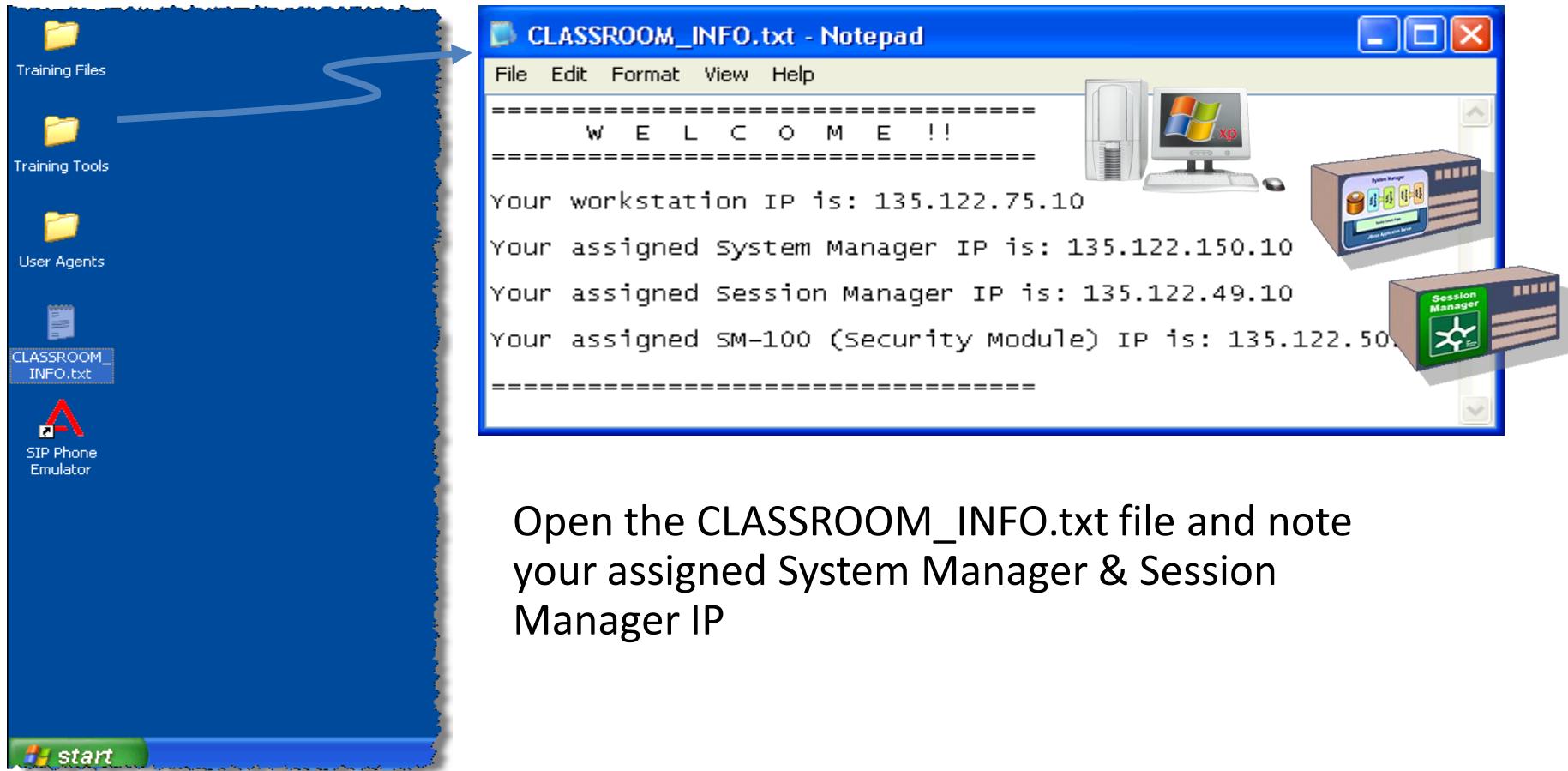


Follow the steps,
including
installing the
Citrix ICA Web
Client

Classroom Setup



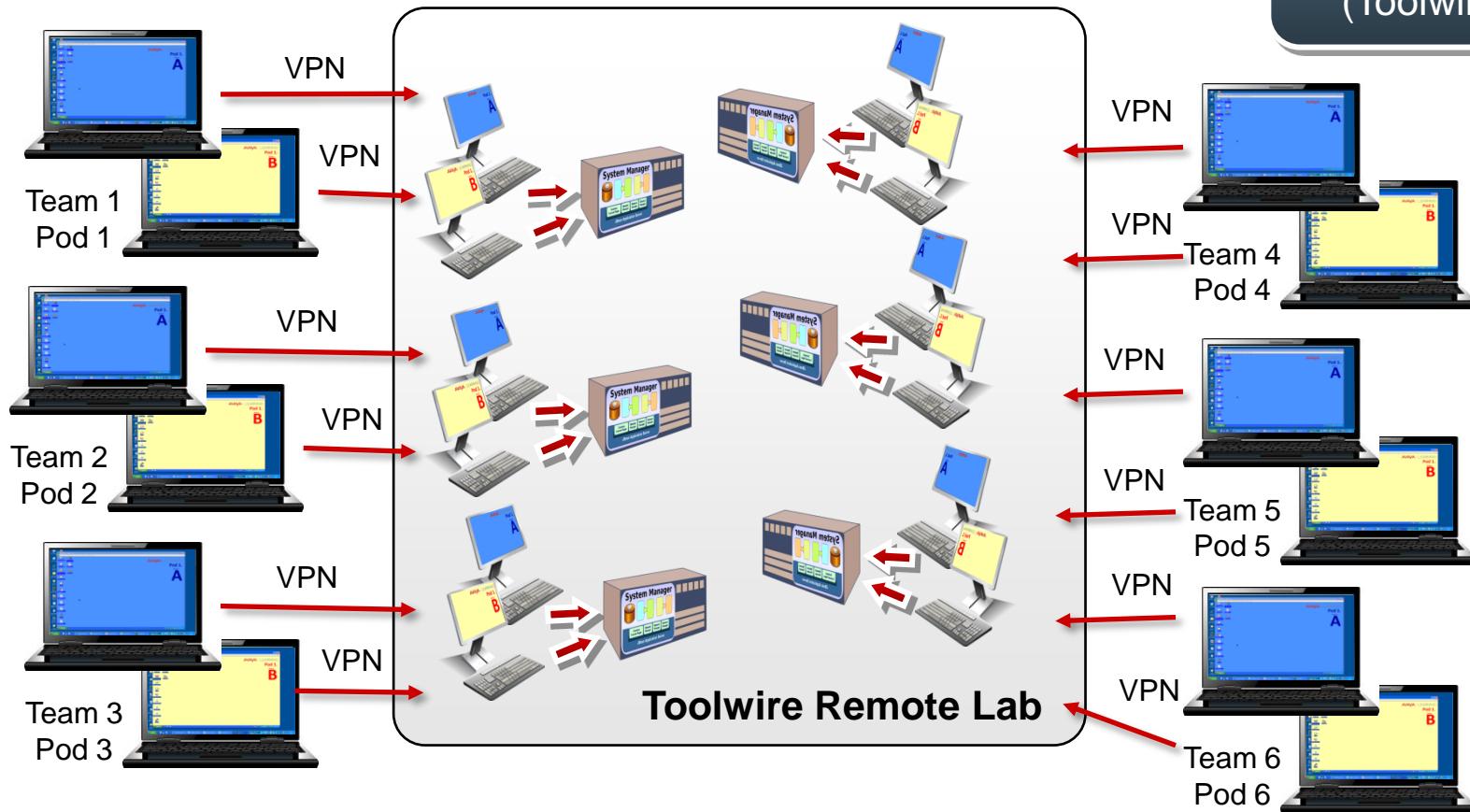
Toolwire Lab



Open the CLASSROOM_INFO.txt file and note your assigned System Manager & Session Manager IP

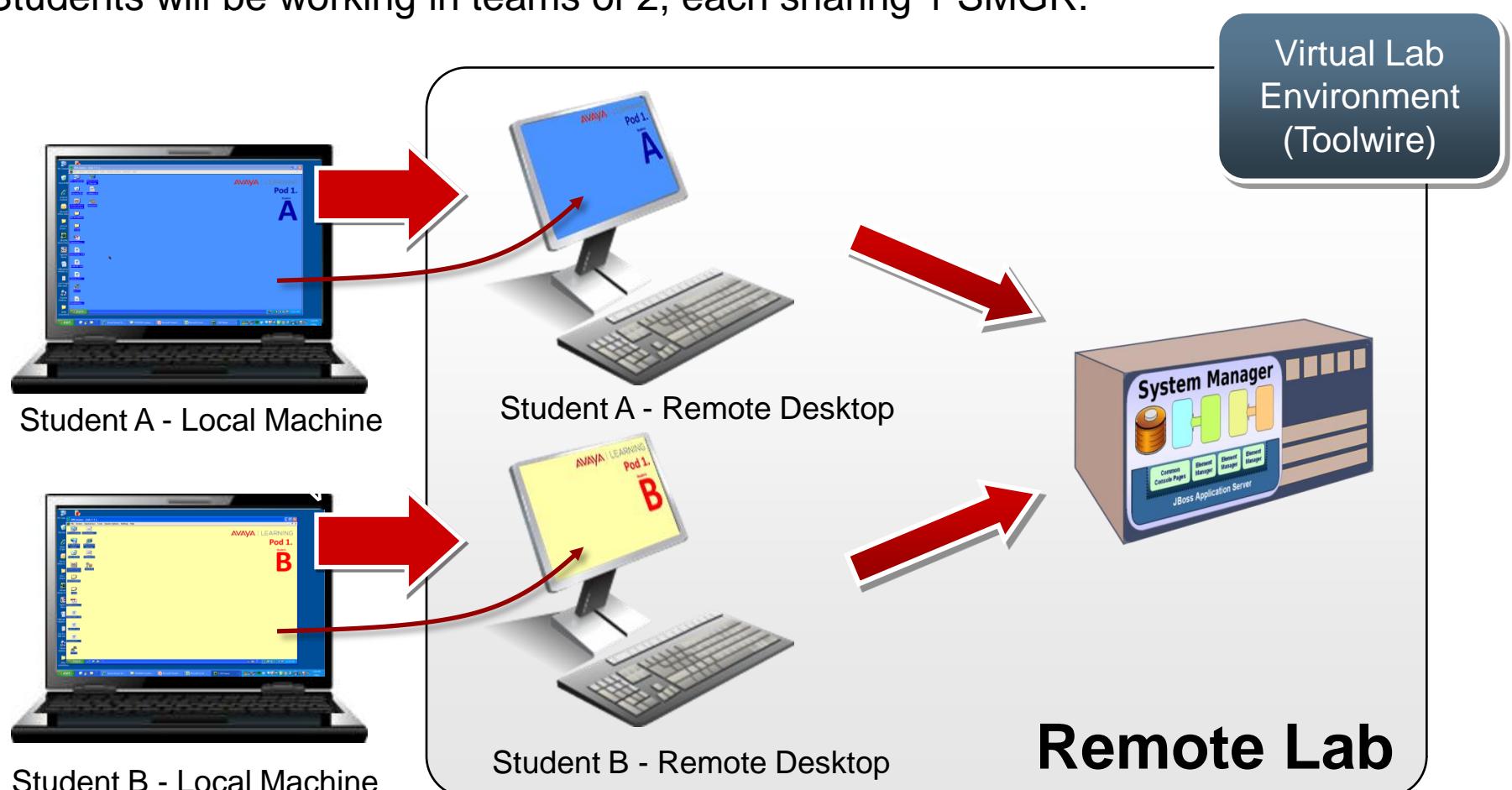
SMGR Virtual Lab

The lab caters for 6 teams of 2 students. Each team has their own SMGR.



SMGR Virtual Lab

Students will be working in teams of 2, each sharing 1 SMGR.



VPN = Virtual Private Network

VNC = Virtual Network Computing

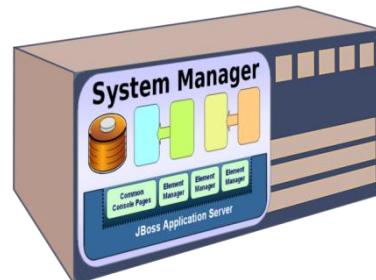
SMGR Equipment Setup



Classroom Desktop



Classroom Desktop



We'll be sharing access
to the available servers
- We'll need to partner up

Physical
Environment
(Travel Kit)

Module 02: System Manager Features & Benefits



Lesson Duration: 15 minutes

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will:

- ▶ Recall SMGR's place in the Aura network.



Lesson Duration: 15 Minutes

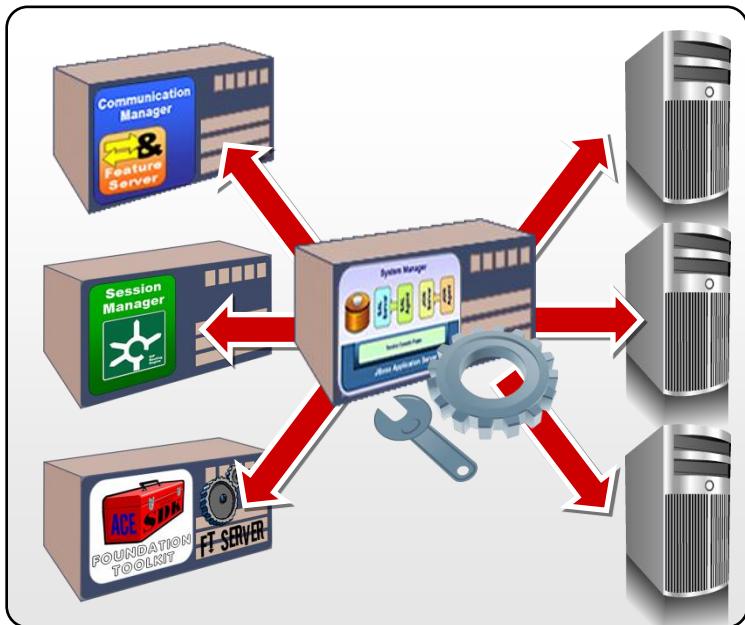
What part does SMGR play in



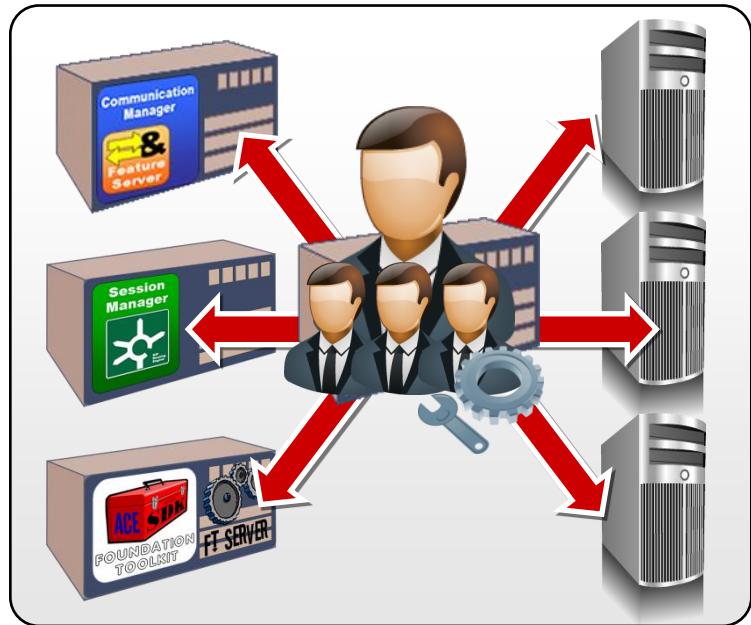
???

SMGR in Avaya Aura®

- ▶ Centralized Product Management

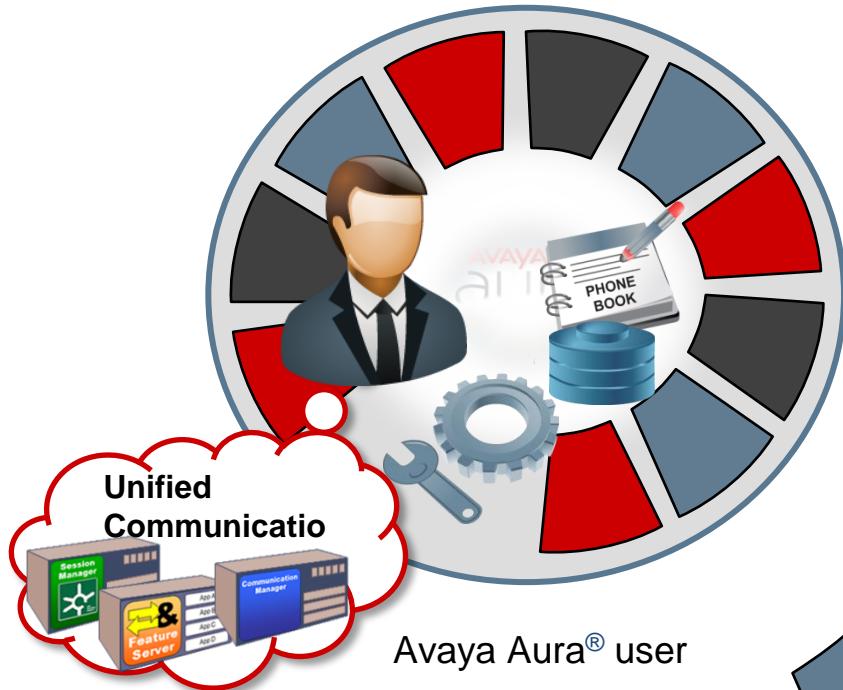


- ▶ User Profile Management
 - Administrators / communication users

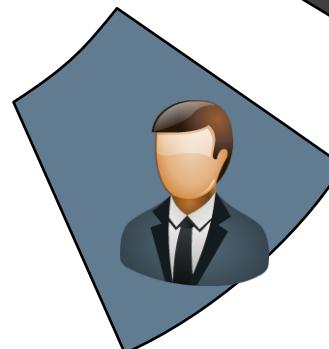


- ▶ Administration
- ▶ Configuration
- ▶ Licensing
- ▶ Central User Profile
- ▶ User info shared
- ▶ RBAC – Role Based Access Control

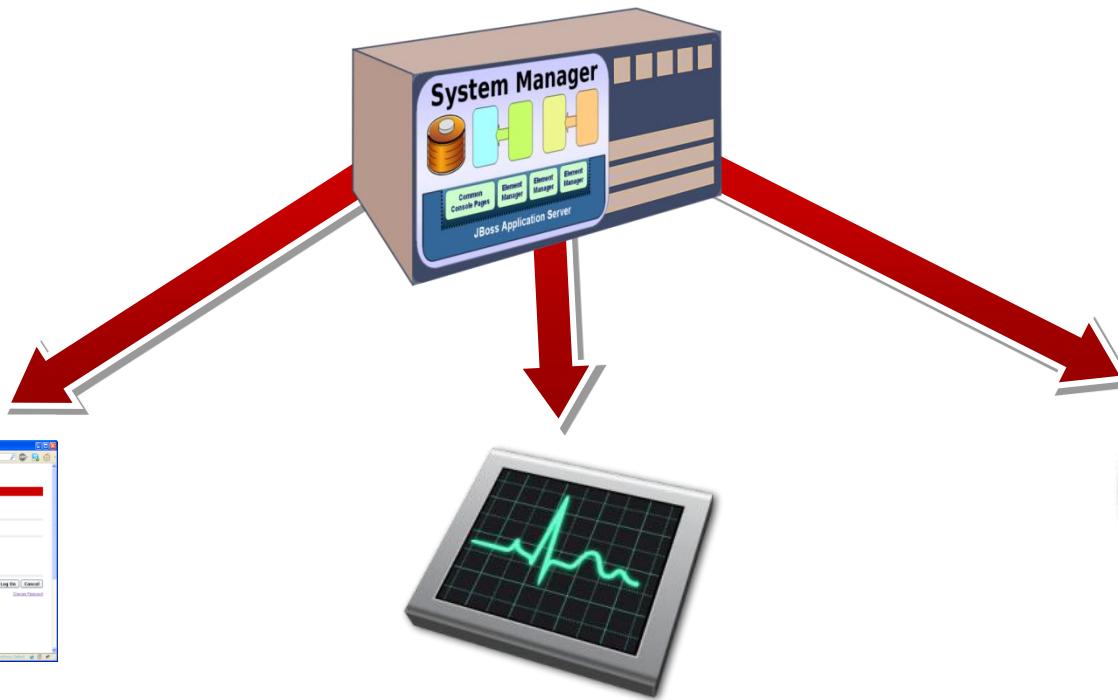
Avaya Aura® User Profiles



- ▶ Login
- ▶ Name, Address, Contact
- ▶ Service Profile
- ▶ App Sequencing
- ▶ CM / SM associations



SMGR – Additional Roles & Key Functions



Single sign-on to
central management
interface

Event & alarm monitoring, SNMP
(Simple Network Management
Protocol).
Remote maintenance using
Secure Access Link (SAL)

Certificate Authority (CA)
enabling secured network
communication.
Integrated WebLM for
licensing.

SMGR Specification – Capacity

Capacities	SMGR 5.2	SMGR 6.0	SMGR 6.1	SMGR 6.2
Number of administrator logins	50	250	250	250
Number of simultaneous logins	10	50	50	50
Number of endpoints (total)	25,000	100,000	100,000	250,000
Number of SIP endpoints	25,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Number of end users	25,000	100,000	100,000	250,000
Number of contacts per user	250*	250*	250*	250*
Number of public contacts	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Number of personal contact lists, per user	1	1	1	1
Number of members in a personal contact list	250	250	250	250
Number of groups	50	300	300	300
Number of members in a group	300	400	400	400
Number of elements	10,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
Number of CMs (either as Feature Server or Evolution Server) (counts against the total number of elements)	100	500	500	500
Number of Branch Session Managers (counts against the total number of elements)	n/a	250	250	250
Number of B5800 Branch Gateways (counts against the total number of elements)	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,000

* There is a system limit of 2.5 million contact.

Note: 2000 requires several WebLM Servers

Module 03: System Manager User Administration



Module Duration: 3 hours

Module Objectives

After completing this module, you will be able to:

- ▶ Understand the relationship between SMGR users, roles & groups.
- ▶ Create groups of different types.
- ▶ Create & assign custom roles carrying specific resource permissions.



Module Duration: 3 Hours

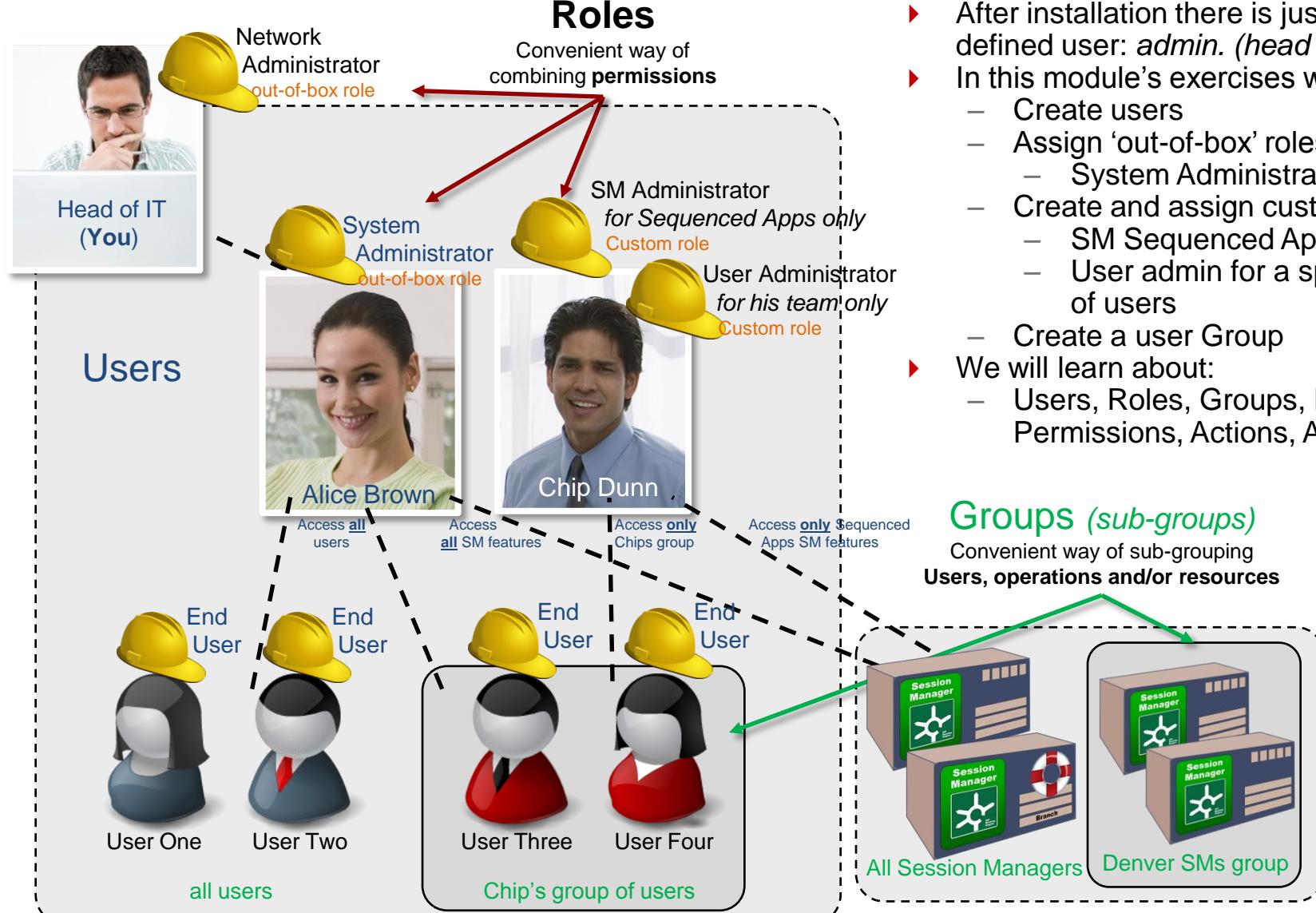
Module 3: System Manager User Administration

Lesson 01: Users, Roles, & Groups



Lesson Duration: 30 minutes

Our training Enterprise – Roles, Users, & Groups

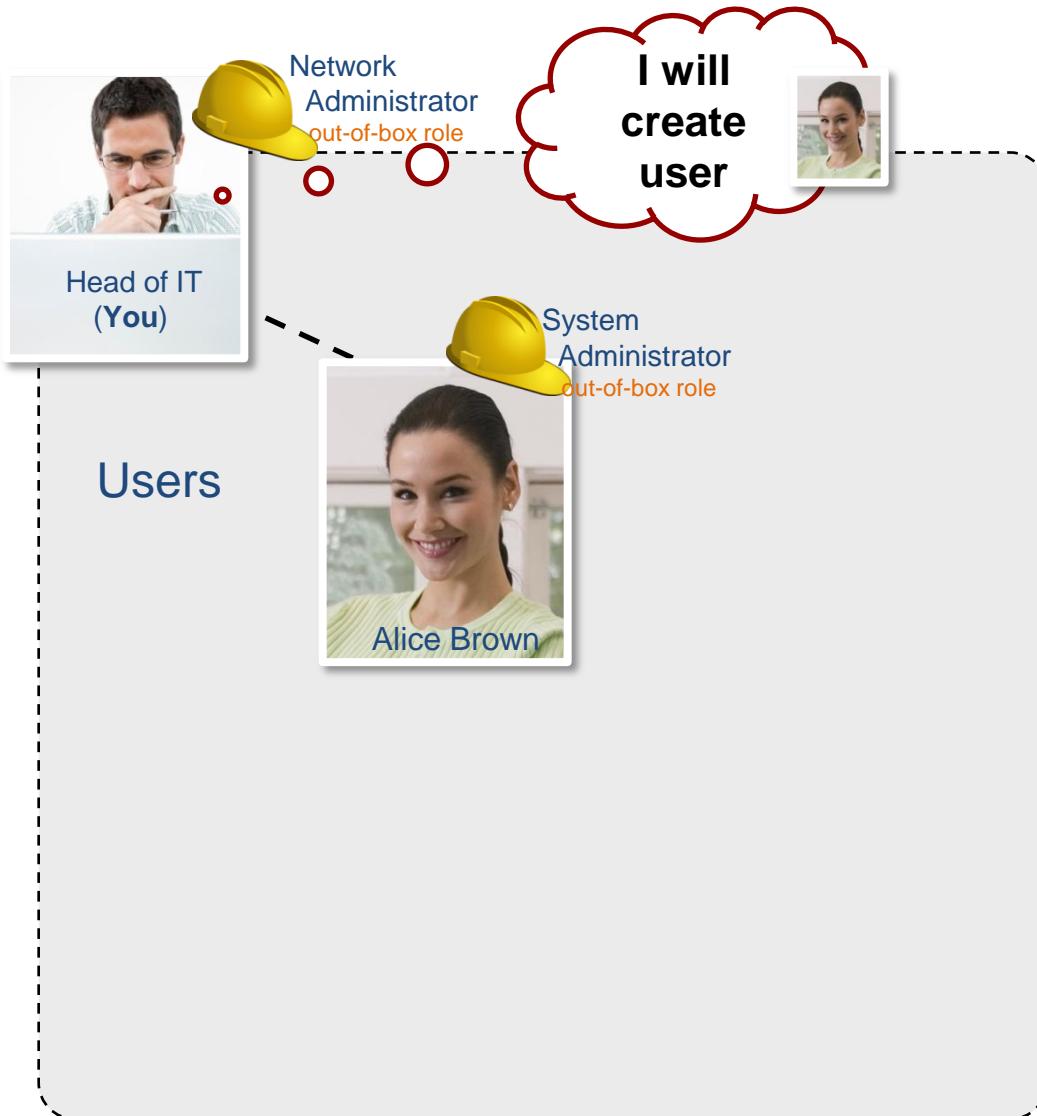


- ▶ After installation there is just one defined user: **admin**. (*head of IT?*)
- ▶ In this module's exercises we will:
 - Create users
 - Assign 'out-of-box' roles
 - System Administrator
 - Create and assign custom roles
 - SM Sequenced Apps admin
 - User admin for a specific team of users
 - Create a user Group
- ▶ We will learn about:
 - Users, Roles, Groups, Resources, Permissions, Actions, Attributes

Groups (sub-groups)

Convenient way of sub-grouping
Users, operations and/or resources

Topic 1: Create a User and Assign System Admin Role



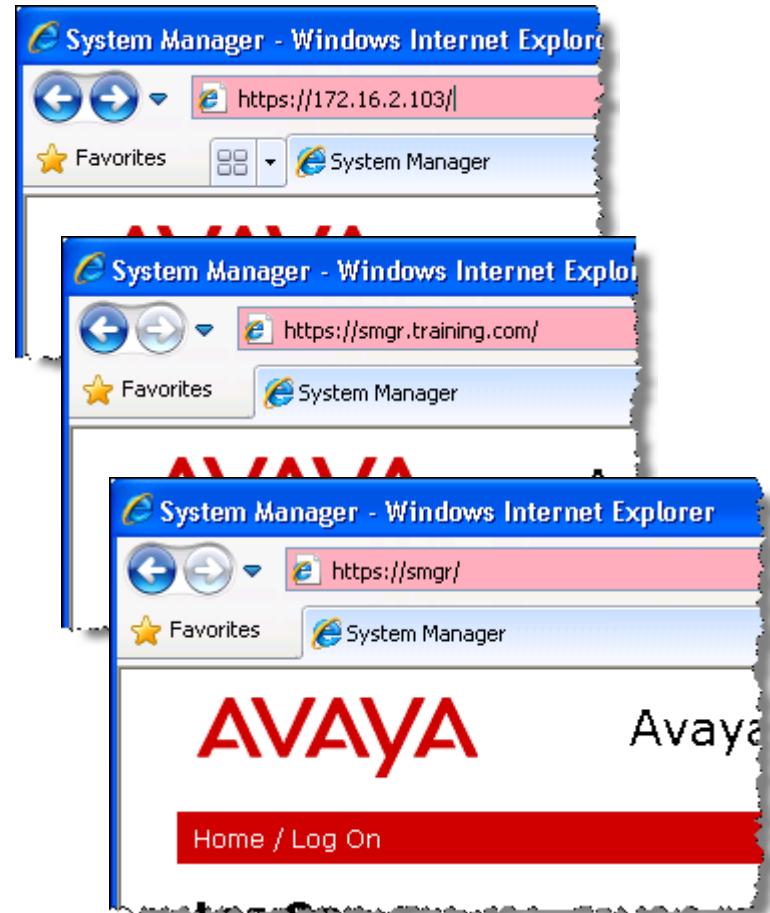
Whilst working on this topic we will learn...

- ▶ How to log in for the first time
 - including the mandatory change of password
- ▶ About navigating the System Manager interface
- ▶ About different types of user
- ▶ How to create a user
- ▶ About roles
 - What are they?
- ▶ How to assign an out-of-box role to a user

Logging in to SMGR – Login & URL

You may access the SMGR interface using...

- ▶ SMGR's IP Address
- ▶ A fully qualified domain name (FQDN) that resolves to SMGR's IP address
 - Assumes that SMGR has been registered with a domain name service (DNS)
- ▶ SMGR's hostname



Login – Change Password First

System Manager - Mozilla Firefox

135.124.231.28 https://135.124.231.28/network-login/ Google ABP T S

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Home / Log On

Log On

Recommended access to System Manager is via FQDN.

[Go to central login for Single Sign-On](#)

If IP address access is your only option, then note that authentication will fail in the following cases:

- First time login with "admin" account
- Expired/Reset passwords

Use the "Change Password" hyperlink on this page to change the password manually, and then login.

Also note that single sign-on between servers in the same security domain is not supported when accessing via IP address.

This system is restricted solely to authorized users for legitimate business purposes only. The actual or attempted unauthorized access, use, or modification of this system is strictly prohibited.

User ID: → admin
Password: → admin123

Log On **Cancel** [Change Password](#)

Warning.
You must change password before logging in for the first time!

Done

FoxyProxy: Default

Changing Password

Internet Explorer window showing the Avaya Unified Communications Management Password Change interface.

The URL in the address bar is `https://172.16.2.103/passwordChange`. A "Certificate Error" message is displayed in the status bar.

The page title is "Avaya Unified Communications Management".

Password Change

User ID: *

Current password: *

New password: *

Confirm new password: *

New passwords are limited to characters in the set a-zA-Z0-9{}|()<,>,.=_[]^_@!\$%&-+";?'; and must also meet the following policy requirement(s):

- Minimum length of 8 characters, non repeating more than twice consecutively.
- Characters must include at least 1 lowercase, 1 uppercase, 1 numeric, 1 special.
- Must not include the User ID in forward or reverse.
- Must not match any of the previous 6 password(s).

Password aging policy

Passwords will expire with time. Must be changed at regular intervals

Done

Internet

90%

After Changing Password Go Back to Log In

The screenshot shows a Windows Internet Explorer window titled "Password Change - Windows Internet Explorer". The address bar displays the URL <https://172.16.2.103/passwordChange>. A "Certificate Error" message is visible in the address bar. The main content is the "Avaya Unified Communications Management" interface, specifically the "Password Change" section. A red oval highlights the message "User (admin) password changed successfully." Below this, there are four input fields: "User ID" (with a required asterisk), "Current password" (with a required asterisk), "New password" (with a required asterisk), and "Confirm new password" (with a required asterisk). To the right of these fields is a note about password complexity rules. At the bottom right is a "Save" button. A red arrow points from the bottom of the page to the "Primary Login" link in the navigation text.

>Password Change

User (admin) password changed successfully.

User ID: *

Current password: *

New password: *

Confirm new password: *

New passwords are limited to characters in the set a-zA-Z0-9!@#\$%^&_+=[]{}
• Minimum length of 8 characters, none repeating more than twice consecutively.
• Characters must include at least 1 lowercase, 1 uppercase, 1 numeric, 1 special character.
• Must not include the User ID in forward or reverse.
• Must not match any of the previous 6 password(s).

* Required value.

Navigation in this mode is limited to the password change tool. Return to the [Primary Login](#) for network resource management.

Done

Internet

90%

Exercise: Login to SMGR and Change Password

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn how to log in to SMGR for the first time, and how to change the default password. By the time you are done, both students should be logged in to SMGR with the new password.

1. **ONLY STUDENT A:** Open a browser and enter the SMGR login URL for your assigned SMGR. Student B to shadow using second VNC session
 - <http://<SMGR hostname>>. Check the student lab guide for your SMGR hostname
 - E.g. **smgr-labx.training.com**
2. Click the ‘Change Password’ link (on the right) and change the admin password
 - Original password: **admin123**
 - Change to: **Passw0rd!**
3. **BOTH STUDENT A & STUDENT B:** Log into SMGR using the new password



The keyboard layout on your remote desktop may not match your own! Be careful to ensure you enter the password correctly – Recommend type in notepad, then copy & paste?

Individual Exercise – both students



Student A



Student B

System Manager Navigation: The SMGR Home Page

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. At the top, there's a header bar with the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and a status message: "Last Logged on at November 17, 2011 1:39 PM". Below the header are three main panels:

- Users**: Contains sections for Administrators, Directory Synchronization, User tasks (with Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users), UCM Roles, and User Management.
- Elements**: Contains sections for B5800 Branch Gateway (Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations) and Network element tasks (with Server objects, Inventory, Meeting Exchange, Messaging, Presence, Routing, Session Manager, and SIP AS 8.1).
- Services**: Contains sections for Backup and Restore, General services (with Manage system wide configurations), Events (Manage alarms, view and harvest logs), Licenses (View and configure licenses), Replication (Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes), Scheduler (Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs), Security (Manage Security Certificates), Templates (Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects), and UCM Services (Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP).

A red box highlights the top right corner of the interface, containing the text: "Last Logged on at November 17, 2011 1:39 PM", "Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin", and a list of two items:

- Current log on info
- Context sensitive help

Red arrows point from the title "System Manager Navigation: The SMGR Home Page" to the three main panels, and from the panels to the sidebar area.

Task oriented panels

System Manager Navigation – Tabbed Browsing

The screenshot illustrates the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. At the top, a browser window titled "New User Profile - Mozilla Firefox" shows the URL <https://135.124.231.28/SMGR/>. The main title is "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The top navigation bar includes tabs for "User Management", "Messaging", "Session Manager", "Routing", and "Home". A status message indicates "Last Logged on at November 29, 2011 9:47 AM". Below the tabs, the breadcrumb navigation shows "Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users - New User Profile". On the right, there are buttons for "Commit & Continue", "Commit", and "Cancel".

Below the browser window, the "Dashboard - Mozilla Firefox" window displays the "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2" interface. The dashboard has three main sections: "Users", "Elements", and "Services".

- Users:** Administrators, Directory Synchronization, Groups & Roles, UCM Roles, User Management.
- Elements:** B5800 Branch Gateway, Communication Manager, Conferencing, Inventory, Meeting Exchange, Messaging, Presence, Routing, Session Manager, SIP AS 8.1.
- Services:** Backup and Restore, Bulk Import and Export, Configurations, Events, Licenses, Replication, Scheduler, Security, Templates, UCM Services.

Red arrows point from the "User Management", "Messaging", and "Session Manager" tabs in the top browser window to their corresponding links in the "Elements" section of the dashboard. A red box highlights the "Session Manager" link in the "Elements" section. A cursor icon is shown over the "User Management" link in the "Elements" section.

- Clicking links in Home opens new tab
- Tabs allow you to quickly navigate back & forth
- State preserved as you navigate between tabs
- Maximum of 6 tabs, inc Home

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System Manager Navigation – Contextual Menus

The screenshot shows a web browser window for 'New User Profile - Mozilla Firefox' at the URL <https://135.124.231.28/SMGR/>. The page title is 'Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2'. The top navigation bar includes tabs for User Management, Messaging, Session Manager, Routing, and Home. A red box highlights the 'User Management' tab, which is currently active. A red arrow points from this tab to a contextual menu on the left side of the screen. This menu is also highlighted with a red box and contains options: User Management (selected), Manage Users, Public Contacts, Shared Addresses, and System Presence ACLs. The main content area displays a 'New User Profile' form with tabs for Identity, Communication Profile, Membership, and Contacts. The 'Identity' tab is selected. The form fields include: Last Name (required), First Name (required), Middle Name (optional), Description (optional), Login Name (required), Authentication Type (set to Basic), Password (required), Confirm Password (required), Localized Display Name (optional), and Endpoint Display Name (optional). Buttons for Commit & Continue, Commit, and Cancel are visible at the bottom right.

- Each subject Tab has its own contextual menu

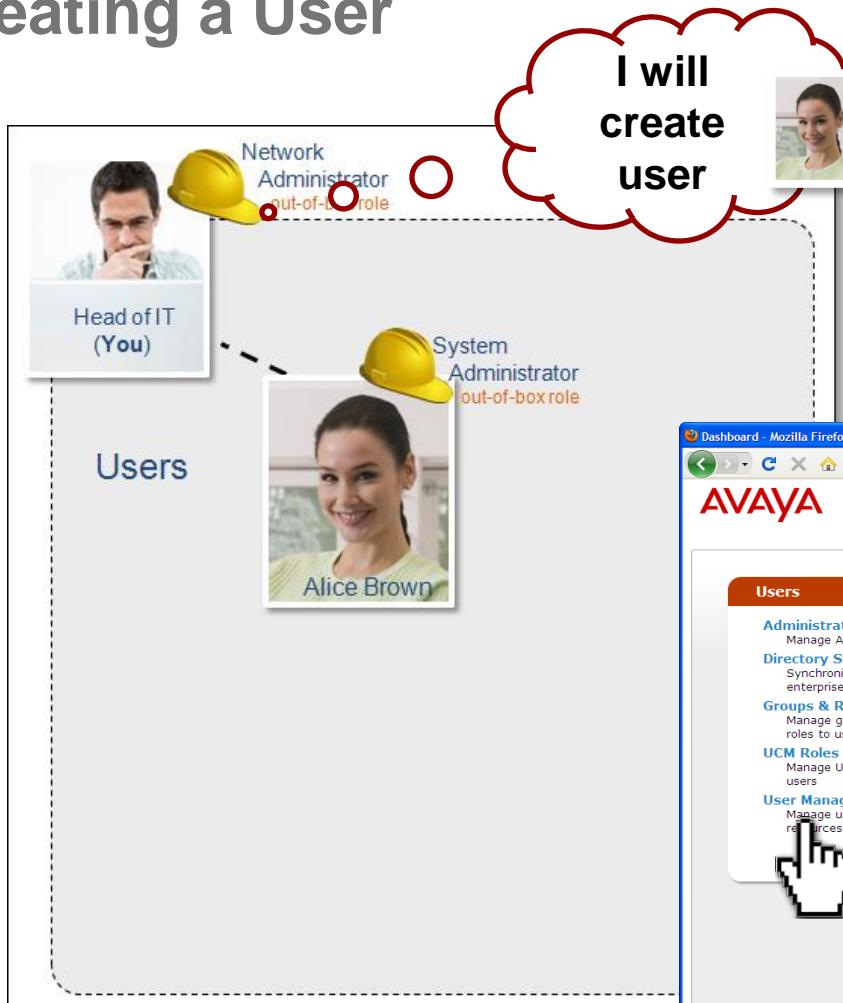
System Manager Navigation – Tabs within Tabs

New User Profile - Mozilla Firefox
135.124.231.28 https://135.124.231.28/SMGR/
AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2
User Management × Messaging × Session Manager × Routing × Home
Last Logged on at November 29, 2011 9:47 AM Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin
Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users - New User Profile
Help ?
New User Profile Commit & Continue Commit Cancel
Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts
Identity *
* Last Name:
* First Name:
Middle Name:
Description:
* Login Name:
* Authentication Type: Basic
* Password:
* Confirm Password:
Localized Display Name:
Endpoint Display Name:
Done FoxyProxy: Colorado

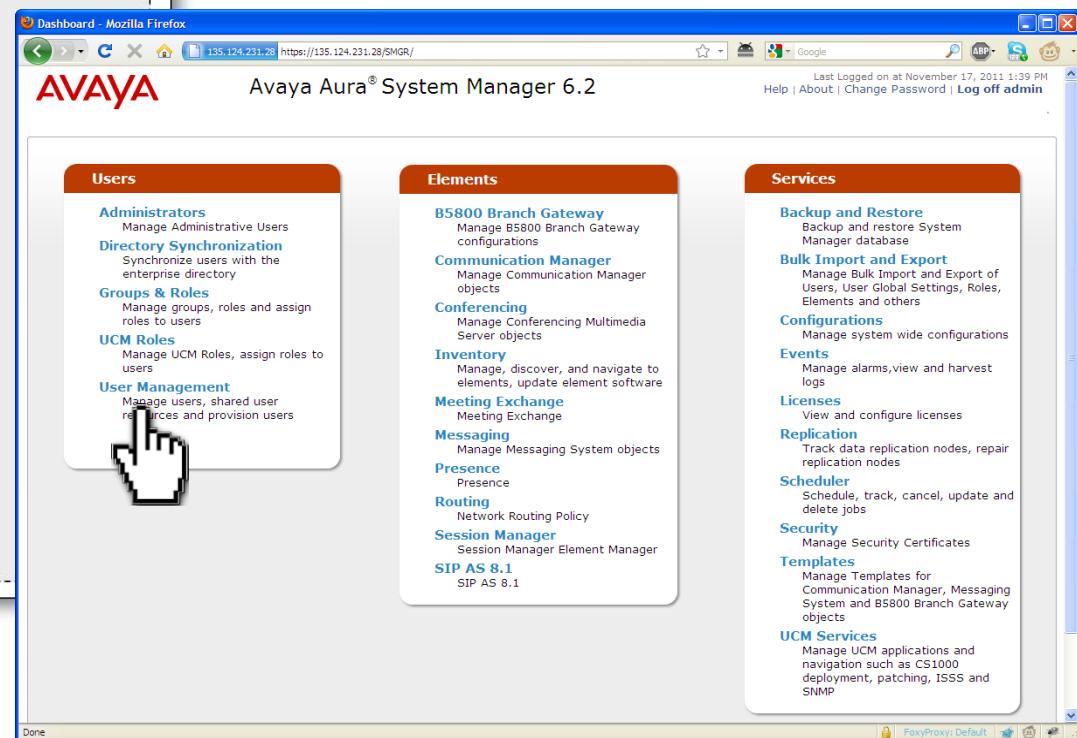
Some screens have tabs within tabs

- Helps with negotiating fields – helpful when there is a lot of data
- State preserved as you navigate between tabs

Creating a User



Click User Management from Home page



Creating a User (continued)

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for "Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 7:35 AM", "Help | About | Change Password", and "Log off admin". A sidebar on the left is titled "User Management" and contains links for "Manage Users", "Public Contacts", "Shared Addresses", and "System Presence ACLs". The main content area has a breadcrumb trail: "Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -". It features a "Status" section with a yellow warning icon and a "User Management" heading. Below this is a "Users" section with a table. The table has columns: Last Name, First Name, Display Name, Login Name, E164 Handle, and Last Login. One row is visible, showing "admin" in all columns. At the top of the table are buttons for "View", "Edit", "New", "Duplicate", "Delete", and "More Actions". To the right of the table are "Advanced Search" and "Filter: Enable" buttons. A cursor is shown clicking the "New" button.

Last Name	First Name	Display Name	Login Name	E164 Handle	Last Login
admin	admin	Default Administrator	admin		February 21, 2012 8:48:13 AM -07:00

- To begin with there will be only one user – the default *admin* user.
- Click 'New' to create a user.

Users: Different Types



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

- ▼ User Management
- [Manage Users](#)
- [Public Contacts](#)
- [Shared Addresses](#)
- [System Presence ACLs](#)

New User Profile

Action Profile * Membership Contacts

* Last Name: Brown
* First Name: Alice
Middle Name:
Description:
* Login Name: abrown@avaya.com
Authentication Type: Basic
* Password: Confirm Password:
Preferred Display Name:
Print Display Name:
Title:
Language Preference:
Time Zone:
Employee ID:
Department:
Company:

There are different types of users:

- Administrator users
 - Senior - all powerful
 - Junior - focussed responsibility
- End users
 - SIP users
 - H.323 users
 - Unistim users
 - Google talk users
 - Etc, etc
- All users have some essential required data, but not all data is needed for all users

Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 7:35 AM

[Help](#) | [About](#) | [Change Password](#) | [Log off admin](#)

Users



Head of IT
(You)

Admin users



Alice Brown



Chip Dunn



End users (phone users)

Users: User Identity – Identity Tab

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 7:35 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

User Management × Home

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

New User Profile

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Identity

* Last Name: Brown
* First Name: Alice
Middle Name:
Description:
* Login Name: abrown@avaya.com
* Authentication Type: Basic
* Password: *****
* Confirm Password: *****
Localized Display Name:
Endpoint Display Name:
Title:
Language Preference:
Time Zone:
Employee ID:
Department:
Company:

Who & where.

- Mandatory fields for all user types:
 - Last & first name of user
 - Login name – must be in format username@domain
 - Initial password for user
 - Password for logging in to SMGR console (not phone)
 - will be changed on first login
- Optional fields:
 - Localised name
 - Language preference
 - Time zone
 - Etc, etc
- Data in the identity tab does not determine the type of user.
 - User type determined in Communication Profile and Membership tabs

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Users: End User Profiles – Communication Profiles Tab

User Management Home

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

New User Profile End users (phone users)

Commit & Continue Commit Cancel

Identity Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Communication Profile

Communication Profile Password:

Confirm Password:

New Delete Done Cancel

Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Primary
Select : None

* Name: Primary

Default :

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

Type	Handle	Domain
No Records found		

Help ?

End User details:

- Communication Password
 - For logging in to communication devices, such as phones

Users: End User Profiles – Communication Profiles Tab (continued)

The screenshot shows the Avaya User Management interface for creating a new user profile. The 'Communication Profile' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. Below it, a dropdown menu for 'Type' shows 'Avaya SIP' selected. To the right, a callout box titled 'End User details:' lists features of end-user communication profiles.

End User details:

- Communication Password
 - For logging in to communication devices, such as phones
- Different types of end-user address
 - Avaya E.164
 - Avaya SIP
 - Google Talk
 - Etc, etc
- Can have multiple end-user addresses

Users: End User Profiles – Communication Profiles Tab (continued)

The screenshot shows the 'New User Profile' screen in the Avaya Communication Manager. The left sidebar under 'User Management' includes 'Manage Users', 'Public Contacts', 'Shared Addresses', and 'System Presence ACLs'. The main area has tabs for 'Identity', 'Communication Profile' (which is selected and highlighted with a red box), 'Membership', and 'Contacts'. Below the tabs, there are sections for 'Session Manager Profile', 'CM Endpoint Profile', 'CS 1000 Endpoint Profile', 'Messaging Profile', 'CallPilot Messaging', 'B5800 Branch Gate', and 'Conferencing Profile'. A red arrow points from the 'Communication Profile' tab to the 'Session Manager Profile' section. The 'Session Manager Profile' section contains fields for 'Primary Session Manager' (with a dropdown menu 'Select'), 'Secondary Session Manager' (dropdown menu '(None)'), 'Origination Application Sequence' (dropdown menu '(None)'), 'Termination Application Sequence' (dropdown menu '(None)'), 'Conference Factory Set' (dropdown menu '(None)'), 'Survivability Server' (dropdown menu '(None)'), and 'Home Location' (dropdown menu 'Select').

End User details:

- Communication Password
 - For logging in to communication devices, such as phones
- Different types of end-user address
 - Avaya E.164
 - Avaya SIP
 - Google Talk
 - Etc, etc
- Can have multiple end-user addresses
- There are currently 7 types of communication profile
 - Each opens to reveal specific server & service settings
 - Users can have all, some or none of these profiles
- Covered in other dedicated courses

Users: Roles & Groups – Membership Tab



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 23, 2012 2:17 AM

[Help](#) | [About](#) | [Change Password](#) | [Log off](#)
abrown@avaya.com

User Management

Home

User Management
Manage Users
Public Contacts
Shared Addresses
System Presence ACLs

Roles



End User

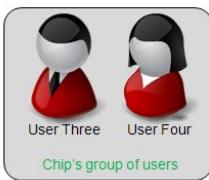
System Administrator

Groups



User One

User Two



User Three

User Four

Chip's group of users

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

User Profile Edit: abrown@avaya.com

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Roles

[Assign Roles](#) [UnAssign Roles](#)

2 Items | Refresh | Show ALL

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	End-User	End-User
<input type="checkbox"/>	System Administrator	System Administrator

Select : All,None

Group Membership

[Add To Group](#) [Remove From Group](#)

Name Type Hierarchy Description

No Records found

Mostly for Administration:

- Roles determine which SMGR resources a user can access (typically an administrator user)
- Groups are for organising resources (including users) into subset groups.
- Need to understand '**Resources**' and '**Operations**' in order to understand **Roles** – coming next

SMGR Resources & Operations

What is a resource?

- Anything administered with SMGR
- Some resources will be product specific.
 - SM resources
 - CM resources
- Others will be cross platform
 - User management tools
 - System tools
(backup/restore, etc)

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager User Management interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various resource categories under 'Bulk Import and Export'. A red box highlights the 'Resources' section, which contains icons for Communication Manager, Session Manager, and System Manager, along with a gear icon. Red arrows point from the 'CM Resources' and 'SM Resources' callouts to these respective icons.

CM Resources

- Dial Patterns
- Gateways
- Features
- Policies
- + more

SM Resources

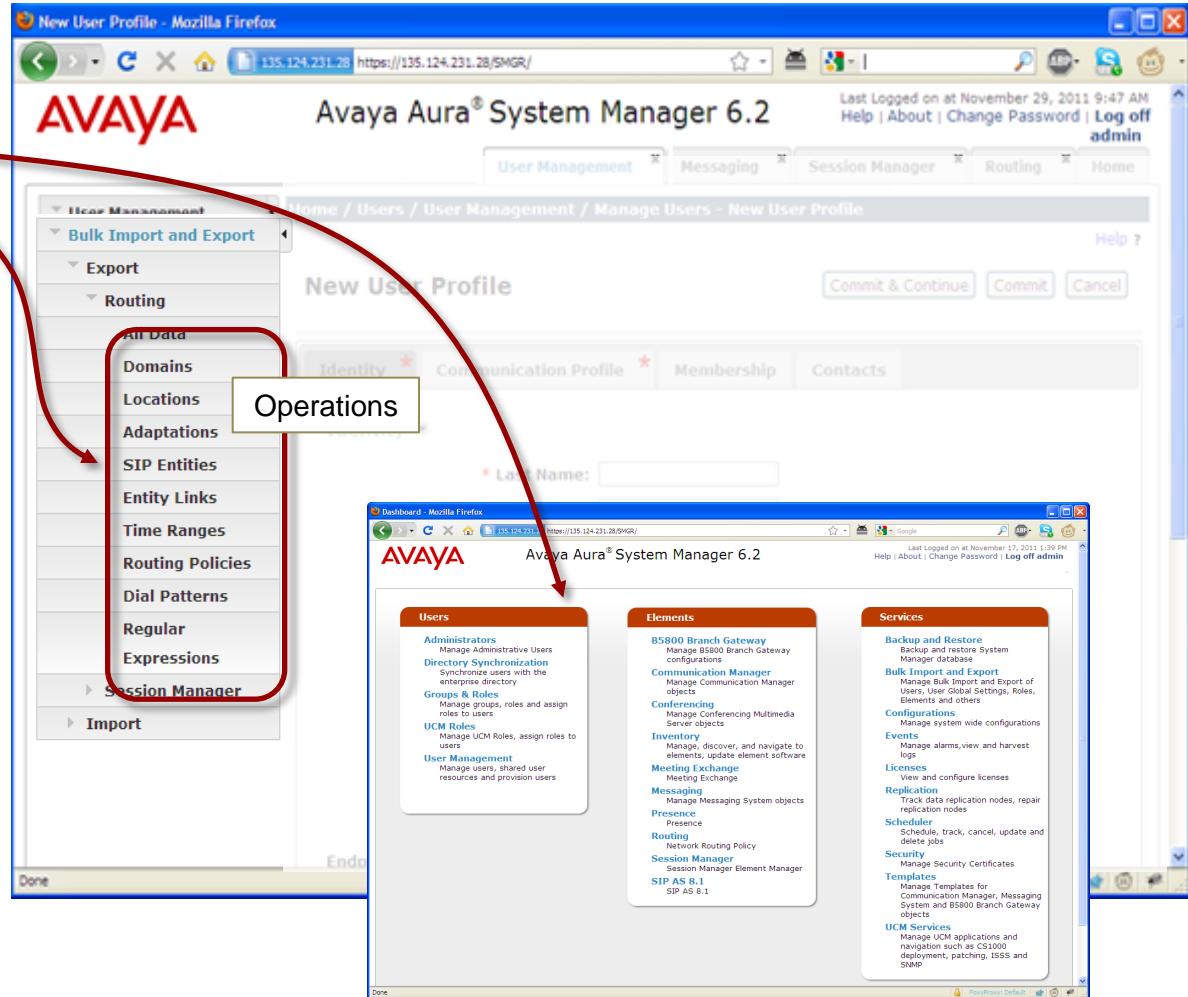
- Domains
- Locations
- Adaptations
- SIP Entities

+ more

SMGR Resources & Operations (continued)

What is an Operation?

- Anything on a SMGR menu
- Provides access to perform an action on a resource



Operations are Combined & Made Accessible through Roles

- By default all operations are locked
- A user needs permission (keys) to access a resource
- Permissions are combined in Roles
- Roles are then assigned to users



The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. On the left, a sidebar titled "Bulk Import and Export" is open, showing a list of operations under "All Data": Domains, Locations, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Session Manager. The "Session Manager" item is highlighted with a red box, and a callout bubble points to it with the word "Operations". The main panel shows the "New User Profile" configuration screen with fields for Last Name, First Name, Middle Name, Description, Login Name, Authentication Type (set to Basic), Password, Confirm Password, Localized Display Name, and Endpoint Display Name. At the bottom left of the main panel, there is a "Done" button.

SMGR Roles: Out-of-the-Box Roles

https://172.16.2.103/SMGR/ - Windows Internet Explorer

Certificate Error

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Favorites https://172.16.2.103/SMGR/

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 17, 2012 11:29 AM

Help | About | Change Password | Log off Admins

Groups & Roles



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Groups & Roles
Groups
Resources
Roles

Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Roles -

Roles



User Roles provide group-level authentication functions and element permissions. Users with a given role may only perform functions that are authorized for that role.

Add... Delete

Role Name	Users	Elements	Description
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Auditor	0	All elements of type: ReplicaGroupType All elements of type: elements All elements of type: groups All elements of type: operation spadmin	Auditor
2 <input type="checkbox"/> Avaya Services Administrator	0	All elements of type: alarmoperation All elements of type: elements All elements of type: operation	Avaya Services Adminis
3 <input type="checkbox"/> Avaya Services Maintenance and Support	0	All elements of type: elements All elements of type: operation	Avaya Services Mainten
4 <input type="checkbox"/> Backup Administrator	0	All elements of type: elements All elements of type: operation onDemand	Backup Administrator
5 <input type="checkbox"/> CS1000 Admin1	0	All elements of type: CS1000 All elements of type: Deployment Manager All elements of type: Linux Base All elements of type: Patching Manager All elements of type: Snmp Manager	General OAM (call server)

24 System Administrator



Dashboard Media Player

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on November 17, 2011 11:29 AM

Help | About | Change Password | Log off Admins

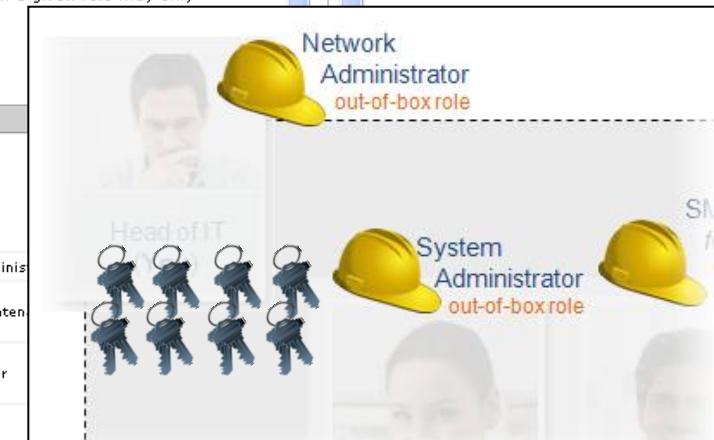
Groups & Roles

Users Administrators Manage administrative users
Directory Synchronization Synchronize users with the external directory
Groups & Roles Manage groups and assign roles to users
UCM Roles Manage user roles and assign roles to UCM Resources

Elements BSBRD Branch Gateway Manage Branch Gateway configurations
Communication Manager Manage Communication Manager objects
Conferencing Manage Conferencing Multimedia Services objects
Inventory Manage, discover, and navigate to external system element software, hardware, and services
Meeting Exchange Manage Meeting Exchange objects
Messaging Manage Messaging System objects
Presence Manage Presence objects
Routers Manage Routing Policy
Session Manager Manage Session Manager Element Manager SIP AS 8.1

Services Backup and Restore Manage backup and restore operations
Bulk Import and Export Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Element Types, and more
Configurations Manage system wide configurations
Events Manage alarms, view and handle live events
Licenses Manage and configure licenses
Replication Track data replication nodes, repair replicated nodes, and more
Schedulers Manage, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
Security Manage Security Certificates
Templates Manage templates for Communication Manager, Messaging objects
UCM Services Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000, Patching, BSBRD and SNMP

Feedback Definitions



The System Administrator role is an out-of-the-box role.

It has permission (keys) to almost all SMGR resources, operations and groups

SMGR Roles: Custom Roles

Practical: Creating a User

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 7:35 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

User Management Home User Management Manage Users - Help ?

New User Profile

Commit & Continue Commit Cancel

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Identity

I will create user

Network Administrator out-of-box role

System Administrator out-of-box role

Head of IT (You)

Alice Brown

Users

Last Name: Brown
First Name: Alice
Middle Name:
Description:
Login Name: abrown@avaya.com
Authentication Type: Basic
Password:
Confirm Password:
Localized Display Name:
Endpoint Display Name:
Title:
Language Preference:
Time Zone:
Employee ID:
Department:
Company:

- Now ready to create a user
- Will enter only mandatory data in Identity tab
- No need for Communication Profile or Contact data yet
- Remember: Password set here will need to be changed on first log in
 - Use 'Passw0rd!2'
 - Will change to 'Passw0rd!'
- Will assign System Administrator role through Membership tab

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Exercise: Create a System Administrator User

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn to create a basic user and assign her the System Administrator role. By the time you are done, both students should have created a new System Administrator user, and should be able to log in as that user and see a Home page with all menu items (operations) available.

1. Create new user

- Navigate to: Home > User Management > Manage Users. Click button '**New**'
- Identity tab: Enter mandatory data

Student A - Last Name: **Brown1**

Student B - Last Name: **Brown2**

Student A - First Name: **Alice**

Student B - First Name: **Alice**

Student A - Login: abrown1@avaya.com

Student B - Login: abrown2@avaya.com

Student A - Password: **Passw0rd!2**

Student B- Password: **Passw0rd!2**

2. Assign System Administrator Role to new user

- Navigate to Membership tab. Click '**Assign Roles**'
- From Assign Roles screen: scroll down and select role '**System Administrator**'
- Click '**Commit**'

3. Log in as new System Administrator

- Log off as 'admin'
- before logging on as new System Administrator, first change the password from **Passw0rd!2** to **Passw0rd!** See previous exercise for tips
- Log in with new credentials. You should see a full Home page



Individual Exercise – both students

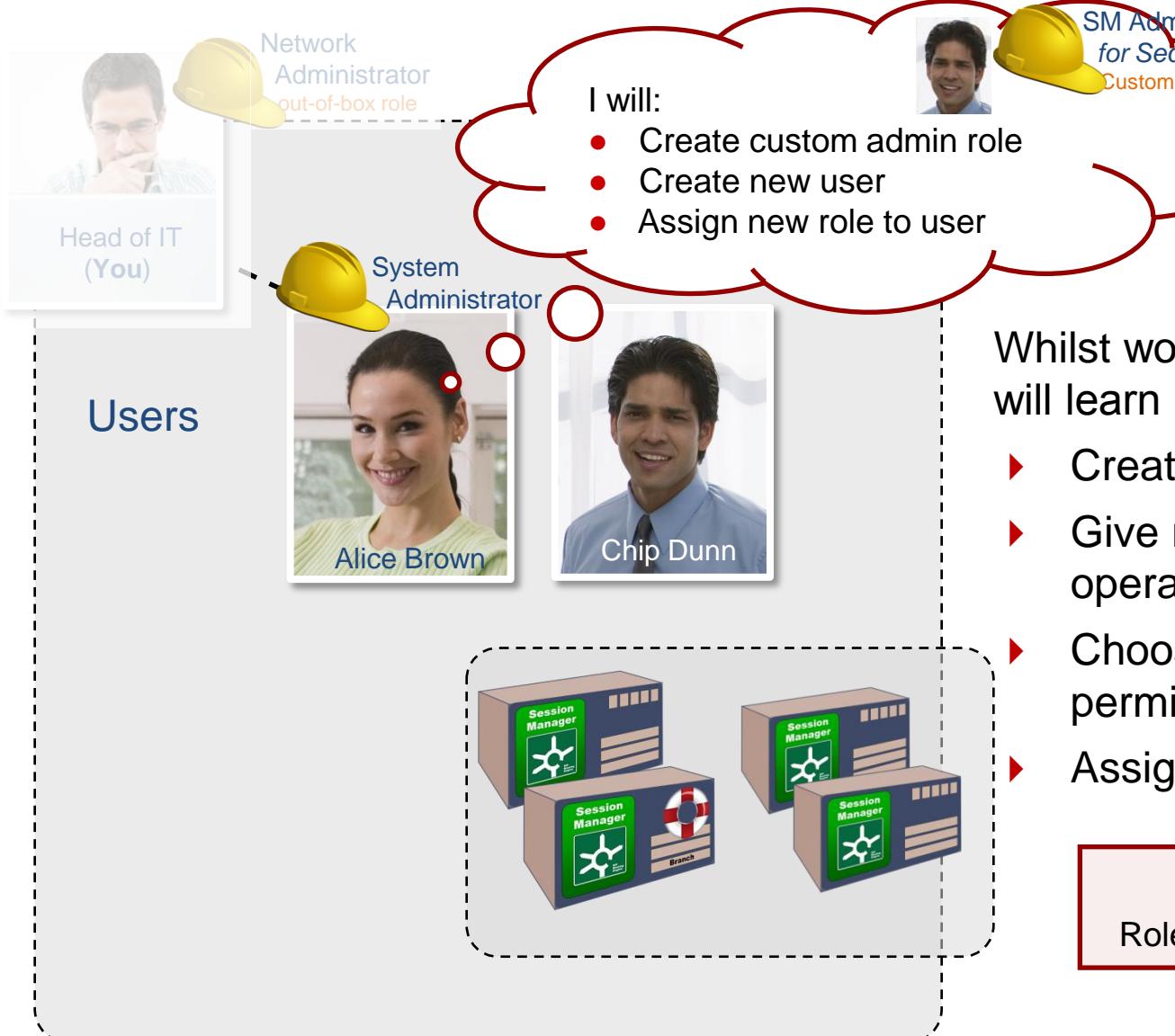


Student A



Student B

Topic 2: Create Custom Roles – SM Seq Apps Admin



Whilst working on this topic we will learn how to...

- ▶ Create custom roles
- ▶ Give roles access to operations and resources
- ▶ Choose which actions are permissible on each resource
- ▶ Assign custom roles to a user

RBAC
Role Based Access Control

Creating a Custom Role

The screenshot shows a user interface for managing groups and roles. The top navigation bar includes links for Home, Groups & Roles, and Home. The left sidebar under 'Groups & Roles' has options for Groups, Resources, and Roles, with 'Roles' being the active tab. The main content area displays a 'Add New Role' form with the following fields:

- Role Name:** SmAppSeqAdmin (1-26 characters, allowed characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, and _)
- Role Description:** Has permissions to adminstier Session Managersequenced applications (1-x characters)

A red box highlights the 'Role Name' and 'Role Description' fields, with a red arrow pointing from the 'Role Details' section below to these fields. A second red box encloses the 'Role Details (SmAppSeqAdmin)' section, which contains the same role information. Below this, a third red box encloses the text 'The Role Details screen appears.' and the instruction '3. Click 'Add Mapping' – we will map operations to this new role'. At the bottom of the 'Role Details' section, there are 'Commit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The bottom of the page features tabs for 'Element/Service Permissions' and 'Assigned Users', along with buttons for 'Add Mapping...', 'Delete Mapping', and 'Copy All From...'. There is also a table header with columns for 'Name' and 'Permissions'.

1. Choose Role name and add description.

2. Commit & Continue

The Role Details screen appears.

3. Click 'Add Mapping' – we will map operations to this new role

Elements and Network Services

Last Logged on at February 23, 2012 4:23 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
abrown@avaya.com

Groups & Roles Home Help ?

--- All Elements by type ---

- AppSystemAES
- AppSystemPS
- B5800 Branch Gateway
- Base OS
- CM
- CS1000
- CS1000 Bridge
- CallPilot Messaging
- Conferencing
- CsPresInfoType
- CsPresSystemACLEntry
- CsPresSystemDefault
- CsPresSystemRule
- Deployment Manager
- Hyperlink
- IM Presence
- IPSec Manager
- Linux Base
- Messaging
- Network Routing Service
- Non CS1000 Manual Device
- Numbering Groups
- Patching Manager
- PresenceResources
- PublicContact
- ReplicaGroupType
- Secure FTP Token Manager
- SharedAddress
- Snmp Manager
- Subscriber Manager
- alarmoperation
- b5800template
- elements
- groups
- mmtemplate
- operation**
- role**
- scheduleroperation
- spmoperation
- template
- users

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Home / Users / Groups & Roles -

Select Element and/or Network Service to Map to Role (tests)

Group Name --- No Group Selected ---

Element and/or Network Service Name --- Please select ---

Next Cancel

--- Individual Element by name ---

- SM1@172.16.2.104
- UPM Generic Account Management Service
- adminSched
- onDemand
- smgr.training.com (primary)
- spmadmin

--- Network Service ---

- Corporate Directory
- IPSec
- Numbering Groups
- Patches
- SNMP Profiles
- Secure FTP Token
- Software Deployment

--- Individual Resource by name ---

- PANELEMENTManagement
- SM2@172.16.2.114
- sysSched
- ChangeStatusAll
- presenceConfigurationData
- presenceClassesData
- statusData

Ignore Groups for now.
We will re-visit later

There are many Elements / Network Services in the list ready to be mapped to roles

- Each entry in this list is a Category
- Behind each category are typically many Elements and Services
- E.g. – Operations. Inside the operation category are 850 individual operations

Adding Individual Operations to a New Role



Permission Mapping (All elements of type: operation for SmAppSeqAdmin)

Users with this role will be authorized to perform all management functions associated with the selected permissions on the indicated element.



SM Administrator for Sequenced Apps only



Template for permission set: Default operation Permissions

- Elements/SessionManagerEM
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ApplicationSequenceEditor
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ConferenceFactories
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/DeleteImplicitUsers
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ImplicitUsers
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/BCPModification
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/DeviceandLocationConfig/DeleteDeviceSettingsGroup
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/DeviceandLocationConfig/LocationSettings
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/LocalHostNameResolution
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/LocalHostNameResolution/EditHostNameEntries
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/SIPFirewallConfiguration/RuleEditor



- Elements/Routing/TimeRanges
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/API
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/API
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/API
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/API
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/API
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/BC
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/DE
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NE
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NE
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/NE
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM/PE

Commit **Cancel**

Once selected and committed, each operation will be allocated to the new role. Selecting an operation can be thought of as unlocking it for the user.

Selected Operations Define Menu Offered to User



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 22, 2012 4:45 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
abrown@avaya.com

Groups & Roles
Groups
Resources
Roles

Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Roles -

Groups & Roles

Home

Help ?

Permission Mapping (All elements of type: operation)

Users with this role will be authorized to perform all management functions associated with the selected operations.

Template for permission set: Default operation Permissions

- Elements/Routing/Settings
- Elements/SessionManagerEM
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ApplicationSequenceEditor
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ConferenceFactories
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/DeleteImplicitUsers
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration/ImplicitUsers
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/BCPModification
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/DeviceandLocationConfig/DeleteDeviceSettingsGroup
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/DeviceandLocationConfig/LocationSettings
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/LocalHostNameResolution
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/LocalHostNameResolution/EditHost
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/NetworkConfiguration/SIPFirewallConfiguration/RuleEditor
- Elements/SessionManagerEM/SessionManagement/SessionManagementList



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Session Manager
Dashboard
Application Configuration
Applications
Application Sequences
Conference Factories
Implicit Users
NRS Proxy Users

Home / Elements / Session Manager / Application Configuration -

Application Configuration

Sub Pages

Action	Description
Applications	Administer individual Applications for use in Application Sequences.
Application Sequences	Administer Application Sequences for call application sequencing.
Conference Factories	Administer well known and factory URI mappings for conferencing.
Implicit Users	Administer dial pattern rules for call application sequencing.
NRS Proxy Users	Administer NRS proxy user rules.

The menu that a user will see depends on which operations are selected and added to his role.

E.g. The Session Manager > Application Configuration menu is presented to the user because these operations have been selected and added to the user's role.

Operations Category – 850 Elements to Choose From!

- ❑ Elements
 - ❑ Elements/ApplicationManagement/Applications/ApplicationDelete
 - ❑ Elements/ApplicationManagement/Applications/ApplicationDetails/Assign
 - ❑ Elements/ApplicationManagement/Applications/ConfigureTrustedCertificate
 - ❑ Elements/ApplicationManagement/Applications/ConfigureTrustedCertificate/ViewTrustedCertificates
 - ❑ Elements/ApplicationManagement/Applications/TrustedApplicationDetails
 - ❑ Elements/BranchGatewayManager/BackupAndRestore/Backup
 - ❑ Elements/BranchGatewayManager/SecurityConfig
 - ❑ Elements/BranchGatewayManager/SystemConfig
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/Agents/BulkAddAgents
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/Announcements
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/Announcements/CompactFlashConfig
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/AudioGroup/Backup
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/AudioGroup/Editor
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/HolidayTables
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/Vector
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/CallCenter/VectorDirectoryName/ListUsage
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Coverage
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Coverage/CoveragePath/Editor
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Coverage/CoverageTimeOfDay/Editor
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/ElementCutThrough/EditVectorDialog
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/ElementCutThrough/NCMMain
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/AliasEndpoint
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/DeleteConfirm
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/IntraSwitchCDR
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/Maintenance
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/OffPBXEndpointMapping
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/SiteData/Floor
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/View
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Groups
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Endpoints/View
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Groups/Intercom/Group
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/IPTCMStyleSheet
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Network/AutomaticAlternateRoutingDigitConversion
 - ❑ Elements/CommunicationManager/Network/AutomaticRouteSelectionDigitConversion

850



Elements and Network Services

Last Logged on at February 23, 2012 4:23 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
abrown@avaya.com

Groups & Roles Home Help ?

Home / Users / Groups & Roles -

Select Element and/or Network Service to Map to Role (tests)

Group Name --- No Group Selected ---

Element and/or Network Service Name --- Please select ---

Next Cancel

--- All Elements by type ---

- AppSystemAES
- AppSystemPS
- B5800 Branch Gateway
- Base OS
- CM
- CS1000
- CS1000 Bridge
- CallPilot Messaging
- Conferencing
- CsPresInfoType
- CsPresSystemACLEntry
- CsPresSystemDefault
- CsPresSystemRule
- Deployment Manager
- Hyperlink
- IM Presence
- IPSec Manager
- Linux Base
- Messaging
- Network Routing Service
- Non CS1000 Manual Device
- Numbering Groups
- Patching Manager
- PresenceResources
- PublicContact
- ReplicaGroupType
- Secure FTP Token Manager
- SharedAddress
- Snmp Manager
- Subscriber Manager
- alarmoperation
- b5800template
- elements
- groups
- mmtemplate
- operation
- role
- scheduleroperation
- spmoperation
- template
- users

--- Individual Element by name ---

- SM1@172.16.2.104
- UPM Generic Account Management Service
- adminSched
- onDemand
- smgr.training.com (primary)
- spmadmin

--- Network Service ---

- Corporate Directory
- IPSec
- Numbering Groups
- Patches
- SNMP Profiles
- Secure FTP Token
- Software Deployment

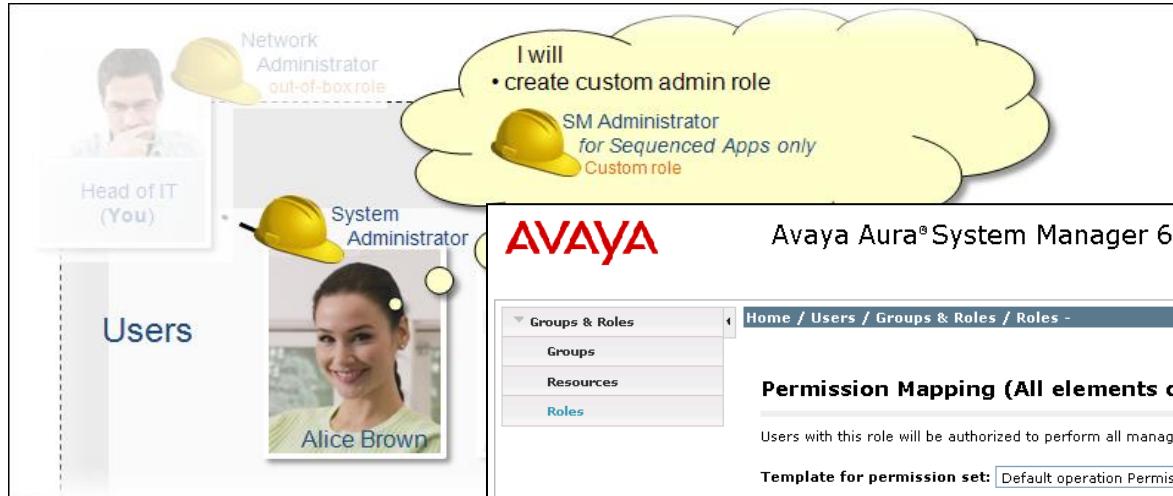
--- Individual Resource by name ---

- PANELEMENTManagement
- SM2@172.16.2.114
- sysSched
- ChangeStatusAll
- presenceConfigurationData
- presenceClassesData
- statusData

The Elements / Services Categories are organised in to 4 subsets:

- All Elements by Type
- Individual Element by name
- Network Services
- Individual Resource by name

Practical: Creating a Custom Role

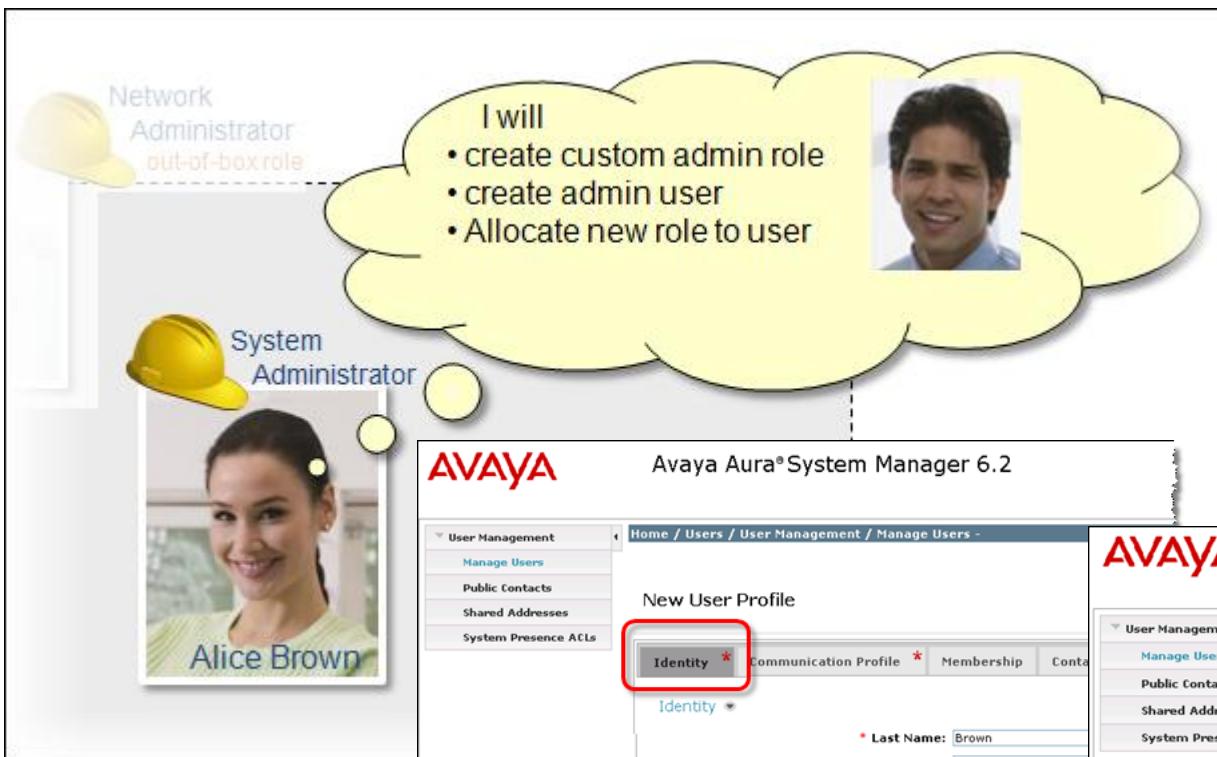


After selecting Operation category, select all individual operations that relate to SM Sequenced Apps.

- Elements
 - Elements/SessionManagerEM
 - All operations beginning with Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration (there are 14)
 - All operations beginning with Elements/SessionManagerEM/SMDashboard (there are 2)

Students will need to scroll across (3 columns) and scroll down to find them all.

Practical: Creating a User and Assigning a Role



You will also need to create a new user – Chip Dunn, and assign him Membership of the new role

The screenshot shows the 'User Profile Edit' screen for the user 'abrown@avaya.com'. The 'Membership' tab is highlighted with a red box. An arrow points to the 'Assign Roles' button, which is also highlighted with a red box.

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

User Profile Edit: abrown@avaya.com

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Roles

Assign Roles UnAssign Roles

2 Items Refresh Show ALL

Name	Description
End-User	End-User

Select : All,None

Group Membership

Practical: Creating a Custom Role – Expected Outcomes



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 22, 2012 5:1 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
cdunn@avaya.com

Users

Administrators Manage Administrative Users

Directory Synchronization Synchronize users with the enterprise directory

Groups & Roles Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users

User Management Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

B5800 Branch Gateway Manage B5800 Branch Gateway elements

Communication Manager Manage Communication Manager and higher elements

Conferencing Manage Conferencing Mult objects

Inventory Manage, discover, and navigate elements, update element

Meeting Exchange Manage Meeting Exchange, Aura Conferencing 6.0 elements

Messaging Manage Avaya Aura Messaging, Communication Manager and Modular Messaging

Presence Presence

Routing Network Routing Policy

Session Manager Session Manager Element

SIP AS 8.1 SIP AS 8.1

- By the time you are done you should:
- Be able to log as new administrator
 - Have access only to Session Manager elements (on home page) Note how other elements are not accessible
 - When clicking on Session Manager link, see only the Dashboard and the Application Configuration menu options



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Session Manager

- Dashboard
- Application
- Configuration

Home / Elements / Session Manager -

Session Manager Dashboard

This page provides the overall status and health summary of each administered Session Manager.

Session Manager Instances

Service State Shutdown System As of 5:50 AM

2 Items: Refresh Show ALL							
	Session Manager	Type	Alarms	Tests Pass	Security Module	Service State	Entity Monitoring
<input type="checkbox"/>	SM1	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	---	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	SM2	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	---	---



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6

Session Manager

- Dashboard
- Application
- Configuration

Home / Elements / Session Manager / Application Configuration

Application Configuration

Sub Pages

Action	Description
Applications	Administer individual Applications for use in Applications
Application Sequences	Administer Application Sequences for call application sequences
Conference	Administer well known and factory UPT managed conference factories

Exercise: Create & Assign a Custom SM SeqAppAdmin Role

Objective & Outcome

The objective is to learn to use RBAC. You will create a custom role that will permit a user to administer Session Manager's Sequenced Applications. When done, you will log in as the new user and have access only to the Session Manager Sequenced Applications operations.

1. Create custom role
 - Navigate to: Home > Groups & Roles > Roles. Click button 'Add'.
 - Enter Role Name '**SmAppSeqAdminA**' or '**SmAppSeqAdminB**'. Click '**Commit and Continue**'
 - Click button '**Add Mapping**'. (Leave Group Name unselected).
 - Select 'operation' from Element list. Click '**Next**'.
 - From Permission Mapping screen, select all of the following operations
 - * **Elements**
 - * **Elements/SessionManagerEM**
 - * the 14 ops that begin with **Elements/SessionManagerEM/ApplicationConfiguration**
 - * The 2 ops that begin with **Elements/SessionManagerEM/SMDashboard**
 - **Commit**
 - Scroll down and check the new Role '**SmAppSeqAdmin**' is showing in the list.
2. Create new user
 - Navigate to: Home > User Management > Manage Users. Click button '**New**'
 - Identity tab: Enter mandatory data – **Chip, Dunn1/2, cdunn1/2@avaya.com, Passw0rd!2**
 - Assign the role **SmAppSeqAdmina/b**
 - **Commit**
3. Login as new user and check you have permissions for Session Manager Applications
 - Log out as abrown. Change **cdunn1/2@avaya.com**'s password from **Passw0rd!2** to **Passw0rd! And login as Chip Dunn.**
 - Check that Session Manager is the only Element available on the Home Page
 - Click 'Session Manager' link and test that you only have access to Session Manager Apps



Individual Exercise –
both students can
work simultaneously



Student A



Student B

Topic 3: Create Custom ‘Group Based’ Role – User Admin



Whilst working on this topic we will learn how to...

- ▶ Create custom roles that focus on a particular subgroup of resources
- ▶ Create groups
- ▶ Choose which actions are permissible on each group
- ▶ Assign a custom role to a user

SMGR Resources – System Admin has Access to Everything



All resources of type 'User'



User One



User Two



User Three



User Four

All resources of type 'Session Manager'



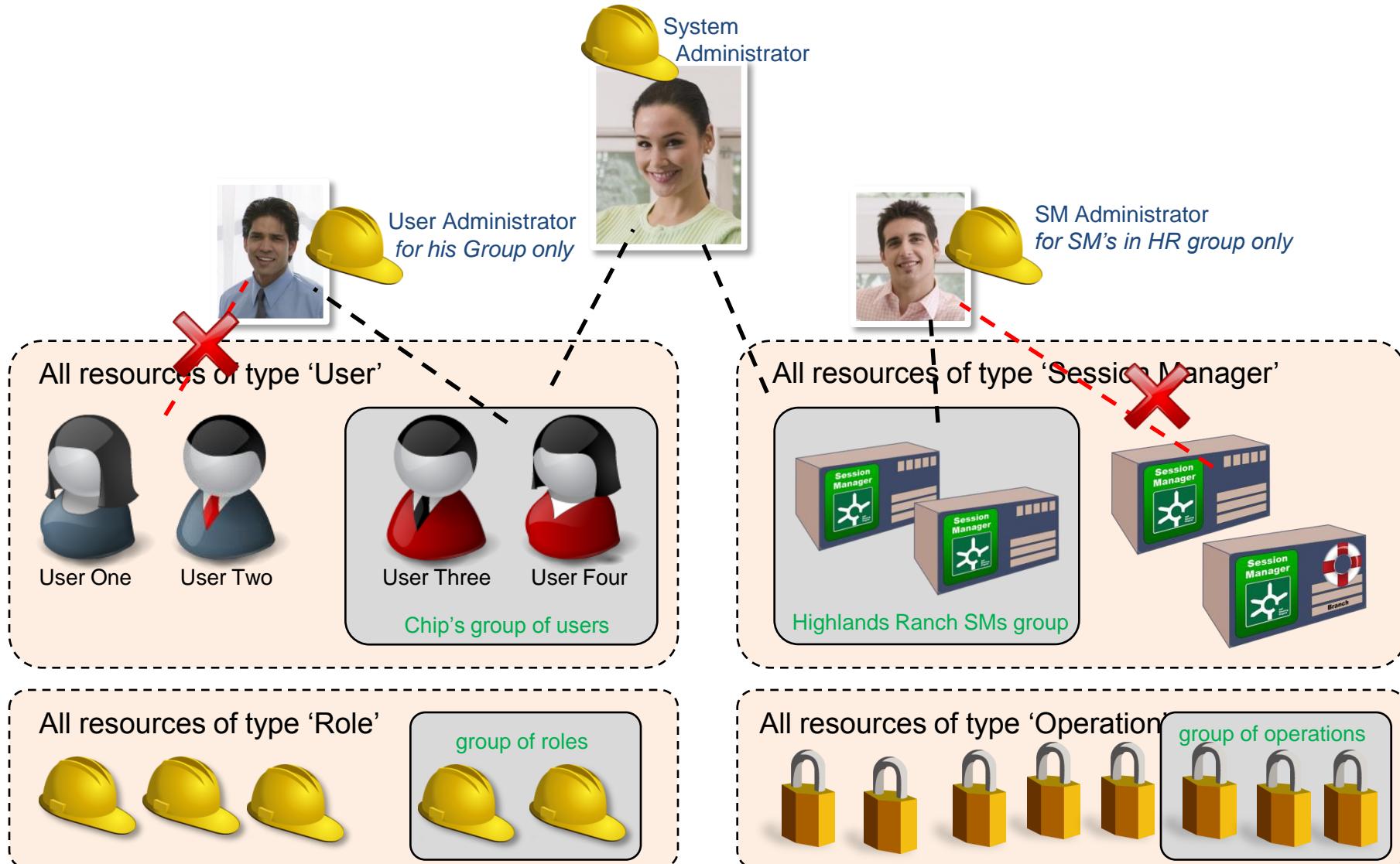
All resources of type 'Role'



All resources of type 'Operation'



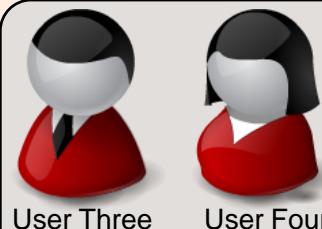
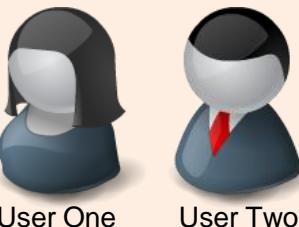
SMGR Groups – Subsets of Resources



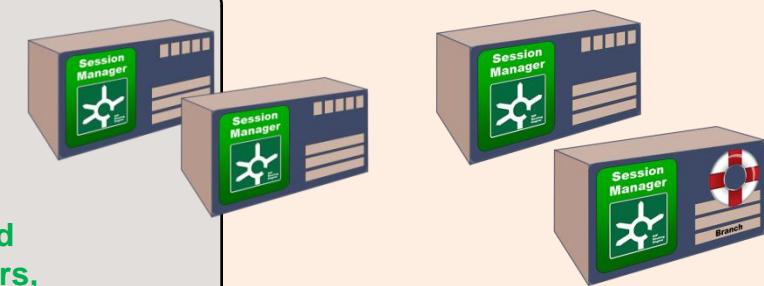
SMGR Groups – Can be Combinations of Resources



All resources of type 'User'



All resources of type 'Session Manager'

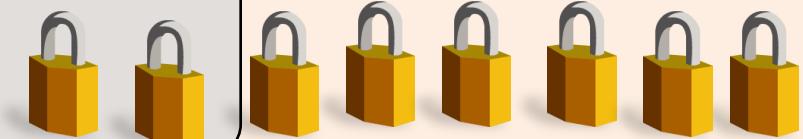


Group of combined
resource types: Users,
Roles, Operations,
Elements

All resources of type 'Role'



All resources of type 'Operation'



Being in a Group does not Enable Permissions on Other Group Resources



I don't get automatically assigned the roles that are in the same group as me.

All resources of type 'User'



User One

User Two



User Three

User Four

All resources of type 'Session Manager'



Group of combined resource types: Users, Roles, Operations, Elements

All resources of type 'Role'



I don't get permission to access operations just because I'm in the same group.

Creating a Group

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for "Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 9:26 AM", "Help | About | Change Password | Log off", and the email "abrown@avaya.com". The main menu on the left is titled "Groups & Roles" and has three sub-options: "Groups", "Resources", and "Roles". The current page is "Groups & Roles / Groups -". A red box highlights the breadcrumb trail "Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Groups -". Below the breadcrumb, there is a status message with a warning icon: "Status Group management". On the right, there is a "Help ?" link. The main content area is titled "Groups" and contains a table with three items. The table has columns for "Name", "Type", "Hierarchy", and "Description". The items listed are: "OperationsGroup" (operation, /), "RolesGroup" (role, /), and "SchedulerJobs" (scheduleroperation, /). There are buttons for "View", "Edit", "New", "Duplicate", "Delete", and "More Actions". An "Advanced Search" link is also present. A cursor is hovering over the "New" button.

Name	Type	Hierarchy	Description
OperationsGroup	operation	/	
RolesGroup	role	/	
SchedulerJobs	scheduleroperation	/	

To create a new group...

- Navigate to Home > Users > Groups & Roles > Groups
- Click 'New'
- The New Group screen will be displayed

Creating a Group (continued)

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged Help | About Groups & Roles User

Groups & Roles Groups Resources Roles Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Groups - Status New group

New group

New group

- Choose a suitable group name
- Select the type of resource you want to sub-group
 - Note how there are many resource types to choose from.
- Click 'Assign resource' to select the specific resources to be added to the group

Name: ChipDunsUserGroup
Type: users
All elements operation role users spmoperation scheduleroperation alarmoperation ReplicaGroupType CM template UDP_Group Messaging mmtemplate b5800template B5800_Branch_Gateway

Group membership:
Description:

Assigned resources

Assign resources Remove 0 Items Name

Creating a Group of Different Resource Types

* Name:

Type: **All**

Group membership:

- All
- All elements
- operation
- role
- users
- spmoperation
- scheduleroperation
- alarmoperation
- ReplicaGroupType
- template
- UDP_Group
- CM
- mmtemplate
- Messaging
- B5800_Branch_Gateway
- b5800template

Description:

To the right, a large red cloud-shaped callout contains the following information:

- sources of type 'User'**: Shows icons for User One (grey), User Two (blue), User Three (red), and User Four (red).
- sources of type 'Role'**: Shows two yellow hard hats.
- All resources of type 'Session Manag'**: Shows three boxes labeled "Session Manager".
- All resources of type 'Operation'**: Shows four padlocks.

Group of combined resource types: Users, Roles, Operations, Elements

- To create a group that includes different types of resource, select All from the drop down list.

Adding Resources for a Group: Query or Selection?

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged on at Febru Help | About | Chang abr Groups &

Groups & Roles

Groups

Resources

Roles

Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Groups -

Status

New group

New group

Parent group: /

* Name: ChipDunnsTeam

Type: users

Group membership:

- Query based
- Selection based

Description:

There are two ways to select resources to add to a group:

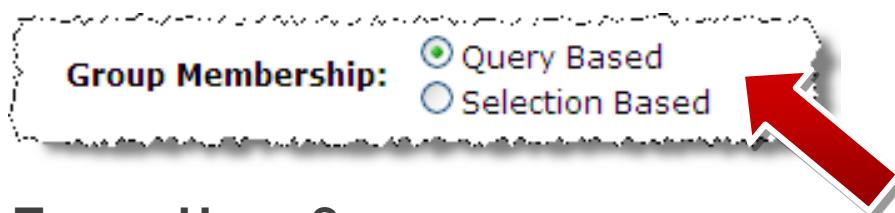
- Query-based
 - Define a rule to automatically extract resources - uses pattern matching
- Selection-based
 - Manually select from a list

Assign resources Remove

2 Items

	Name	Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	user3@avaya.com	users

Adding Resources for a Group, Using a Query



Type = Users?

- To execute a query you must be able to formulate a pattern that describes which resources you want in the group.
 - E.g. All users who's userName (extension) starts with a 4

Define Query

userNmae equals 4

Execute Query

Type = Operations?

Define Query

id starts with Events

Execute Query

Complex Queries

- ▶ Build complex queries using the + button to add multiple conditions
- ▶ To see the contents of a query defined group, you'll need to execute the query
 - Helpful to think of a query based group as being a description, rather than a discrete set of items

Define Query

loginName starts with Cust

userName contains 4

And

Adding Resources for a Group, Using Manual Selection

Group Membership:

- Query Based
- Selection Based



- Selection based is conceptually much simpler but perhaps more time consuming
 - Manually select from a list

Manually Selecting Resources for a Group

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Log

Help

Groups & Roles

User Management

Home

* Name: ChipDunnsTeam
Type: users
Group membership:
○ Query based
● Selection based
Description:

Users / Groups & Roles / Groups -

Add to group Cancel

Advanced Search

ID	Type	View details
abrown@avaya.com	users	Details
admin	users	Details
user1@avaya.com	users	Details
user2@avaya.com	users	Details
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> user3@avaya.com	users	Details
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> user4@avaya.com	users	Details

- To manually choose resources, select Selection based button
- Manually choose the resources to be added to the group
 - All* resources of the selected type will be listed
- Click 'Add to Group'

* When choosing type All, not all resources will be listed. See next slide.

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Manually Selecting Resources for a Group – All types?

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. In the top left, the AVAYA logo is visible. The title bar reads "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The main menu includes "Help | About | Change Password" and the user "abrown@avay". A "Groups & Roles" tab is open. On the left, a sidebar shows "Groups & Roles" with "Groups" selected. The main pane displays a "New group" form with fields for "Name" (set to "CombinedResourcesGroup") and "Type" (set to "All"). Below these are options for "Group membership" (radio buttons for "Query based" and "Selection based"). A large red box highlights the "Type" dropdown. A red arrow points from this box to a callout containing the following steps:

- Having chosen a Group of type ALL...
- ...the resources list will not show all of the resources – there are too many!
- Click 'Advanced Search' then select the resource type you wish to see listed
- Manually select the desired resources
- Repeat to add resources of other types

Below the form, a table lists "4 Items" with columns "Id" and "Type". The items are:

Id	Type
PANElementManagement	elements
ptest13vm2.platform.avaya.com (primary)@148.147.163.200	elements
pdev38vm2.platform.avaya.com (primary)@148.147.163.47	elements
train8-smgr.cr.rnd.avaya.com (primary)@135.124.231.27	elements

A red arrow points from the "Type" column of the first row to the "Criteria" dialog. The "Criteria" dialog has a "Type:" dropdown set to "elements" and a "Resource A" dropdown also set to "elements". A red arrow points from the "Resource A" dropdown to the expanded list of resource types on the right, which includes "elements", "operation", "role", "SharedAddress", "PublicContact", "System Default", "System ACL Entry", "System Rule", "Presence Info Type", "users", "scheduleroperation", "spmoperation", "alarmoperation", "ReplicaGroupType", "template", "CM", "Messaging", "Presence Resources", "AppSystem AES", and "AppSystem PS".

Finishing the Group

The screenshot illustrates the process of adding users to a group in Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2. It consists of two main panels:

- Left Panel (Resources View):** Shows a list of resources (users) with checkboxes next to their names. The names listed are: abrown@avaya.com, admin, user1@avaya.com, user2@avaya.com, user3@avaya.com, and user4@avaya.com. The checkboxes for user3@avaya.com and user4@avaya.com are checked. A red circle highlights this list.
- Right Panel (User Management View):** Shows the 'View group' screen for a group named 'ChipDunsUserGroup'. The 'Assigned resources' section lists user4@avaya.com and user3@avaya.com, which correspond to the selected users from the left panel. A red box surrounds the right panel, and a red arrow points from the checked users in the left panel to the 'Assigned resources' list in the right panel.

Text Callout (Top Right):

- Once all resources have been selected...
- ... and the 'Add to group' button has been clicked...
- The resources will be combined into the group and the group will be listed in the View group screen

Bottom Right Text:

Last Logged on at February 21, 2012 9:26 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
abrown@avaya.com

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Finishing the Group (continued)

The screenshot shows two windows of the Avaya Aura System Manager. The left window displays the 'Groups' section of the 'Group management' page. It includes a toolbar with View, Edit, New, Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions buttons. Below the toolbar is a table with four items:

	Name	Type	Hierarchy
<input type="checkbox"/>	ChipDunnsTeam	users	/
<input type="checkbox"/>	OperationsGroup	operation	/
<input type="checkbox"/>	RolesGroup	role	/
<input type="checkbox"/>	SchedulerJobs	scheduleroperation	/

A red arrow points from the 'Done' button in the creation dialog to the 'Type' column of the 'ChipDunnsTeam' row in the table.

The right window shows a 'New' dialog for creating a new group named 'ChipDunsUserGroup'. The 'Type' dropdown is set to 'Users'. The 'Group membership' section has the 'Selection based' radio button selected. The 'Description' field is empty. At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Edit' and 'Done' buttons, with a red arrow pointing to the 'Done' button.

Clicking 'Done'...
... takes you back to the Group Management page, where the new group will be listed

Adding Users to a Group: Two Methods

- Users may also be subsequently added to a group

The screenshot shows a 'User Management' interface with a 'Users' tab. A list of 22 items is displayed, with several users selected (indicated by checked boxes). A red arrow points to the 'More Actions' dropdown menu, which includes options like 'Assign Roles', 'Add To Group', 'Show Deleted Users', 'Import Users', and 'Import Global Settings'. The 'Add To Group' option is highlighted.

Add several users to group at once
(User Management screen)

The screenshot shows a 'User Profile Edit' interface for the user '2002@sipdomain.avaya.com'. The 'Membership' tab is active. Under the 'Roles' section, there is a table with columns 'Name' and 'Type'. The table shows one entry: 'End-User'. Below this is a 'Select : All, None' dropdown. Under the 'Group Membership' section, there is another table with columns 'Name' and 'Type', which is currently empty and displays 'No Records found'. A red arrow points to the 'Add To Group' button in this section.

Add user individually
(Edit user profile)

Practical: Create a Group of Users

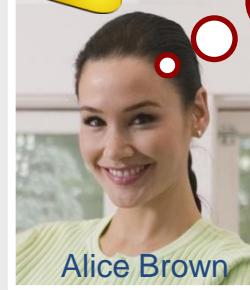


Head of IT
(You)

Network
Administrator
out-of-box role

System
Administrator

Users



- I need to
- Create 4 users
 - Add two of them to a group



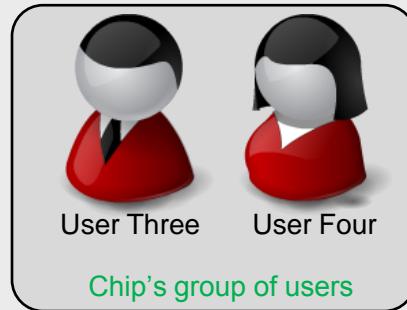
Chip Dun



User One



User Two



Exercise: Create a Group of Users

Objective & Outcome

The objective is to learn how to use groups to specify fine grained RBAC permissions. In this exercise, you will create a group of users and add them to a group. (In the next exercise, you will use the group in defining a custom role.) When done, you will see the list of groups, including the new group with its two users.

1. Create 4 new users that can be added to a group. (Log back in as System Admin – abrown)
 - Navigate to: Home > User Management > Manage Users. Click button ‘New’
 - Identity tab: Enter only the mandatory data – choose your own names, etc. Repeat 4 times.
2. Create Group of users for Chip’s team
 - Navigate to: Home > Groups & Roles. Click ‘Groups’ in the menu. Click button ‘**New**’
 - In the New Group screen enter the Name ‘**ChipDunnsTeam**’. Set Group Membership radio button to ‘**Selection based**’. Click button ‘**Assign Resources**’. The Resources screen now lists all resources of type User.
 - Select 2 of the new users. Click ‘**Add to group**’. From New Group screen click ‘**Commit**’.
3. Check the Group of users
 - Check that the new group appears in the list of groups
 - Edit the group to check that it contains only two users – the same two you added a moment ago



Individual Exercise – both students can work simultaneously

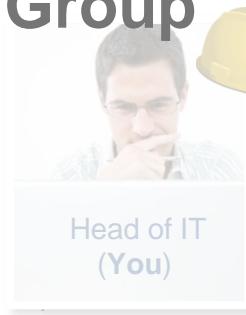


Student A



Student B

Create a Role with Permissions Only for Resources in a Group



Network Administrator
out-of-box role

System Administrator

Now that group is created...
I must

- Create role for managing only users in the group
- Begins with same steps as before
- Assign the new role to Chip



User Administrator
for his team only
Custom role

Users



Alice Brown



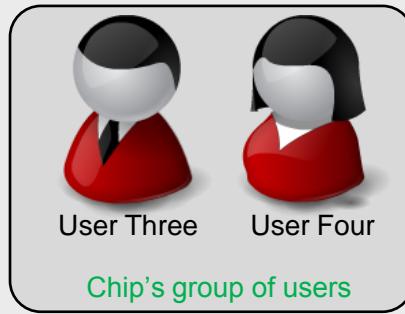
Chip Dunn



User One



User Two



Chip's group of users

The screenshot shows the 'Creating a Custom Role' interface. Step 1: Identify the new role. The role name is 'SmAppSeqAdmin' and the role description is 'Has permissions to administer Session Manager sequenced applications'. Step 2: Commit & Continue. Step 3: Click 'Add Mapping' - we will map operations to this new role. The 'Role Details' screen shows the 'Identification' section with the same role information. Below it, there are tabs for 'Element/Service Permissions' and 'Assigned Users', with 'Add Mapping...' being highlighted.

- Need to understand Attributes and Actions

Elements and Network Services



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at February 24, 2012 5:22 AM

[Help](#) | [About](#) | [Change Password](#) | [Log off](#)
abrown@avaya.com

[Groups & Roles](#)

[Home](#)

Groups & Roles

- [Groups](#)
- [Resources](#)
- [Roles](#)

Home / Users / Groups & Roles / Roles -

[Help ?](#)

Select Element and/or Network Service to Map to Role (ChipsTeamGroup)

Group Name

ChipDunnsTeam

--- No Group Selected ---

ChipDunnsTeam

Element and/or Network Service Name

users

CsPresSystemDefault
CsPresSystemRule
Network Routing Service
Non CS1000 Manual Device
Numbering Groups
Patching Manager
PresenceResources
mmtemplate
operation
role
scheduleroperation
spmoperation
template

users

[Next](#)

[Cancel](#)

- To create a role that has permissions to access...
 - ...all the users
 - ...in Chip Dunn's group
- we select both the resource type and the group name.

Operations, Attributes and Actions

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. At the top, the title bar reads "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The top right corner displays the user information: "Last Logged on at February 24, 2012 5:22 AM", "Help | About | Change Password | Log off", and the email "abrown@avaya.com". Below the title bar, there are three tabs: "User Management" (selected), "Groups & Roles", and "Home". The main content area has a breadcrumb navigation: "Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -". The page title is "User Profile Edit: user1@avaya.com". On the left, a sidebar under "User Management" lists "Manage Users" (selected), "Public Contacts", "Shared Addresses", and "System Presence ACLs". A red arrow points from the text "An Operation maps directly to a menu item" to the "Manage Users" link in the sidebar. The main form is titled "Identity" and contains fields: "Last Name" (required, value "One"), "First Name" (required, value "User"), "Middle Name" (empty), "Description" (empty), "Status" (value "Offline"), "Update Time" (value "February 21, 2012 9:30"), "Login Name" (value "user1@avaya.com"), "Authentication Type" (dropdown, value "Basic"), "Change Password" (link), "Source" (value "local"), and "Localized Display Name" (value "One, User"). A red arrow points from the text "An Attribute maps directly to a field of data" to the "Last Name" field. A red box highlights the "Identity" tab and the "Last Name" field.

- An Operation maps directly to a menu item
 - E.g. Manage Users operation

- An Action determines what can be done with the Attribute – i.e. permissions to...
 - View
 - Edit
 - Delete,
 - etc

- An Attribute maps directly to a field of data
 - EG. A user's Last Name

Permissions to Take Action and Change Attributes

An Action determines what can be done with the Attribute – i.e. permissions to...

- View
- Edit
- Delete,
- etc

An Attribute maps directly to a field of data

- EG. A user's Last Name

Selecting ALL has the effect of permitting the selected Actions on all attributes.

Practical: Create Custom 'Group based' Role

User Admin



Exercise: Create and Assign a Custom Group-Oriented Role

Objective & Outcome

The objective is to learn how to use groups to specify fine grained RBAC permissions. In the previous exercise you created a group of users. In this exercise you will create a custom role that will permit a user to administer only the users in the group. When done, you will log in as the new administrator and should have access only to the users belonging to the group.

1. Create a new role that gives access only to the subset of users in the new group
 - Navigate to: Home > Groups & Roles > Roles. Click button '**Add**'
 - Enter new Role Name '**AdministratorofChipsTeam**' and description. Click '**Commit & Continue**'
 - Click on **Add Mapping**
 - From the Select Element... screen select '**ChipDunnsTeam**' from the Group Name list.
 - Select '**users**' from the Elements list. Click '**Next**'.
 - From the Permission Mapping screen, select all **Resource Type Actions (add, purge...)**, and the top most **Role Resource Type Attribute** '**ALL**', signifying all the subsequent attributes are also selected. Click '**Commit**'.
 - From the Role Details screen, check the new mapping has been added and click '**Commit**'.
2. Assign the new role to Chip
 - Navigate to: Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users
 - Select **Chip Dunn** from the list of users and click button '**Edit**'
 - From 'Membership' tab, click button '**Assign Roles**'
 - Select role '**AdministratorofChipsTeam**' and click '**Select**' and then '**Commit**'.
3. Check that Chip has access to his team members
 - Log out of **abrown@avaya.com** and log back in as **cdunn@avaya.com** (password **Passw0rd!**)
 - Navigate to: Home > User Management > Manage Users



Individual Exercise –
both students can
work simultaneously



Student A



Student B

Module 03: System Manager User Administration

Lesson 02: User Authentication



Lesson Duration: 30 Minutes

Logon Authentication & LDAP

The screenshot shows the 'User Management' section of the Avaya Aura System Manager. A red box highlights the 'Identity' tab where user details like Name, Surname, and Authentication Type are entered. The 'Authentication Type' dropdown is set to 'Basic'. Below it, a red box contains the following bullet points:

- The User Name and Password authentication discussed so far have been of type 'Basic'

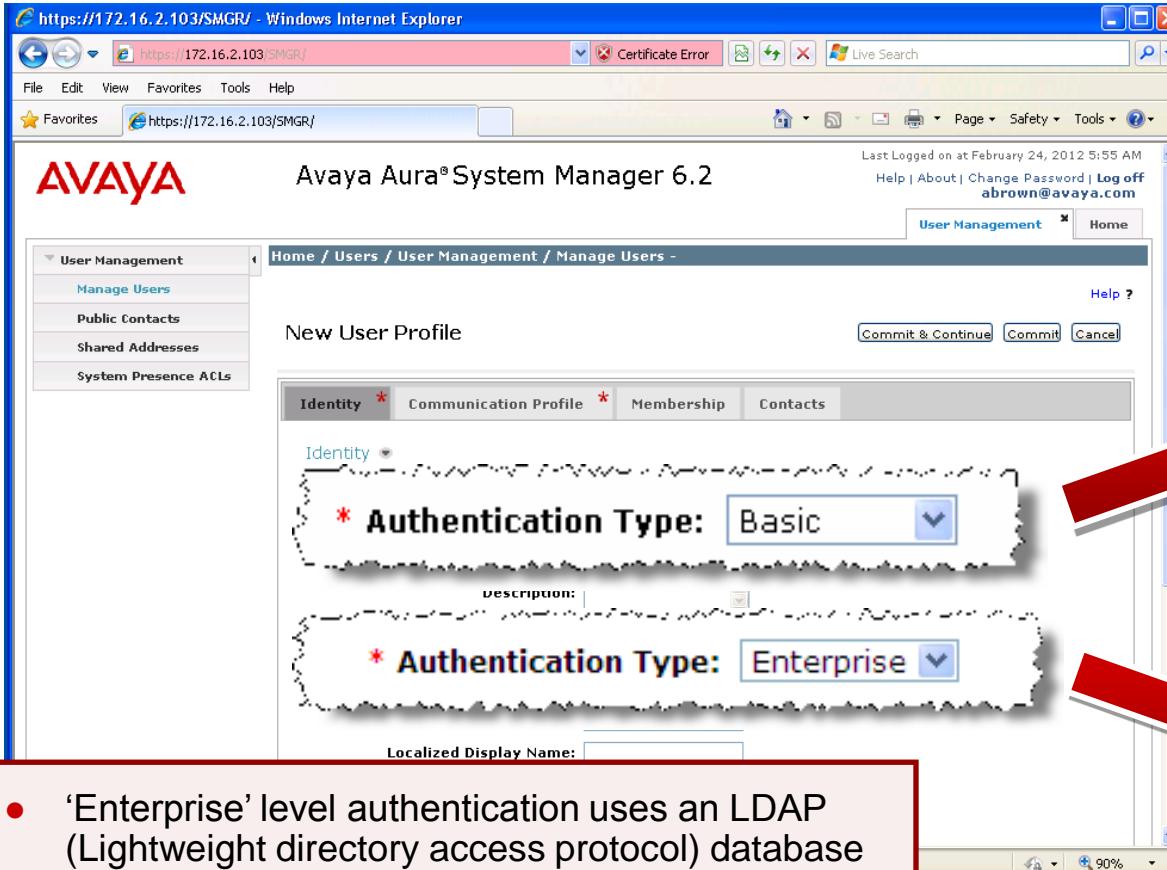
- With Basic authentication the User Name and Password set in the Identity page will be the User Name and Password with which the user will log in.
- There is another way of authenticating users

The screenshot shows the 'Log On' page of the Avaya Aura System Manager. A red arrow points from the 'Authentication Type: Basic' field in the previous screenshot to the 'User ID:' and 'Password:' fields here. The 'User ID:' field is empty, and the 'Password:' field is also empty. Below the fields, there is explanatory text about FQDN access and password change options.



Lesson Duration: 30 Minutes

Topic 4: Logon Authentication & LDAP

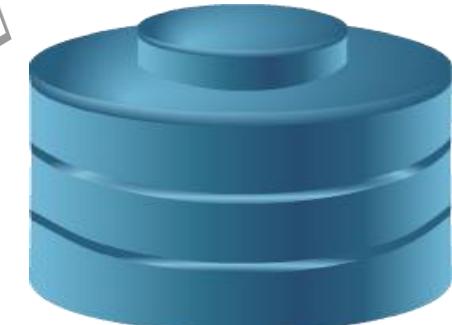


The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. In the 'User Management' section, there are two dropdown menus for 'Authentication Type'. The top menu is set to 'Basic' and the bottom one is set to 'Enterprise'. Both dropdowns have an asterisk (*) next to them, indicating they are required fields.

Local Authentication



Corporate LDAP Directory

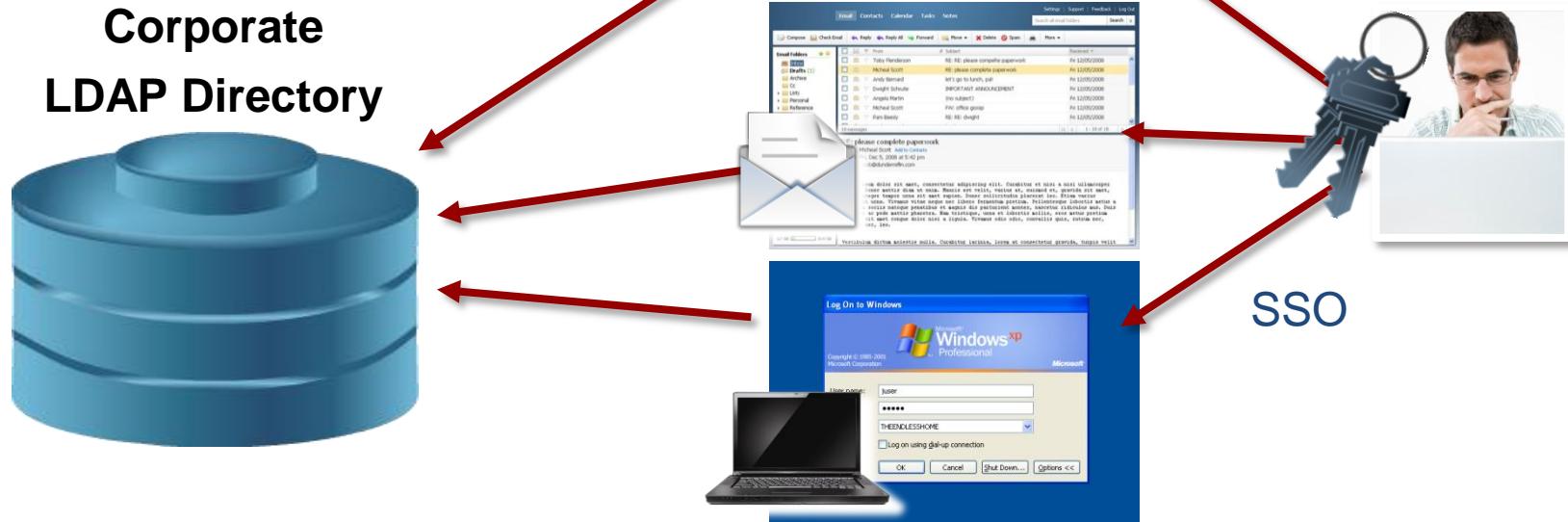


- 'Enterprise' level authentication uses an LDAP (Lightweight directory access protocol) database such as Microsoft Active Directory, Lotus Domino, or Open LDAP.
- SMGR can synchronise users with that directory, and then subsequently to authenticate those users against that directory each time they log in

LDAP Integration

LDAP Server?

- ▶ SMGR can be configured to authenticate against a central LDAP server
- ▶ In this way, an enterprise can extend the use of a single sign-on (SSO) for *all* their core services – Aura & enterprise
- ▶ Services might include:
 - SMGR
 - Email services etc.
 - Laptop login



LDAP Integration (continued)

LDAP v. SMGR

What about SMGR's role as the central user database?

- ▶ SMGR is still the central place for Aura product admin
- ▶ Using LDAP to populate SMGR with users & authenticate them can be very convenient – especially for an enterprise with lots of users already in an LDAP server



V.



LDAP Integration (continued)

- ▶ Synch SMGR with LDAP (Populate SMGR with users)

The screenshot shows the Avaya SMGR interface in a Windows Internet Explorer browser. The title bar reads "Dashboard - Windows Internet Explorer". The address bar shows the URL "https://172.16.2.103/SMGR/". The main content area has "AVAYA" branding at the top. A navigation bar on the left includes "Favorites" and "Dashboard" icons. The main menu is titled "Users" and contains the following items:

- Administrators**: Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**: Synchronize users with the enterprise directory (this item is highlighted with a red box)
- Groups & Roles**: Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- User Management**: Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

The screenshot shows the "User Synchronization" page within the Avaya SMGR interface. The title bar reads "Home / Users / Directory Synchronization - User Synchronization". The top navigation bar includes "Help ?" and tabs for "Synchronization Datasources", "Active Synchronization Jobs", and "Synchronization Job History". Below the tabs are buttons for "New", "Edit", and "Delete". A search bar with placeholder text "Search Filter" is present. A large "Host" column header is visible. A cursor is hovering over the "New" button. The message "0 records found" is displayed below the host column.

LDAP Integration (continued)

New User Synchronization Datasource

Save

Configure LDAP data source

Directory Parameters

* Datasource Name	<input type="text"/>	Any name you want
* Host	<input type="text"/>	Network address of LDAP server
* Principal	<input type="text"/>	Username with permission to create / update users
* Password	<input type="password"/>	Password of principal LDAP user
* Port	<input type="text"/>	LDAP port (default: 339)
* Base Distinguished Name	<input type="text"/>	Node in LDAP tree where users will be sync'd from
* LDAP User Schema	<input type="text" value="inetOrgPerson"/>	Schema defines object mappings
Search Filter	<input type="text"/>	Search filter for matching entities
Use SSL	<input type="checkbox"/>	Encrypt connection to server
Allow Deletions	<input type="checkbox"/>	Want to delete an already synchronized user deleted from the Active Directory
<input type="button" value="Test Connection"/>		

LDAP Integration (continued)

New User Synchronization Datasource

Save

Configure LDAP data source

Directory Parameters

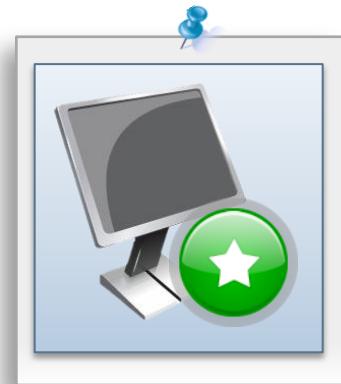
* Datasource Name	Win2K8AD	Any name you want
* Host	148.147.163.131	Network address of LDAP server
* Principal	CN=Administrator,CN	Username with permission to create / update users
* Password	*****	Password of principal LDAP user
* Port	389	LDAP port (default: 339)
* Base Distinguished Name	CN=Users,DC=pansvt	Node in LDAP tree where users will be sync'd from
* LDAP User Schema	inetOrgPerson	Schema defines object mappings
Search Filter	(cn=Alex*)	Search filter for matching entities
Use SSL	<input type="checkbox"/>	Encrypt connection to server
Allow Deletions	<input type="checkbox"/>	Want to delete an already synchronized user deleted from the Active Directory

Exercise: Locate & Inspect LDAP Synchronization Screens

Objective & Outcome

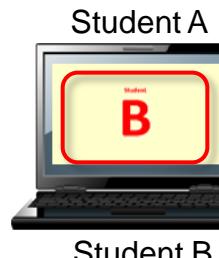
Although there is no LDAP server running in the training lab, the objective of this exercise is to navigate to the LDAP screens and familiarise yourself with them.

1. Navigate to Users > Directory Synchronisation
2. Clicking '**New**' to create a dummy sync data source
3. Inspect the synch attribute fields. Be sure not to commit any changes.

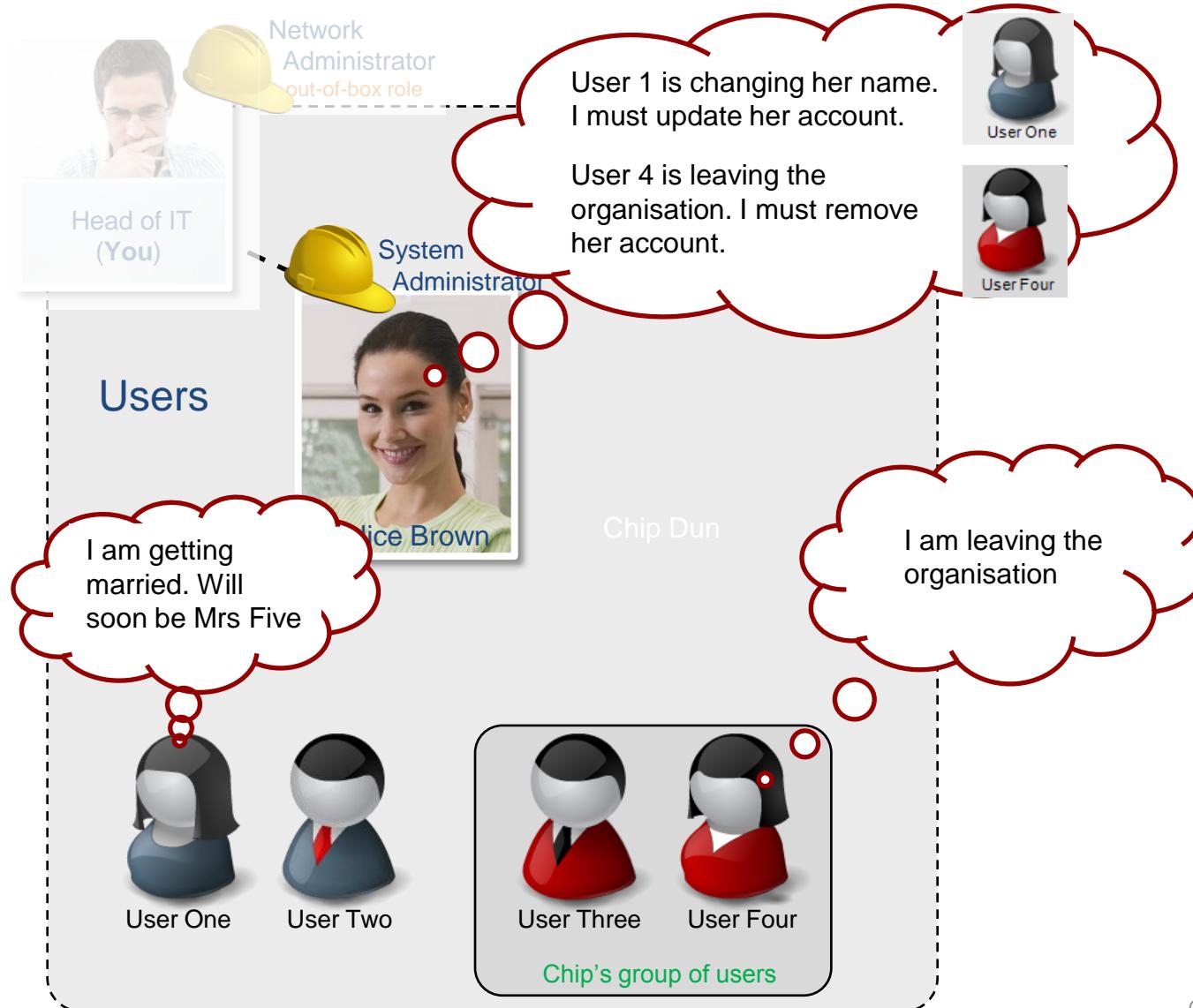


Individual Exercise –
both students can
work simultaneously

The screenshot shows the Manager 6.2 application window. At the top left is a sidebar with a red header bar containing the word 'Users'. Below it are two items: 'Administrators' (Manage Administrative Users) and 'Directory Synchronization' (Synchronize users with the enterprise directory). A red arrow points from the 'Directory Synchronization' item in the sidebar to the corresponding tab in the main window. The main window has a title bar 'Manager 6.2' and tabs for 'Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin' and 'User Management'. The active tab is 'Directory Synchronization', which has a sub-menu 'New' visible. The status bar at the bottom right shows 'Help ?'.



Updating and Deleting a User



Updating Details in a User Profile

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. On the left, a sidebar menu under 'User Management' includes 'Manage Users', 'Public Contacts', 'Shared Addresses', and 'System Presence ACLs'. The main area is titled 'User Management' and shows a list of users with columns for Last Name, First Name, and Dis. A user named 'One' is selected, indicated by a checked checkbox. Below the table are buttons for View, Edit, New, Duplicate, and Del. To the right, a detailed view of the selected user 'user1@avaya.com' is shown. The 'Identity' tab is active, displaying fields for Last Name (One), First Name (User), Middle Name, Description, and Status (Offline). Arrows from the 'Edit' buttons in both the list and the dialog point to a callout box containing the steps: 'Make the change' and 'Click Commit'.

- Navigate to Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users
- Select the user to modify
- Click Edit

- Make the change
- Click Commit

Deleting Users

Last Logged on at February 24, 2012 8:22 AM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off
[abrown@avaya.com](#)

User Management * Directory Synchronization * Home

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

User Management

Help ?

Manage Users Public Contacts Shared Addresses System Presence ACLs

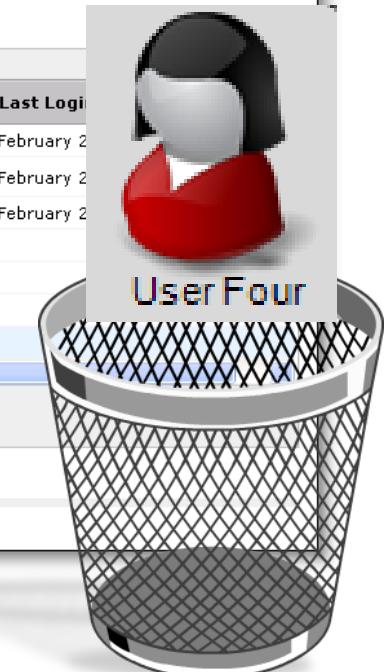
Users

View Edit New Duplicate Delete More Actions ▾

7 Items | Refresh | Show ALL ▾

	Last Name	First Name	Display Name	Login Name	E164 Handle	Last Login
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brown	Alice	Brown, Alice	abrown@avaya.com		February 2
<input type="checkbox"/>	admin	admin	Default Administrator	admin		February 2
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dunn	Chip	Dunn, Chip	cdunn@avaya.com		February 2
<input type="checkbox"/>	One	User	One, User	user1@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Three	User	Three, User	user3@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Two	User	Two, User	user2@avaya.com		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	User	Four	User, Four	user4@avaya.com		

Select : All, None



Red arrows from the list of steps point to the 'Delete' button in the toolbar and the checked checkbox in the table row for 'User Four'.

- Navigate to Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users
- Select the user to delete
- Click Delete
- This action simply moves the user to the recycle bin.
- The account is suspended

Further Actions with Deleted Users: Restore/Delete

User Management

Users

View Edit New Duplicate Delete

18 Items | Refresh | Show 15

	Status	Name
	2002, 2002	

More Actions ▾

- Assign Roles
- Add To Group
- Show Deleted Users
- Import Users
- Import Global S...

Deleted Users

Deleted Users

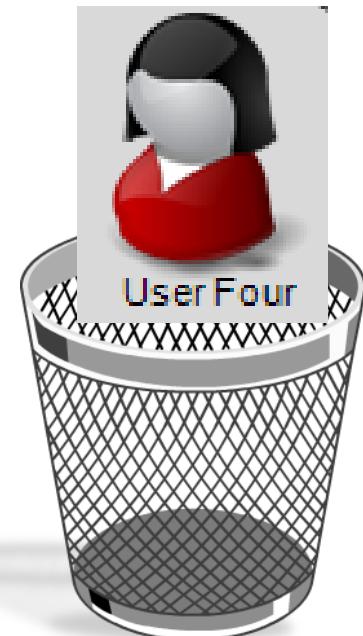
Delete Restore Show Regular users

Item Refresh Show ALL

	Status	Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2001, 2001	

#2

• SMGR keeps deleted users in the 'recycle bin'
• Deleted users can be
– Reinstated
– Permanently deleted
...through the More Actions menu



Exercise: Modifying and Deleting Users

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to become familiar with the process of updating and deleting user profile accounts. By the time you are done, you will have changed a user's Last Name, deleted and reinstated one user and permanently deleted another.

1. Change User One's Last Name to Five

- Navigate to Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users
- Select User One. Click **Edit**
- Change the Last Name to 'Five'. Click **Commit**

2. Delete User Two and User Four

- Select User Two and User Four. Click **Delete**. Confirm User Delete
- Check the users no longer appear in the list of User Management users

3. Reinstate User Two

- Click **More Actions** and select **Show Deleted Users**
- Select User Two and click **Restore**
- Confirm User Two should be restored.
- Check that he is listed again with other users

4. Permanently delete User Four

- Click **More Actions** and select **Show Deleted Users**
- Select User Four and click **Delete**. Confirm User Four should be deleted.
- Check that he is not listed with the other users



Individual Exercise –
both students can
work simultaneously



Student A



Student B

Module 04

Product Administration

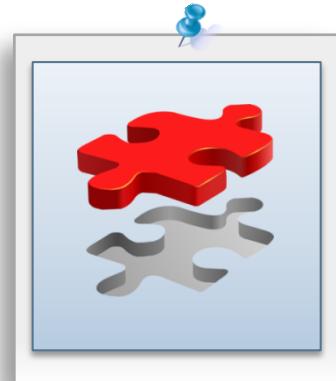


Module Duration: 3 Hours

Module Objectives

After completing this module, you will:

- ▶ Have a feel for product administration.
 - Individual adopting product training is beyond the scope of this course.
 - Each adopting product will have its own specific training course.
- ▶ Be able to use SMGR to discover Avaya services in the network.
- ▶ Be able to use SMGR event & alarm logging features.
- ▶ Be able to configure SMGR to harvest logs.



Module Duration: 3 Hours

Module 04: Product Administration

Lesson 01: Inventory Discovery

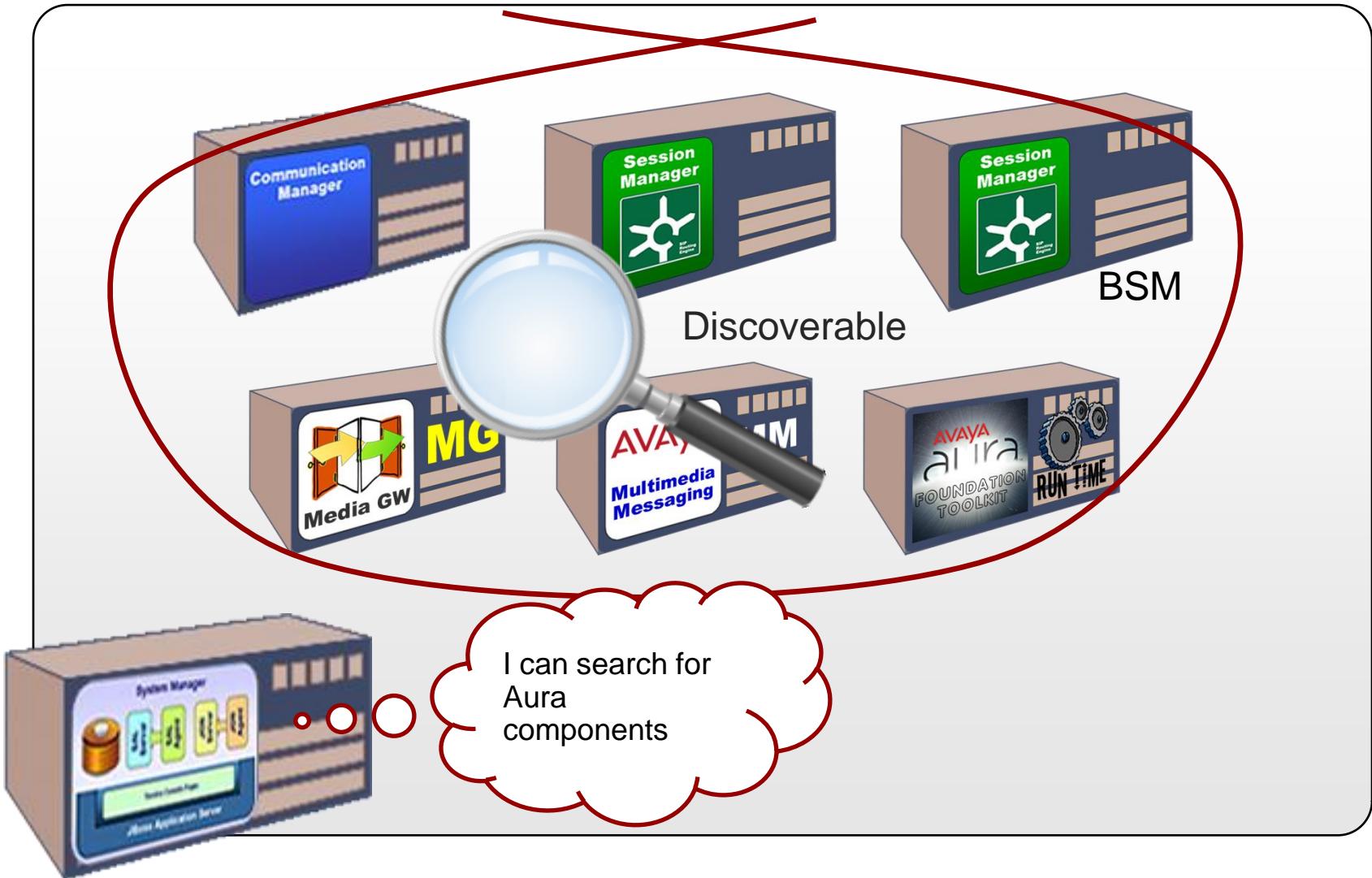


Lesson Duration: 40 Minutes



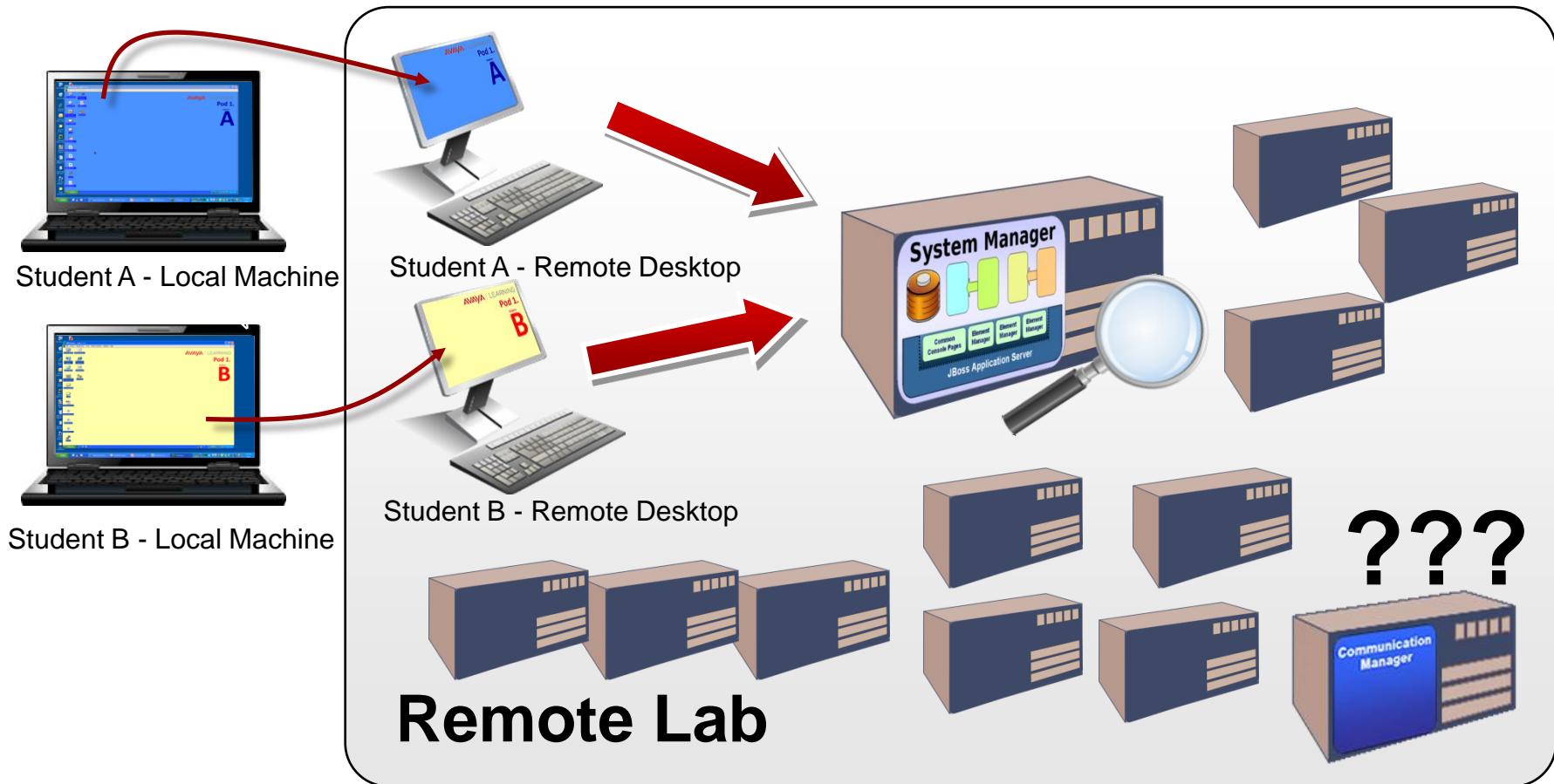
Lesson Duration: 40 Minutes

Inventory Discovery



SMGR Virtual Lab – Contains a CM

Next task: learn how to discover the CM in the remote lab.

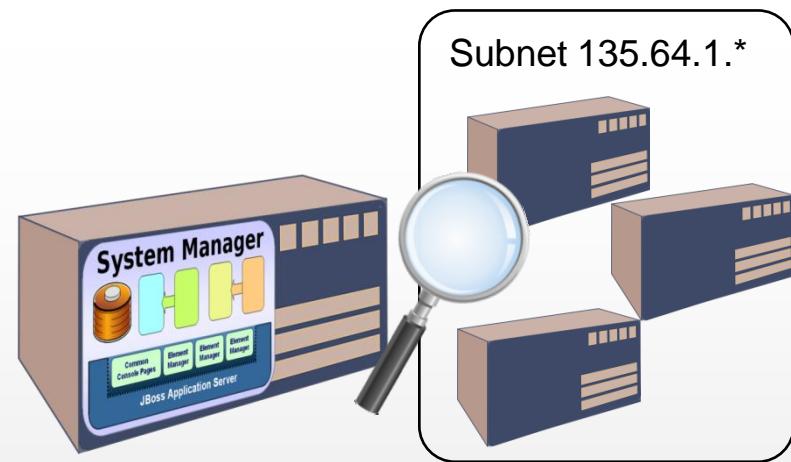


Inventory Discovery

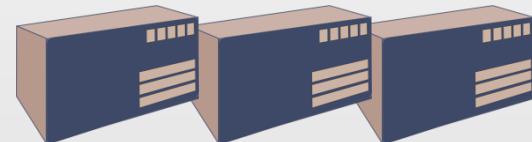
Next task: learn how to discover the CM in the remote lab.

Discovery – a 5 step process

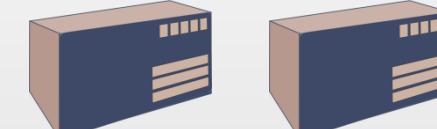
1. Configure SNMP Profile (s)
2. Optional: Enter CM details so that SMGR can auto synch
3. Optional: Define Gateway settings (if devices are behind a gateway)
4. Refine search scope - define Subnet(s)
5. Start discovery



Subnet 135.64.2.*



Remote Lab



Subnet 135.64.0.*



(Check SNMP service is running on CM)

Inventory Discovery (continued)

- Navigate to Inventory > Discovery Management >

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. On the left, a navigation bar titled "Elements" lists various management modules: B5800 Branch Gateway, Communication Manager, Conferencing, Inventory, Meeting Exchange, Messaging, Presence, Routing, Session Manager, and SIP AS 8.1. A large red arrow points from the "Inventory" link in this list towards the "Inventory" section of the main content area. The main content area features the "AVAYA" logo and the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". It displays the URL "Home / Elements / Inventory / Inventory Management / Configuration -". The right side of the screen shows the "Configuration" page, which includes tabs for "SNMP Access (A)", "CM Access (C)", "Gateway Access (G)", and "Subnet(s) (S)". Under the "SNMP Access (A)" tab, there is a table header with columns: Type, Read Community, Write Community, User, Auth Type, Priv Type, Timeout (ms), Retries, and Description. Below the table, it says "No data found".

- Navigate to Home > Elements > Inventory > Inventory Management > Configuration

Note the 4 tabs:

- SNMP Access, CM Access, Gateway Access & Subnets

Inventory Discovery Step 1: Configuring SNMP

2 SNMP types

Add SNMP Access Configuration

Commit Reset Cancel

* Type V1

* Read Community

public

* Write Community

public

* Timeout (ms)

5000

* Retries

3

Add SNMP Access Configuration

Commit Reset Cancel

* Type V3

* User

MD5

* Authentication Type

DES

* Authentication Password

DES

* Confirm Authentication Password

DES

* Privacy Type

DES

* Privacy Password

DES

* Confirm Privacy Password

'AyA

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Inventory

Home / Elements / Inventory / Inventory Management / Configuration -

Configuration

Inventory Collection Status: Idle

SNMP Access (A)

Type	Read Community	Write Community
No data found		



- From the SNMP Access tab
- Click 'New' to set up an SNMP profile.
- Auto discovery supports 2 types of SNMP
 - SNMP 1 & SNMP 3
 - Each type requires different configuration
 - Check documentation of adopting products for version type
- Our CM supports SNMP v1
 - Read Community: 'public'
 - Write Community: 'public'

Inventory Discovery Step 2: Optional CM Access Config

Configuration

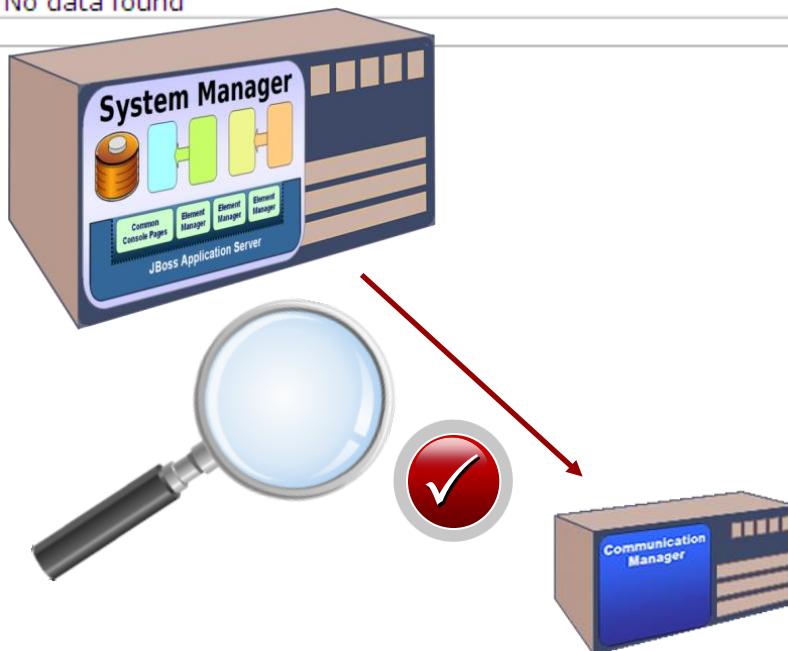
Discovery Status: Idle

SNMP Access (A) CM Access (C) Gateway Access (G) Subnet(s) (S)

New Edit Delete

Ans | Refresh Filter: Enable

<input type="checkbox"/>	IP Address / Profile Name	Port	Login	Use ASG Key	Use SSH	Global Profile
No data found						



- A CM Access profile is optional.
- SMGR will still discover CM instances **without** a CM Access profile
- If a CM Access profile exists, it is used after discovery when SMGR attempts to automatically add and configure the discovered CMs

Inventory Discovery Step 2: Optional CM Access Config

Configuration

Discovery Status: Idle

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for managing CM access. At the top, there are tabs for 'SNMP Access (A)', 'CM Access (C)', 'Gateway Access (G)', and 'Subnet(s) (S)'. The 'CM Access (C)' tab is selected. Below the tabs are buttons for 'New' (highlighted with a cursor), 'Edit', and 'Delete'. A table below lists discovered CMs, with columns for 'IP Address / Profile Name', 'Port', 'Login', 'Use ASG Key', 'Use SSH', and 'Global Profile'. A message 'No data found' is displayed. On the right, a 'Filter: Enable' link is visible.

	IP Address / Profile Name	Port	Login	Use ASG Key	Use SSH	Global Profile
No data found						

The dialog box is titled 'Add CM Access Details'. It contains fields for 'Global Profile' (checkbox), 'IP Address' (135.122.81.152), 'Port' (5022), 'Login' (init), 'Use ASG Key' (checkbox), 'Password' (redacted), 'Confirm Password' (redacted), 'ASG Key' (text input), and 'Use SSH' (checkbox). At the bottom are 'Commit', 'Reset', and 'Cancel' buttons.

Add CM Access Details

Commit Reset Cancel

Global Profile

* IP Address

Port

* Login

Use ASG Key

* Password

* Confirm Password

ASG Key

Use SSH

- Click 'New' to set up an CM Access profile
- Required settings
 - CM IP address (!)
 - CM login: eg 'craft'
 - CM password: eg 'crftpw'
- If SMGR finds a CM it will compare the discovered IP with the IP's we add to CM profiles. Finding a match it will then use the related username and password to add / synch the discovered CM



Inventory Discovery Step 3: Configuring Gateway Access

Configuration

Discovery Status: Idle

The screenshot shows the 'Gateway Access (G)' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Below it, there are buttons for 'New', 'Edit', and 'Delete'. A cursor is pointing at the 'New' button. The main area displays a table with columns for IP Address, Profile Name, Login, and Global Profile. A 'Filter: Enable' link is visible on the right. A callout box highlights the 'Add Gateway Access Details' form, which contains fields for Global Profile, IP Address, CLI Login, CLI Password, and Confirm Password. The 'Global Profile' field has a dropdown arrow. The 'IP Address' field is empty. The 'CLI Login' and 'CLI Password' fields are also empty. The 'Confirm Password' field is empty. At the bottom of the form are 'Commit', 'Reset', and 'Cancel' buttons.

Add Gateway Access Details

Global Profile

* IP Address

* CLI Login

* CLI Password

* Confirm Password

Commit Reset Cancel

- Gateway Access is **not currently used** by adopting products
- Leave these fields empty

Inventory Discovery Step 4: Refining Search with Subnets

Configuration

Discovery Status: Idle

SNMP Access (A) CM Access (C) Gateway Access (G) Subnet(s) (S)

New Edit Delete

Subnet IP Subnet Mask Use SNMP V3 CM Access Global Profile

No data found

Add Subnet Configuration

Network Subnet Configuration | Select CM Global Access Profile | Select Gateway Global Profile | Expand All | Collapse All

Network Subnet Configuration

* Subnet IP 172.16.2.0

* Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Use SNMP V3 No

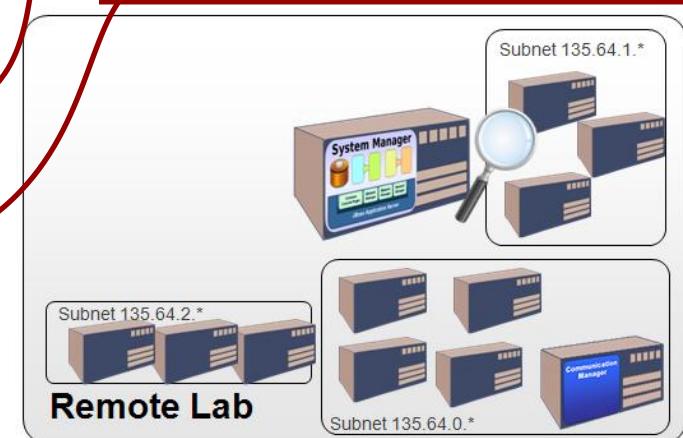
Network Subnet Configuration

* Subnet IP 172.16.0.0

* Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0

Use SNMP V3 No

- Click 'New' to set up a Subnet profile
- Required settings
 - Subnet IP pattern
 - Subnet mask
 - With a mask of 255.255.255.0 the IP's final octet 0 is a wildcard – smaller search
 - With a mask of 255.255.0.0 the IP's final two octets are wildcards – much bigger search



Starting the Inventory Search

Collected Inventory

Manage Serviceability

Agents

Inventory Management

Configuration

Collect Inventory

Synchronization

CS 1000 Pilot

Synchronization

Collect Inventory

Inventory Collection Status: Idle

Step 1: Select Network Subnet(s) | Step 2: Select Device Type(s) |
Expand All | Collapse All

Step 1: Select Network Subnet(s)

Subnet IP	Subnet Mask	Use SNMP v3	Inventory Colle
172.16.2.0	255.255.255.0	No	

Select : All, None

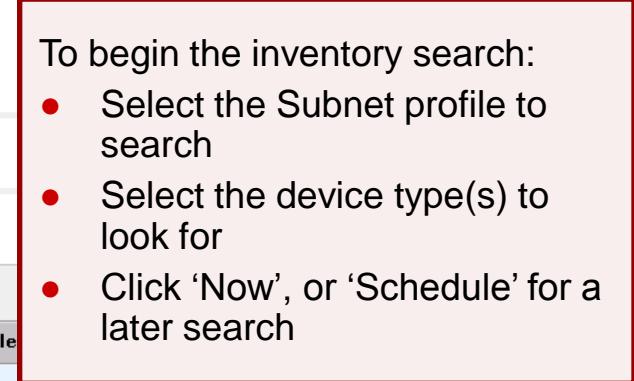
Step 2: Select Device Type(s)

Device Type	Description
CM	Communication Manager
Media Gateway	Media Gateway and Switches
System Platform	System Platform
B5800 Branch Gateway	B5800 Branch Gateway

Select : All, None

Clear Previous Results

Now **Schedule**



To begin the inventory search:

- Select the Subnet profile to search
- Select the device type(s) to look for
- Click 'Now', or 'Schedule' for a later search

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Inventory Discovery: Scan Report

IP currently being scanned

Network Device Inventory

Discovery Status: In progress - probing network element 135.124.5.247

Tree View

Advanced Search ▾

21 Items | Refresh

Filter: Enable

Name	IP	Family	Type	Module	Software/Firmware Version	Hardware Version	Location
135.60.34.19	135.60.34.19						
cs1k06a.cr.rnd.avaya.com (member)	135.60.34.194						
CM_freebird	135.122.76.88						
cs1k02a	135.60.34.70						
NRSM on cs1k02a	135.60.34.50						
198.168.1.10	198.168.1.10						
135.60.34.126	135.60.34.126						
cs1k01a.cr.rnd.avaya.com (member)	135.60.34.34						
cs1k01d.cr.rnd.avaya.com (member)	135.60.34.35						

Devices discovered

Search Results: Collected Inventory

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. In the top left, the AVAYA logo is displayed. The top center features the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The top right contains a message about last logon, links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off, along with the email address "abrown@avaya.com". A navigation bar at the top includes tabs for "Communication Manager", "Inventory" (which is selected and highlighted in blue), and "Home". Below the navigation bar, a breadcrumb trail shows the current location: Home / Elements / Inventory / Collected Inventory-. On the left, a vertical menu is open under the "Inventory" heading, listing options like Manage Elements, Upgrade Management, Collected Inventory (which is also highlighted in blue), Manage Usability, Agents, Inventory Management, Synchronization, CS 1000 and CallPilot, and Synchronization. A cursor icon is shown clicking on the "Collected Inventory" link in the menu. The main content area is titled "Collected Inventory" with a status message "Inventory Collection Status: Idle". It includes a "Tree View" link, an "Advanced Search" link, and a table header with columns: Name, IP, Family, Type, Module, Description, Software/Firmware Version, Hardware Version, Location, and Serial. The table currently displays 0 items.

- To view the collected inventory items, click Collected Inventory.

Exercise: Discover Network Element

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn how to configure SMGR to auto discover network elements. By the time you are done, SMGR should have auto discovered a CM in the training lab network.

1. Go to Home > Elements > Inventory > Inventory Management > Configuration
2. Configure SNMP Access. From SNMP Access tab click 'New'
 - Select SNMP Type: **V1**
 - Set Read Community: **public**. Set Write Community: **public**. Click '**Commit**'
3. Leave optional CM Access and Gateway Access empty
4. Configure Subnet(s). From Subnets tab click 'New'
 - Enter the subnet IP and mask of your lab: e.g. **172.16.2.0 255.255.255.0** (see student lab guide)
 - Scroll down and select the SNMP Access configuration from the list. **Commit**.
5. Collect Inventory. Click 'Collect Inventory' menu link.
 - Select the network subnet to be searched, plus the type of device to search for from the lists. Click 'Now' to start an immediate search.
6. View Discovered items
 - Go to Collected Inventory. The discovered items should be listed.



Team Activity
Student A to drive,
with student B
shadowing



Student A



Student B

Module 04: Product Administration

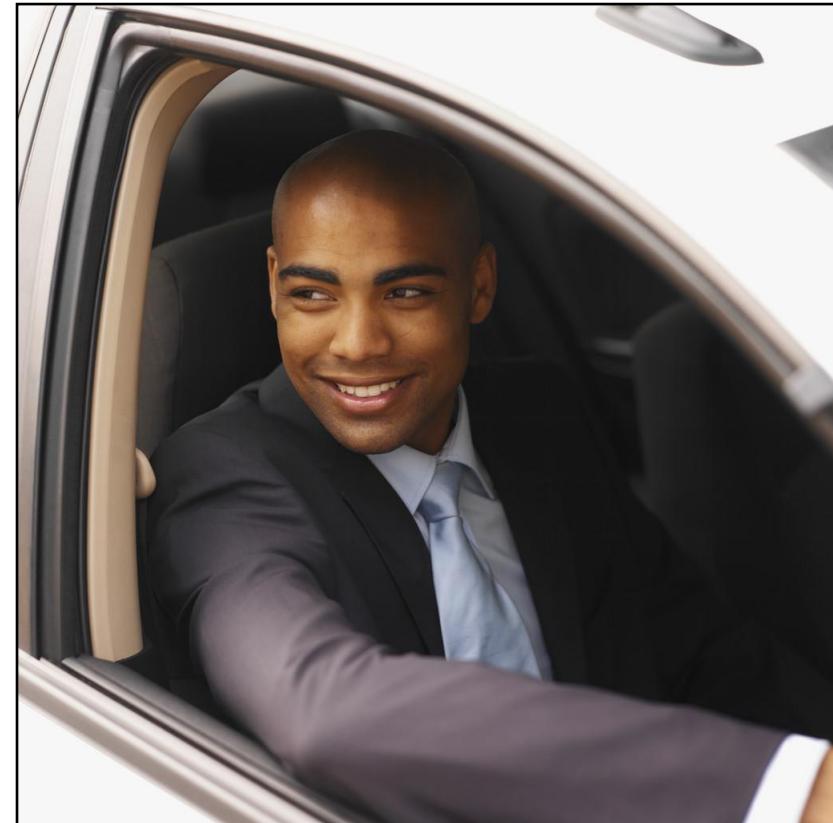
Lesson 02: Licensing Other Services



Lesson Duration: 15 Minutes

SMGR as License Manager

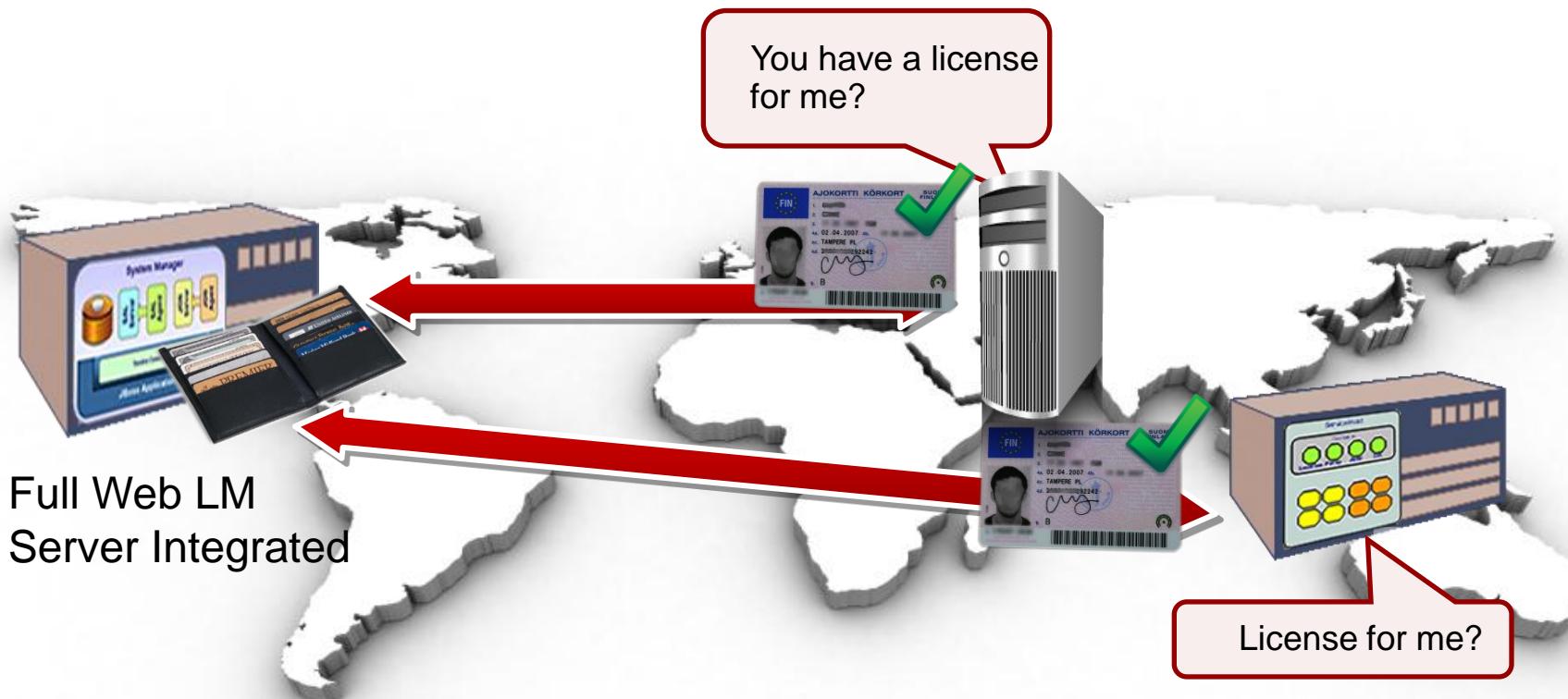
- Some activities require permission!
- Have to have a license
- Avaya products are just the same



Lesson Duration: 15 Minutes

SMGR Integrated WebLM Server

- Must have access to an Avaya WebLM Server before they can start properly



SMGR Integrated WebLM Server



- License file is bound to specific SMGR
- Contains reference to MAC (unique ID)
(actually can ref up to 32 MAC IDs)
- Licenses are not portable!

Deploying Licenses to SMGR

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 dashboard. The main menu is divided into three sections: Users, Elements, and Services. A large red arrow points from a callout box at the bottom left towards the 'Licenses' link under the Services section.

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

To deploy a license on SMGR WebLM

- Go to Home > Services > Licenses

Deploying Licenses to SMGR (continued)

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 interface within a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The title bar reads "Web License Manager (WebLM) - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows the URL "https://135.124.231.28/SMGR/". The main content area displays the "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2" logo and navigation links for "Licensing", "Home", "Help", "About", "Change Password", and "Log off admin". A red arrow points to the "Install license" link in the left sidebar. Another red arrow points to the "Enter License Path" input field and the "Install" button. A third red arrow points to a digital ID card image. A red box highlights the steps in the instructions below.

To deploy a license on SMGR WebLM

- Go to Home > Services > Licenses
- Click Install license
- Browse to the location of the license file
- Click Install

Exercise: Deploy a License to SMGR

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to become familiar with the process of deploying a license in to SMGR's WebLM license repository. By the time you are done, you should have a license showing in the WebLM Home.

1. Check for existing licenses

- Navigate to Home > Services > Licenses > WebLM Home
- Check to see if any licenses are already installed

2. Install a license

- Click link '**Install License**' from the navigation pane
- Browse to the license file, located on your student desktop. See the student guide for file name. Click **Open**
- The license should now be displayed in the WebLM Home list

Note:

- There is no POM server installed in the training lab – we're using POM as an example of a product
- If using a pre-generated license, deployment may fail since it's tied to the MAC of SMGR, which is generated anew on each install



POM = Proactive Outreach Manager
Used in Avaya call centers to manage automated outbound campaigns.
For more info, see:
<http://www.avaya.com/usa/product/proactive-outreach-manager>



Individual Exercise –
both students can
work simultaneously



Student A



Student B

Module 05: Handling Data in Bulk



Module Duration: 3 Hours

Module Objectives

- ▶ After completing this module, you will be able to:
 - Import / export data to / from SMGR in bulk.



Module Duration: 45 Minutes

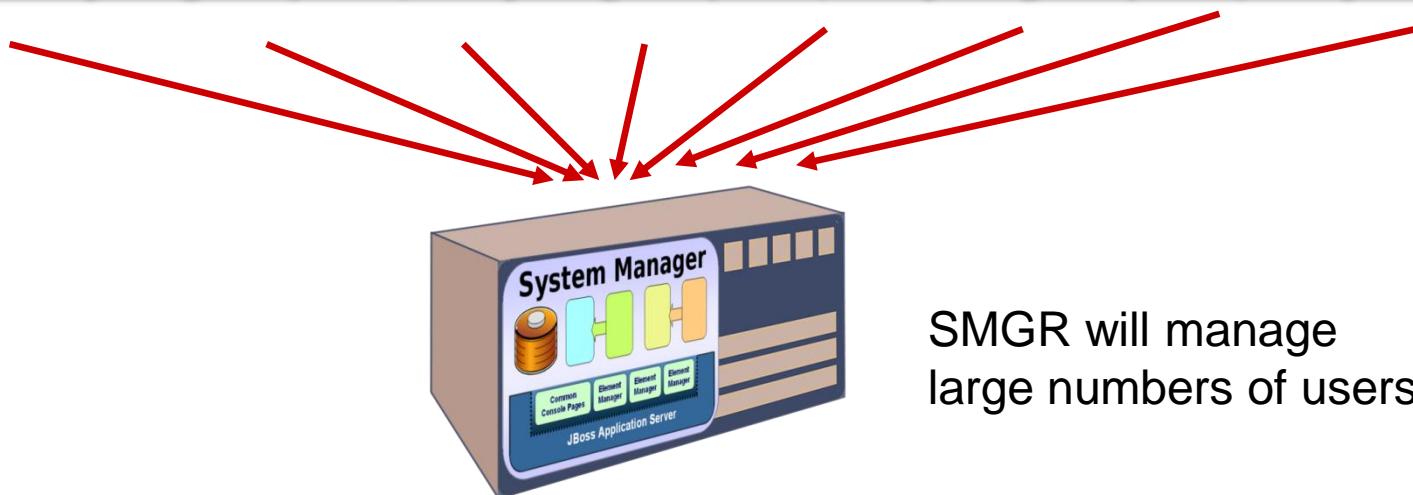
Module 05: Handling Data In Bulk

Lesson 01: Importing Data



Lesson Duration: 20 Minutes

Provisioning Manually? Administrative Headache!



SMGR will manage
large numbers of users



Lesson Duration: 20 Minutes

Importing In Bulk

- Initially provisioning an enterprise
- Moving lots information into a new Avaya Aura® installation

Supposes data must already exist somewhere!



Importing In Bulk (continued)

- **Modify large batches of records**

- Company takeover – change of email addresses
- Need to modify all of the contact centre staff application sequencing

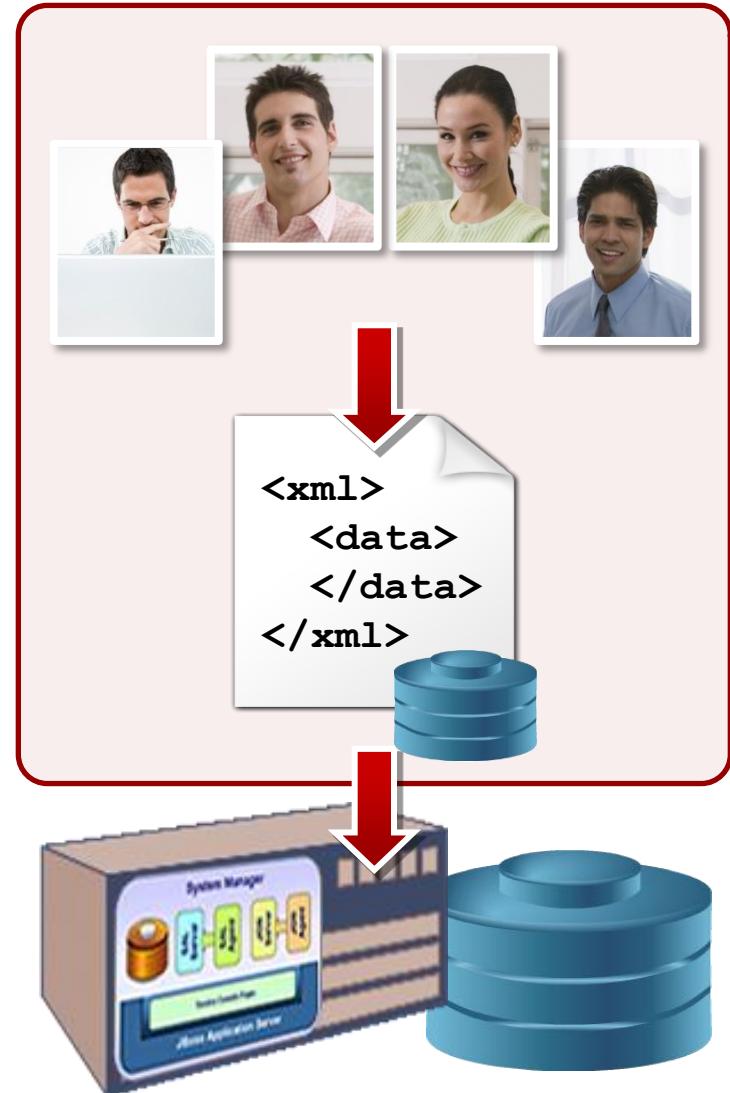


Importing In Bulk – What can be Imported/Exported?

- User Profiles (Including Communication Profile)
- Application Sequencing
- Personal Contact Lists
- Shared Addresses
- Presence Access Control Lists (ACL)
- SMGR Roles
- Element Inventory Details
- Etc.

Importing In Bulk – The Process

- SMGR Data is represented as xml
- XML data can be read by SMGR and added back in to the database repository
- ▶ SMGR doesn't say how to create xml file – it only determines the structure of the data
 - Use of Avaya ProVision?
- ▶ Note: if the data is currently held in
 - Lotus Domino
 - Microsoft Active Directory
 - or other LDAP based backendThe SMGR LDAP synchronisation tool should be used instead of bulk import / export



Import Performance

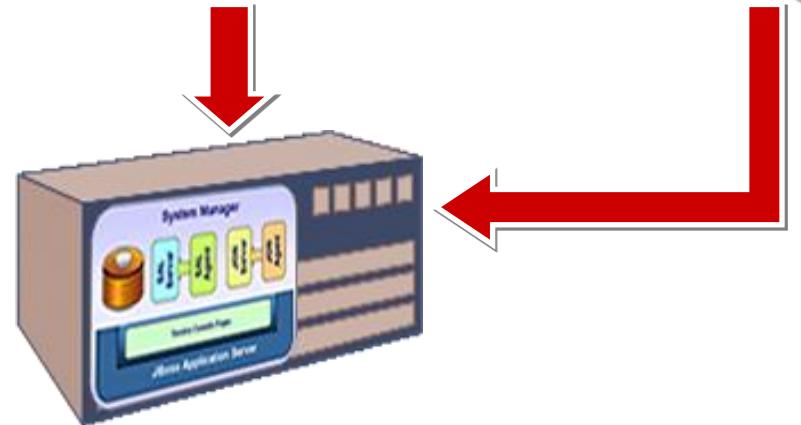
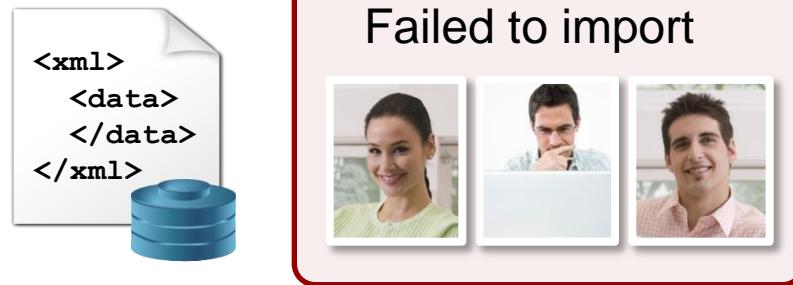
Initial provisioning of SMGR may involve a large dataset

- Bulk Import supports 60 records / minute
- 5,000 Users in a single 600Mb file
- 100,000 Users max in one import – spread across multiple files of 5,000 users per file
 - Larger numbers of users can be imported, but will need to be split over multiple import tasks



Importing – Failed Records?

- Any records that fail to import are collated and offered for download through SMGR UI
- Failed records can then be analyzed, modified and re-imported
- NB: XML syntax errors will prevent import



Importing – Failed Records? (continued)

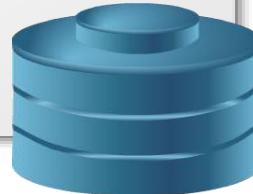
- SMGR supports both full and partial User data importing
- Can update existing user's details – E.g. Add a contact

<xml>

- **Communication Profile**
- **Contacts**
- **Address**
- **Roles**



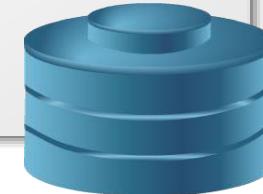
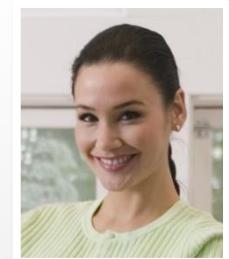
</xml>



<xml>

- **Contacts**
- **Roles**

</xml>



Importing Data – 2 Ways

1. Dedicated Import / Export pages

The screenshot shows the 'Services' navigation menu. A red arrow points to the 'Bulk Import and Export' section, which is highlighted with a red box. The menu items listed are:

- Backup and Restore
- Bulk Import and Export
- Configurations
- Events
- Licenses
- Replication
- Scheduler
- Security
- Templates
- UCM Services

The 'Bulk Import and Export' section contains the following sub-options:

- Export
 - Groups and Roles
 - Inventory
 - Routing
 - Session Manager
- Import
 - User Management
 - Global Settings
 - Users

2. From under the relevant element manager sections

The screenshot shows the 'User Management' page. A red box highlights the 'More Actions' dropdown menu, which is open and displays the following options:

- Assign Roles
- Assign Attribute Sets
- Add To Group
- Show Deleted Users
- Import Users
- Import Global Settings
- Clear Alert

The main table on the page lists users with the following data:

View	Edit	New	Duplicate	Delete	More Actions	Advanced Search
4 Items Refresh	Show ALL					Filter: Enable
	Status	Name	Login			
<input type="checkbox"/>		Default Administrator	admin			64 handle
<input type="checkbox"/>		MW Deskphone 59-63	mwdesk			Last Login
<input type="checkbox"/>		MW Laptop 63-59	marko			14
<input type="checkbox"/>		Test, User	test@cr.rnd.avaya.com			15

At the bottom left, there is a 'Select : All, None' button.

Importing User Data

- Select import XML file
- Configure import
 - Determine error handling – what to do when a problem is encountered Abort or continue?
 - Determine if the import will be of whole records or partial records
 - Determine action when a duplicate record is found.
 - Skip
 - Merge
 - Replace
 - Delete

The screenshot shows the 'Import Users' configuration page. At the top right, there is a representation of an XML file structure and a database cylinder icon. Below the header, there are tabs for 'File Selection', 'General', 'Job Schedule', and 'Manage Jobs'. Under 'File Selection', there is a 'Select File' input field and a 'Browse...' button. The 'General' tab is selected, displaying 'Select Error Configuration' and 'Select Import Type' sections. A red box highlights the 'Continue processing other records' option under error configuration. A red question mark icon is placed over the 'Select Import Type' section. The 'If a matching record already exists' section at the bottom also has a red question mark icon.

Import Users

File Selection | General | Job Schedule | Manage Jobs |
Expand All | Collapse All

File Selection

Select File [Browse...](#)

General

Select Error Configuration:

- Abort on first error
- Continue processing other records

Select Import Type:

- Complete
- Partial
- Skip
- Merge
- Replace
- Delete

If a matching record already exists:

Scheduling Import of User Data

- Large imports will take time. Consider scheduling during a maintenance window.

Job Schedule 

Run immediately

Schedule Job: Schedule later

Date: March 01 

Time: : : 

Time Zone: (+00:00) GMT : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon,



Failed Records? (continued)

Manage job

View Cancel job Delete job

2 Item Refresh | Show ALL

Scheduled Time	Status	Job name	% Complete	User
February 1, 2012 1:23:40 PM -07:00	FAILED	importUser	100%	jambo%

Select : All, None



Import Users - Job details

15 Items | Refresh

Name	Value
Name	importUser-1328127820674
Scheduled by	admin
Scheduled at	February 1, 2012 1:23:40 PM -07:00
Error configuration	Continue processing other records
Import type	Complete
Import option	Skip
End	February 1, 2012 1:23:41 PM -07:00
Status	FAILED
File	importUser.xml
Count	1
Success	0
Fail	1
Warning	0
Message	Import completed
Completed	100%

Job details

1 Item | Refresh | Show ALL

Line number	Login name	Message
3	jambo%	Special character present in null

Failed Records?

- Job details page will summarize important information
- Dialog at bottom will show where & what errors occurred
- Click to ‘Download’ failed records

Import Users - Job details

15 Items | Refresh

Name	Value
Name	importUser-1328127820674
Scheduled by	admin
Scheduled at	February 1, 2012 1:23:40 PM -07:00
Error configuration	Continue processing other records
Import type	Complete
Import option	Skip
End	February 1, 2012 1:23:41 PM -07:00
Status	FAILED
File	importUser.xml
Count	1
Success	0
Fail	1
Warning	0
Message	Import completed
Completed	100%

[Job details](#)

1 Item | Refresh | Show ALL ▾

Line number	Login name	Message
3	jambo%	Special character present in null

Download Done

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Exercise: Bulk Import Users

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn the process of using bulk import.
By the time you are done, you should have imported an additional user.

1. Navigate to Home > Services > Bulk Import and Export > Import > User Management > Users
2. Select the import file. Browse to '**importUser.xml**' file on the desktop
3. Configure import options
 - Choose to **Continue processing other records on failure**
 - Select **Complete Import**
 - If the user already exists, select to **Replace** it with the new one
 - Import immediately (don't schedule)
4. Import the users. Click **Import**
5. Check success
 - Periodically refresh the Manage Job pane. Look for 'Successful' status
 - Check the list of users and locate the newly imported user

Manage Job						
SCHEDULED TIME		STATUS	JOB NAME	% COMPLETE	USER RECORDS	WARNINGS
<input type="checkbox"/>	February 28, 2012 4:40:42 AM -07:00	SUCCESSFUL	importUser-1330429242057	100	1	0
Select : All, None						



Team Activity
Student B to drive,
with student A
shadowing



Student A



Student B

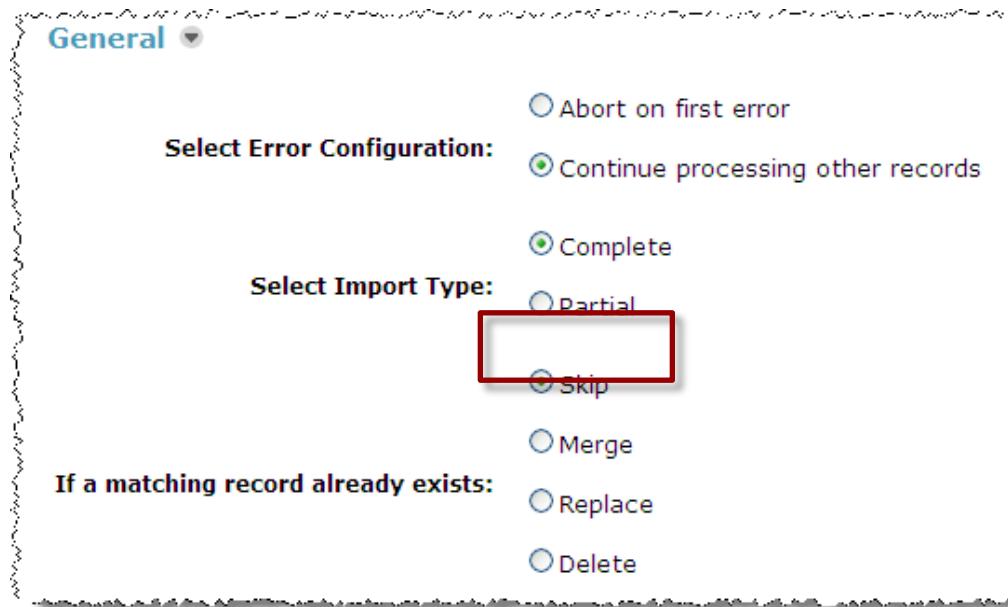
Question

- ▶ On processing a record that cannot be imported, will SMGR rollback?



Importing User Data

- There is no 'roll-back' after successful import – each record is handled individually
- Consider a batch import where some records fail due to bad data
 - After correcting the data, rather than rolling back to pre-import state, re-run the import with Skip selected. Any records that imported correctly the first time will be skipped.



Importing User Data (continued)

- Sensitive information (user's passwords) can be supplied in the user data XML
- SMGR can handle encrypted data, deciphering encoder data before adding to the database
 - Helps keep data safe whilst moving in file format

Encrypt Utility

um_bulkimport-encryptUtil.zip



For further instructions on encrypting import passwords, see the appendix.

password1

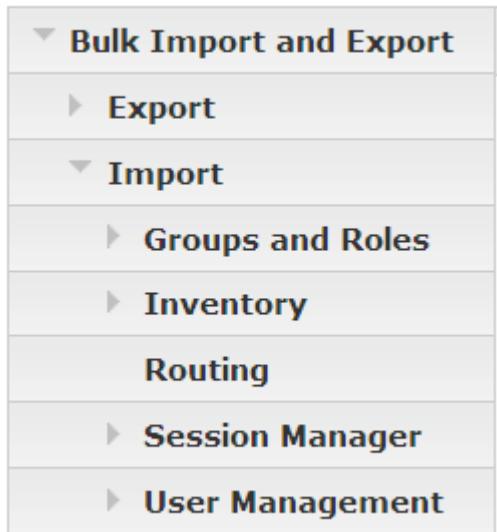
%z[323£*&3

Importing User Data – Some Useful Info

- Login name treated as unique identifier
 - As such, ‘loginname’ cannot be updated by bulk import
 - If loginname matches existing record – SMGR will either replace, skip or delete that record depending on how the import is configured
- SMGR data often references other data in the system – import order matters!
- If importing users, roles & contacts:
 1. Roles
 2. Public Contacts | Shared Contacts
 3. Users
- If importing Presence ACL:
 1. Users
 2. Presence Data

Importing: Other SMGR Data

- Other SMGR data can also be imported in similar fashion
- Inventory, Roles, Routing policies etc.



Useful since partners / professional services may want to provision as much as possible in advance of going on site to complete deployment

Configuring Default Import Options (& Other Defaults)

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and a status message "Last Logged on at November 17, 2011 1:39 PM". Below the navigation bar are three main categories: "Users", "Elements", and "Services". A large red arrow points from the "Elements" category towards the "Bulk Import and Export" link in the "Services" category.

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimc Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

Configuring Default Import Options (& Other Defaults) (continued)

Service

- ▶ Inventory
- ▶ Messaging
- ▶ SPIRIT
- ▼ SMGR
 - Alarming UI
 - Common Console
 - IAM
 - Licenses
 - Logging UI
 - Logging Service
 - Role BulkImport Profile**
 - SMGR Element Manager
 - SNMP
 - Scheduler
 - TrapListener
 - Trust Management
 - User BulkImport Profile**

View Profile:Role BulkImport Profile

Role BulkImport Module

Default Error Configuration : true

Schedule Job : true

Maximum Number of Error records to be displayed : 100

Maximum Number of Job records to be displayed : 100

Default Action for a matching record : 0

View Profile:User BulkImport Profile

User BulkImport Module

Default Error Configuration : true

Enable Error File Generation : true

Maximum number of Error records to be displayed : 100

Maximum number of Job records to be displayed : 100

Default Action for a matching record : 0

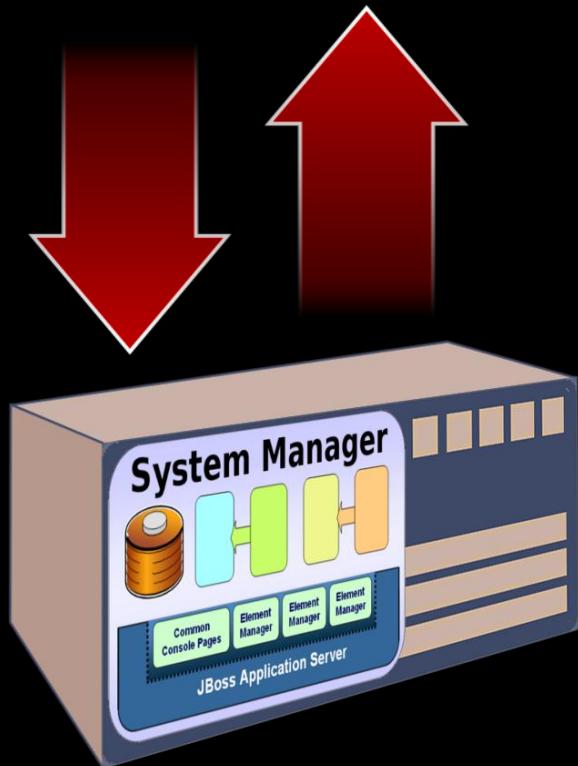
-
- 0 = Skip
 - 1 = Merge
 - 2 = Replace
 - 3 = Delete

Module 05: Handling Data In Bulk

Lesson 02: Exporting Data



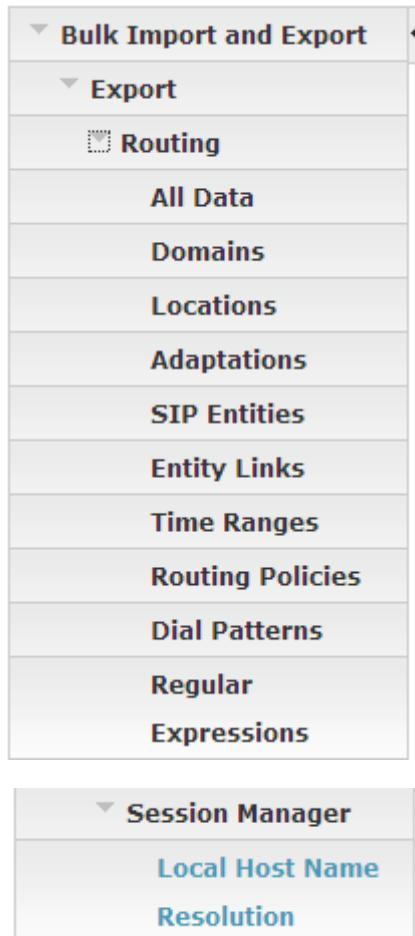
Lesson Duration: 20 minutes



Lesson Duration: 20 Minutes

Exporting SMGR Data – 2 Export Mechanisms

- ▶ Some data may be exported via the SMGR menus
- ▶ Other data, such as Roles and Users may be exported from the command line



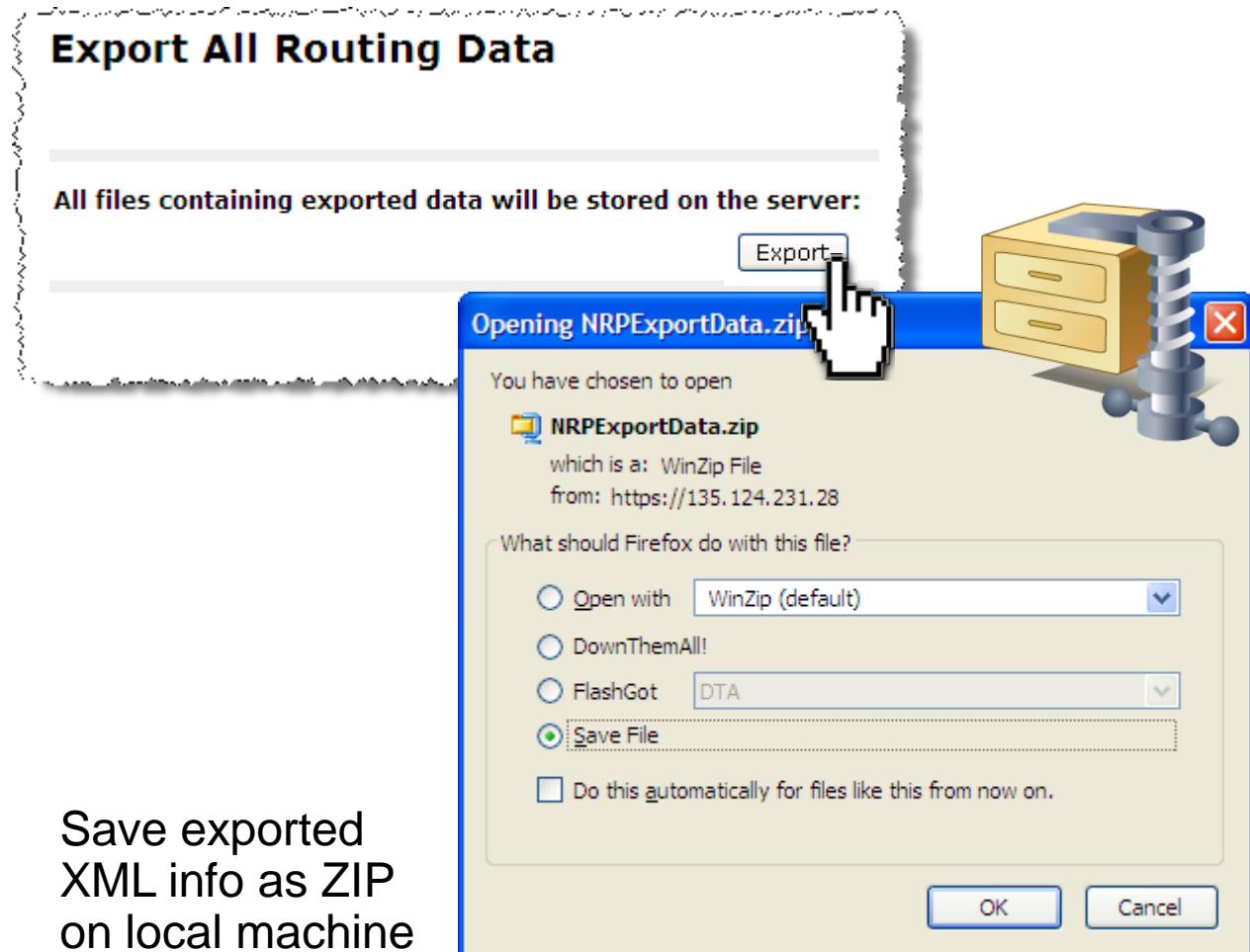
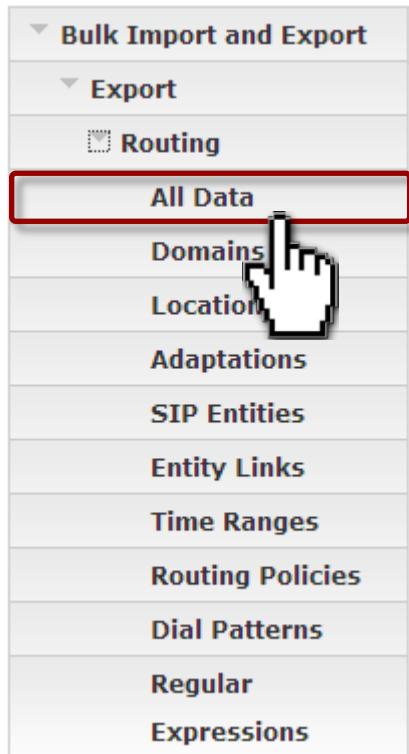
Routing Info

```
admin@me-smgr:/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility
[admin@me-smgr /]$ cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility/
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ ls -lh
total 48K
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Sep 22 09:44 config
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 3.2K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmGlobalsettings.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 24K Jul 7 19:01 exportUpm.jar
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.6K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmUsers.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Jul 7 19:28 lib
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 5.6K Jul 7 19:01 readme.txt
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$
```

SM host
resolution table

Exporting SMGR Data

- Exporting data via the web interface packages records into zip files.

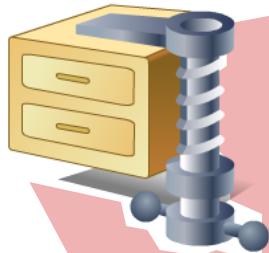


Save exported
XML info as ZIP
on local machine

Exporting SMGR Data (continued)

- The exported ZIP file may be extracted and its xml files viewed.

NRPElexportData.zip



adminDomains.xml
XML Document
1 KB
adminEntityLinks.xml
XML Document
10 KB
adminLocations.xml
XML Document
2 KB
adminRegularExpressions.xml
XML Document
1 KB
adminRoutingPolicies.xml
XML Document
2 KB
adminSipEntities.xml
XML Document
8 KB
adminTimeRanges.xml
XML Document
1 KB

TextPad - [C:\Documents and Settings\NWOODHOUSE\Desktop\NRPElexportData\adminSipEntities.xml]

```
<timezoneName>America/Fortaleza</timezoneName>
<userfc3263>false</userfc3263>
</SipentityFullTO>
<SipentityFullTO>
<notes></notes>
<entitytype>ASM</entitytype>
<fqdnoripaddr>135.124.231.180</fqdnoripaddr>
<name>SessionManager3</name>
<cac_capable>false</cac_capable>
<cdrSetting>none</cdrSetting>
<credentialname></credentialname>
<do_monitoring>no</do_monitoring>
<monitor_proactive_secs>900</monitor_proactive_secs>
<monitor_reactive_secs>120</monitor_reactive_secs>
<monitor_retries>1</monitor_retries>
<routingoriginatationName>Classroom</routingoriginatationName>
<tcp_failover_port>5081</tcp_failover_port>
<timer_bf_secs>4</timer_bf_secs>
<timezoneName>America/Fortaleza</timezoneName>
<tls_failover_port>5082</tls_failover_port>
<userfc3263>false</userfc3263>
</SipentityFullTO>
<SipentityFullTO>
<notes></notes>
<entitytype>OTHER</entitytype>
```

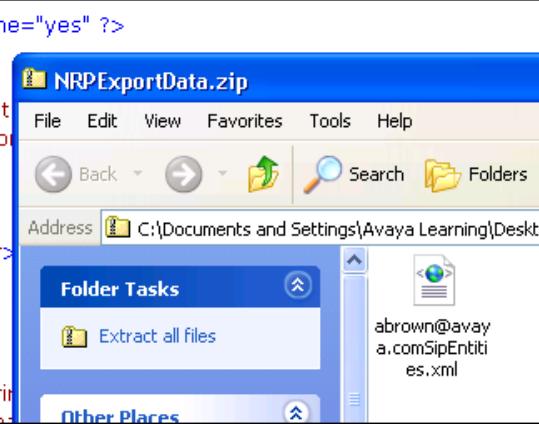
Exercise: Export All Routing Data

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn how to export SMGR data using the Web Interface. By the time you are done, you should have an exported ZIP file that contains xml file(s) that represent SMGR routing policies and surround data.

1. Navigate to Home > Services > Bulk Import and Export > Export > Routing > All Data.
2. Click **Export**. Select **Save** and choose the local desktop as the save location. Save the exported file.
3. Navigate to the student desktop and open the ZIP file. Examine content

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes" ?>
- <SipentityFullTOList>
  <buildNumber>620103</buildNumber>
  <implementationVersion>6.2.0.0</implementationVersion>
  <specificationVersion>6.2</specificationVersion>
- <SipentityFullTO>
  <notes />
  <entitytype>ASM</entitytype>
  <fqdnoripaddr>172.16.2.105</fqdnoripaddr>
  <name>SM1</name>
  <cac_capable>false</cac_capable>
  <cdrSetting>none</cdrSetting>
  <credentialname />
  <do_monitoring>use-instance</do_monitoring>
  <monitor_proactive_cccc>000</monitor_proactive_cccc>
```



Team Activity
Student A to drive,
with student B
shadowing

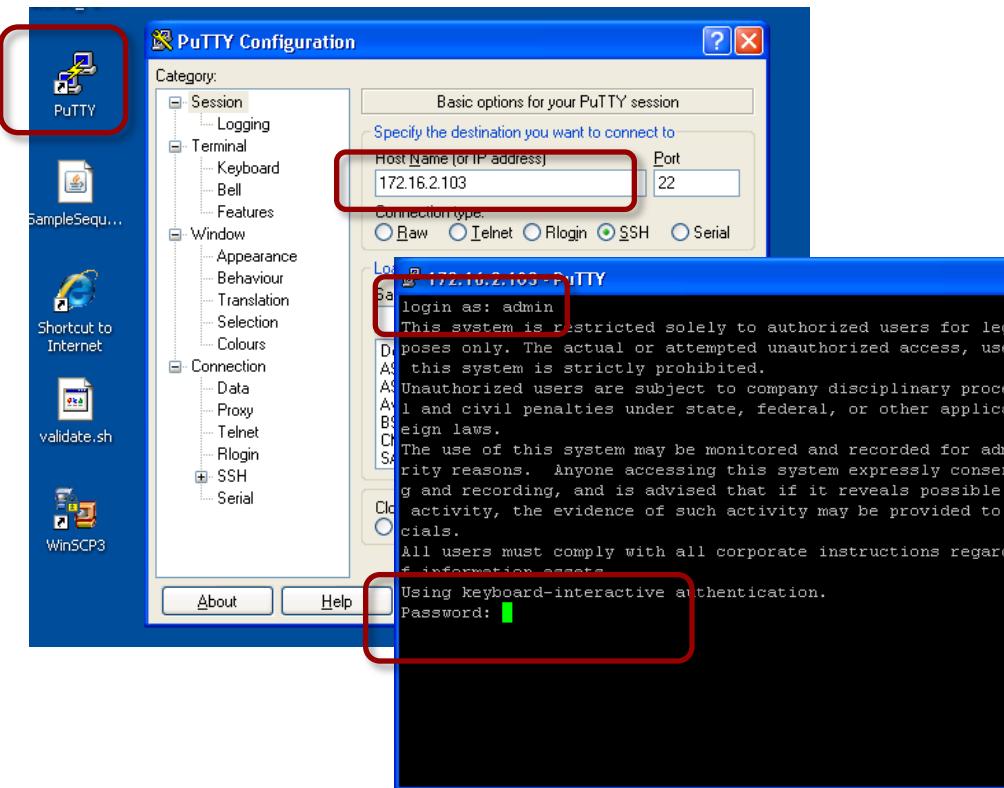


Student A



Student B

Exporting SMGR Data from the Command Line – Needs SSH



- Not all data is exportable from the SMGR UI
- Users & Roles are (currently) only exportable from the command line
- To export users and roles,
 - SSH into the SMGR server
 - Run Putty
 - Enter IP address of SMGR server – see student lab guide (eg 172.16.2.103)
 - From the CLI console enter the SMGR username and password – see student lab guide (eg admin/admin)

Exporting SMGR Data – Export Utilities Location

Once logged in to SMGR with SSH, the export utilities are found at

- **/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.12/upm/bulkexport/exportutility**
 - Check release version – yours could be different



6.2.12

```
admin@me-smgr:/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility
[admin@me-smgr /]$ cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility/
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ ls -lh
total 48K
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Sep 22 09:44 config ←
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 3.2K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmGlobalsettings.sh ←
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 24K Jul 7 19:01 exportUpm.jar
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.6K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmUsers.sh ←
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Jul 7 19:28 lib
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 5.6K Jul 7 19:01 readme.txt
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$
```

- Tool to export users
- The config directory contains a configuration tool that determines which records are exported

Exporting SMGR Data

```
[root@smgr-node1:/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/3.0.4/upm/bulk]# start index of record
startIndex=0

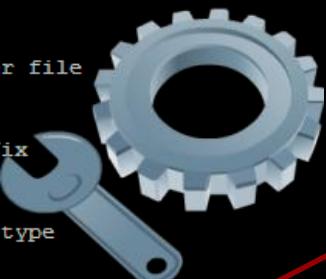
#number of records to be exported
offSetIndex=200

#number of records in per file
recordsPerFile=100

#exported file name prefix
fileNamePrefix=exportfil

#Global settings filter type
# 0: <No Filter>
# 1: <Enforced users filter>
# 2: <System ACL Entry Type filter>
# 3: <System Default Type filter>
# 4: <System Rule Type filter>
# 5: <Public Contact filter>
# 6: <Shared Address filter>
exportTypeOption=0

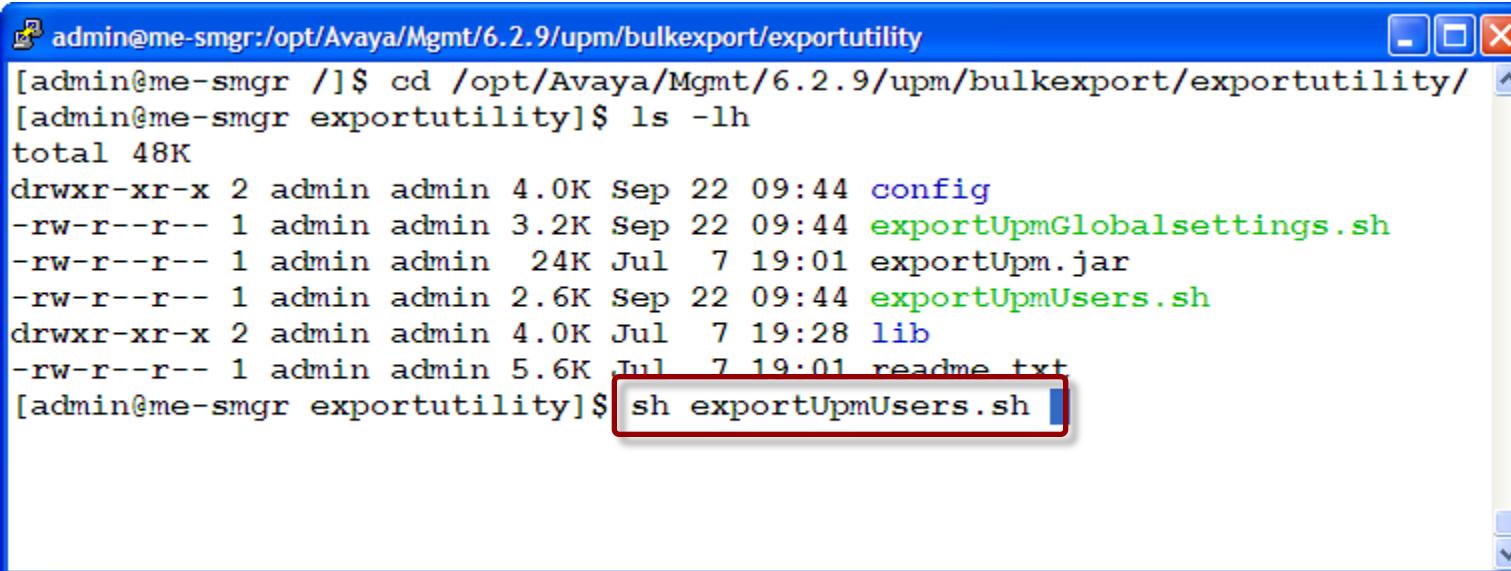
#exported file location
destinationFolder=$MGMT_HOME/upm/bulkexport
~
~
~
"bulkexportconfig.properties" 24L, 516C
```



```
[admin@smgr exportutility]$ ls -lh
total 48K
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Feb 1 10:25 config
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 3.2K Feb 1 10:24 exportUpnGlobalsettings.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 24K Nov 7 17:00 exportUpm.jar
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.6K Feb 1 10:24 exportUpmUsers.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Nov 7 19:06 lib
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 5.6K Nov 7 17:00 readme.txt
[admin@smgr exportutility]$ cd config
[admin@smgr config]$ ls
auth.conf bulkexportconfig.properties exportservice.properties
```

- Inside the 'config' directory, you'll find the bulkexportconfig.properties file
- Use this to configure:
 - The number of records to be exported
 - Export file size
 - Export file destination
- Note the default file export location

Exporting SMGR Data – sh exportUpmUsers.sh



```
admin@me-smgr:/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility
[admin@me-smgr /]$ cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/upm/bulkexport/exportutility/
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ ls -lh
total 48K
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Sep 22 09:44 config
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 3.2K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmGlobalsettings.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 24K Jul 7 19:01 exportUpm.jar
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.6K Sep 22 09:44 exportUpmUsers.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Jul 7 19:28 lib
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 5.6K Jul 7 19:01 readme.txt
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ sh exportUpmUsers.sh
```

- Command to export users shown above
- Can override defaults (in bulkexportconfig.properties) using optional

- f : Export file name prefix
- r : Records per file
- d : Destination Folder
- s : Record starting index
- e : End offset index (number of records)

E.g

```
$ sh exportUpmUsers.sh -f name -s 10
```

Exercise: Export User Data using CLI Utilities

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn to use SMGR's CLI utilities to export data. By the time you are done, you will have SSH'd in to SMGR, triggered the export of data, and will have an exported data file ready for inspection.

1. SSH in to SMGR
 - Run Putty from the student desktop.
 - Enter IP address of SMGR server **172.16.x.103**
 - From the CLI console enter the SMGR username: **admin** password **admin**

2. Navigate to export utilities
 - type: **cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.12/upm/bulkexport/exportutility**

3. Run the export shell
 - type: **sh exportUpmUsers.sh**
SMGR will take a few moments to export the file

4. Check the exported file
 - Navigate to the export directory.
type: **cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.12/upm/bulkexport/**
 - check for file with name something like 'exportfile_133043382932.zip'



Team Activity
Student B to drive,
with student A
shadowing



Student A



Student B

CLI Exporting SMGR Data – Scheduling

- You can also schedule an export to be performed



- t : Set export scheduled time

YYYY:MM:DD:HH:MM:SS

- E.g:

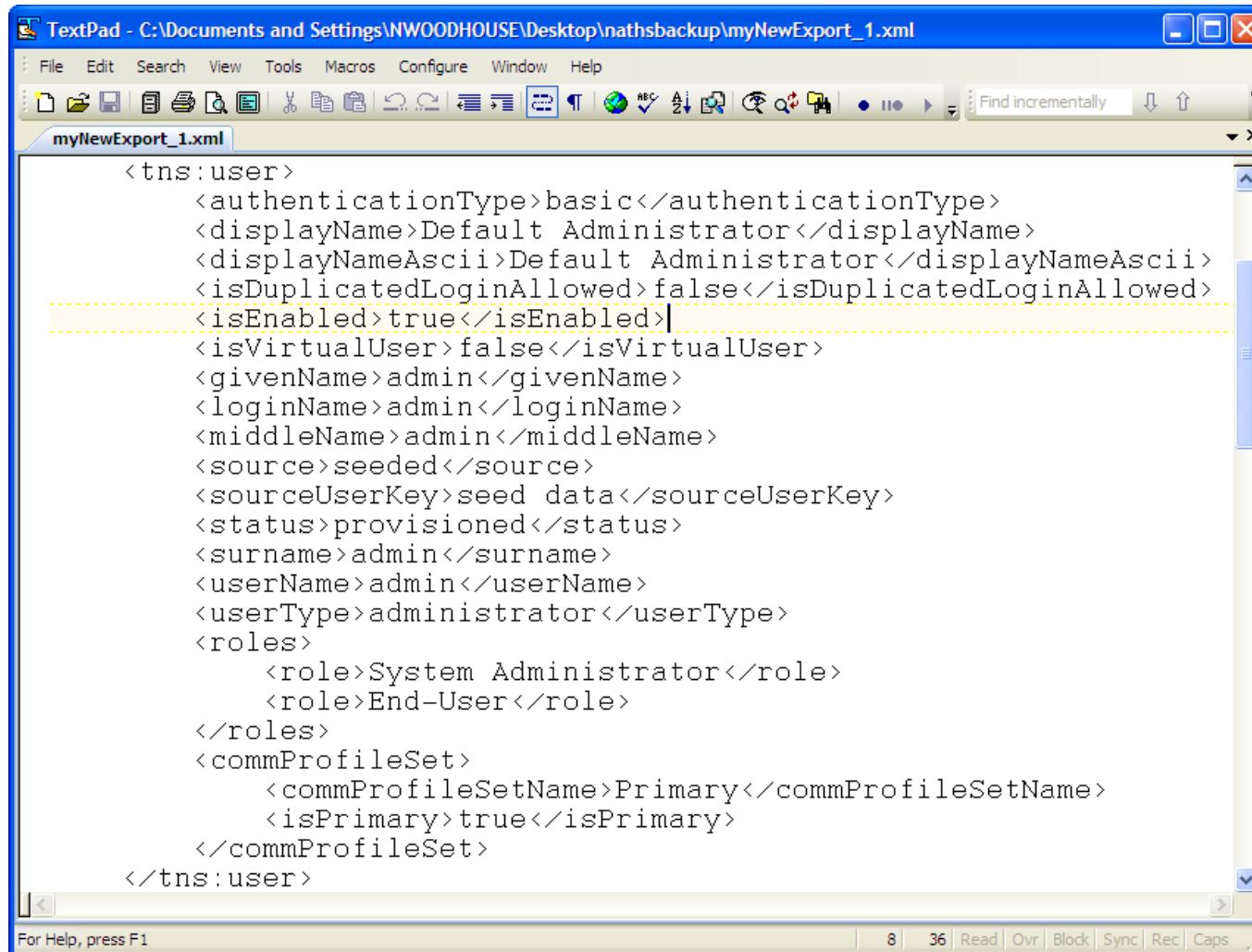
exportUpmUsers.sh -t 01:05:01:12:00:00

???
1st of May 2010, at Midday



Script regular
data exports?

CLI Exporting SMGR Data



The screenshot shows a TextPad window displaying an XML file named "myNewExport_1.xml". The XML content describes a user with various attributes:

```
<tns:user>
    <authenticationType>basic</authenticationType>
    <displayName>Default Administrator</displayName>
    <displayNameAscii>Default Administrator</displayNameAscii>
    <isDuplicatedLoginAllowed>false</isDuplicatedLoginAllowed>
    <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
    <isVirtualUser>false</isVirtualUser>
    <givenName>admin</givenName>
    <loginName>admin</loginName>
    <middleName>admin</middleName>
    <source>seeded</source>
    <sourceUserKey>seed data</sourceUserKey>
    <status>provisioned</status>
    <surname>admin</surname>
    <userName>admin</userName>
    <userType>administrator</userType>
    <roles>
        <role>System Administrator</role>
        <role>End-User</role>
    </roles>
    <commProfileSet>
        <commProfileSetName>Primary</commProfileSetName>
        <isPrimary>true</isPrimary>
    </commProfileSet>
</tns:user>
```

- Data exported from the command line can be imported through the GUI.

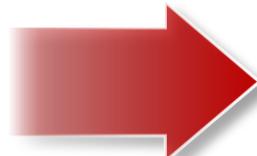
Export XML Format

- XML File can be amended for use in ‘partial’ import

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<tns:users xmlns:tns="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import"
xmlns:ns3="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import_csm_mm"
xmlns:ns4="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import_csm_cm"
xmlns:ns5="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import_sessionmanager"
xmlns:ns6="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/deltaimport"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import userimport.xsd">
```

```
<tns:deltaUserList xmlns:ns3="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/import1
xmlns:tns="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/deltaimport"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://xml.avaya.com/schema/deltaimport userdeltaimport.xsd ">
```

<tns:user>...</tns:user>
<tns:users>...</tns:users>



<tns:userDelta>...</tns:userDelta>
<tns:deltaUserList>...</tns:deltaUserList>

Separate CLI for Exporting Roles

```
admin@me-smgr:/opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/rbc/bulkexport/exportutility
[admin@me-smgr /]$ cd /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/rbc/bulkexport/exportutility/
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ ls -lh
total 28K
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Sep 22 09:44 config
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 9.4K Jul 7 19:01 exportclient.jar
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.1K Sep 22 09:44 exportroles.sh
drwxr-xr-x 2 admin admin 4.0K Jul 7 19:28 lib
-rw-r--r-- 1 admin admin 2.4K Jul 7 19:01 readme.txt
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$ sh exportroles.sh
Role bulk export.....
Service port: 1399
Service host: localhost
Connecting server...
Bulk export service located...
Validating user...
export job successfully scheduled...
after successful execution of job file will be created at
output location : /opt/Avaya/Mgmt/6.2.9/rbc/bulkexport
scheduling done...
[admin@me-smgr exportutility]$
```

- SMGR ‘Roles’ are exported via the command line, in a similar way to exporting Users

Module 06: SMGR & Business Continuity

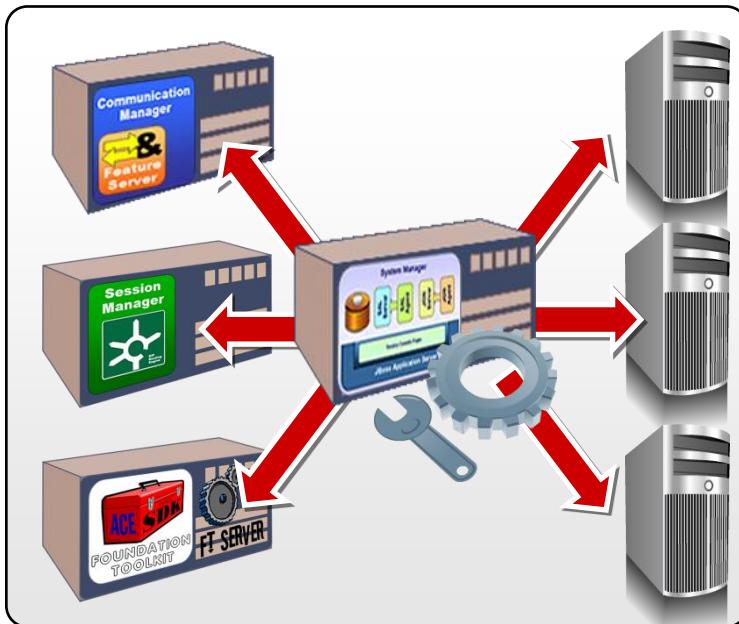
Lesson 01: Backing Up SMGR Data



Lesson Duration: 30 Minutes

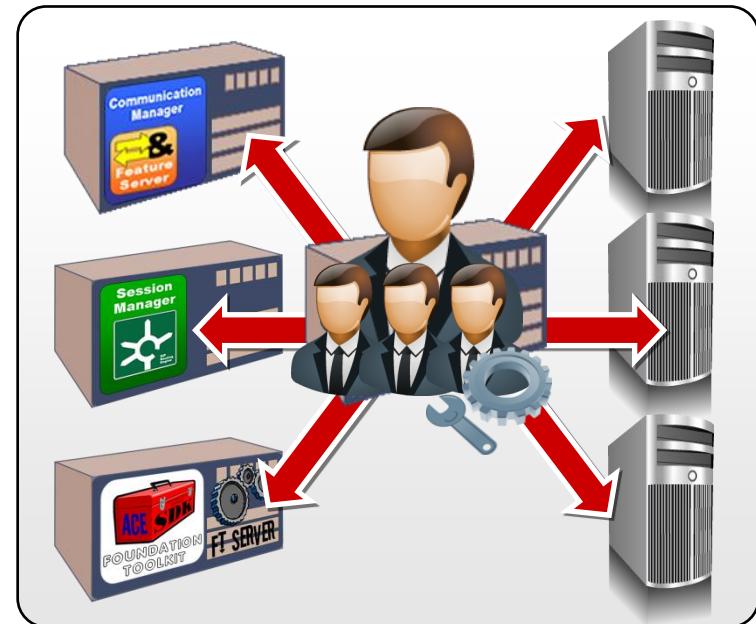
Critical Information Held by Avaya Aura® SMGR

▶ Product Management Data



▶ User Profile Data

- Admin & communication users



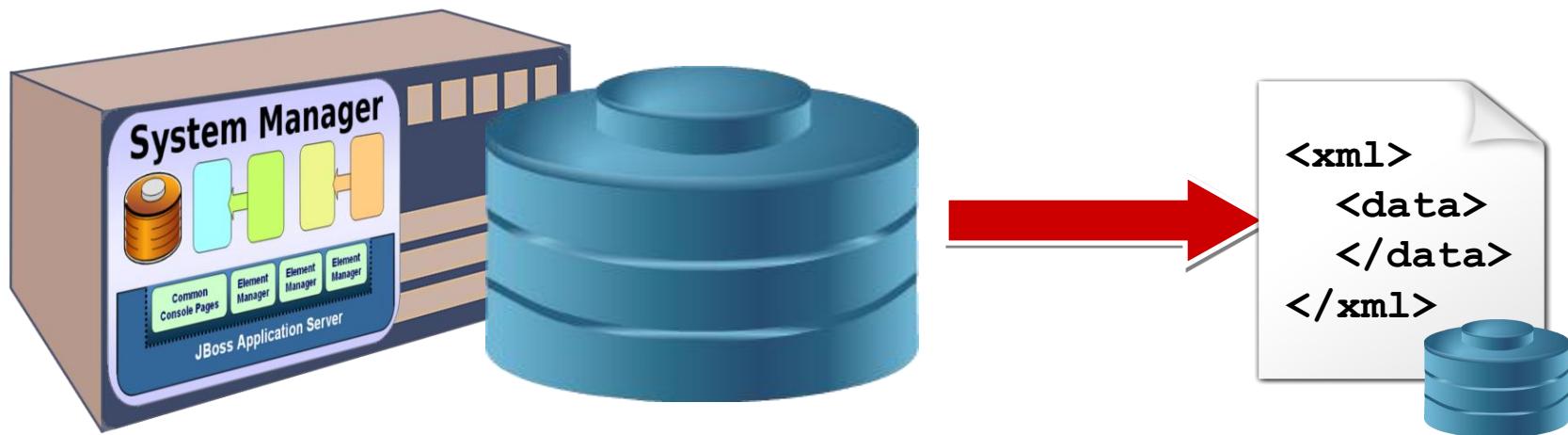
- ▶ Element definitions
- ▶ Configuration
- ▶ Routing Policies, endpoint profiles

- ▶ User profiles, addresses, roles etc.
- ▶ Communication profiles
- ▶ Application sequencing



Lesson Duration: 30 Minutes

Backing Up SMGR Data



Backing Up SMGR Data (continued)

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 dashboard. The main menu is divided into three sections: Users, Elements, and Services. A large red arrow points from the text "Backing Up SMGR Data (continued)" at the top of the page to the "Backup and Restore" link in the Services section.

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

Backing Up SMGR Data – 2 Options: to Local Drive

- A backup can be created on the local file system.

The screenshot shows two overlapping windows from the Avaya System Manager. The top window is titled 'Backup and Restore' and contains a 'Backup List' table with columns: File Name, Path, Status, Backup Time, Backup Mode, Backup Type, and User. A red arrow points from the 'Backup' button in the top-left of this window down to the 'File Name' input field in the 'Backup Details' window below. The bottom window is titled 'Backup Details' and includes fields for 'Type' (radio buttons for Local and Remote, with Local selected), 'File Name' (text input field containing 'backup'), and a note below it stating 'Only specify the filename, not the path'. A red arrow points from the 'File Name' input field in this window down to a server rack icon below.



Backing Up SMGR Data – 2 Options: to Remote Server

Type : Local Remote

* Remote Server IP :

* Remote Server Port :

* User Name :

* Password :

* File Name :

Specify the full path Use Default



A blue wrench and gear icon is positioned above the 'Specify the full path' checkbox.

- SMGR data can also be backup to a remote Linux server (safer).
- When backing up to a remote server you will need the remote server's IP address in detail.



Backing Up SMGR Data – Scheduling

- Can be performed immediately ('now')
- Can be scheduled to take in the future
- Scheduled backups can be recurring – *Every Wednesday at 11pm*

Now Schedule Cancel

Job Details

* Job Name : Regular backup

Job Frequency

Task Time : December 03 2010
06 : 23 : 17 PM
(0.0)GMT : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London, Casablanca

Recurrence : Execute task one time only
 Tasks are repeated Daily Every 1 Day(s)

Range : No End Date
 End After 1 occurrences
 End By Date December 03 2010

Commit Cancel



Backing Up SMGR Data – Locating Backup

Backup and Restore

Backup List

[Backup](#) [Restore](#) [View Log](#)

1 Item Refresh Show ALL Filter: Enable					
	Opera	File Name	Path	Status	Status Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Backup	backup_2012_Feb_01_07_47_13_632	/var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual	SUCCESS	

Select : [All](#), [None](#)

- ▶ You may need to click the ‘refresh’ button while the status is ‘RUNNING’
- ▶ When the backup completes, SMGR will summarize the path & filename

To view the backup, SSH into SMGR machine.

The default local location is /var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual

Exercise: Perform a Local Back Up of All SMGR Data

Objective & Outcome

The objective is to learn how to backup SMGR data locally.

1. Navigate to Home > Services > Backup and Restore >. Click 'Backup'
2. Select backup type: **Local**. Enter name for back up file E.g. '**smgrdata**'
The file will automatically be appended with today's date.
3. Periodically click **Refresh**. Check that the backup is successful
4. SSH in to the server and navigate to the backup file. Take a look at contents of backup ZIP!

```
# cd /var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual.  
# unzip backup*.zip  
# ls -lh;  
# cat <filename>
```
5. If time permits, go through the steps of scheduling a maintenance back up tonight at midnight

1 Item Refresh Show ALL					
	Operation	File Name	Path	Status	Status Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Backup	smgrdata_2012_Feb_28_10_48_14_313	/var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual	SUCCESS	
< ... >					
Select : All , None					



Team Activity
Student A to drive,
with student B
shadowing



Student A



Student B

Restoring From Backup

- When needed, you can restore SMGR data from backup.

The screenshot shows the 'Backup and Restore' interface. At the top, there's a title bar with the text 'Backup and Restore'. Below it is a 'Backup List' section. On the left, there are two buttons: 'Backup' and 'Restore'. A large white cursor arrow points to the 'Restore' button. Above the buttons, the text '0 Items | Refresh now ALL Filter: Enable' is displayed. To the right of the buttons is a table header with columns: File Name, Path, Status, Backup Time, Backup Mode, Backup Type, and User. Below the header, a message says 'No records found.'

The screenshot shows a 'Restore' dialog box. At the top, it says 'Restore' and has 'Restore' and 'Cancel' buttons. Below that is a 'Restore Details' section. It includes a 'Type' field with 'Local' selected (indicated by a green dot) and 'Remote' as an option. There is a 'Select File Name:' dropdown menu. Below it is a field labeled '* File Name:' containing the path '/var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual/backup_2012_Feb_01_07_47_13_632.zip'. A red arrow points from this field down to a note at the bottom. The note reads 'SMGR will remember previous backups'.

Restoring From Backup (continued)



Restore Confirmation

Continue

Cancel

The Restore operation will terminate all sessions and no services will be available until the operation completes. So, the System Manager console will not be available for approximately 45 minutes but this time may vary based on Database size. Click on Continue to go ahead with the Restore operation or click on Cancel to abort the operation.

Continue

Cancel



- ▶ Be warned that this is a dangerous operation!
- ▶ It will wipe existing configuration in favor of the settings found in the backup.
- ▶ Can take a long time to complete
 - Up to 45 minutes (depending on data)



Exercise: Restoring from Backup

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn how to restore SMGR to a previous data set. You will first delete some settings, but, following data restore, the deleted settings will be restored.

1. Delete some SMGR data

- go to Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users. Delete some users
- go to Home > Elements > Routing > SIP Entities. Delete some SIP Entities

2. Restore from Backup

- go to Home > Services > Backup and Restore. Click ‘Restore’
- Select Type: **Local**.
- From the drop down list, select the backup file to restore
- Click ‘**Restore**’

The restoration may take around 15 minutes

3. Check restored data

- go to Home > Users > User Management > Manage Users. Check deleted users are restored
- go to Home > Elements > Routing > SIP Entities. Check deleted SIP Entities are restored



Team Activity
Student B to drive,
with student A
shadowing



Student A



Student B

Exercise: Perform a Remote Back Up of SMGR Data

Objective & Outcome

The objective of this exercise is to learn how to perform a remote backup of SMGR data. By the time you are done, your SMGR data will be backed up to the SMGR server of another student team in your group.

1. Organise team pairing: Pod 1 & 2, Pod 3 & 4, Pod 5 & 6
2. Navigate to Home > Services > Backup and Restore >. Click 'Backup'
3. Select backup type: **Remote**.
 - Enter IP address, username and password for remote server
(see student lab guide.)
 - Choose name for back up file E.g. **smgrdataPodX**
 - Click '**Now**'
4. Periodically click Refresh. Check that the backup is successful
5. SSH in to the other server and navigate to the backup file.
 - `# cd /var/lib/pgsql/backup/manual.`



Team Activity
Student A to drive,
with student B
shadowing



Student A



Student B



5U00096V Version 1.0

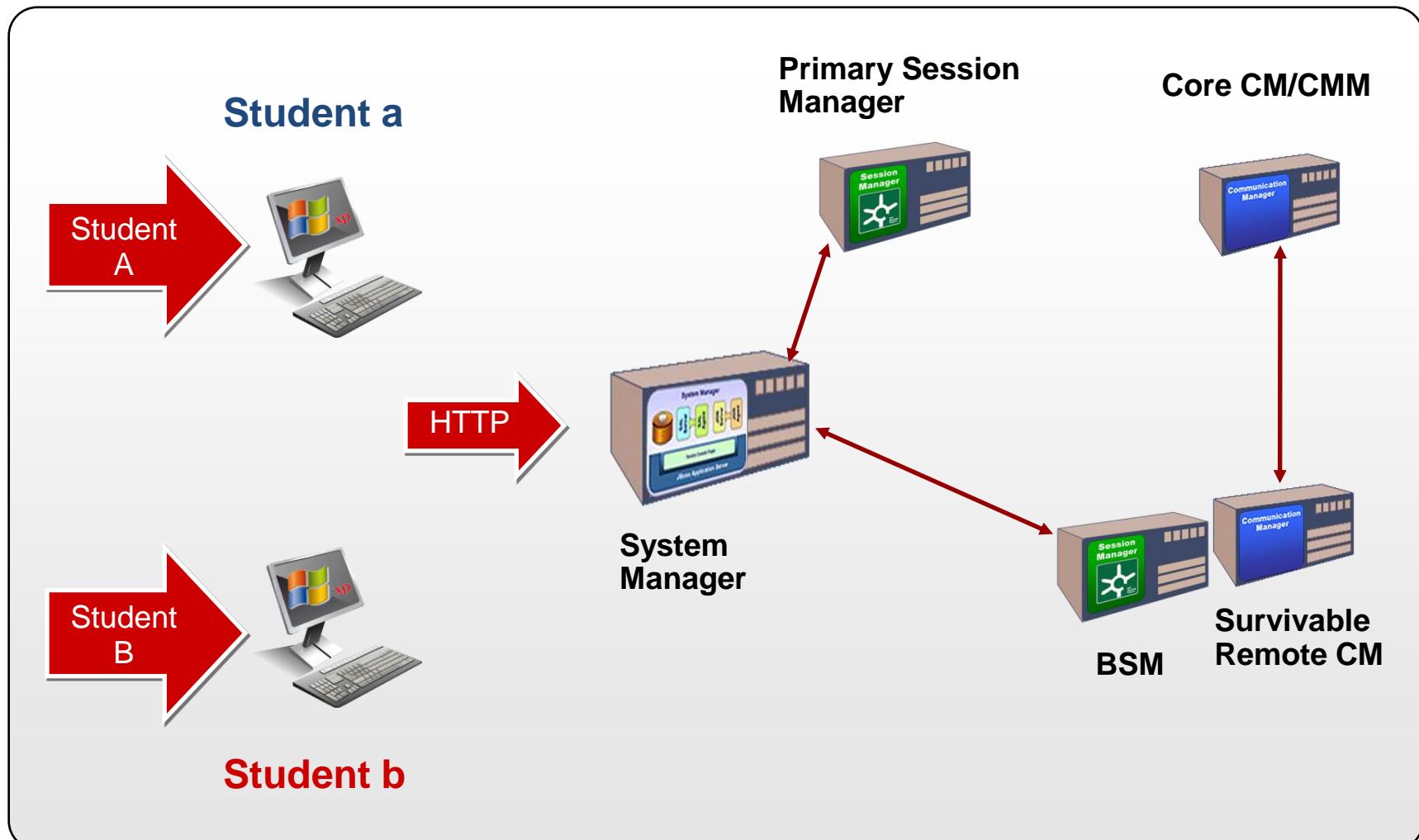
Session Manager Administration 6.2



Please note that this course does not have audio. Click the forward/backward arrows to navigate this course.

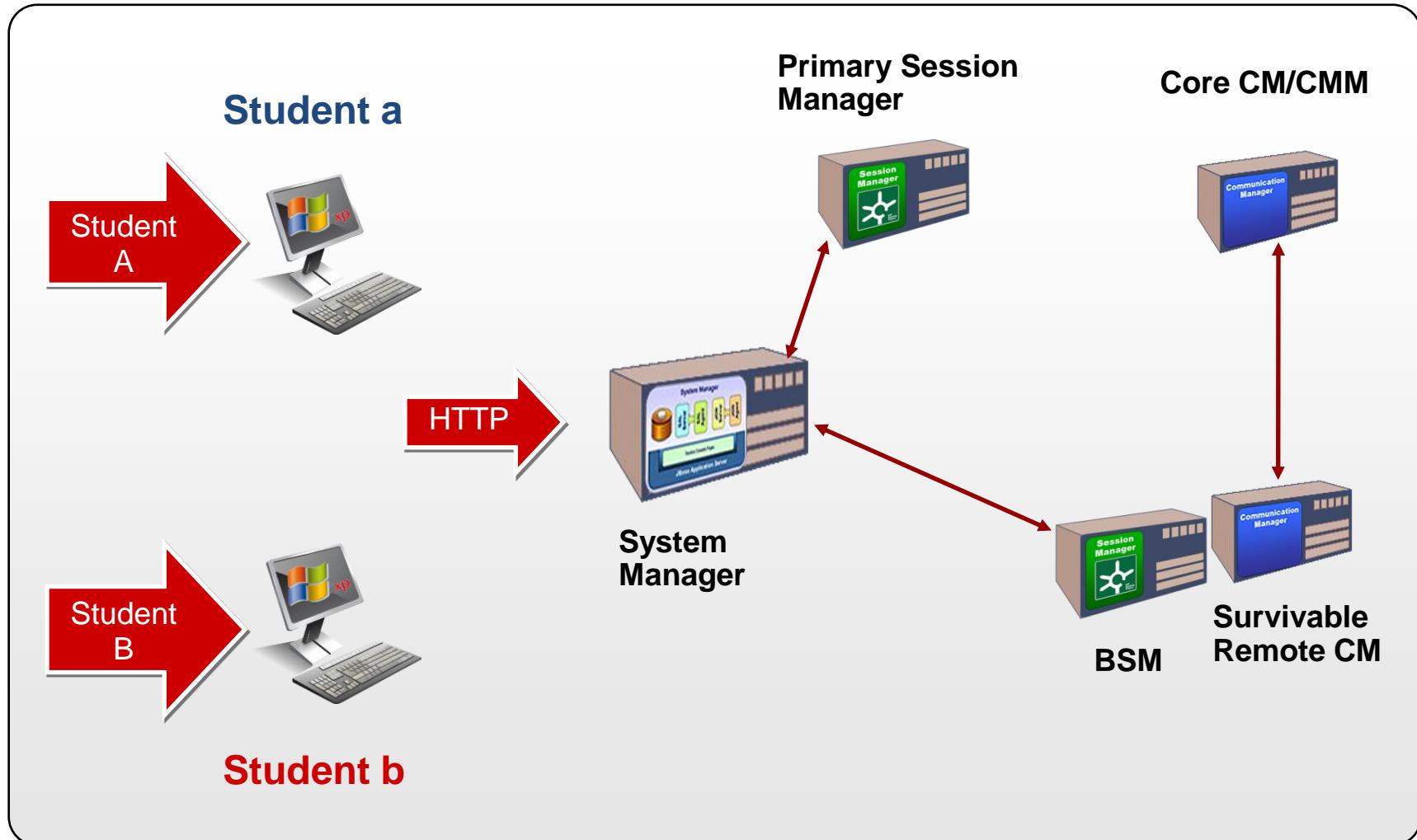
Classroom Layout

Pod 1 – 172.16.1.x



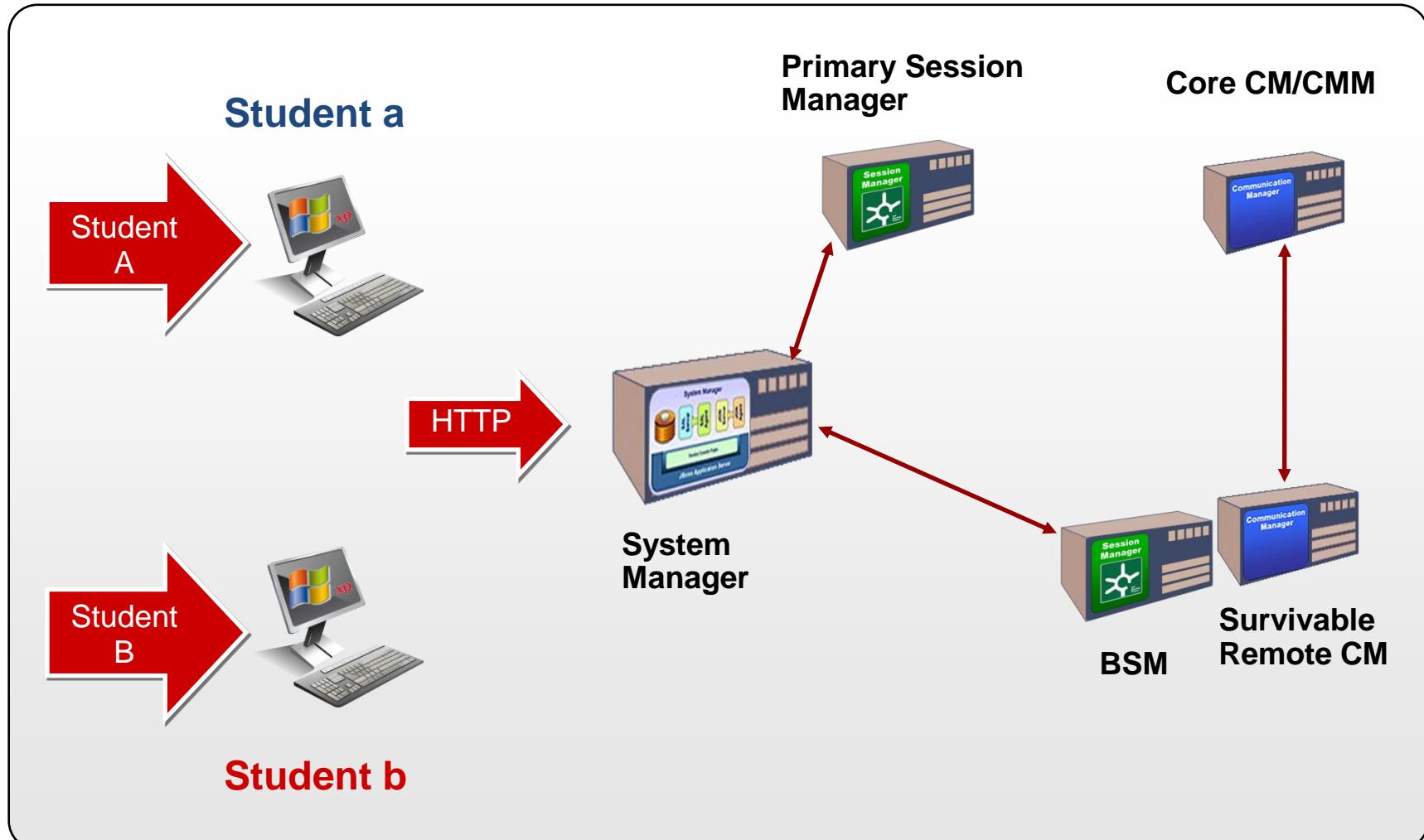
Classroom Layout (continued)

Pod 2 – 172.16.2.x



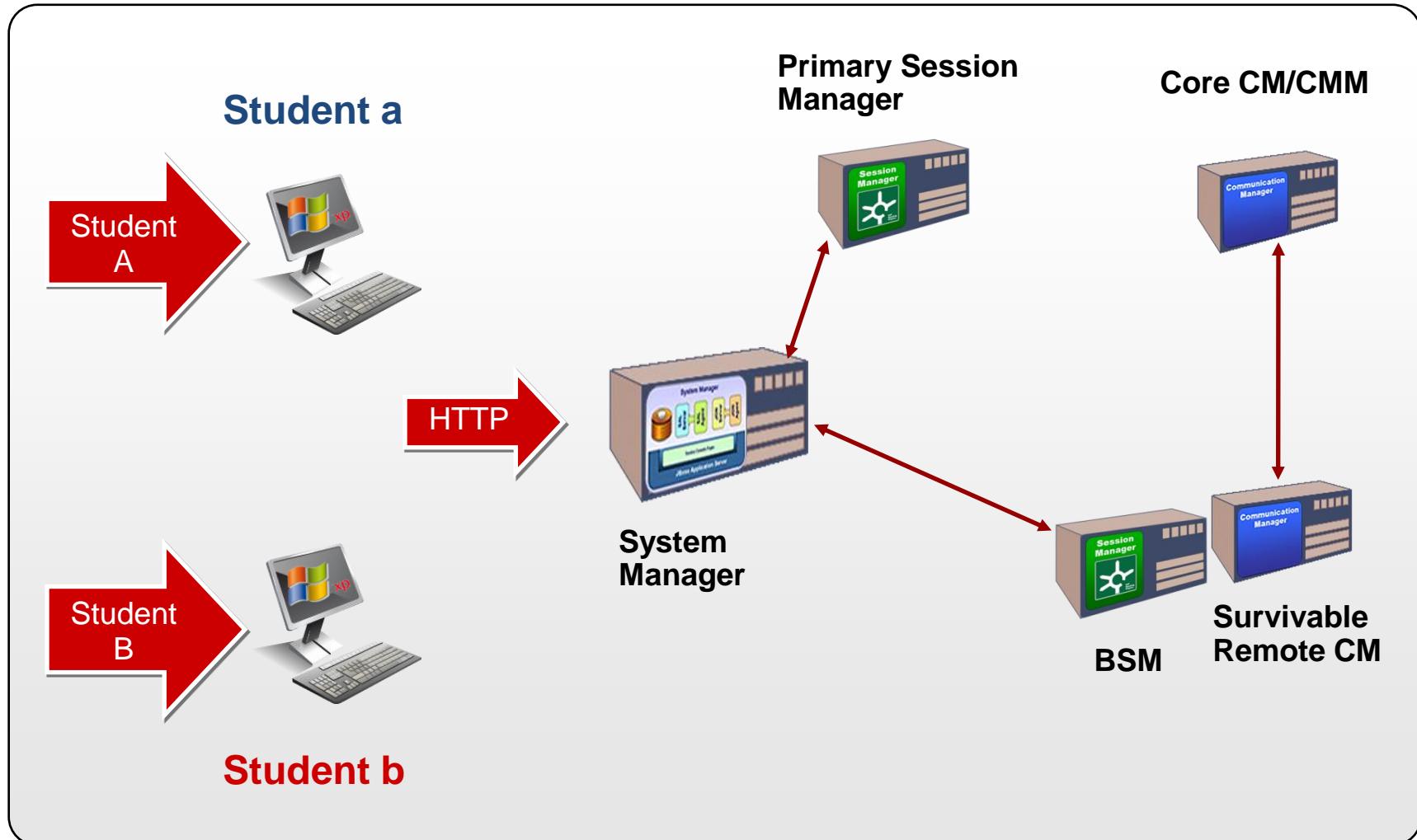
Classroom Layout (continued)

Pod 3 – 172.16.3.x



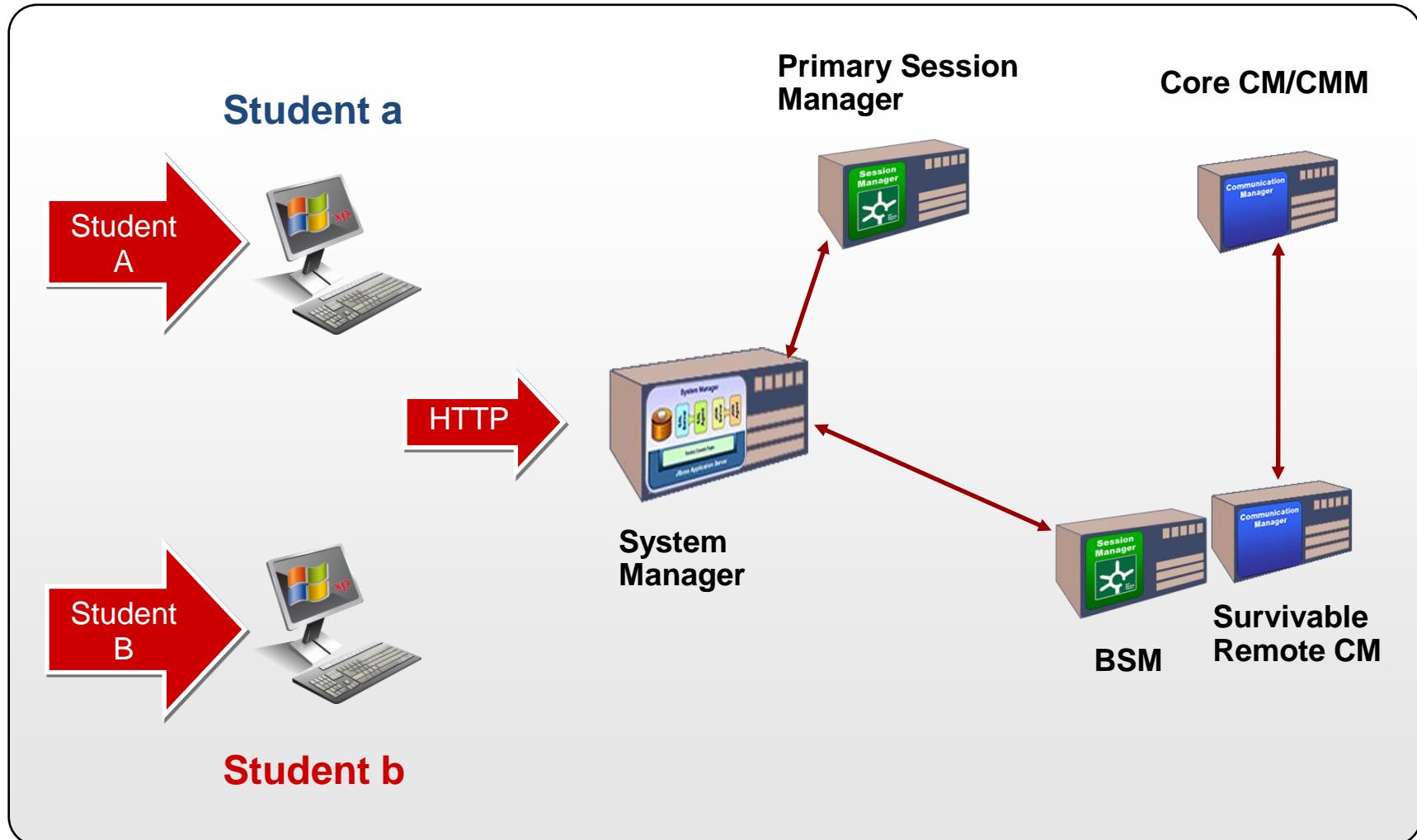
Classroom Layout (continued)

Pod 4 – 172.16.4.x



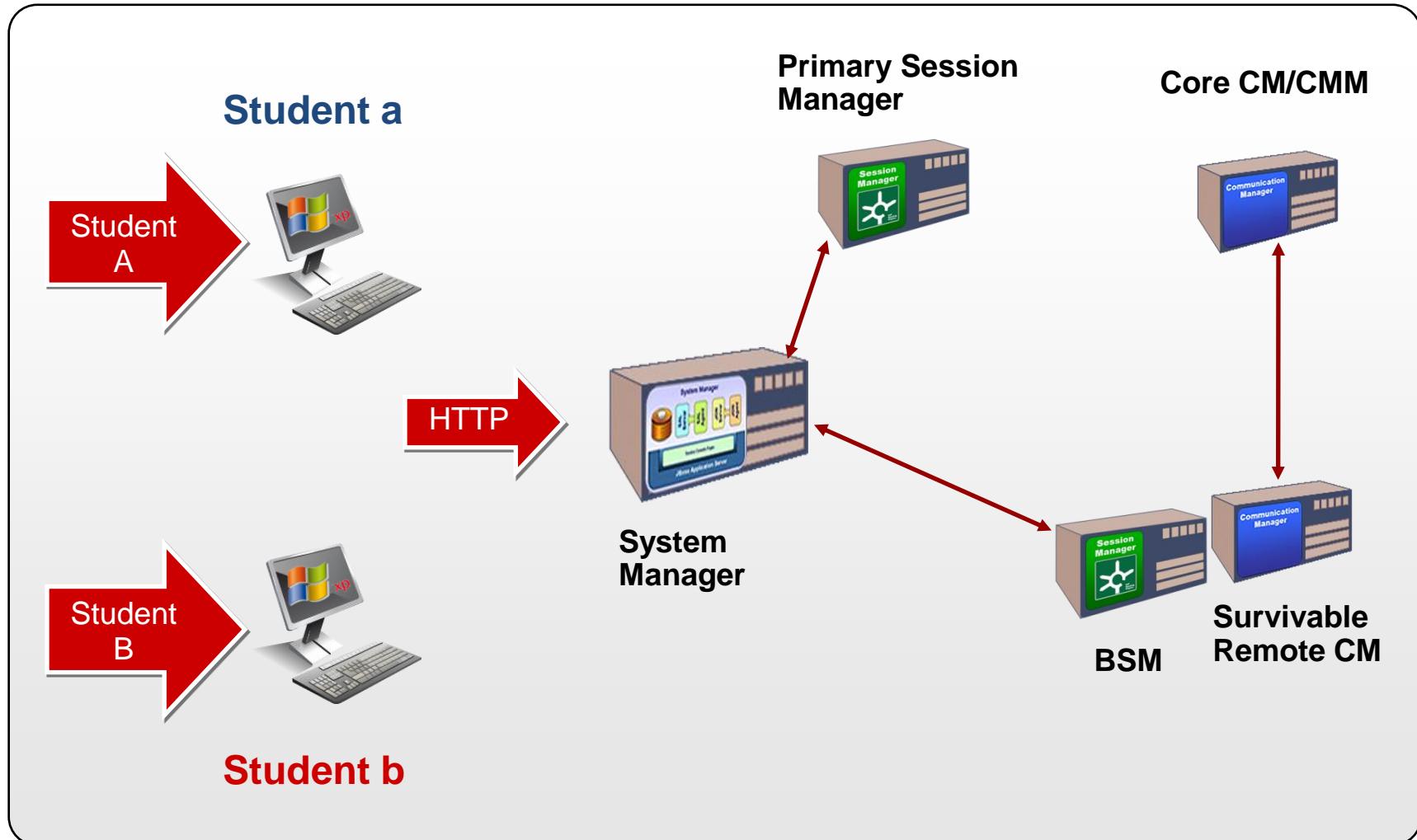
Classroom Layout (continued)

Pod 5 – 172.16.5.x



Classroom Layout (continued)

Pod 6 – 172.16.6.x



Lesson 01

Introducing Session Manager

Lesson Objective

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Understand the purpose and function of Session Manager.



Session Manager Overview

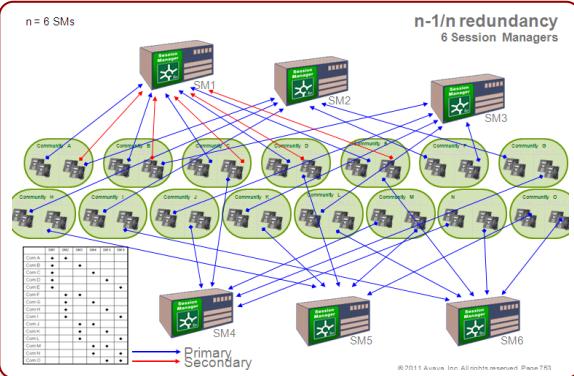


Network Routing Policy
Determines how SIP calls are routed

Global Policies
Network Routing Policies
If called number contains 45+ then route through SIP Entity at 10.23.142.22

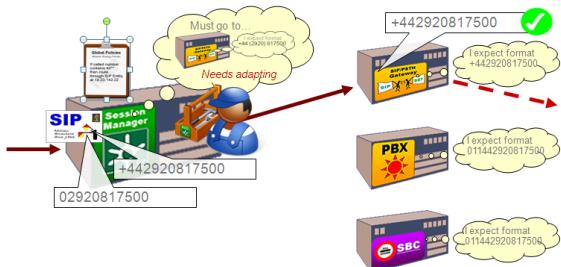


Centralized Sip Routing



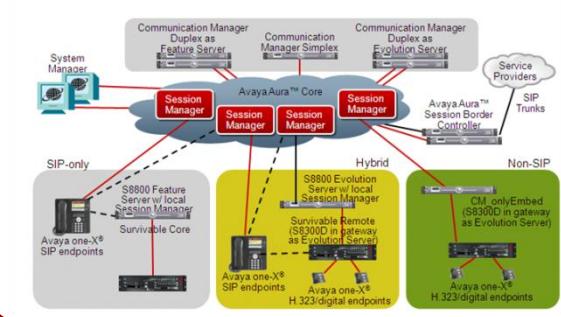
Scalable

Number Adaptation



Integration & Adaptation

Avaya Aura™ Session Manager Architecture Overview



High Availability & Redundancy

AVAYA

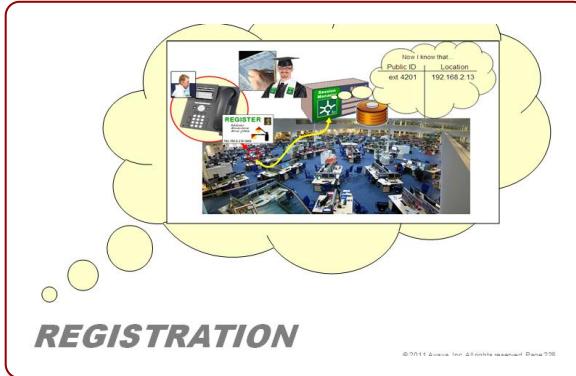
INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATIONS

Software **SM 100**

Certificates, Firewall, Rate Limiting, etc



SIP Firewall



Registration & Authentication

Session Manager Function

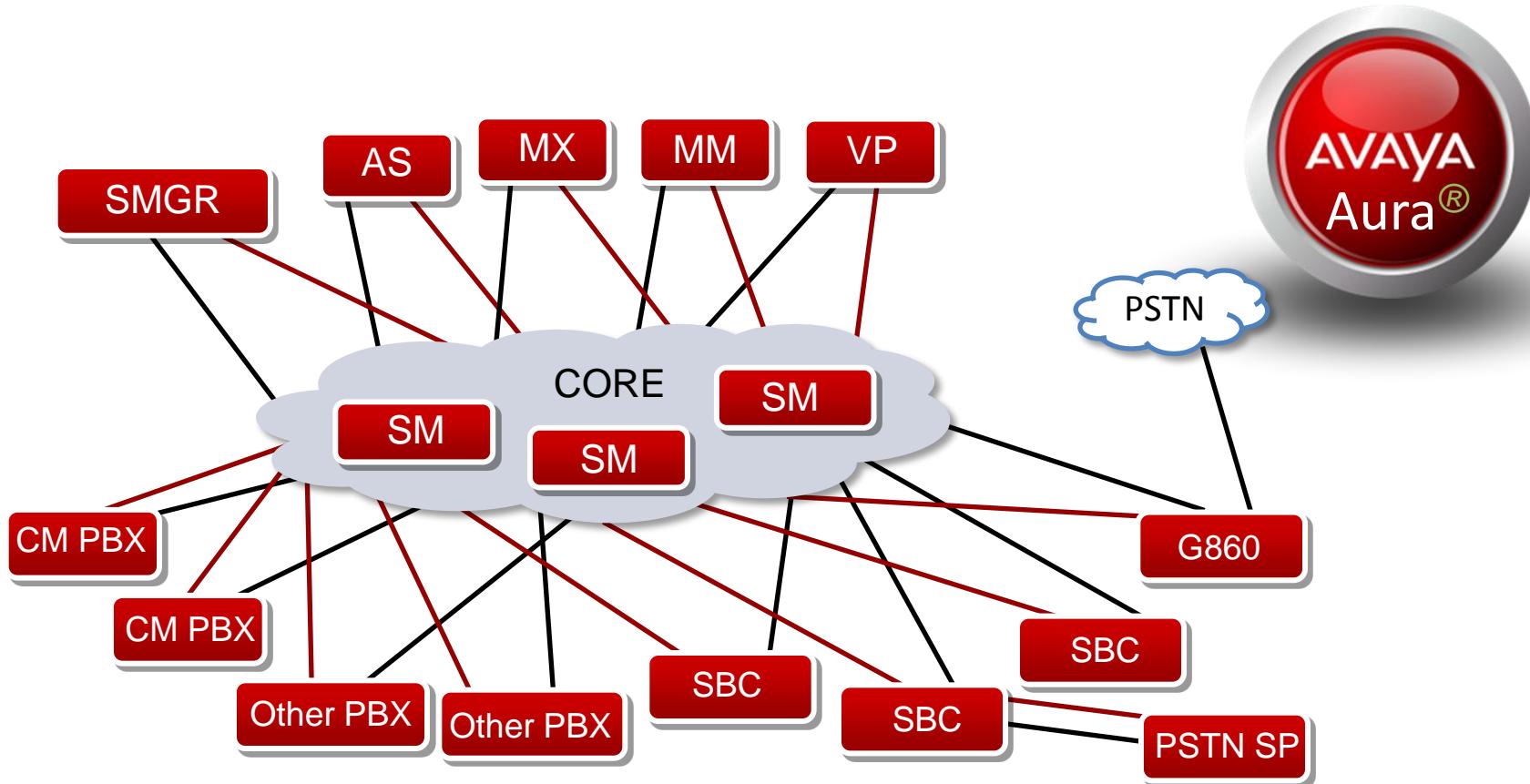


Session Manager functions as a sophisticated **Secure SIP Routing Engine**.

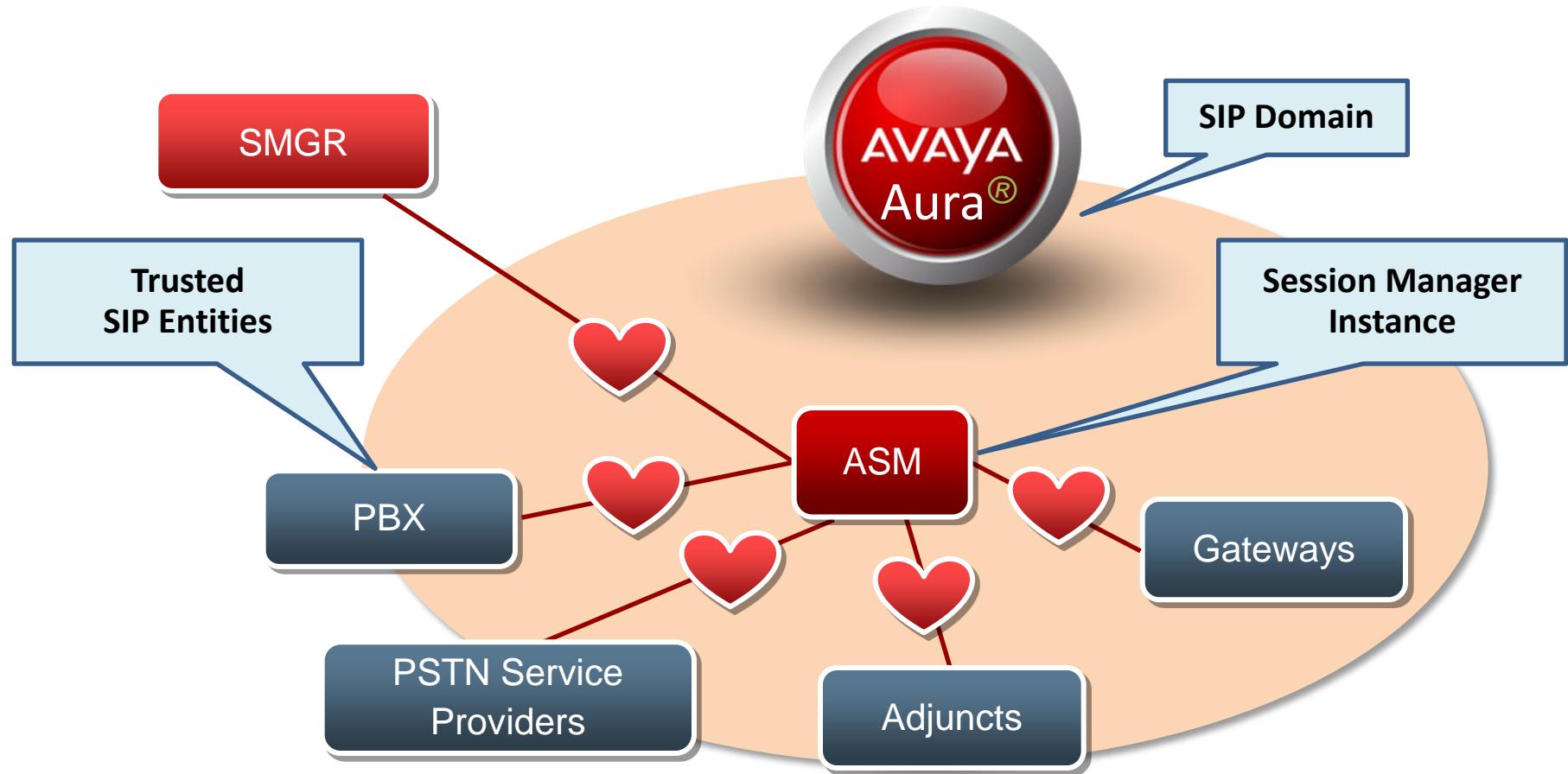
A routing engine that can integrate different telephony systems, and ideal for handling the communications of today's enterprise organizations.

Session Manager as the Avaya Aura® Core

- ▶ The core component within the Avaya Aura® solution:
 - Integrates all the SIP entities across the entire enterprise network within a company.
 - Each location, branch, or application is part of the overall enterprise.



Session Manager Instance and SIP Entities

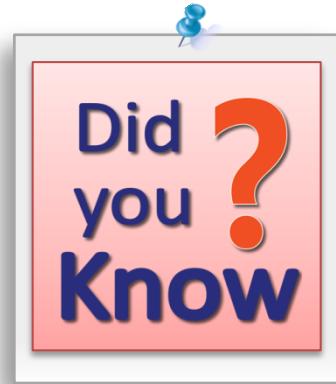


So How Does Session Manager Route Traffic within this IMS Network?



Centralized Routing: SIP Endpoint Registration and Registry Routing

- ▶ Ideally all SIP traffic in an enterprise is routed to Session Manager
- ▶ Session Manager is responsible for authenticating all SIP endpoints before it will route its SIP session.
- ▶ All SIP endpoints require a **SIP Communication Profile** which has its SIP URI (1234@avaya.com) and password
- ▶ Once the SIP Endpoint is authenticated Session Manager will store its location info (ip address, SIP URI) for future use.
- ▶ If the called party is a SIP endpoint it will authenticate that user and setup the call.
- ▶ The two SIP endpoints will negotiate the preferred media type (audio vs video) and protocol (G729? H.264?) used between each other then RTP packets are exchanged.



Sample SIP Trace: Registration

- ▶ Trace executed using the traceSM tool.
- ▶ In this trace, User Agent sent a **REGISTER** request to Session Manager represented by the **SM100 Security Module**

train8-sm - traceSM100 - Captured: 303 Displayed: 303

```
SessionMgr2          135.124.231.26
SessionManager1(SM100) 1009

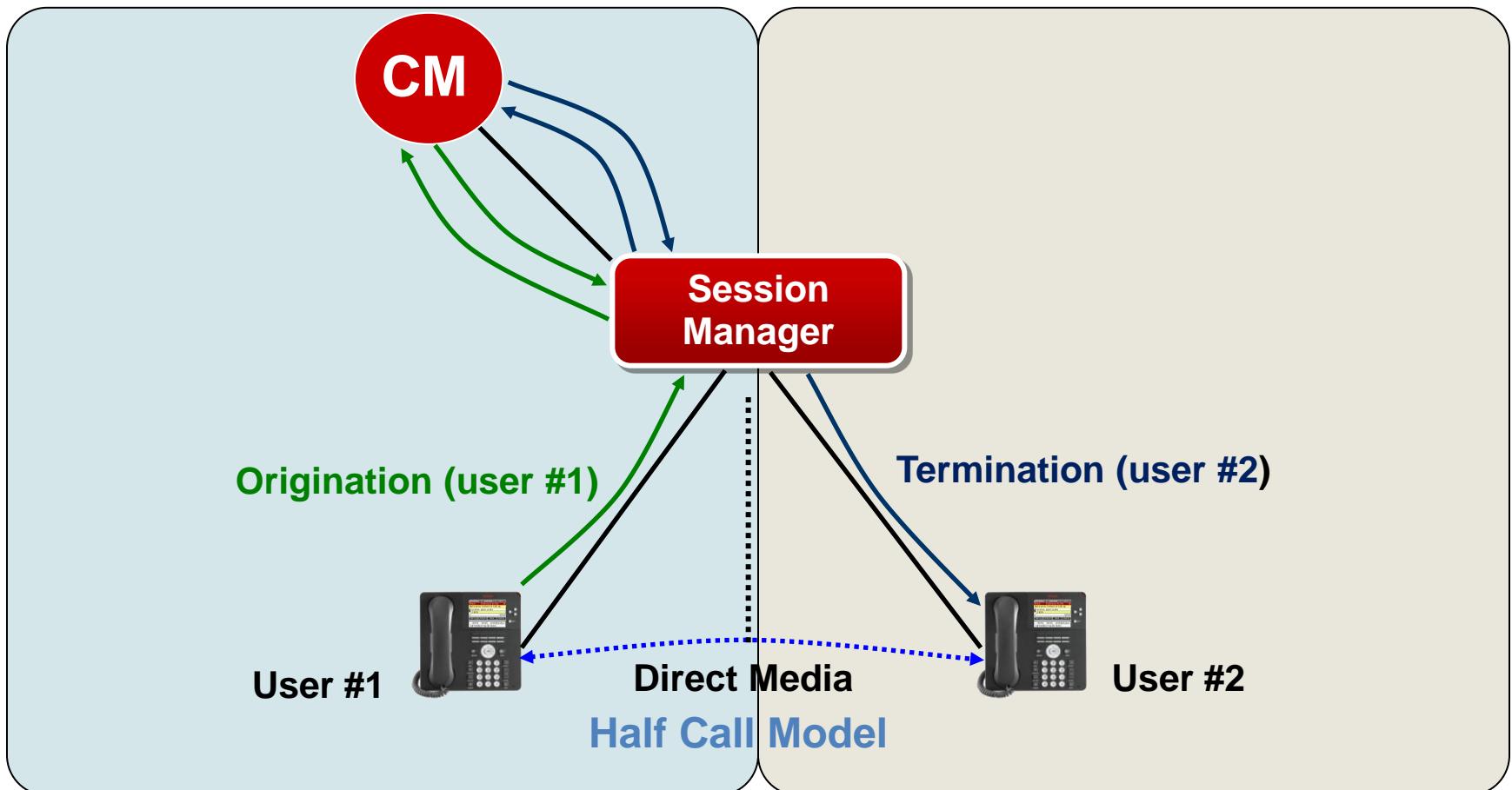
18:42:27.476 |      | --REGISTE->|      | (12)  sip:training.com
18:42:27.483 |      | <--Unautho-|      | (12)  401 Unauthorized
18:42:27.483 |      | -----Unautho| (12)  401 Unauthorized
18:42:27.495 |      | <-----REGI| (12)  sip:training.com
18:42:27.495 |      | --REGISTE->|      | (12)  sip:training.com
18:42:27.503 |      | <--200 OK--|      | (12)  200 OK (REGISTER)
18:42:27.503 |      | -----200| (12)  200 OK (REGISTER)
18:43:26.684 |      | <--OPTIONS-|      | (83)  sip:135.124.231.22
18:45:08.048 |      | <--OPTIONS-|      | (84)  sip:135.124.231.22
18:45:08.048 |      | --Server ->|      | (83)  500 Server Internal Err
18:45:08.048 |      | --Server ->|      | (84)  500 Server Internal Err
18:46:49.373 |      | <--OPTIONS-|      | (85)  sip:135.122.46.37
18:46:49.502 |      | -----| (85)  sip:135.122.46.37
18:46:49.640 |      | <-----| (85)  200 OK (OPTIONS)
18:46:49.641 |      | --200 OK-->|      | (85)  200 OK (OPTIONS)
18:47:16.636 |      | <--OPTIONS-|      | (86)  sip:135.124.231.22
18:49:19.849 |      | <--OPTIONS-|      | (87)  sip:135.124.231.22
18:49:19.850 |      | --Server ->|      | (86)  500 Server Internal Err
18:49:19.850 |      | --Server ->|      | (87)  500 Server Internal Err
Capturing... | s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=HideSM c=Clear i=
```

User #1



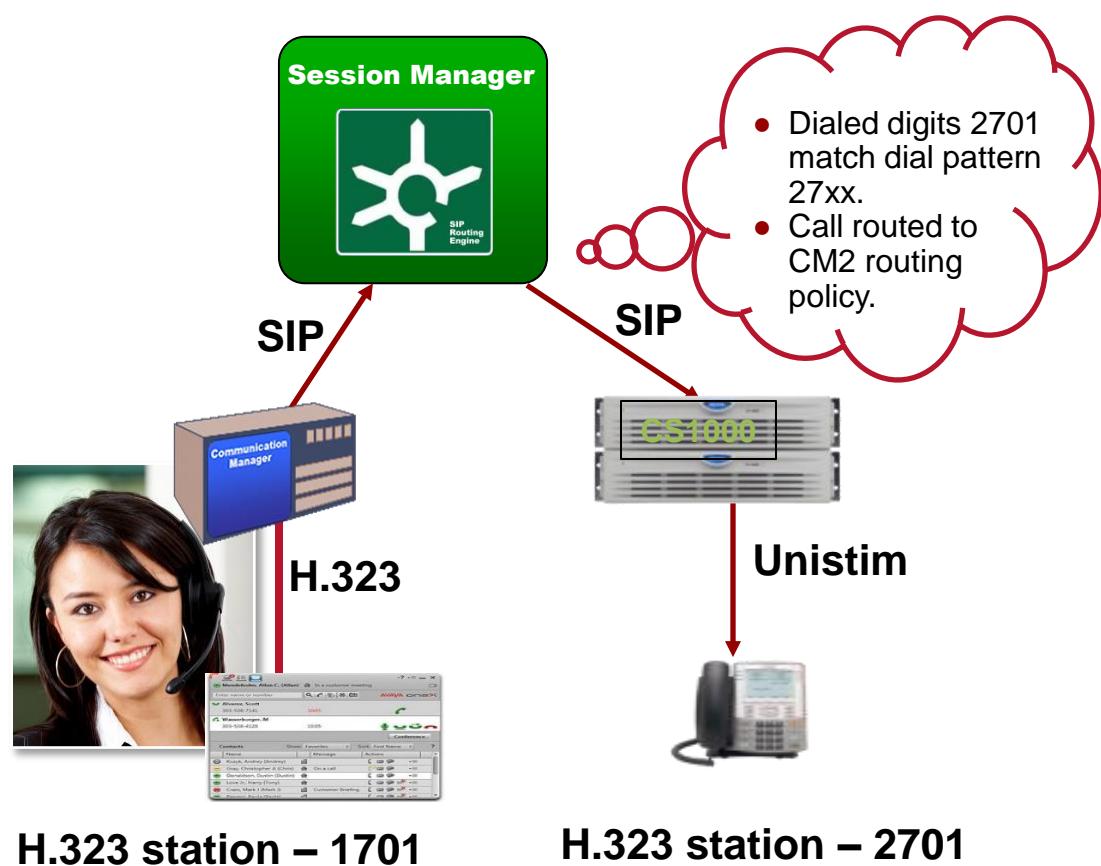
SIP Registry Routing

SIP Registry Routing: SIP to SIP Call Flow



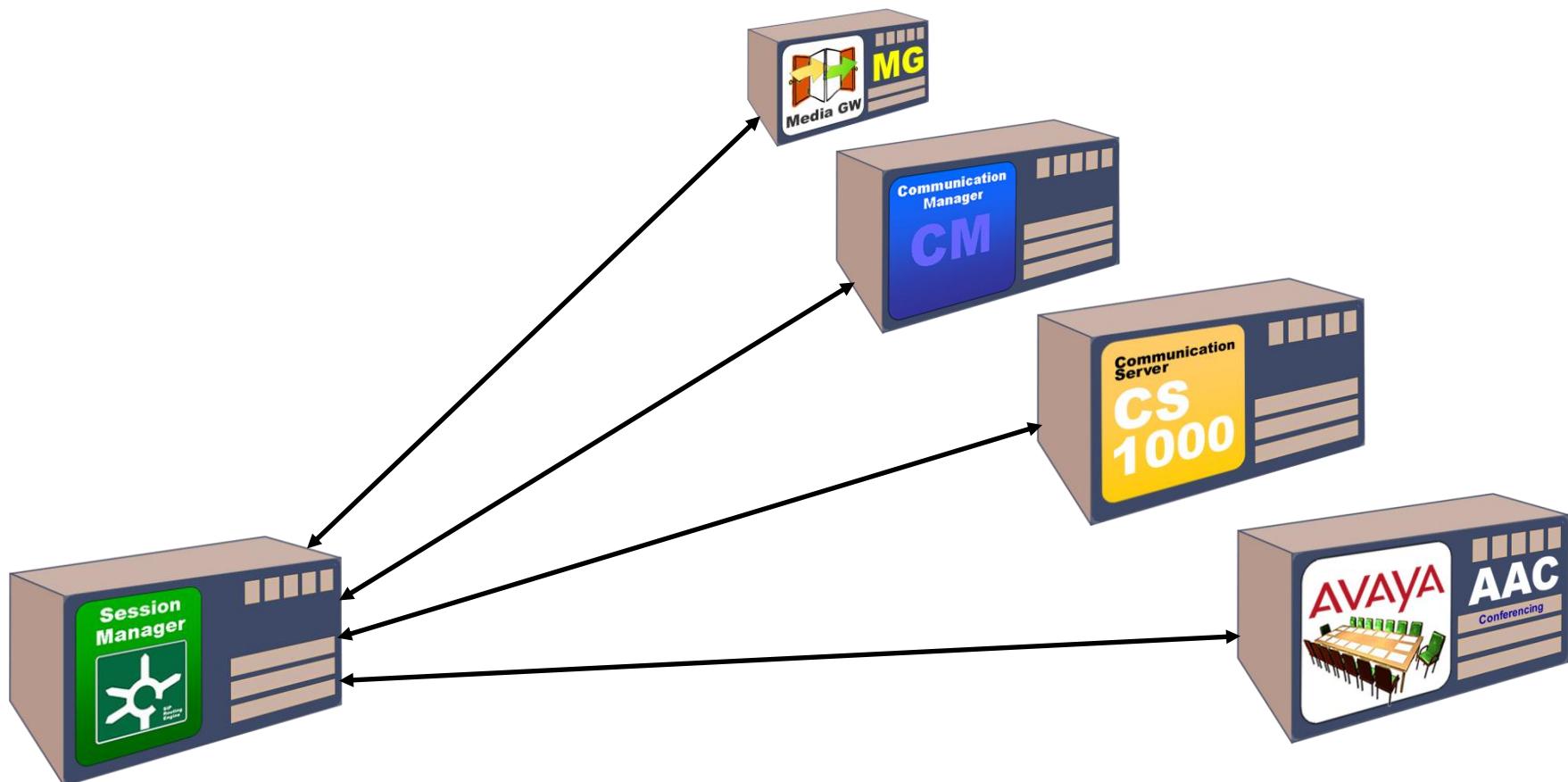
Centralized Routing: Network Routing Policies

- ▶ Session Manager handles routing for non-SIP endpoints differently than it does for SIP endpoints.
- ▶ Session Manager uses **dial pattern matching** and **routing policies** for non-SIP endpoints or for routing to SIP endpoints being managed by another Session Manager not within its cluster.



Why doesn't Session Manager use Registry Routing in this scenario?

Session Manager Feature Application Integration

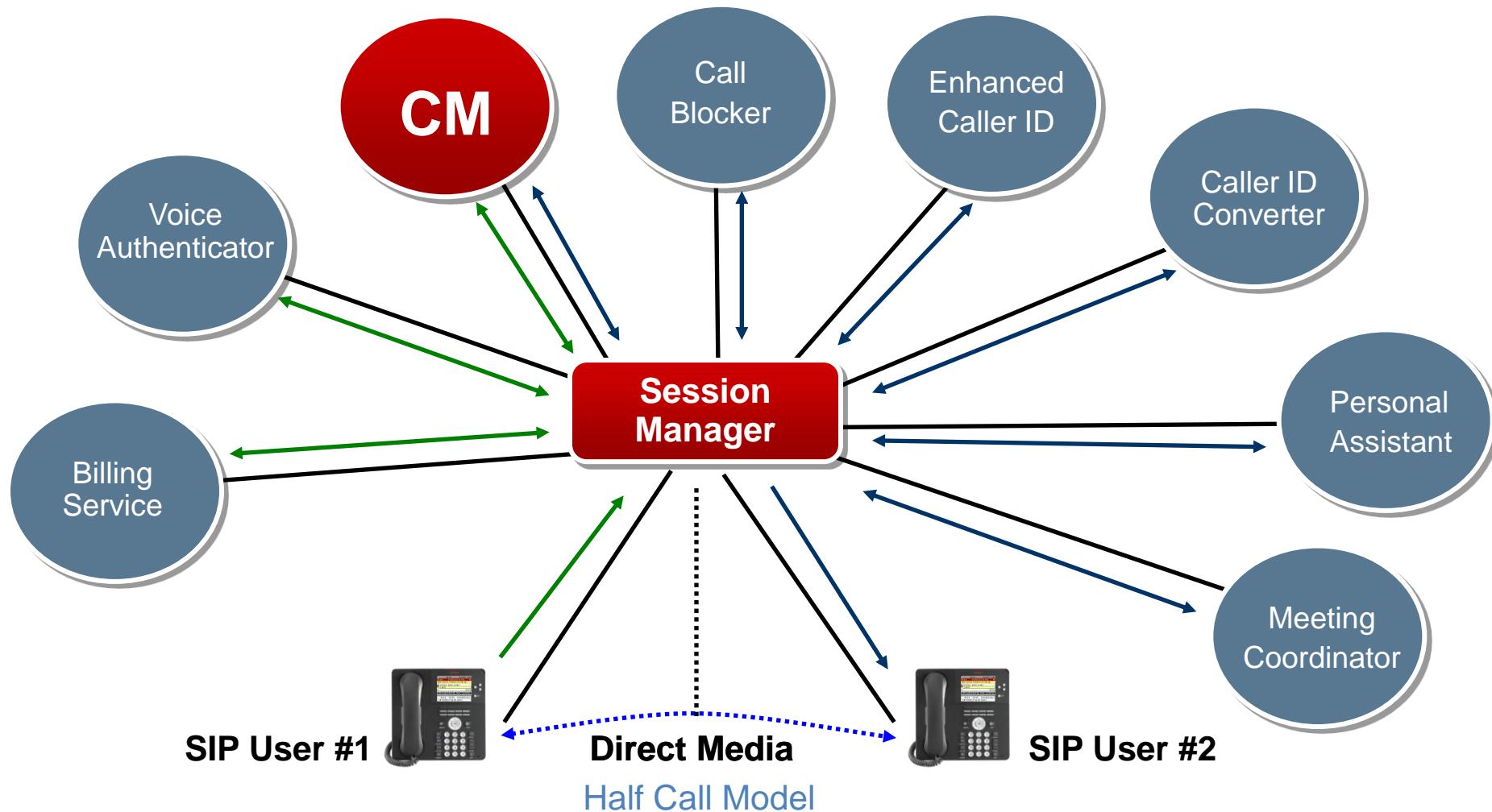


Integration and Adaptation

How does Session Manager process SIP messages from 3rd party vendors that use a different SIP message format?

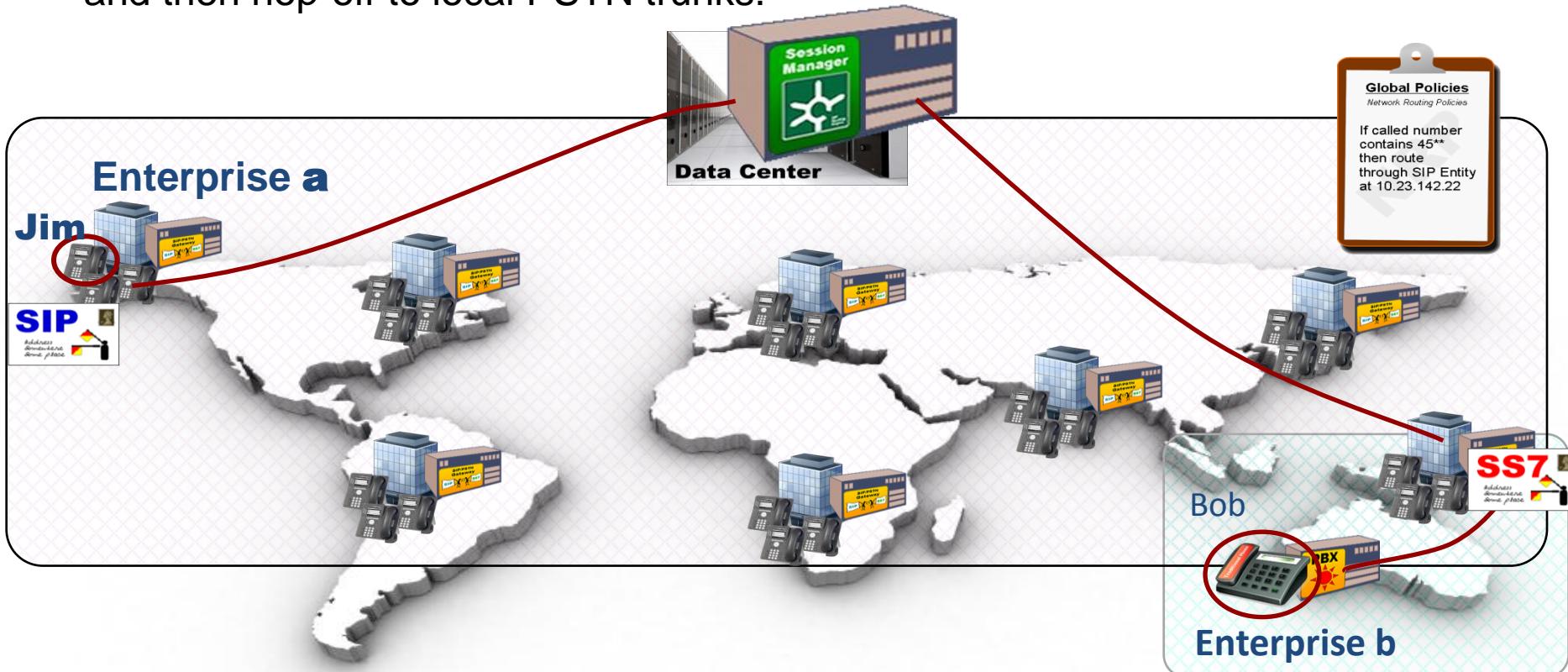


Avaya Aura™ Sequenced Applications in an IMS Network



Tail-End Hop Off

- Session Manager can be configured to route off-network calls through the WAN and then hop-off to local PSTN trunks.

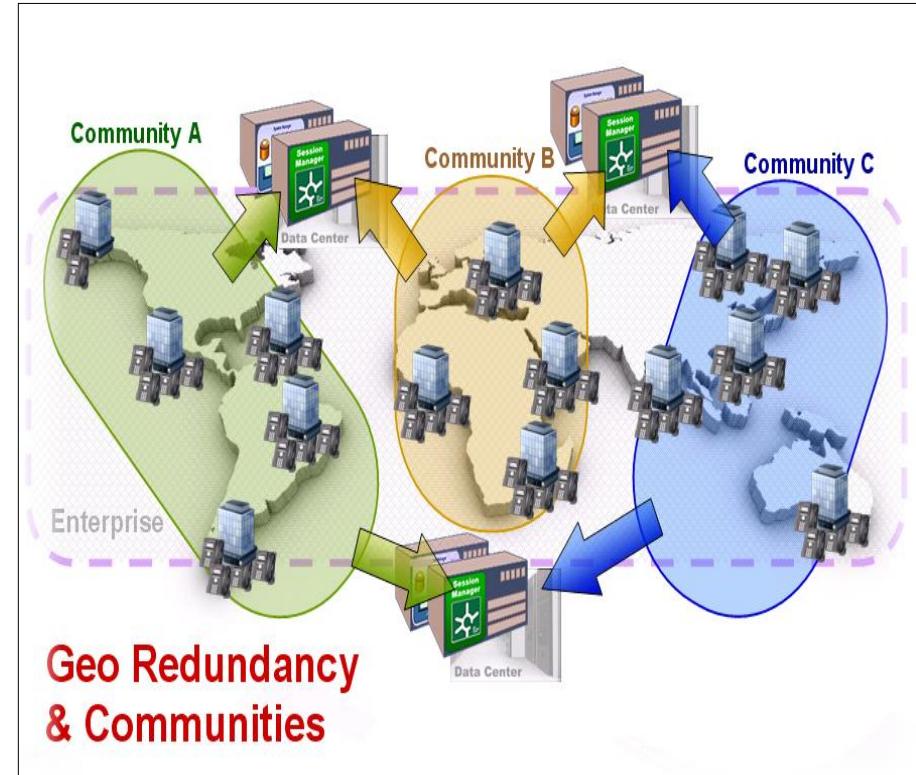


PSTN

Short hop – cheaper than long hop

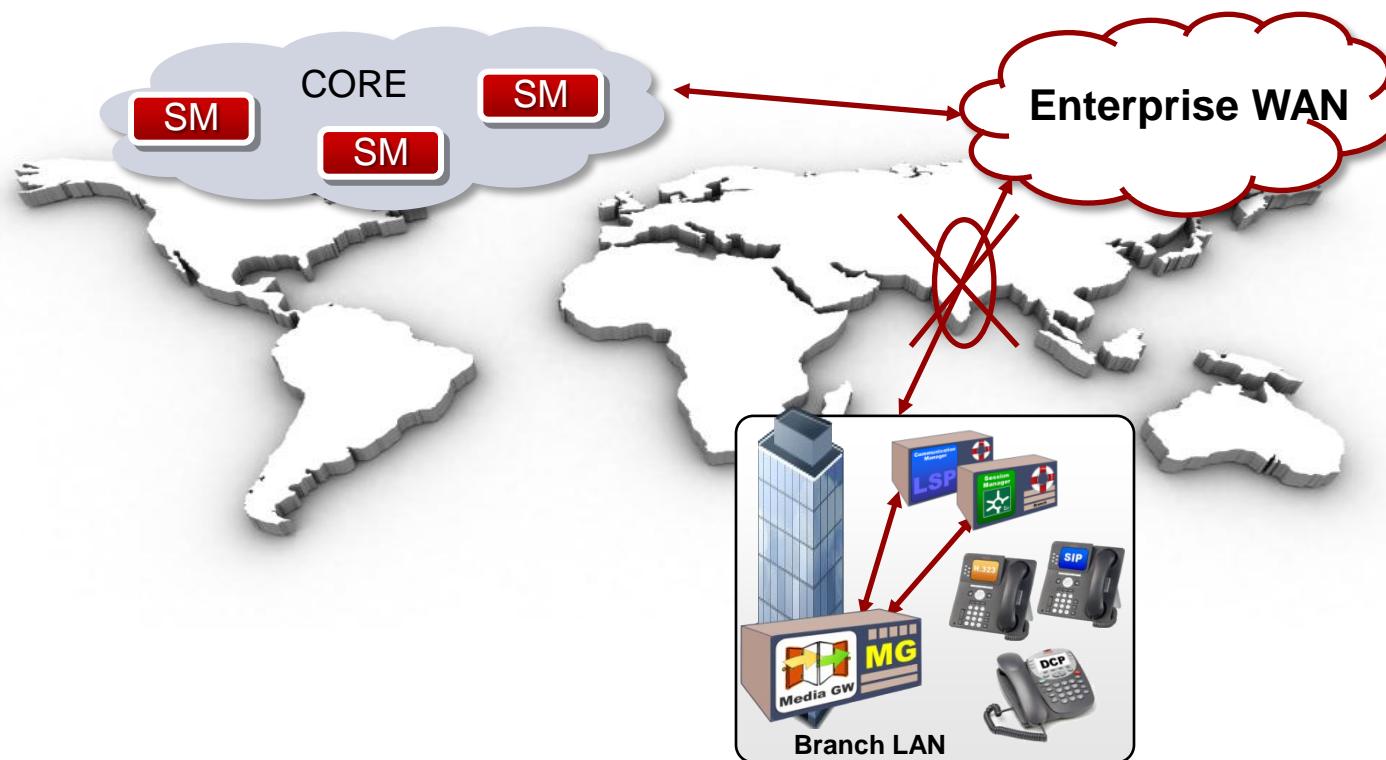
Scale and Redundancy

- ▶ Session Manager scales up to 10 instances in the Avaya Aura® Enterprise
- ▶ Session Manager can be deployed in an **active-active** configuration to provide load-balancing of user groups/communities where all instances of ASM are actively taking calls.
- ▶ When configuring SIP user communication profiles, administrators can assign half of the SIP users in one community to register to ASM1 as its primary and the other half can register to ASM2 as its primary.
- ▶ The first half will then be configured to register to ASM2 as its secondary and the second half will register to ASM1 as its secondary.



Remote Survivability

- ▶ A Remote Survivable instance of Session Manager can be configured as a branch solution.
- ▶ Currently being offered as a part of the Embedded CM Survivable Remote Template along with Remote Survivable CM.
- ▶ Performs local site SIP message routing, including SIP Registry routing
- ▶ Provides connectivity to a local feature processor within the local site



Failover



- ▶ In the 6.2 release, Session Manager offers improved redundancy where two or more Session Managers instances are configured in a Failover Group.
- ▶ This allows all SIP calls, including calls in progress or calls in queue, to be routed to a Failover Group Domain Name in the case of an outage.
- ▶ SM Peers can now resolve to a domain name for Session Manager and subsequently the Failover Group Domain Name must be configured either in DNS or SM100 FGDN must be configured to point to IP address and ports.
- ▶ SM100 inserts the ASM FGDN using via and record-route headers.



Capacity and Performance

Avaya Aura® Quick Reference Specifications

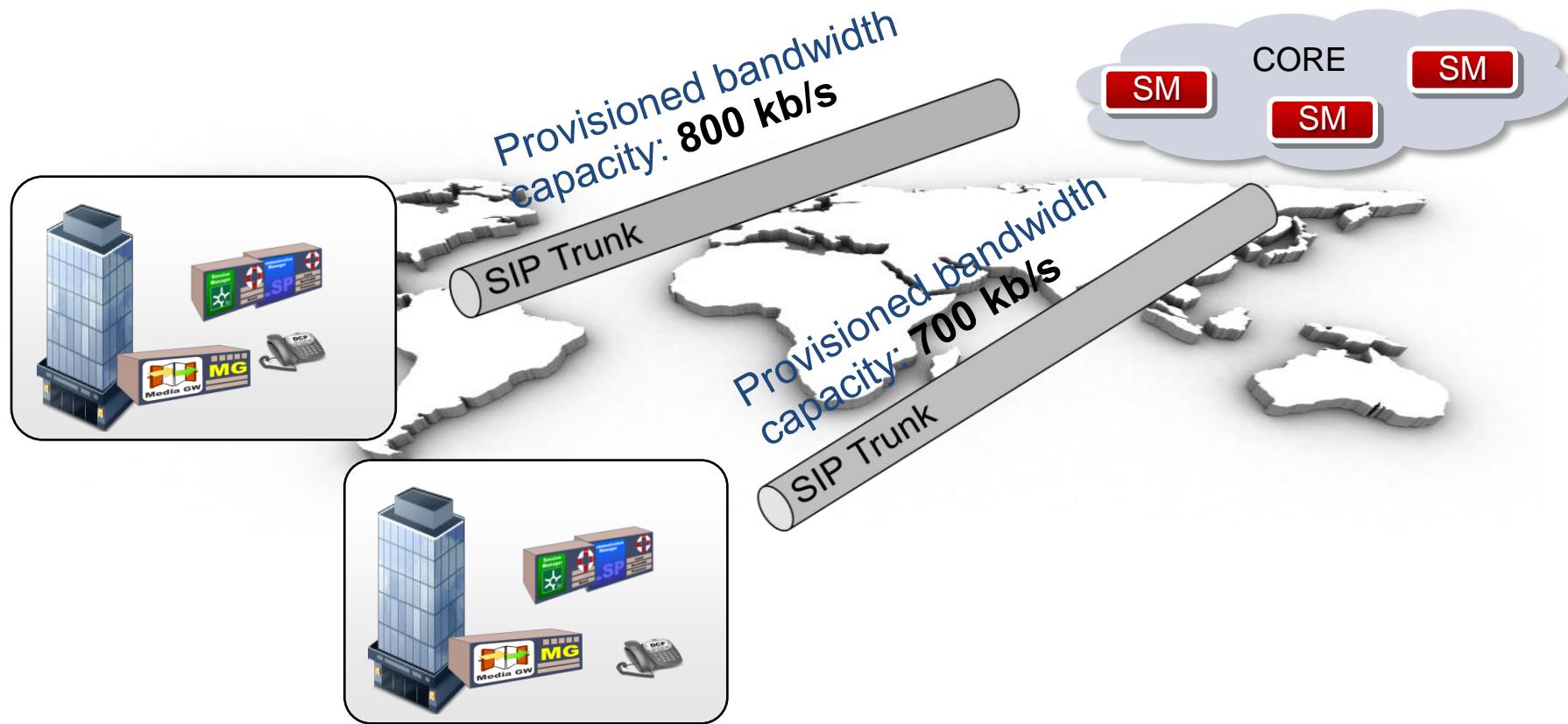
Item	R6.0	R6.1	R6.2
Total Enterprise SIP Users	50,000	100,000	100,000
Total Enterprise Users	100,000	100,000	250,000
SIP Users/SM	10,000	12,000	12,000
SIP Users/CM	18,000	18,000	36,000
Total Enterprise Presence Users	45,000	81,000	81,000
Presence Users/SM	7,000	9,000	9,000
TLS Connections	50,000	100,000	100,000
SM Instances	6	10	10
BHCC per SM	250,000	300,000	350,000*
Simultaneous Sessions	65,000	80,000	90,000*
Registrations/Second per SM	NA	NA	800
Advanced SIP Terminal Initializations/Second per SM	NA	NA	10**
Survivable Remotes	250	250	250
Communication Managers	500	500	500
Locations/Adaptations/SIP Entities	25,000	25,000	25,000
SIP Domains	1000	1000	1000
Dial Patterns/Routing Policies	250,000	300,000	300,000

* Preliminary, Subject to Final Confirmation

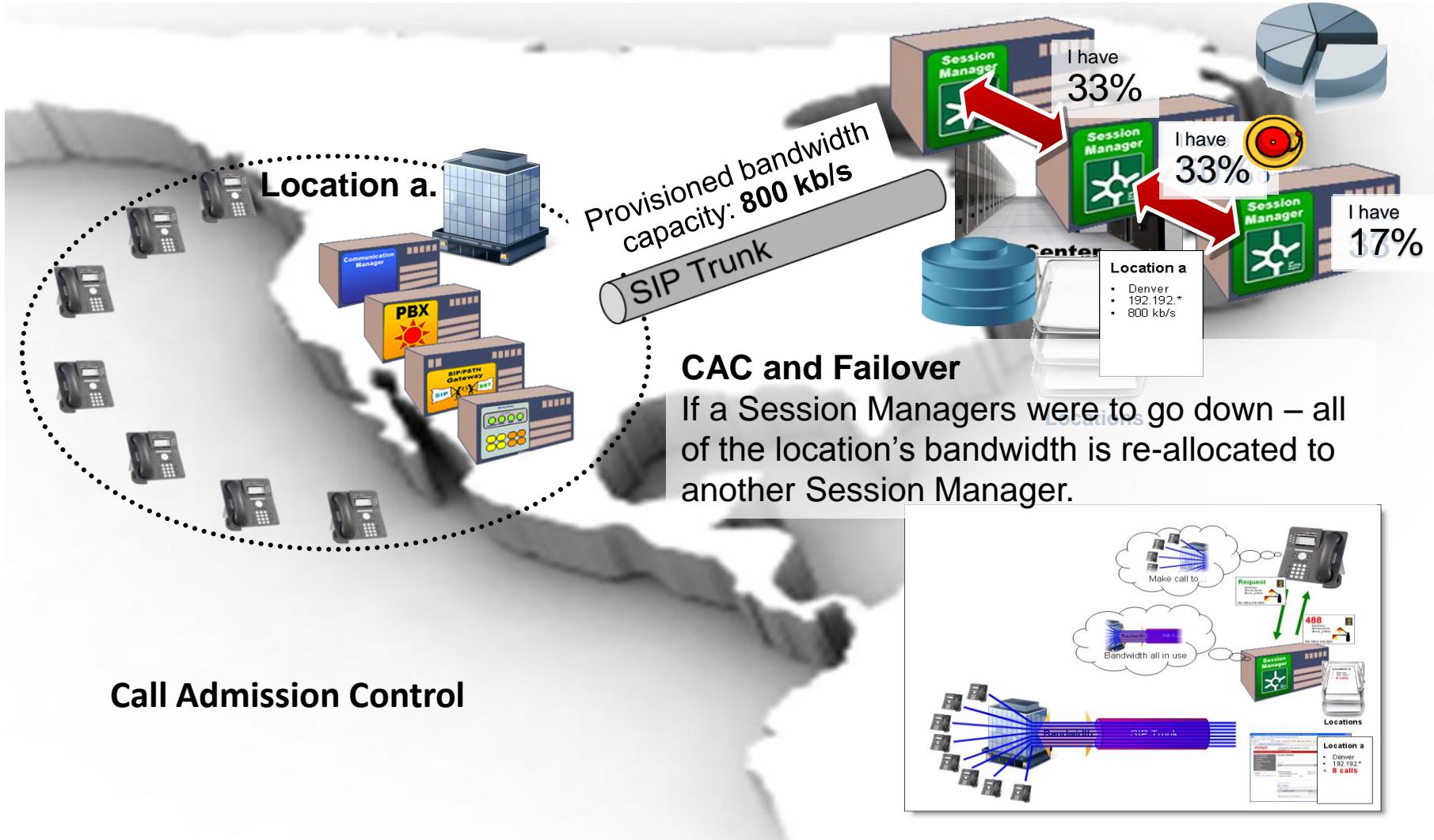
** Intentionally Throttled for a Single CM

Call Admission Control

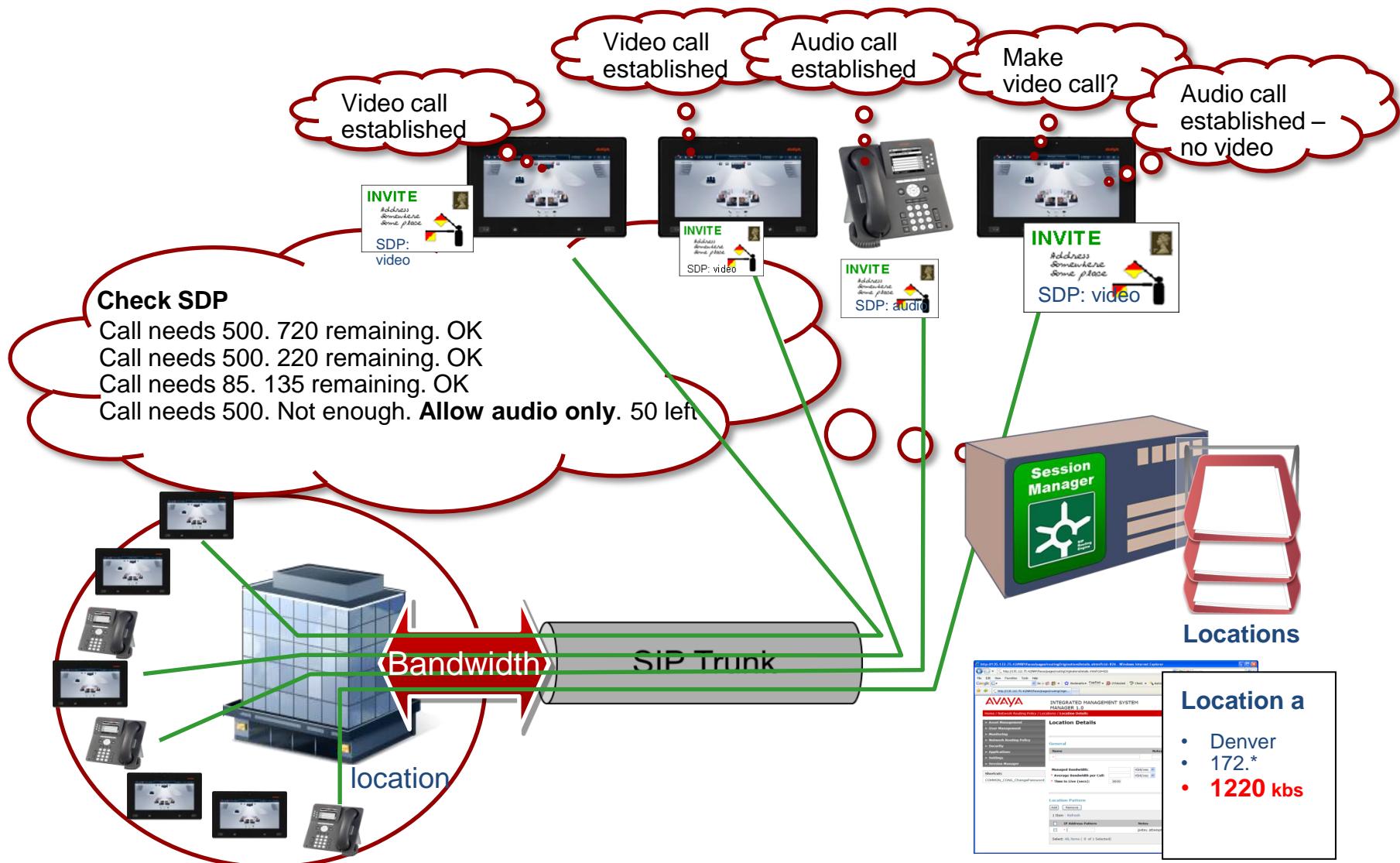
- Session Manager has the ability to manage bandwidth to each of its locations using the Call Admissions Control Feature.



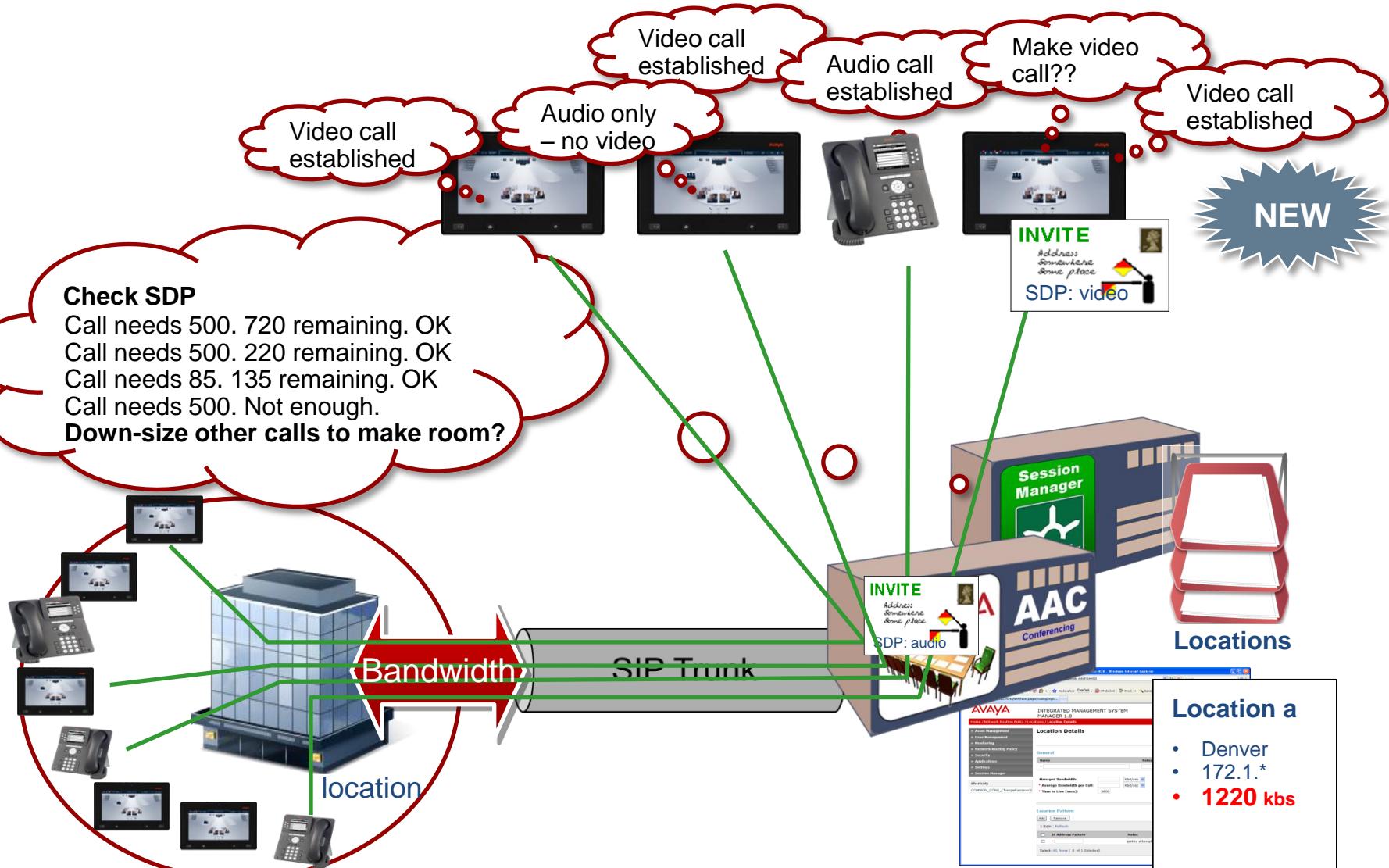
Call Admission Control (continued)



SM 6.1 Call Admission Control Down-Sizing



SM 6.2 Call Admission Control Mid-Call Down-Sizing



Improved User Feed-Back

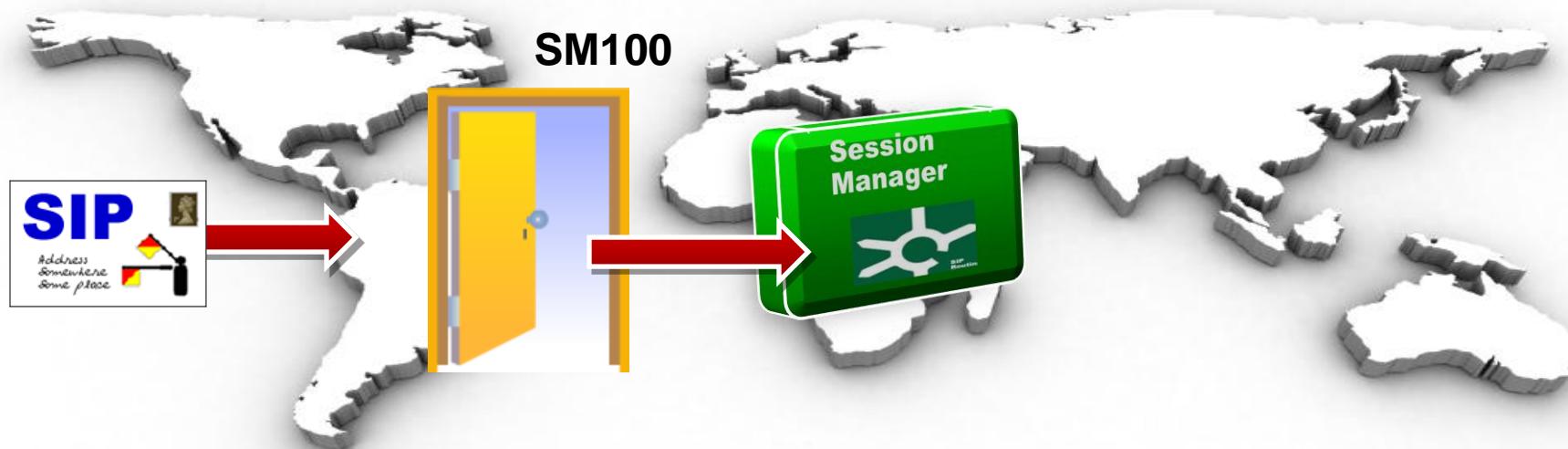
Now I can see when Session Manager downsizes or rejects a call!!!



NEW

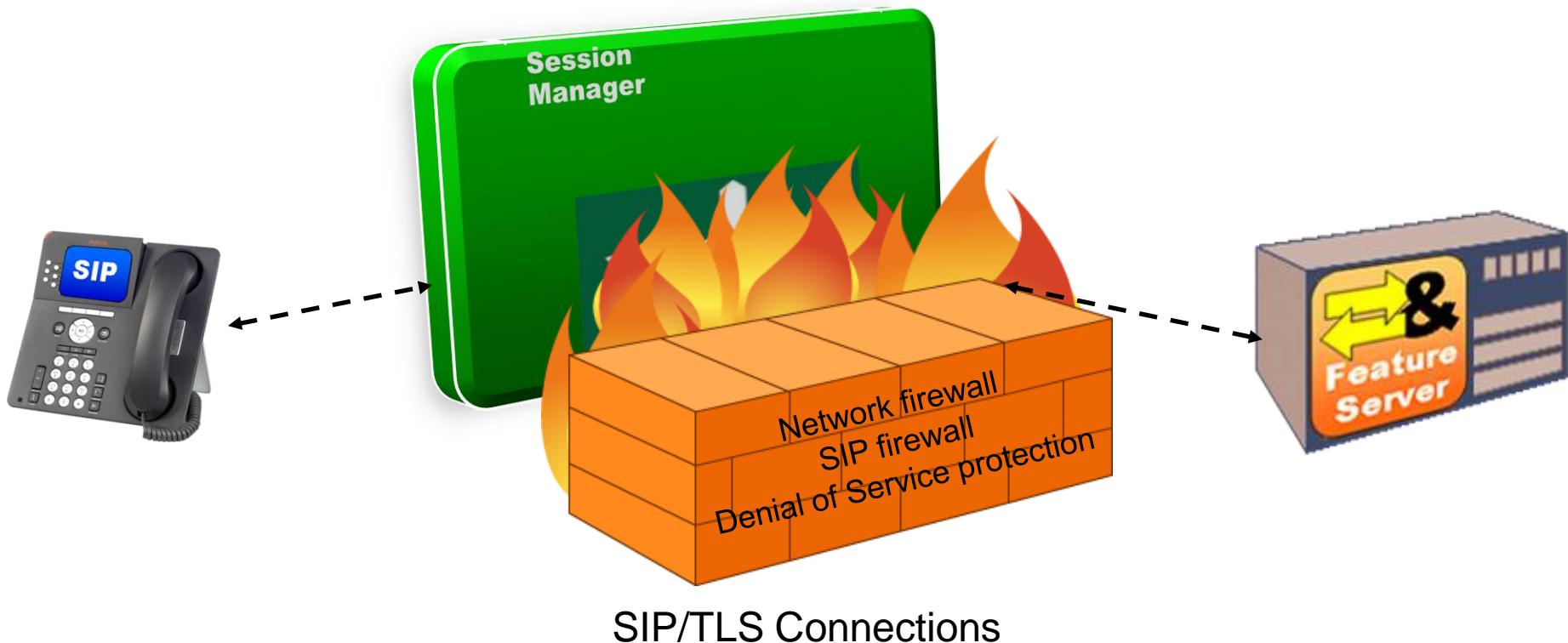
Session Manager Security

- ▶ Session Manager handles security primarily through the SM100 Module.
- ▶ It is the front door of Session Manager acting as a SIP Firewall, denying or granting access to all SIP traffic.



SM100

- ▶ The SM100 off loads most of the heavy security processing and provides a framework for Session Manager security.



Questions and Answers



Module 3

Initial Server Configuration



Module Duration: 45 minutes

Module Objectives

After completing this module, you will be able to:

- ▶ Complete Session Manager Initial Server Configuration.



Module Duration:

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to build the SIP Network components:

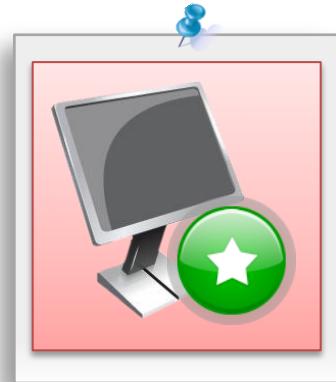
- ▶ Define the Secure SIP Domain
- ▶ Define a Location
- ▶ Define Session Manager SIP Entity
- ▶ Define Session Manager Instance
- ▶ Enable Session Manager to Accept Services
- ▶ Complete Post-Configuration Checks



Lesson Duration:

Exercise: Access System Manager Web Console

Step	Action
1	Log into the System Manager web console by clicking on the Internet Explorer icon on the desktop
2	Point browser to: https://172.16.x.103
3	Login: admin Password: Passw0rd!
4	Select Log On



AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Home / Log On

Log On

Recommended access to System Manager is via FQDN.
[Go to central login for Single Sign-On](#)

If IP address access is your only option, then note that authentication will fail in the following cases:

- First time login with "admin" account
- Expired/Reset passwords

Use the "Change Password" hyperlink on this page to change the password manually, and then login.

Also note that single sign-on between servers in the same security domain is not supported when accessing via IP address.

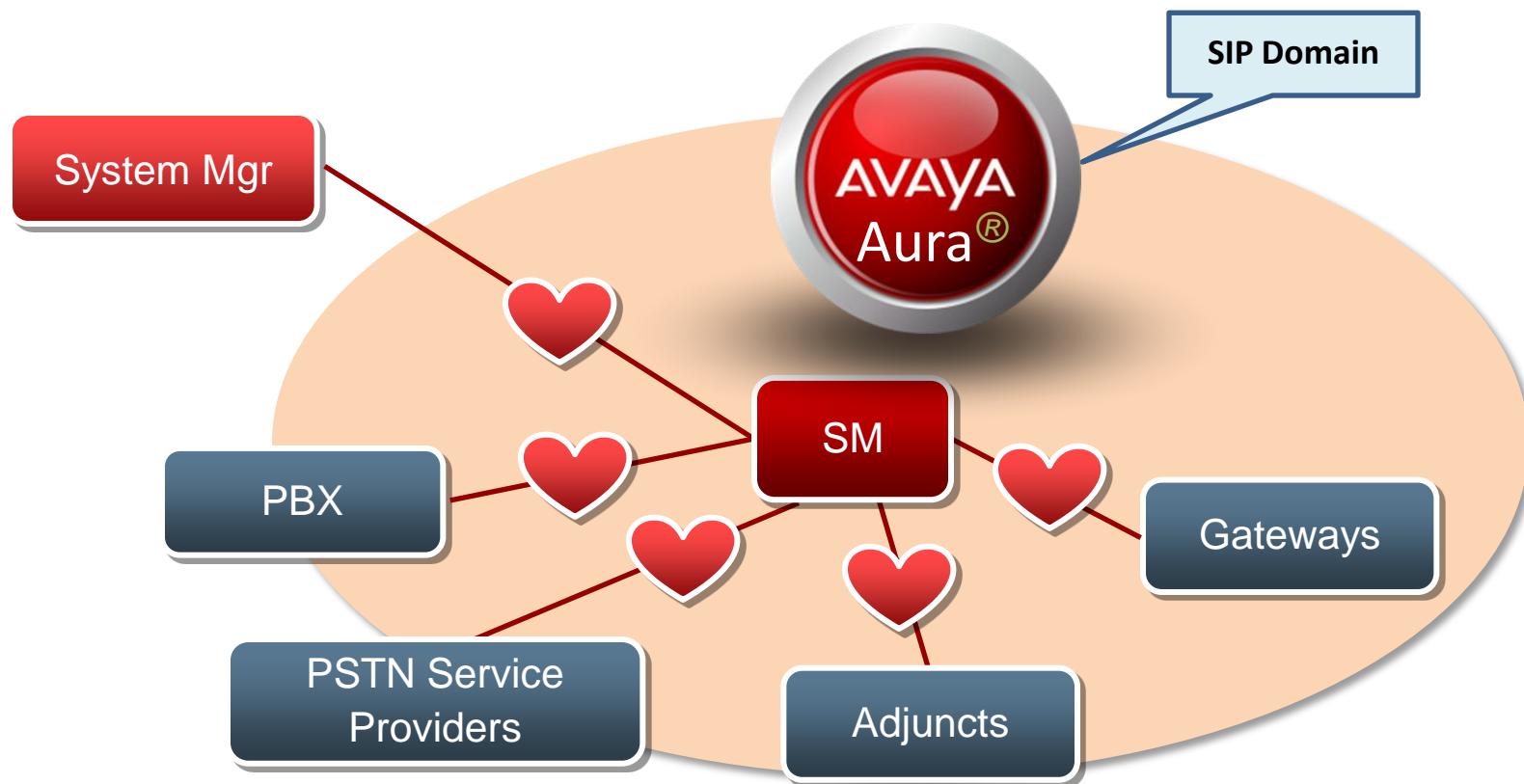
User ID:
Password:

Log On **Cancel** [Change Password](#)

This system is restricted solely to authorized users for legitimate business purposes only. The actual or attempted unauthorized access, use, or modification of this system is strictly prohibited.

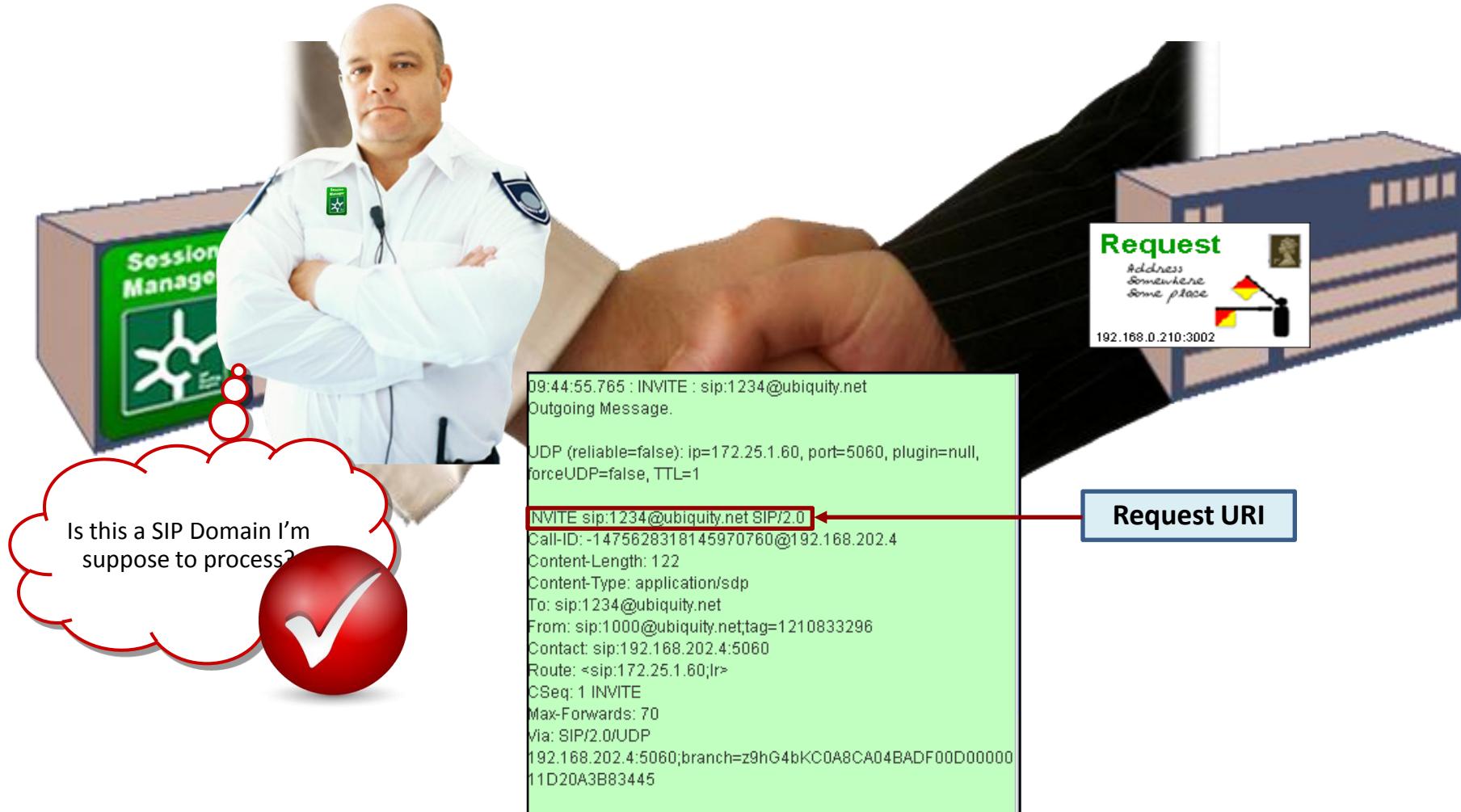
SIP Domains

- In the next exercise we will be creating the secure SIP domain in which Session Manager is at the core, facilitating centralized routing and integration.
- SIP domains are used within Session Manager to enable domain-based routing.
- This increases the enterprise's flexibility in defining call routing architectures.



SIP Domains (continued)

- Before we can configure routing, we must first create the SIP Domain.



SIP Domains (continued)

- ▶ From the SMGR web console select the Routing menu.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off, along with Session Manager and Routing tabs. The main content area is divided into three columns: Users, Elements, and Services. The 'Elements' column is currently active, with its title highlighted in orange. The 'Routing' menu item in this column is also highlighted with a red box. Other menu items in the 'Elements' column include B5800 Branch Gateway, Communication Manager, Conferencing, Inventory, Meeting Exchange, Messaging, Presence, and SIP AS 8.1. The 'Services' column contains various management options like Backup and Restore, Bulk Import and Export, Configurations, Events, Licenses, Replication, Scheduler, Security, Templates, and UCM Services.

Users	Elements	Services
Administrators Manage Administrative Users	B5800 Branch Gateway Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations	Backup and Restore Backup and restore System Manager database
Directory Synchronization Synchronize users with the enterprise directory	Communication Manager Manage Communication Manager objects	Bulk Import and Export Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
Groups & Roles Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users	Conferencing Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects	Configurations Manage system wide configurations
UCM Roles Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users	Inventory Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software	Events Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
User Management Manage users, shared user resources and provision users	Meeting Exchange Meeting Exchange	Licenses View and configure licenses
	Messaging Manage Messaging System objects	Replication Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
	Presence Presence	Scheduler Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
	Routing Network Routing Policy	Security Manage Security Certificates
	Session Manager Session Manager Element Manager	Templates Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
	SIP AS 8.1 SIP AS 8.1	UCM Services Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

SIP Domains (continued)

Only Domains of type **SIP** can be used for routing

Routing > Domains

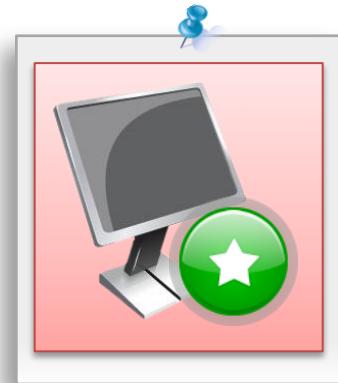
The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The title bar reads "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The top right corner displays "Last Logged on at December 15, 2011 9:34 AM" and links for "Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin". The main navigation menu on the left is under the "Routing" category, with "Domains" selected. The current page is "Home / Elements / Routing / Domains -". The main content area is titled "Domain Management" and shows a table with one item: "training.com" of type "sip". A note "* Input Required" is displayed below the table. Action buttons "Commit" and "Cancel" are located on the right.

Name	Type	Default	Notes
* training.com	sip	<input type="checkbox"/>	

- ▶ Select the **Domains** menu.

Exercise: Define a SIP Domain

Step	Action
1	Navigate from the System Manager Home page to Routing Menu >> Domains
2	Student a: define training.com as a domain Student b: define abc.com as a domain
3	Type: SIP
4	Select Commit



Domain Management

1 Item | Refresh Filter: Enable

Name	Type	Default	Notes
* training.com	sip	<input type="checkbox"/>	

* Input Required

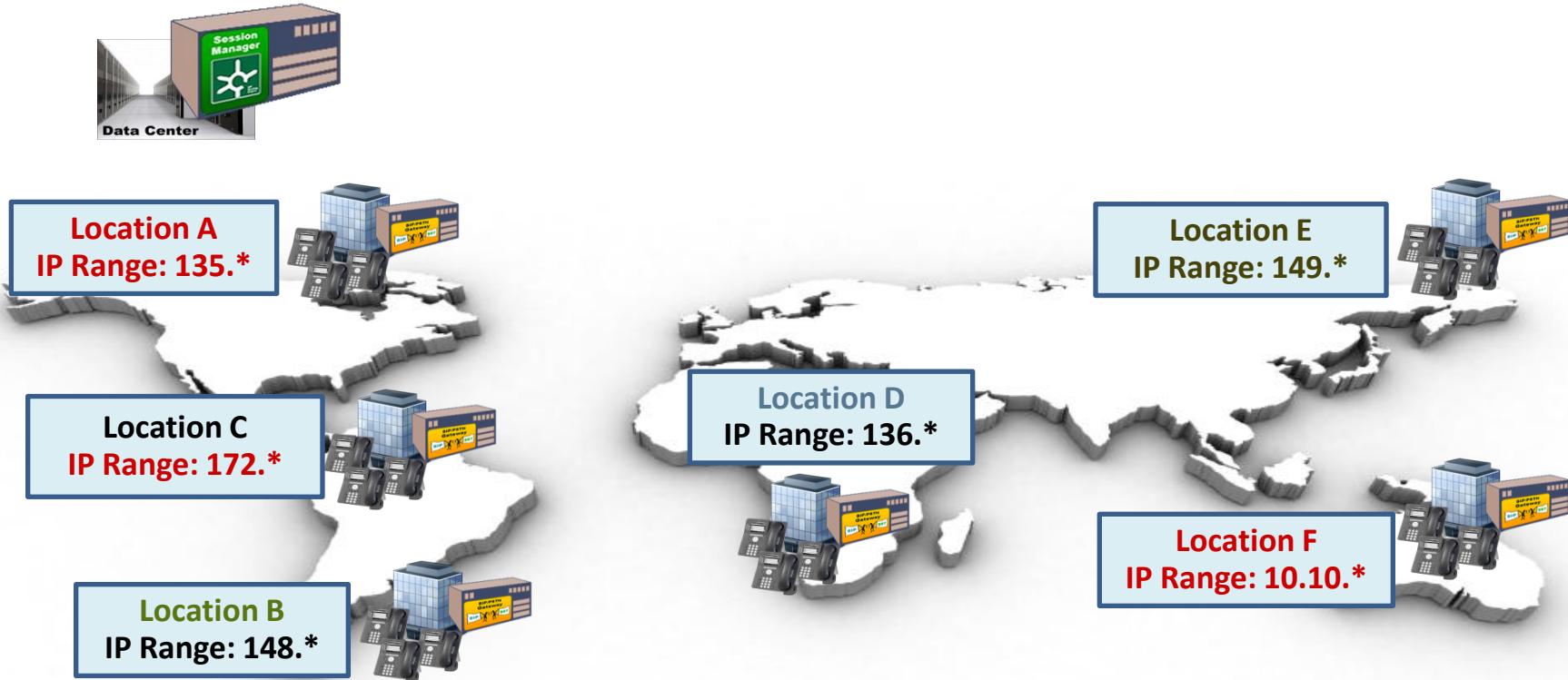
Commit Cancel

Locations

Network Locations

Location is used for:

- ▶ Managing the bandwidth to/from or within a location based on CAC settings
- ▶ Determining where to send emergency calls (e911)
- ▶ Fetching location-specific registration or subscription parameters



Locations

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. Below the navigation bar, there are three main sections: **Users**, **Elements**, and **Services**. The **Elements** section is currently active, indicated by a red box around the **Routing** link. The **Users** section contains links for Administrators, Directory Synchronization, Groups & Roles, UCM Roles, and User Management. The **Elements** section contains links for B5800 Branch Gateway, Communication Manager, Conferencing, Inventory, Meeting Exchange, Messaging, Presence, Routing, Session Manager, and SIP AS 8.1. The **Services** section contains links for Backup and Restore, Bulk Import and Export, Configurations, Events, Licenses, Replication, Scheduler, Security, Templates, and UCM Services.

Locations (continued)

Routing >> Locations

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. Below the navigation is a breadcrumb trail: Home / Elements / Routing / Locations - Location. On the left, a sidebar under the "Routing" heading lists Domains, Locations (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area is titled "Location" and contains buttons for Edit, New, Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions. A message indicates "0 Items | Refresh". A table header with columns "Name" and "Notes" is shown, with a note below stating "no record found". A "Filter: Enable" link is located in the top right corner of the content area.

The Location associates an IP address pattern with a name to be used in the Routing Policy to determine the originating location of a call.

Locations (continued)

The Locations screen can contain one or several IP addresses. Each SIP entity has a particular IP address.

Location Pattern

Add **Remove**

1 Item | Refresh Filter: Enable

	IP Address Pattern	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	* <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Select : All, None

* Input Required **Commit** **Cancel**

Examples of IP Address Patterns:

172.*

172.16x.121.123

172.16x.121.*

10.0.0.1-10.0.0.5

135.9.0.0/16

Exercise: Create a Location in the SIP Domain

Step	Action
1	Navigate from Routing Menu >> Locations
2	Create a new Location : Student a:create Denver location Student b:create Basking Ridge location
3	Scroll down to Location Pattern Select Add IP Address pattern : Denver 172.* Basking Ridge 135.*
4	Select Commit



AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Routing Home

Location Details

General

* Name: classroom

Notes:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units: Kbit/sec

Total Bandwidth:

Multimedia Bandwidth:

Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth:

Location Pattern

Add Remove

1 Item Refresh

IP Address Pattern

* 172.*

Notes

Filter: Enable

Select : All, None

IP

A screenshot of the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 web interface. The main title bar says "AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". Below it are links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. On the right, there are "Routing" and "Home" buttons. The main content area has a left sidebar with navigation links: Routing, Domains, Locations (which is selected), Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main panel shows "Location Details" for a location named "classroom". It includes fields for Notes, Managed Bandwidth Units (set to Kbit/sec), Total Bandwidth, Multimedia Bandwidth, and a checkbox for "Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth" which is checked. Below this is the "Location Pattern" section, which contains an "Add" button, a "Remove" button, and a list with one item: "IP Address Pattern" followed by the value "* 172.*". There are also "Notes" and "Filter: Enable" fields at the bottom of this section. At the very bottom of the page, there is a small graph labeled "IP".

SIP Entities

Trusted SIP Entities

- Session Manager validates each SIP entity and does not accept connections matching untrusted entity links.



SIP Entities



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

[Help](#) | [About](#) | [Change Password](#) | [Log off admin](#)

[Session Manager](#) [Routing](#) [Home](#)

Users

Administrators

Manage Administrative Users

Directory Synchronization

Synchronize users with the enterprise directory

Groups & Roles

Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users

UCM Roles

Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users

User Management

Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

B5800 Branch Gateway

Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations

Communication Manager

Manage Communication Manager objects

Conferencing

Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects

Inventory

Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software

Meeting Exchange

Meeting Exchange

Messaging

Manage Messaging System objects

Presence

Presence

Routing

Network Routing Policy

Session Manager

Session Manager Element Manager

SIP AS 8.1

SIP AS 8.1

Services

Backup and Restore

Backup and restore System Manager database

Bulk Import and Export

Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others

Configurations

Manage system wide configurations

Events

Manage alarms, view and harvest logs

Licenses

View and configure licenses

Replication

Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes

Scheduler

Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs

Security

Manage Security Certificates

Templates

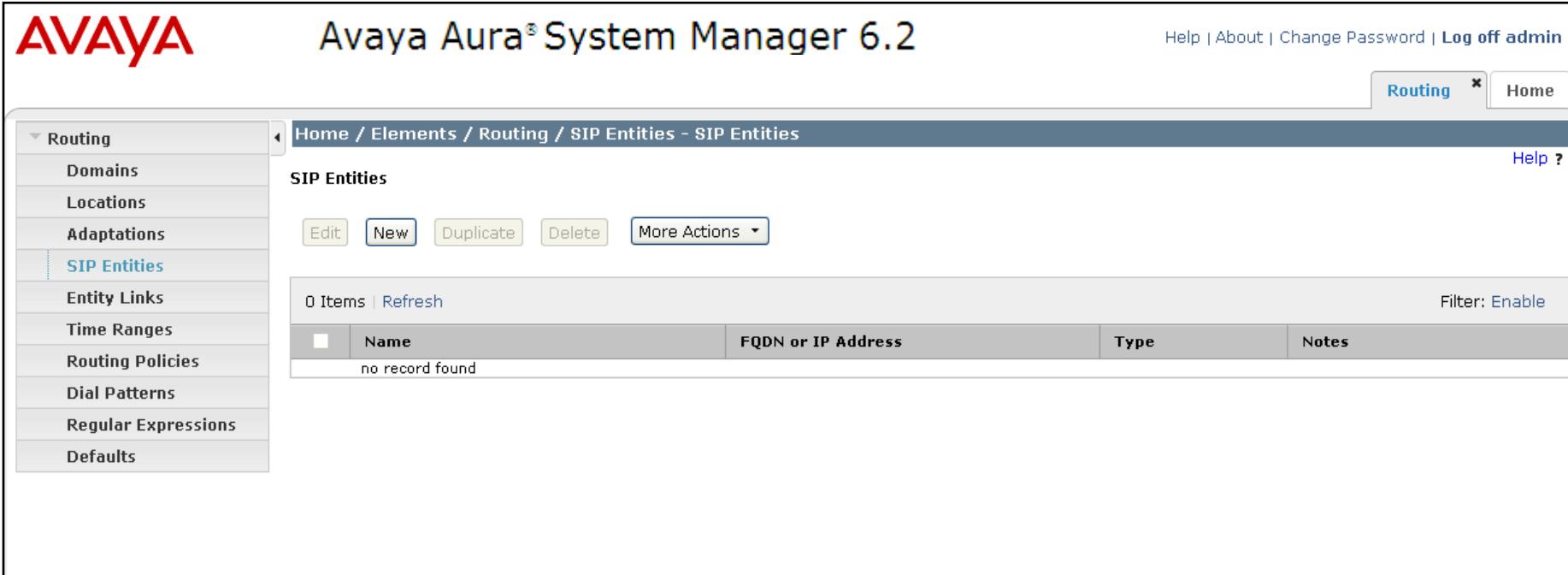
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects

UCM Services

Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

SIP Entities (continued)

- ▶ From the Routing Menu select SIP Entities
- ▶ Select New



The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. The top right corner has "Routing" and "Home" buttons. The left sidebar under the "Routing" heading has a tree view with "Domains", "Locations", "Adaptations", "SIP Entities" (which is selected and highlighted in blue), "Entity Links", "Time Ranges", "Routing Policies", "Dial Patterns", "Regular Expressions", and "Defaults". The main content area shows a breadcrumb path: Home / Elements / Routing / SIP Entities - SIP Entities. Below this is a "SIP Entities" section with buttons for Edit, New, Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions. A table header row is shown with columns: Name, FQDN or IP Address, Type, and Notes. The message "0 Items | Refresh" and "no record found" is displayed below the table. The bottom right corner of the interface shows a "Filter: Enable" link.

SIP Entity – Session Manager

SIP Entities – General Settings

SIP Entity Details

General

* Name:

* FQDN or IP Address:

Type:

Notes:

Location:

Outbound Proxy:

Time Zone:

Credential:

Commit Cancel

Session Manager
IP

Use IP Address of SM-100
Select Type: Session Manager

Choose the Type. This cannot be changed once saved.

Only Session Managers “managed” by this System Manager should be specified as type “Session Manager”

- ▶ Different fields will appear when adding a SIP entity other than Session Manager. They will be covered later when adding CM.

SIP Entities- Ports

Defines the port(s), transport protocol(s) and default domains on which this Session Manager listens for SIP traffic.

3 Items Refresh					Filter: Enable
	Port	Protocol	Default Domain	Notes	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5061	TLS	training.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	5060	TCP	training.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	5060	UDP	training.com		

Select : All, None

- ▶ The Protocols field are transport protocols used for transporting the SIP messages.
- ▶ TLS is used for encrypted transport of SIP Messages and is recommended for secure SIP.

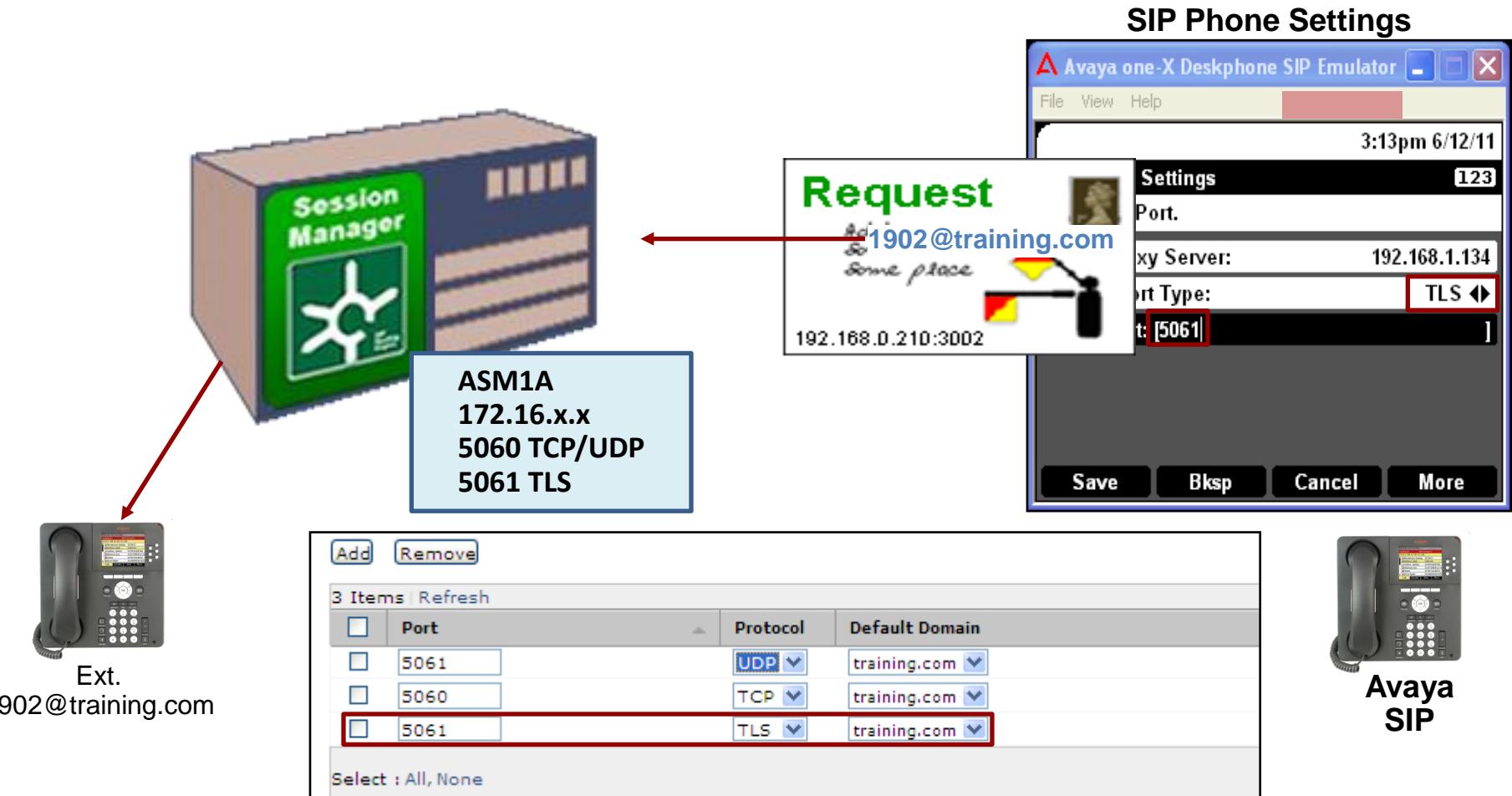
PORT – You must add a listening port for the Session Manager SIP Entity.

Add a port for TCP, TLS and UDP.

You must specify a Default Domain.

SIP Domain Routing

- When Session Manager receives a request, it associates one of the administered domains with the port on which the request was received.



Failover Ports

Port

TCP Failover port:

TLS Failover port:

Add **Remove**

4 Items Refresh Filter

<input type="checkbox"/> Port	Protocol	Default Domain
<input type="checkbox"/> 5062	TLS	abc.com
<input type="checkbox"/> 5061	TLS	training.com
<input type="checkbox"/> 5060	TCP	training.com
<input type="checkbox"/> 5060	UDP	training.com

Select : All, None

FAILOVER PORT – Add Failover ports if the SIP entity is a failover group member.

SIP Responses to an OPTIONS Request

Add **Remove**

0 Items Refresh Filter: Enable

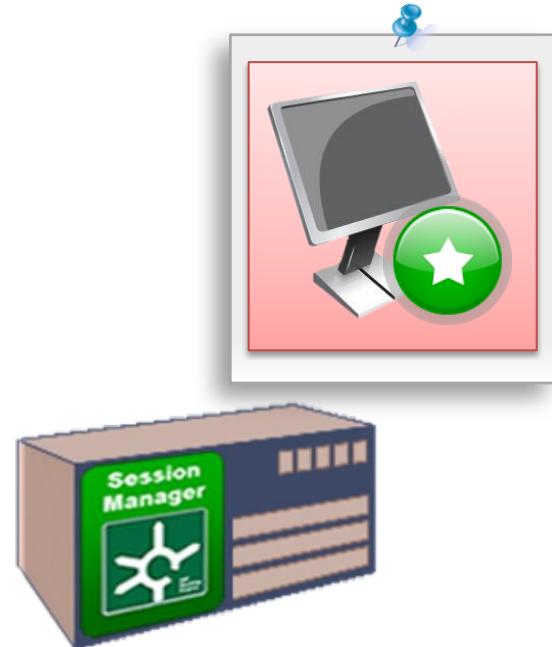
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Code & Reason Phrase	Mark Entity Up/Down	Notes
--------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------	-------

* Input Required

Commit **Cancel**

Exercise: Define your Session Manager SIP Entity

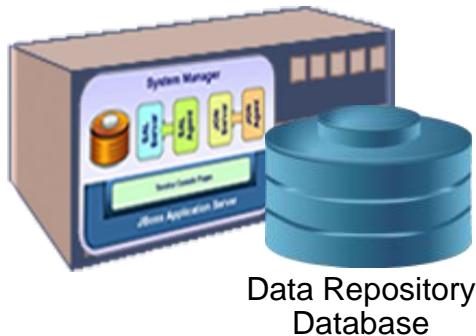
Step	Action												
1	Name your Session Manager SIP Entity: For Example ASM1, ASM2, ASM3, ASM4, ASM5, ASM6												
2	Use the IP Address of your Security Module ETH2: 172.16.x.105 Check the Classroom Layout document for reference												
3	Type is " Session Manager "												
4	Location is " Denver "												
5	Select Time zone America/Denver												
6	Add 4 Ports: <table><tbody><tr><td>5061</td><td>TLS</td><td>training.com</td></tr><tr><td>5060</td><td>TCP</td><td>training.com</td></tr><tr><td>5060</td><td>UDP</td><td>training.com</td></tr><tr><td>5063</td><td>TLS</td><td>abc.com</td></tr></tbody></table>	5061	TLS	training.com	5060	TCP	training.com	5060	UDP	training.com	5063	TLS	abc.com
5061	TLS	training.com											
5060	TCP	training.com											
5060	UDP	training.com											
5063	TLS	abc.com											



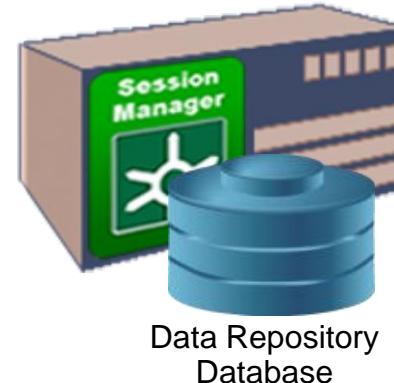
Session Manager Instance

Session Manager Instance

Master DB



Replica DB



Only after a Session manager Instance is defined can we:

- ▶ Monitor health and status of the Session Manager
- ▶ Administer Routing Policies, User's Communication Profiles and Application Sequencing

Session Manager Instance (continued)



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

[Help](#) | [About](#) | [Change Password](#) | [Log off admin](#)

[Session Manager](#) * [Routing](#) * [Home](#)

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Synchronize users with the enterprise directory

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Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations

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Meeting Exchange

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Presence

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Session Manager Element Manager

SIP AS 8.1

SIP AS 8.1

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Backup and restore System Manager database

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Session Manager Instance (continued)

Global Settings:

- ▶ Deselect Ignore SDP for Call Admission Control
- ▶ All other settings leave as default

Session Manager Administration

This page allows you to administer Session Manager instances and configure their global settings.

Global Settings

[Save Global Settings](#)

Allow Unauthenticated Emergency Calls
 Allow Unsecured PPM Traffic

Auto Failbacks Policy

None ELIN SIP Entity

Prefer Longer Matching Dial Patterns in Location ALL to Shorter Matches in Originator's Location
 Ignore SDP for Call Admission Control

Session Manager Instance (continued)

Session Manager >> Session Manager Administration >> Select New

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin Session Manager × Routing × Home Help ?

Session Manager Administration

This page allows you to administer Session Manager instances and configure their global settings.

Global Settings

Save Global Settings

Allow Unauthenticated Emergency Calls
 Allow Unsecured PPM Traffic

Auto ▾ Failbacks Policy
None ▾ ELIN SIP Entity

Prefer Longer Matching Dial Patterns in Location ALL to Shorter Matches in Originator's Location
 Ignore SDP for Call Admission Control

Session Manager Instances

New View Edit Delete

0 Items | Refresh Filter: Enable

Name	Primary Communication Profiles	Secondary Communication Profiles	Maximum Active Communication Profiles	Description
No administered Session Managers were found.				

Define Session Manager Instance (continued)

Add Session Manager

General | Security Module | NIC Bonding | Monitoring | CDR | Personal Profile Manager (PPM) - Conn
Expand All | Collapse All

Session Manager

IP

Commit

General

* SIP Entity Name: ASM6B

Description:

* Management Access Point Host Name/IP: 172.16.6.114

* Direct Routing to Endpoints: Enable

Security Module

SIP Entity IP Address: 172.16.6.115

* Network Mask: 255.255.0.0

* Default Gateway: 172.16.255.254

* Call Control PHB: 46

* QOS Priority: 6

* Speed & Duplex: Auto

VLAN ID:

IP Address of Session Manager's eth0

Defaults based on IP Address defined in SIP Entity

Enter subnet mask: 255.255.0.0

Enter Default Gateway: 172.16.255.254

Session Manager Instance (continued)

- ▶ For added high availability, NIC Bonding can be configured.
- ▶ This bonds interfaces ETH2 and ETH3 and makes all network firewall capability applicable to ETH3.

NIC Bonding

<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Bonding	Driver Monitoring Mode
ARP Interval (msecs) 100	Link Monitoring Frequency (msecs) 100
ARP Target IP	Down Delay (msecs) 200
ARP Target IP	Up Delay (msecs) 200
ARP Target IP	

Session Manager Instance (continued)

Monitoring

Enable Monitoring

*Proactive cycle time (secs) 900

*Reactive cycle time (secs) 120

*Number of Retries 1

CDR

Enable CDR

User CDR_User

Password

Confirm Password

To enable or disable monitoring of the SIP entities by this Session Manager instance

How often the entity is monitored when the link to the entity is up or active

How often the entity is monitored when a link to the entity is down or inactive

The number of times Session Manager tries to reach the SIP entity before marking it as down or unavailable

This controls whether CDR is enabled at the system level for that Session Manager instance.

If CDR is enabled, you can individually control call detail recording for specific SIP entities using the Call Detail Recording drop-down menu.

Define Session Manager (continued)

- ▶ PPM Connection settings specify the global parameters that apply to all SM instances.
- ▶ Limits the number of connections per endpoint to the PPM service in Session Manager.
- ▶ More on PPM in the next module.

Personal Profile Manager (PPM) - Connection Settings

Limited PPM client connection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
*Maximum Connection per PPM client	3
*PPM Connection Timeout (mins)	5
PPM Packet Rate Limiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
*PPM Packet Rate Limiting Threshold	50

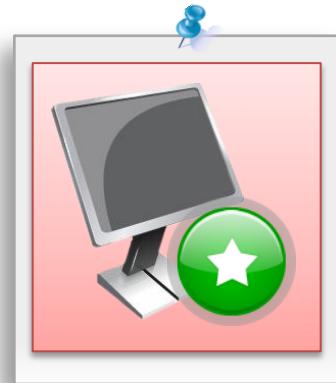
Event Server

Clear Subscription on Notification Failure	No
--	----

*Required

Exercise: Define a Session Manager Instance

- ▶ Make note of the correct IP addresses used in the Session Manager Instance.
- ▶ Eth0: 172.16.x.104
- ▶ Eth2: 172.16.x.105



Step	Action
1	Navigate to Elements Column >> Session Manager Administration
2	Define the <i>Session Manager Instance</i> Select New
3	Enter the following data: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Select the SIP Entity you previously defined in the SIP Entity Name drop-down list● The management address for Session Manager (ETH0: 172.16.X.104)● The Netmask = 255.255.0.0● The Gateway = 172.16.255.254● Let all other fields default
4	Commit

Post Configuration Checks

Post Configuration



Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Session Manager * Routing * Home

Users

Administrators

Manage Administrative Users

Directory Synchronization

Synchronize users with the enterprise directory

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Meeting Exchange

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Presence

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Session Manager Element Manager

SIP AS 8.1

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Enable New Service

- Just like a SIP Firewall is by default not configured to accept traffic, the SM100 Security Module must be enabled before it can begin to receive SIP traffic.
- The default state of the Session Manager is *Deny New Service* so it must be enabled to start the SM-100 and take calls.

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Session Manager Session Manager  Home 

Home / Elements / Session Manager / Dashboard - Help ?

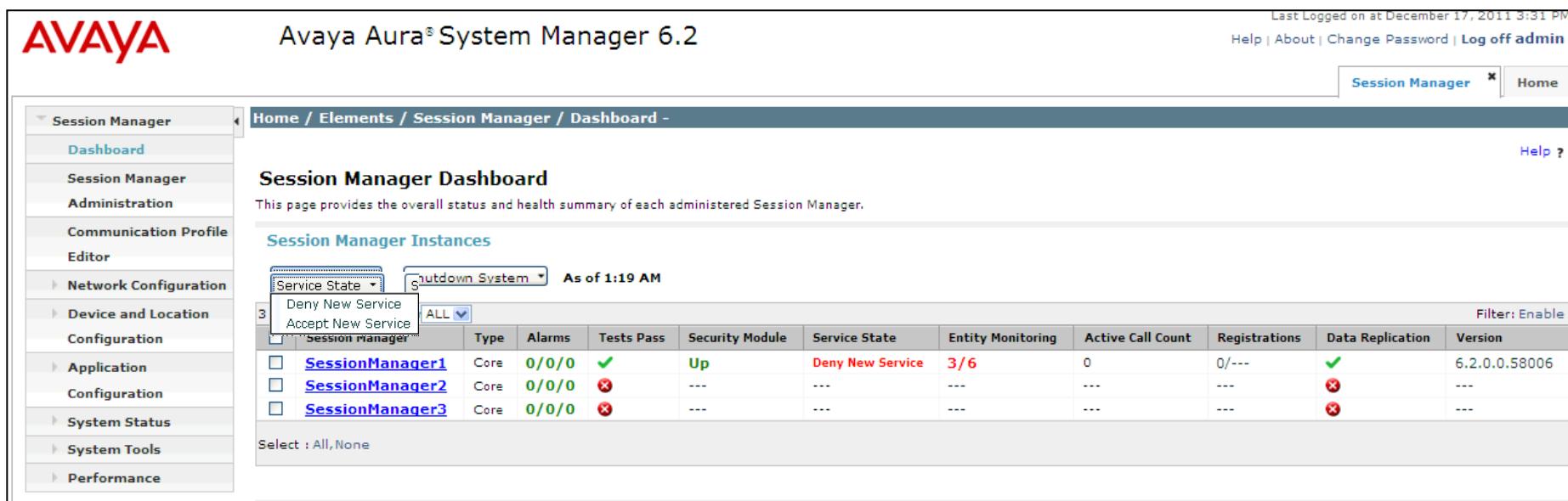
Session Manager Dashboard
This page provides the overall status and health summary of each administered Session Manager.

Session Manager Instances

Service State:  Shutdown System:  As of 1:19 AM

Session Manager	Type	Alarms	Tests Pass	Security Module	Service State	Entity Monitoring	Active Call Count	Registrations	Data Replication	Version
SessionManager1	Core	0/0/0	✓	Up	Deny New Service	3/6	0	0/-	✓	6.2.0.0.58006
SessionManager2	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	---	---	---	---	✗	---
SessionManager3	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	---	---	---	---	✗	---

Select : All, None



Confirm Accept New Service for Session Managers

Session Manager	Type	Service State	Active Call Count	Registrations
MySessionManager	Core	Deny New Service	0	0

Monitor Session Manager Status

- Session Manager SM100 Module Service State is **Accept New Service** and it is activated and ready for SIP Service.



AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Session Manager Home

Session Manager Dashboard
This page provides the overall status and health summary of each administered Session Manager.

Session Manager Instances

Service State As of 1:52 AM

	Session Manager	Type	Alarms	Tests Pass	Security Module	Service State	Entity Monitoring	Active Call Count	Registrations	Data Replication	Version
<input type="checkbox"/>	Session Manager	Core	0/0/0	✓	Up	Accept New Service	3/6	0	0/-	✓	6.2.0.0.58006
<input type="checkbox"/>	SessionManager1	Core	0/0/0	✓	Up	Accept New Service	3/6	0	0/-	✓	6.2.0.0.58006
<input type="checkbox"/>	SessionManager2	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	Accept New Service	3/6	0	0/-	✗	---
<input type="checkbox"/>	SessionManager3	Core	0/0/0	✗	---	Accept New Service	3/6	0	0/-	✗	---

Select : All, None

Maintenance Tests

- ▶ Useful for baselining Session and System Manager after an installation.

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin Session Manager Home

Session Manager

- Dashboard
- Session Manager
- Administration
- Communication Profile
- Editor
- Network Configuration
- Device and Location Configuration
- Application Configuration
- System Status
- Maintenance Tests
- SIP Tracer Configuration
- SIP Trace Viewer
- Call Routing Test
- Performance

Home / Elements / Session Manager / System Tools / Maintenance Tests -

Maintenance Tests

This page allows you to issue on-demand maintenance tests against the current System Manager or any configured Session Manager.

Select System Manager or a Session Manager to test

Maintenance Tests For Selected Target

SessionManager1 Select Target... Refresh

SessionManager1

SessionManager2

SessionManager3

Test Description	Test Result	Test Result Time Stamp
Test Call Processing status	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test data distribution and redundancy link	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test management link functionality	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test Postgres database sanity	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test sanity of Secure Access Link (SAL) agent	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test Security Module status	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:03 GMT+00:00 2011
Test Service Director status	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test Service Host status	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011
Test SIP A/S Management Server status	Success	Sun Dec 18 01:54:02 GMT+00:00 2011

Select : All, None

Data Replication Status

- ▶ To check whether System Manager's master database was replicated to your Session Manager, go to the Services column and select **Replication**.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. At the top, there is a red banner with the Avaya logo and the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". Below the banner, the main menu is divided into three columns: "Users", "Elements", and "Services". A vertical red arrow points from the text in the first bullet point down to the "Services" column. A red rectangular box highlights the "Replication" option under the "Services" column.

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
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Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
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View and configure licenses
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Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
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Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

Data Replication Status (continued)

▶ Validate Synchronization

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Replication Session Manager Home

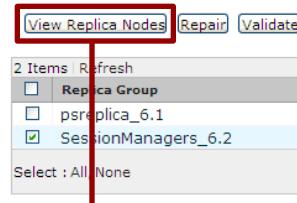
Replica Groups Diagnostic History

View Replica Nodes Repair Validate

2 Items Refresh Filter:Enable

Replica Group	Synchronization Status
psreplica_6.1	Synchronized
SessionManagers_6.2	Synchronized

Select : All, None



AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged on at December 17, 2011 3:31 PM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Replication Session Manager Home

⚠ Status

Replica Group: SessionManagers_6.2

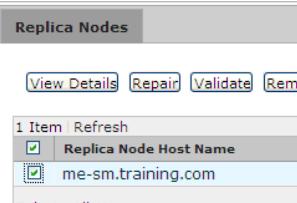
Replica Nodes

View Details Repair Validate Remove Remove From Queue Show All Replica Groups

1 Item Refresh Filter:Enable

Replica Node Host Name	Product	Synchronization Status	Last Synchronization Time
me-sm.training.com	SM	Synchronized	December 17, 2011 6:00:42 PM -05:00

Select : All, None



Data Replication Status (continued)

- ▶ “Synchronized” status refers to the Session Manager replica node matching the master node

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top window is titled "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2" and displays the "Replication" service. It shows a table of "Replica Nodes" with one item listed:

Replica Node Host Name	Product	Synchronization Status	Last Synchronization Time
me-sm.training.com	SM	Synchronized	December 17, 2011 6:00:42 PM -05:00

The "Synchronization Status" column is highlighted in green, indicating it is synchronized. The "View Details" button in the toolbar is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow points down to the "Replica Node Details" page below.

Replica Node Details

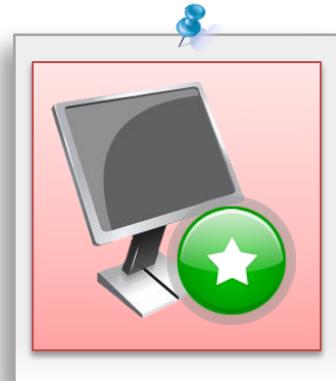
General | Synchronization Status | Last Error Details | Expand All | Collapse All

General

Replica Node Group: SessionManagers_6.2
Replica Node Host Name: me-sm.training.com
Last Synchronization Time: December 17, 2011 6:00:42 PM -05:00
Last Down Time:
Last Repair Start Time: November 30, 2011 11:09:53 AM -05:00
Last Repair End Time: November 30, 2011 11:10:13 AM -05:00
Synchronization Status: Synchronized

Exercise: Post Configuration Checks

Step	Action
1	Enable the Session Manager to <i>Accept New Services</i>
2	Verify Status of Session Manager
3	Verify Database Replication = <i>Synchronized</i>



Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

Build the following SIP Network components:

- ▶ Define the Secure SIP Domain
- ▶ Define a Location
- ▶ Define Session Manager SIP Entity
- ▶ Define Session Manager Instance
- ▶ Enable Session Manager to Accept Services
- ▶ Complete Post-Configuration Checks



Module 04

Centralized Routing I: SIP Registration and
SIP Registry Routing

Lesson 01

SIP Registration and SIP Registry Routing

SIP Registration

- ▶ Session Manager checks for a SIP User Profile
- ▶ If profile exists, checks registry for registration details (extension/IP address)
- ▶ If registered, gets destination location from registry and proxies on
- ▶ Else rejects the call, or other call processing if defined



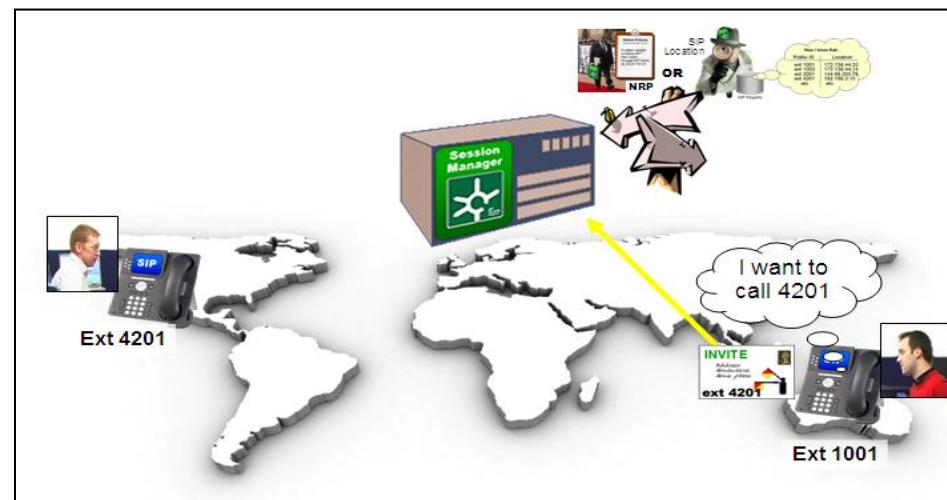
REGISTRATION

Two bits of info included in a SIP Register request to ASM:

1. SIP URI= ext@avaya.com or +17869886544@avaya.com
2. Location= IP Address

SIP REGISTRY ROUTING

Q. What determines whether ASM will use NRP or SIP Registry Routing?



SIP REGISTRY ROUTING

User Profile

Administrators are responsible for creating SIP User Profiles in System Manager.

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

User Management

Users

View Edit New Duplicate Delete More Actions

7 Items | Refresh | Show ALL

Last Name	First Name	Display Name
admin	admin	Default Administrator
Doe	Jane	Jane Doe
One-X	One-X	One-X, One-X
Sheppard	Dave	Sheppard, Dave
Test	User1	Test, User1
Winflare	Winflare	Winflare, Winflare



https

Administrator



User Name: jdoe
Handle (ext): 4201
Password: ****

User Profile

Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Describe Session Manager's role as a Registrar and in Registry Routing



Lesson 02

Setting up the SIP user

Lesson Objective

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Create a SIP User



Session Manager User Communication Profile

Create New User for SIP Registration



Creating User Profiles

- User administration is done through the User Management Menu

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. At the top, there's a red AVAYA logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and a navigation bar with links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. Below the title, there are three main categories: Users, Elements, and Services. The "User Management" option under the "Users" category is highlighted with a red border.

Users	Elements	Services
Administrators Manage Administrative Users	B5800 Branch Gateway Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations	Backup and Restore Backup and restore System Manager database
Directory Synchronization Synchronize users with the enterprise directory	Communication Manager Manage Communication Manager objects	Bulk Import and Export Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
Groups & Roles Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users	Conferencing Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects	Configurations Manage system wide configurations
UCM Roles Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users	Inventory Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software	Events Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
User Management Manage users, shared user resources and provision users	Meeting Exchange Meeting Exchange	Licenses View and configure licenses
	Messaging Manage Messaging System objects	Replication Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
	Presence Presence	Scheduler Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
	Routing Network Routing Policy	Security Manage Security Certificates
	Session Manager Session Manager Element Manager	Templates Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
	SIP AS 8.1 SIP AS 8.1	UCM Services Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

Creating User Profiles (continued)

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Last Logged On at December 17, 2011 3:51 PM
Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

User Management × Replication × Session Manager × Home

User Management

Manage Users

Public Contacts

Shared Addresses

System Presence ACLs

Home / Users / User Management / Manage Users -

⚠ Status

User Management

Users

New

View Edit Duplicate Delete More Actions Advanced Search

Check	Last Name	First Name	Display Name	Login Name	E164 Handle	Last Login
<input type="checkbox"/>	admin	admin	Default Administrator	admin		December 17, 2011 7:52:42 PM -05:00
<input type="checkbox"/>	Doe	Jane	Jane Doe	janedoe@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	One-X	One-X	One-X, One-X	onex@avaya.com	1002	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sheppard	Dave	Sheppard, Dave	dsheppard@avaya.com	1234	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Test	User1	Test, User1	user1@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Winflare	Winflare	Winflare, Winflare	winflare@avaya.com	1001	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Wood	Dorcus	Wood, Dorcas	dwood@avaya.com	7777	

Select : All, None

Creating User Profiles (continued)

New User Profile

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Identity

* Last Name:

* First Name:

Middle Name:

Description:

* Login Name:

* Authentication Type: Basic

* Password:

* Confirm Password:

Localized Display Name: ➤ Provide

Endpoint Display Name:

Honorific:

Language Preference:

Time Zone:

Commit Cancel

The diagram illustrates the 'Provide' step in the user profile creation process. It features a large arrow pointing from the 'Identity' section towards the right, where the word 'Provide' is written in large, bold, black letters. This visual cue indicates that the information entered in the 'Identity' fields needs to be provided to the system.

User Profile – The Communication Profile

Identity **Communication Profile *** Membership Contacts

Communication Profile

Communication Profile Password: 

Confirm Password: 

New Delete Done Cancel

Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Primary

Select : None

* Name: Primary

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

Type	Handle	Domain
No Records found		

Communication Ad

New Edit Delete

Type
No Records found

Session Manage

Type: Avaya SIP

* Fully Qualified Address:  @ 

Add Cancel

Creating Communication Profiles

The screenshot shows a user interface for creating a communication profile. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Identity, * Communication Profile (which is highlighted with a red box), Membership, and Contacts.

The main section is titled "Communication Profile". It contains fields for "Communication Profile Password" and "Confirm Password", both marked with blue diamond icons.

A section titled "Session Manager Profile" is expanded, indicated by a checked checkbox. This section includes:

- * Primary Session Manager: Set to "SessionManager1" (with a dropdown arrow).
- Secondary Session Manager: Set to "(None)" (with a dropdown arrow).
- Origination Application Sequence: Set to "(None)" (with a dropdown arrow).
- Termination Application Sequence: Set to "(None)" (with a dropdown arrow).
- Conference Factory Set: Set to "(None)" (with a dropdown arrow).
- Survivability Server: Set to "(None)" (with a dropdown arrow).
- * Home Location: Set to "Classroom" (with a dropdown arrow).

Below this section, there is a collapsed "Session Manager Profile" section, indicated by an unchecked checkbox.

SIP Users and Redundancy

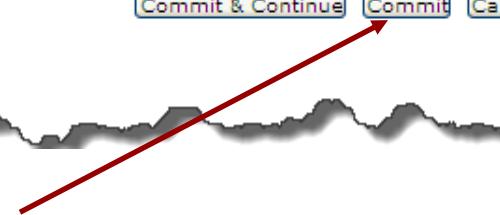


* Primary Session Manager	SessionManager1	Primary	Secondary	Maximum
Secondary Session Manager	(None)	4	0	4
Origination Application Sequence	(None)			
Termination Application Sequence	(None)			
Conference Factory Set	(None)			
Survivability Server	(None)			
* Home Location	Classroom			

Creating User Profiles

- CM Endpoint Profile ↗
- CS1000 Station Profile ↗
- Messaging Profile ↗
- CallPilot Messaging Profile ↗
- B5800 Branch Gateway Endpoint Profile ↗
- Conferencing Profile ↗

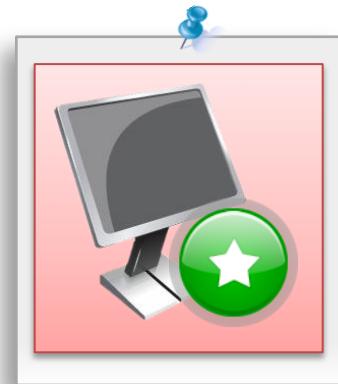
[Commit & Continue](#) [Commit](#) [Cancel](#)



Once happy, select '**Commit**'

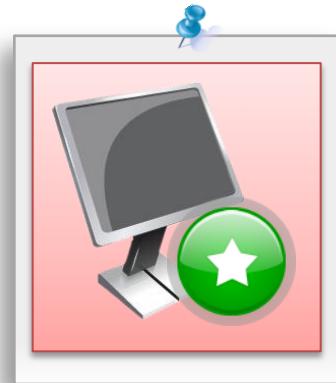
Exercise: Create SIP Communication Profile x9x1

Step	Action																					
1	At System Manager console select <i>User Management</i> Menu																					
2	Select New																					
3	<u>On the Identity Tab:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Add First/Last Name: <i>Your name</i>● Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com● Password (alpha-numeric format, 7 digit minimum): Passw0rd!																					
4	<u>On the Communication Profile Tab:</u> Password: Enter 123456 <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Go down to Communication Address● Select New● Type: Avaya SIP● Fully qualified address: 1911@training.com <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Student</th><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Student a</td><td>1911</td><td>2911</td><td>3911</td><td>4911</td><td>5911</td><td>6911</td></tr><tr><td>Student b</td><td>1921</td><td>2921</td><td>3921</td><td>4921</td><td>5921</td><td>6921</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Select Add</p>	Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	Student a	1911	2911	3911	4911	5911	6911	Student b	1921	2921	3921	4921	5921	6921
Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6																
Student a	1911	2911	3911	4911	5911	6911																
Student b	1921	2921	3921	4921	5921	6921																
5	<u>Session Manager Profile</u> Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager Location: Denver																					
6	<i>Commit</i>																					



Exercise: Create New User Communication Profile x9x2

Step	Action																					
1	At System Manager console select User Management Menu																					
2	Select New																					
3	<u>On the Identity Tab:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Add First/Last Name: <i>Your name</i>● Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com● Password: alpha-numeric format. 7 digit minimum i.e. Passw0rd!																					
4	<u>On the Communication Profile Tab:</u> Password: Enter 123456 <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Go down to Communication Address● Select New● Type: Avaya SIP● Fully qualified address: 1912@training.com <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Student</th><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Student a</td><td>1912</td><td>2912</td><td>3912</td><td>4912</td><td>5912</td><td>6912</td></tr><tr><td>Student b</td><td>1922</td><td>2922</td><td>3922</td><td>4922</td><td>5922</td><td>6922</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Select Add</p>	Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	Student a	1912	2912	3912	4912	5912	6912	Student b	1922	2922	3922	4922	5922	6922
Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6																
Student a	1912	2912	3912	4912	5912	6912																
Student b	1922	2922	3922	4922	5922	6922																
5	<u>Session Manager Profile</u> Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager Location: Denver																					
6	Commit																					

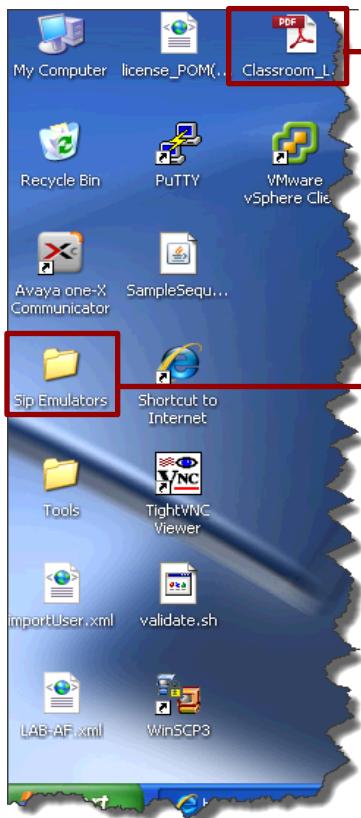


Register System Manager SIP User

Register System Manager SIP User

The next exercise will show you how to configure the One-X SIP Phone Emulator to Register to Session Manager.

Before you can register your new user, you must configure the SIP Phone to register to Session Manager so it can route its SIP sessions.

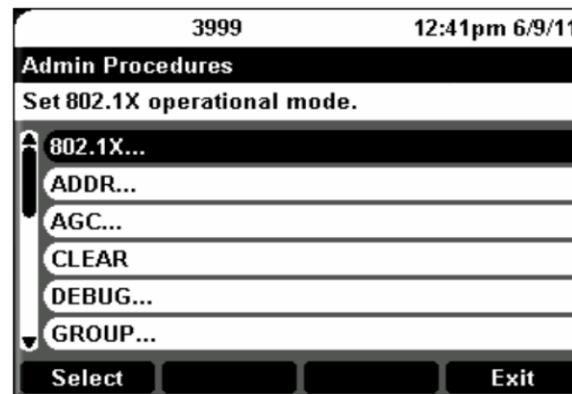
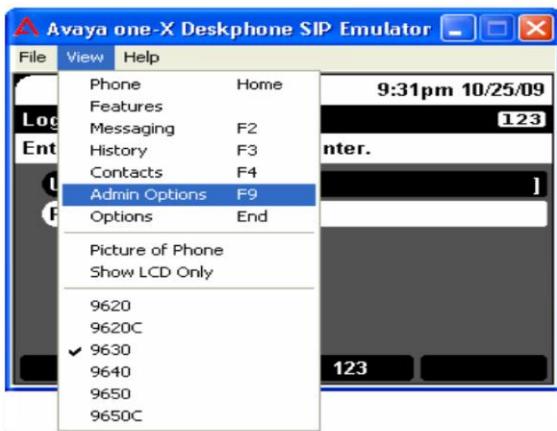
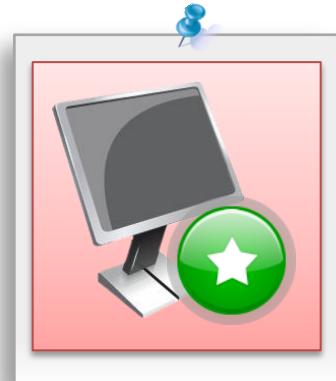


The information needed to configure your SIP phone is located in the Classroom Layout PDF.

Launch the SIP Phone found in the **SIP Emulators** folder on your desktop.

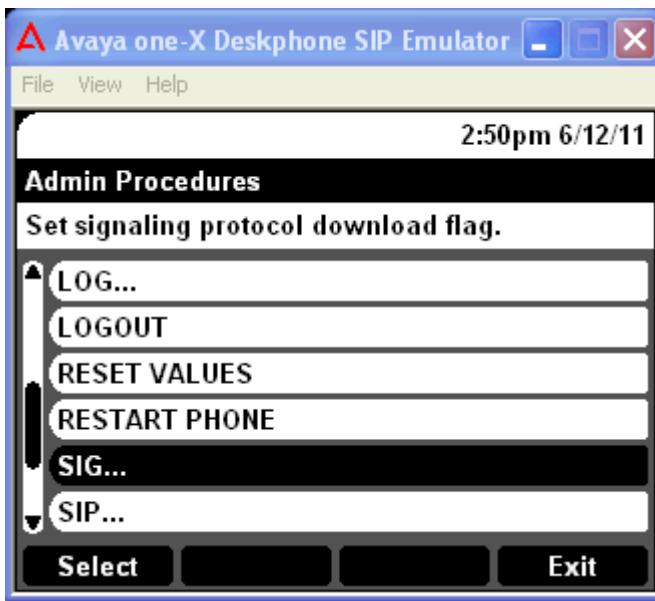
Exercise: Configure SIP Phones

- ▶ Open the SIP Emulators Folder on the Desktop

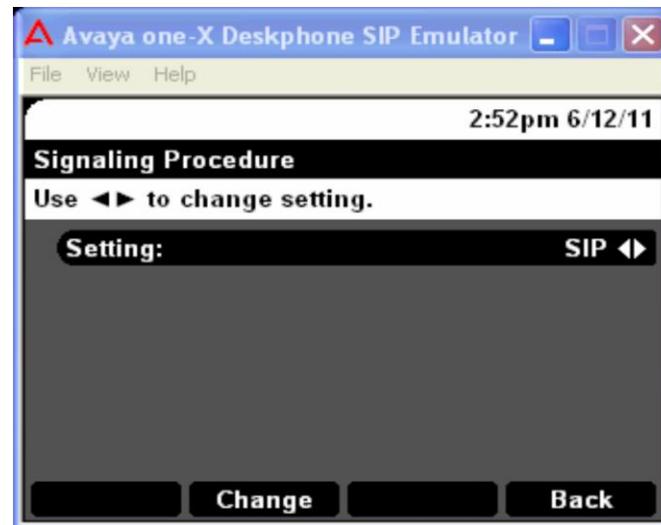


1. Navigate to ***View >>Admin Options***
2. Select ***ADDR*** Menu
Student a 172.16.x.11
Student b 172.16.x.12
3. Router:**172.16.255.254**
Mask: **255.255.0.0**
Save

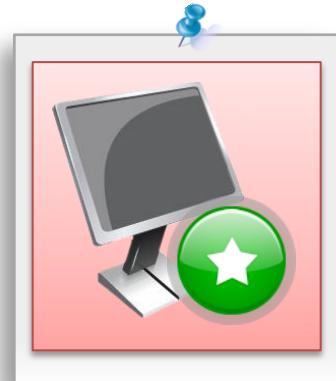
Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator



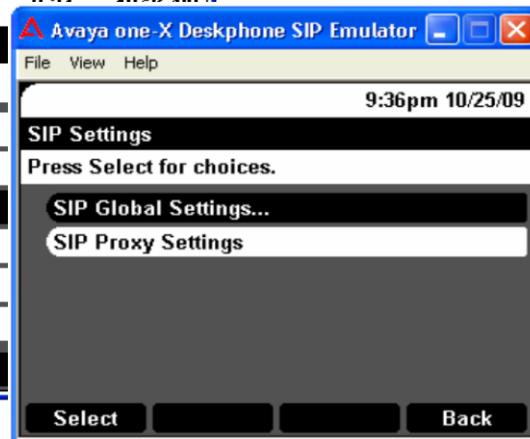
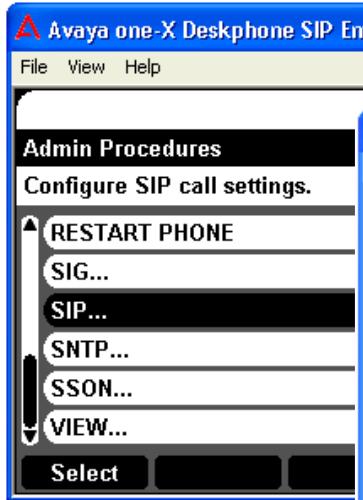
4. Select **SIG** Menu



5. Select the **SIP** Protocol: hit right arrow until SIP is selected and Save



Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator (continued)

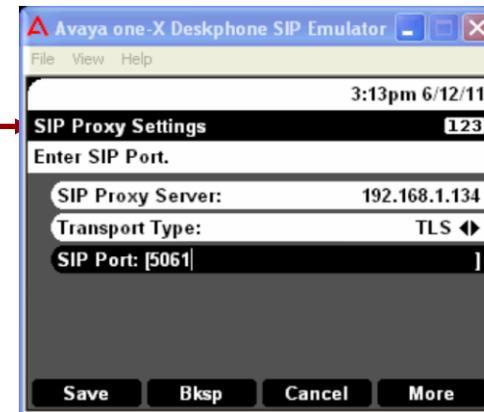
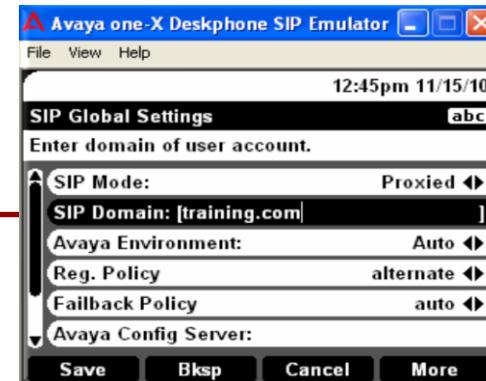


6. Arrow down to SIP Menu

7. Configure **SIP Global Settings:**

SIP Mode: **Proxied**

Domain: **training.com**



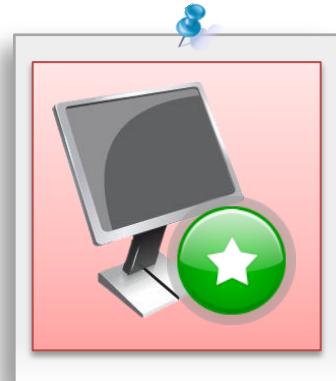
8. Arrow down to SIP Proxy Settings:
SIP Proxy Server:

Student a: **172.16.x.105**

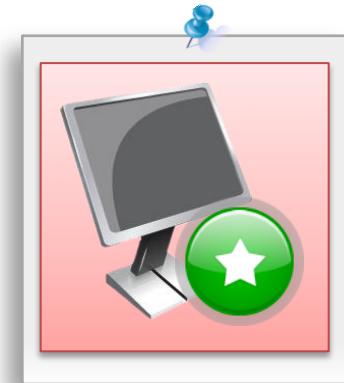
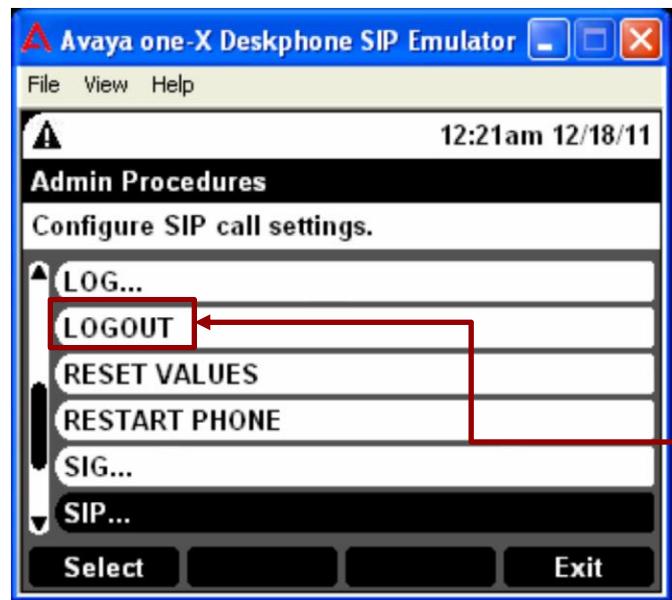
Student b: **172.16.x.115**

Transport Type: **TLS**

SIP Port: **5061**



Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator (continued)



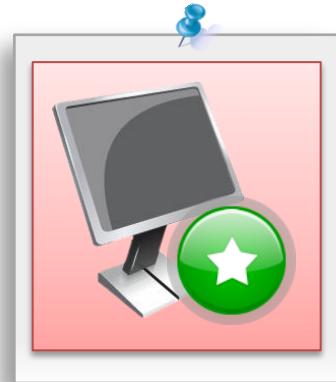
Select **Logout** instead



Do Not Select *EXIT*
Instead, arrow UP to the **Logout** setting.
(If you **EXIT** the application will close and not retain your settings.)

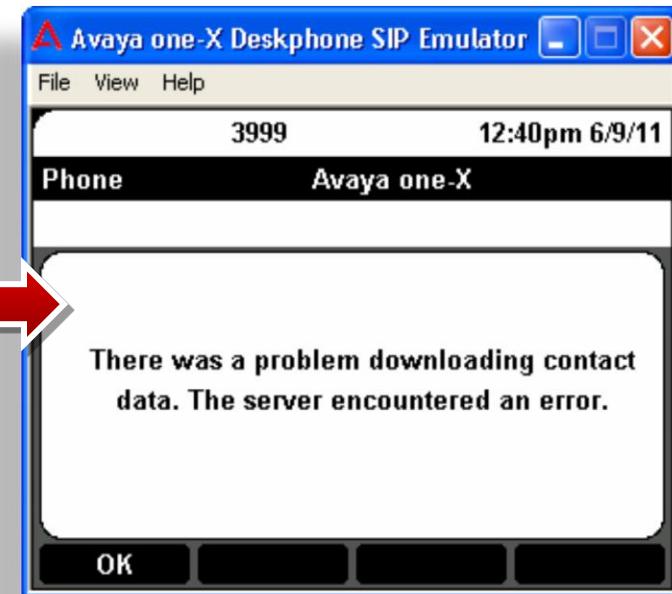
Exercise: Register x9x1 SIP Phone

Step	Action
1	Open the SIP Emulator Folder on the Desktop
2	Double Click SIP Phone Emulator #1
3	Log into SIP Phone using extension and password: 123456



Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1911	2911	3911	4911	5911	6911
Student b	1921	2921	3921	4921	5921	6921

Disregard PPM download error for now and Enter OK.



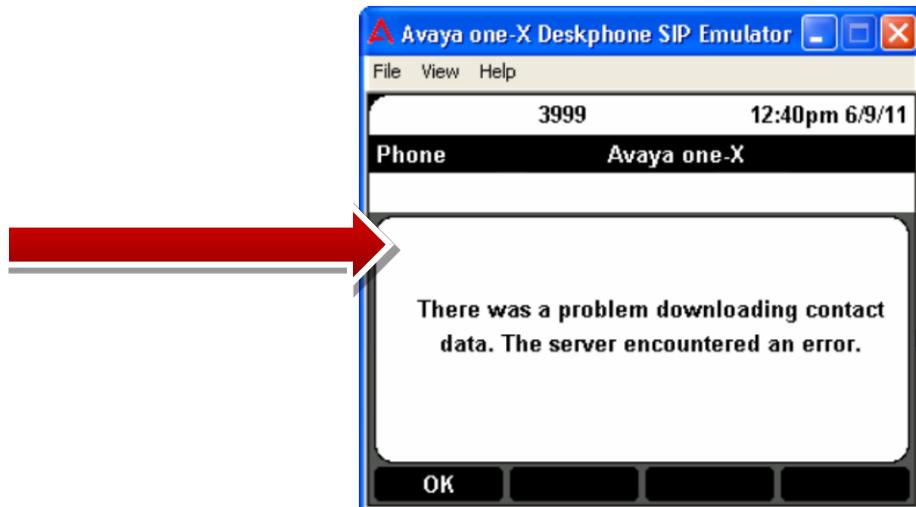
Exercise: Register x9x2 SIP Phone

Step	Action
1	Open the SIP Emulator Folder on the Desktop
2	Double Click SIP Phone Emulator 2
3	Log into SIP Phone using extension and password 123456



Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1912	2912	3912	4912	5912	6912
Student b	1922	2922	3922	4922	5922	6922

Disregard PPM download error for now and Enter OK.



Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Create a SIP User



Lesson 3

SIP Tracing

Lesson Objective

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Use SIP tracing tools to view the SIP call flow



Analyzing the Registration

- ▶ There are a couple of ways we can trace a SIP call:
- ▶ We can use System Manager Trace Viewer tool or we can establish an SSH connection to Session Manager using the traceSM tool.



SIP Tracer Configuration

- ▶ Let's first configure the Trace Viewer for tracing.
- ▶ Go to Session Manager >> SIP Tracer Configuration

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The left sidebar is titled "Session Manager" and includes links for Dashboard, Session Manager, Administration, Communication Profile Editor, Network Configuration, Device and Location Configuration, Application Configuration, System Status, System Tools (with Maintenance Tests, SIP Tracer Configuration selected), SIP Trace Viewer, Call Routing Test, and Performance. The main content area has a title "Tracer Configuration" with a sub-instruction: "This page allows you to configure the tracer configuration properties for one or more Security Modules." It contains sections for "Tracer Enabled" (checkbox checked), "Trace All Messages" (checkbox checked), "From Network to Security Module" (checkbox checked), "From Server to Security Module" (checkbox unchecked), "Trace Dropped Messages" (checkbox checked), "From Security Module to Network" (checkbox unchecked), "From Security Module to Server" (checkbox unchecked), and "Max Dropped Message Count" (text input set to 25). Below this is a "Call Filter" section with "New" and "Delete" buttons and columns for From, To, Source, Destination, Max Call Count, and Request URI. At the bottom is a "Session Manager Instances" section showing two items: "SurviveRemoteSMUK" and "Train5SM". A red box highlights the "Select : All, None" dropdown next to "Train5SM". Another red box highlights the "Read" and "Commit" buttons at the bottom right. A large red box encloses the "Session Manager Instances" section and its associated controls.

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Session Manager User Management

Home / Elements / Session Manager / System Tools / SIP Tracer Configuration -

Tracer Configuration

This page allows you to configure the tracer configuration properties for one or more Security Modules.

Tracer Configuration

Tracer Enabled:

Trace All Messages:

From Network to Security Module:

From Server to Security Module:

Trace Dropped Messages:

From Security Module to Network:

From Security Module to Server:

Max Dropped Message Count: 25

Call Filter

New Delete

	From	To	Source	Destination	Max Call Count	Request URI
--	------	----	--------	-------------	----------------	-------------

Session Manager Instances

2 Items | Refresh

	Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	SurviveRemoteSMUK
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Train5SM

Select : All, None

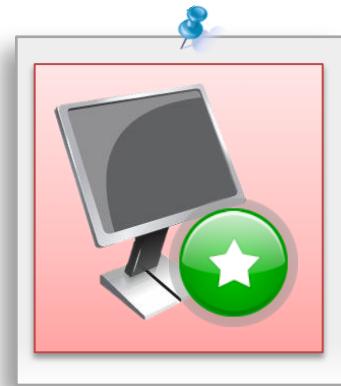
Read Commit

Enabled by Default to Trace All Messages

Select your Session Manager Instance, and click Read to see the current configuration. Make changes and click Commit to save.

Exercise: Configure SIP Trace Viewer

Step	Action
1	Navigate from the System Manager Home Page to Session Manager Elements Menu >> System Tools >> SIP Tracer Configuration
2	At the bottom, select “YourSessionManager”
3	Click the Read Button
4	Deselect Tracer Enables
5	Select Tracer Enables again
6	Select Commit



Viewing the SIP Trace

- Once configured, you can navigate to SIP Trace Viewer, enter a filter and view the results

The screenshot shows the Avaya Session Manager interface with the following details:

- Left Sidebar:** A navigation tree under "Session Manager" including "Dashboard", "Session Manager Administration", "Communication Profile Editor", "Network Configuration", "Device and Location Configuration", "Application Configuration", "System Status", "System Tools" (with "Maintenance Tests", "SIP Tracer Configuration", "SIP Trace Viewer" selected, and "Call Routing Test").
- Header:** "Home / Elements / Session Manager / System Tools / SIP Trace Viewer- SIP Trace Viewer".
- Top Right:** "Session Manager" button, "Home" link, "Help ?" link, and a "Commit" button.
- Main Content:**
 - Title:** "Trace Viewer".
 - Filter Options:** "Filter | Trace Viewer | Expand All | Collapse All".
 - Filter Buttons:** "Dialog Filter", "Cancel", "Hide dropped messages", and "More Actions".
 - Record Count:** "Number of retrieved records: 0".
 - Table Headers:** "0 Items | Refresh" and "Filter: Enable". The table has columns: Details, Time, Tracing Entity, From, Action, To, Protocol, and Call ID.
 - Bottom:** A red asterisk indicates a required field, followed by a "Commit" button.

Viewing the SIP Trace - Filter

Trace Viewer

[Filter](#) | [Trace Viewer](#) |
[Expand All](#) | [Collapse All](#)

Filter

From

Date: December 15 2010

Time: 12 : 35 : 06 24Hr

Time Zone: (-7.0)Mountain Time (US & Canada); Chihuahua, La Paz

To

Date: December 15 2010

Time: 12 : 42 : 06 24Hr

Time Zone: (-7.0)Mountain Time (US & Canada); Chihuahua, La Paz

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	SurviveRemoteSMUK	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Train5SM	

Select : All, None

Trace Viewer

Commit

Enter the time range and select your time zone. This is relative to the system date and time which will vary in the training environment.

Viewing the SIP Trace

Lots and Lots of Messages – enable filter of results

Trace Viewer

[Dialog Filter](#)[Cancel](#)[Hide dropped messages](#)[More Actions](#)

Number of retrieved records: 704

4 Items Found | Refresh

Filter: Disable, Apply, Clear

	Details	Time	Tracing Entity	From	Action	To	Protocol	Call ID
<input type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:17.967	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-5edfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148
<input type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:18.258	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-5edfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148
<input type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:30.244	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_1004b762-5edb713f5d0ddbf9_R@135.148
<input type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:30.545	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_1004b762-5edb713f5d0ddbf9_R@135.148

Select : None

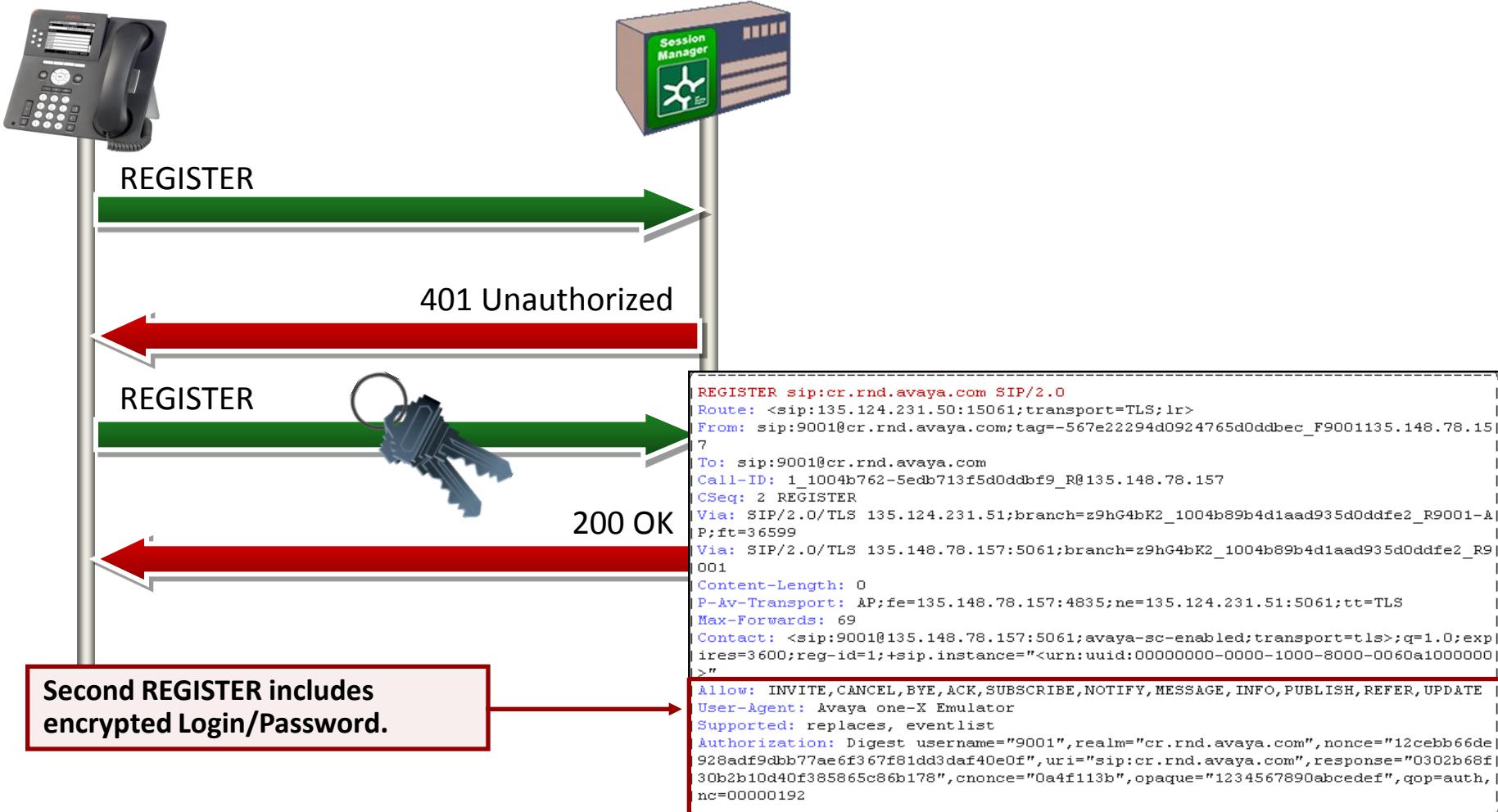
*Required

[Commit](#)

View a SIP Message

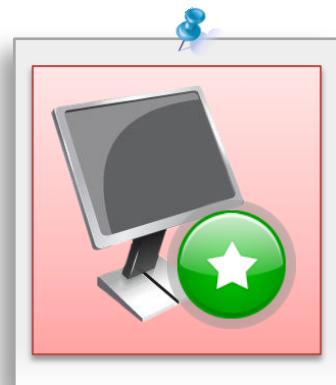
4 Items Found Refresh								Filter: Disable, Apply, Clear			
	Details	Time	Tracing Entity	From	Action	To	Protocol	Call ID			
				sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya	-- REGISTER						
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	▼ Hide	12:26:17.967	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-5edfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148			
SIP Message											
Dec 15 20:26:17 train5 AasSipMgr[24733]: +00:00 2010 967 1 com.avaya.asm 2 com.avaya.asm SIPMSGT ----- 15/12/2010 20:26:17.967 --> octets: 655, Body Length: 0 ingress: { L135.124.231.51:5061/R135.148.78.157:4480/TLS/0x8e3e } egress: [NO TARGET] SIPMsgContext: [NONE] ----- REGISTER sip:cr.rnd.avaya.com SIP/2.0 From: sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com;tag=287d8a4e4d0902db5c8a7778_F9001135.148.78.157 To: sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com Call-ID: 1_f81747b-5edfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148.78.157 CSeq: 9 REGISTER Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:5061;branch=z9hG4bK5_100487796a3f3cb45d0db002_R9001 Content-Length: 0 Max-Forwards: 70 Contact: <sip:9001@135.148.78.157:5061;avaya-sc-enabled;transport=tls>;q=1;expires=0;reg-id=1;+sip.instance=<urn:uuid:00000000-0000-1000-8000-0060a1000000>" Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator Supported: replaces, eventlist											
Contact: IP Address of the User											
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:18.258	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-5edfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148			
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:30.244	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_1004b762-5edb713f5d0ddbf9_R@135.148			
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	► Show	12:26:30.545	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_1004b762-5edb713f5d0ddbf9_R@135.148			
Select : None											

Sample Registration Trace



Exercise: View SIP Trace Viewer

Step	Action
1	Navigate from the System Manager Home Page to Session Manager >> System Tools >> SIP Tracer Viewer
2	Enable the Filter in Results to display REGISTER
3	Select your ASM from the drop-down menu.
4	Select REGISTER in Actions column
5	Select Apply



Trace Viewer

Dialog Filter Cancel Hide dropped messages More Actions Number of retrieved records: 516

8 Items Found Refresh Filter: Disable, Apply, Clear

Details	Time	Tracing Entity	From	Action	To	Protocol	Call ID
				-- REGISTER			

User Registrations

The screenshot shows the Avaya Session Manager interface with the following details:

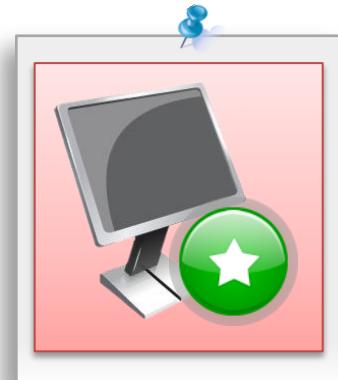
- Session Manager** is selected in the left navigation bar.
- User Registrations** is selected in the left navigation bar.
- The main title is **User Registrations**.
- The sub-title is **Select rows to send notifications to AST devices. Click on Details column for complete registration status.**
- AST Device Notifications:** Reboot, Reload, Fallback, As of 3:24 PM.
- Customize** and **Advanced Search** buttons are available.
- Filter: Enable** is set to **(AC)**.
- Table Headers:** Details, Address, Login Name, First Name, Last Name, Location, IP Address, AST Device, Registered (Prim, Sec, Surv).
- Table Data:**

Details	Address	Login Name	First Name	Last Name	Location	IP Address	AST Device	Registered
								Prim
								Sec
								Surv
Show	---	1902@training.com	1902	1902	training	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Show	1901@training.com	1901@training.com	1901	1901	training	135.148.78.157:5061	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (AC)
- Registration Detail** for the second entry (1901@training.com):

First Name	1901
Last Name	1901
Login Name	1901@training
Registration Address	1901@training
All Addresses	1901@training
Primary SM	MySessionMan
Secondary SM	---
Survivable SM	---
Active Controller	MySessionMan
Registration Time	Tue Nov 16 15:24:18 MST 2010
Event Subscriptions	---
IP Address	135.148.78.157:5061
MAC Address	---
Device Vendor	---
Device Type	---
Device Model	---
Device Version	---
- List Items:**
 - The event subscription field can display what Avaya features this phone has subscribed to.
 - Since this phone is not associated to a CM station there have been no subscriptions thus far therefore it has no Avaya features.

Exercise: View User Registrations

Step	Action
1	Navigate from the System Manager Home Page to Session Manager >> System Tools >> SIP Tracer Viewer
2	Enable the Filter in Results to display REGISTER
3	Select your ASM from the drop-down menu.
4	Select REGISTER in Actions column



Trace Viewer

Dialog Filter Cancel Hide dropped messages More Actions Number of retrieved records: 704

4 Items Found Refresh Filter: Disable, Apply, Clear

	Details	Time	Tracing Entity	From	Action	To	Protocol	Call ID
					-- REGISTER			
	▶ Show	12:26:17.967	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-Sedfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148
	▶ Show	12:26:18.258	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-Sedfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148
	▶ Show	12:26:30.244	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-Sedfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148
	▶ Show	12:26:30.545	Train5SM	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	-- REGISTER ->	sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com	TLS	1_f81747b-Sedfa49f5c8a7777_R@135.148

Select : None

Alternate SIP Tracing - Analysing the Registration

- ▶ The traceSM tool shows the SIP call flow for the Session Manager
- ▶ It also gives insight into ASM decisions



traceASM - Captured: 412 Displayed: 167

UA1	Asset	UA2
12:47:41,610	Dial Pattern route parameters	URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	Dial Pattern route parameters	URI Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	Dial Pattern found	for: 8888 Pattern: 8
12:47:41,610	Route found	for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
12:47:41,610	Entity Link found	SIPEntity: UA1 EntityLink:
12:47:41,613	--Trying-->	(27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,614	No hostname resolution required	Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase=term
12:47:41,614	Originating Location found	Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,617	<-- INVITE--	(27) T:8888 F:5008 U:8888
12:47:41,658	--Trying-->	(27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,668	--Ringing-->	(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:41,676	--Ringing-->	(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:46,763	--200 OK-->	(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,768	--200 OK-->	(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,773	<----ACK---	(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,777	<----ACK---	(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:48,164	----BYE--->	(27) sip:135.122.75.16
Capturing...	s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=ASM c=Clear i=IP	

traceSM Demo-navigating through call flow

- ▶ Select the colored area with your mouse
- ▶ Use the up ↑ and down ↓ arrows on your keyboard to navigate through the call flow
- ▶ Select “enter” to look at the details of the SIP message

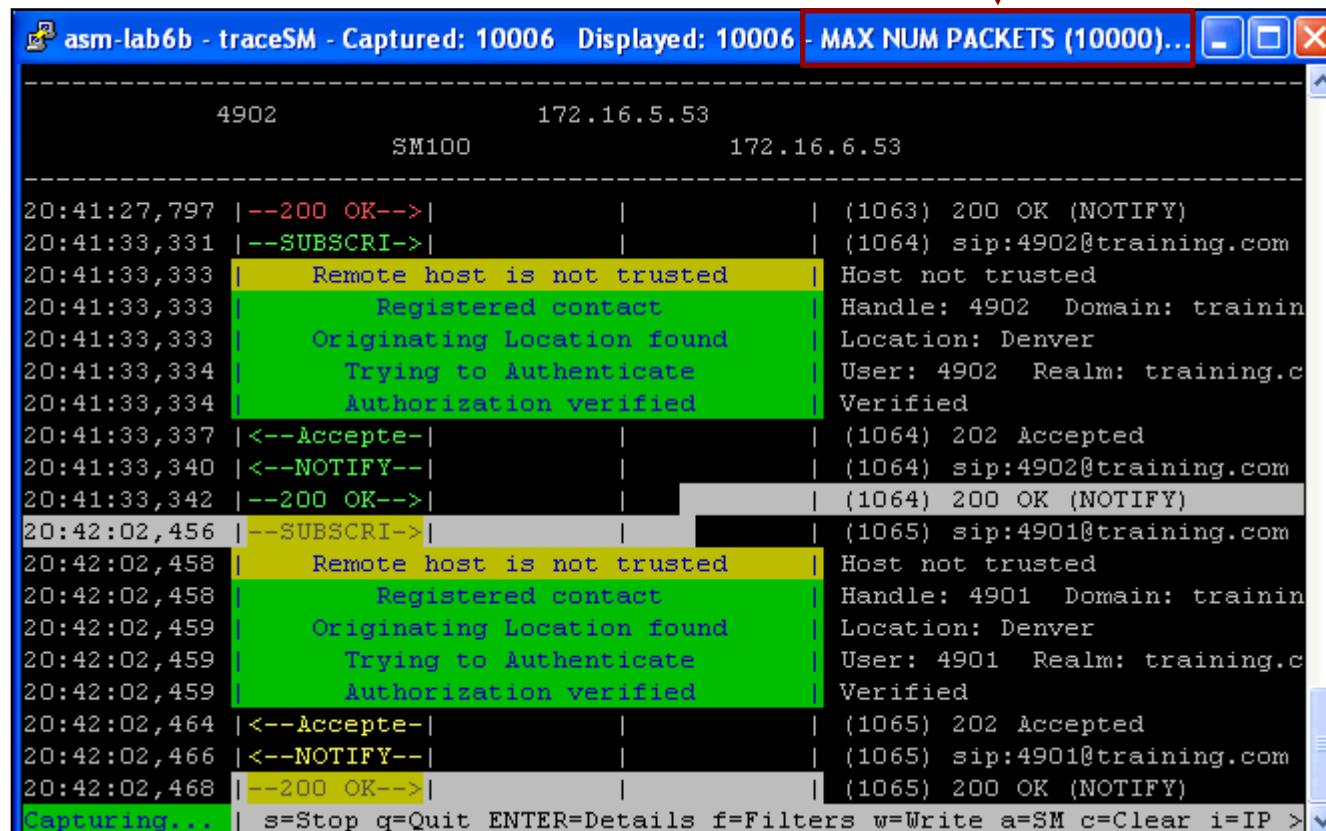
traceASM - Captured: 412 Displayed: 167

UA1 UA2
Asset

```
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters
12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters
12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern found
12:47:41,610 | Route found
12:47:41,610 | Entity Link found
12:47:41,613 | --Trying-->|
12:47:41,614 | No hostname resolution required
12:47:41,614 | Originating Location found
12:47:41,617 | <--INVITE--|
12:47:41,658 | --Trying-->|
12:47:41,668 | --Ringing->|
12:47:41,676 |                --Ringing->
12:47:46,763 | --200 OK-->|
12:47:46,768 |                --200 OK-->|
12:47:46,773 |                <----ACK---|
12:47:46,777 | <----ACK---|
12:47:48,164 | ----BYE--->|
URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
Domain: null Location: Toolwire
URI Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
for: 8888 Pattern: 8
for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
SIPEntity: UA1 EntityLink:
(27) 100 Trying
Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase=term
Location: Toolwire
(27) T:8888 F:5008 U:8888
(27) 100 Trying
(27) 180 Ringing
(27) 180 Ringing
(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
(27) sip:135.122.75.13
(27) sip:135.122.75.13
(27) sip:135.122.75.16
Capturing... s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=ASM c=Clear i=IP
```

traceSM

- ▶ traceSM will capture a maximum of _____ approximately 10,000 packets.
- ▶ It opens a new log file once it reaches its limit.



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "asm-lab6b - traceSM - Captured: 10006 Displayed: 10006 - MAX NUM PACKETS (10000)...". The window displays a list of SIP messages between two hosts: 4902 (SM100) and 172.16.5.53. The messages are timestamped and show various stages of a registration and authentication process. A red arrow points from the text "approximately 10,000 packets." in the slide to the status bar at the top of the window, which indicates a maximum of 10000 captured packets.

Time	Message	From	To	Details
20:41:27,797	--200 OK-->	4902	172.16.5.53	(1063) 200 OK (NOTIFY)
20:41:33,331	--SUBSCRI->	SM100	172.16.6.53	(1064) sip:4902@training.com
20:41:33,333	Remote host is not trusted			Host not trusted
20:41:33,333	Registered contact			Handle: 4902 Domain: trainin
20:41:33,333	Originating Location found			Location: Denver
20:41:33,334	Trying to Authenticate			User: 4902 Realm: training.c
20:41:33,334	Authorization verified			Verified
20:41:33,337	<--Accepte--			(1064) 202 Accepted
20:41:33,340	<--NOTIFY--			(1064) sip:4902@training.com
20:41:33,342	--200 OK-->			(1064) 200 OK (NOTIFY)
20:42:02,456	--SUBSCRI->			(1065) sip:4901@training.com
20:42:02,458	Remote host is not trusted			Host not trusted
20:42:02,458	Registered contact			Handle: 4901 Domain: trainin
20:42:02,459	Originating Location found			Location: Denver
20:42:02,459	Trying to Authenticate			User: 4901 Realm: training.c
20:42:02,459	Authorization verified			Verified
20:42:02,464	<--Accepte--			(1065) 202 Accepted
20:42:02,466	<--NOTIFY--			(1065) sip:4901@training.com
20:42:02,468	--200 OK-->			(1065) 200 OK (NOTIFY)
Capturing...	s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=SM c=Clear i=IP >			

traceSM - SIP Tracing

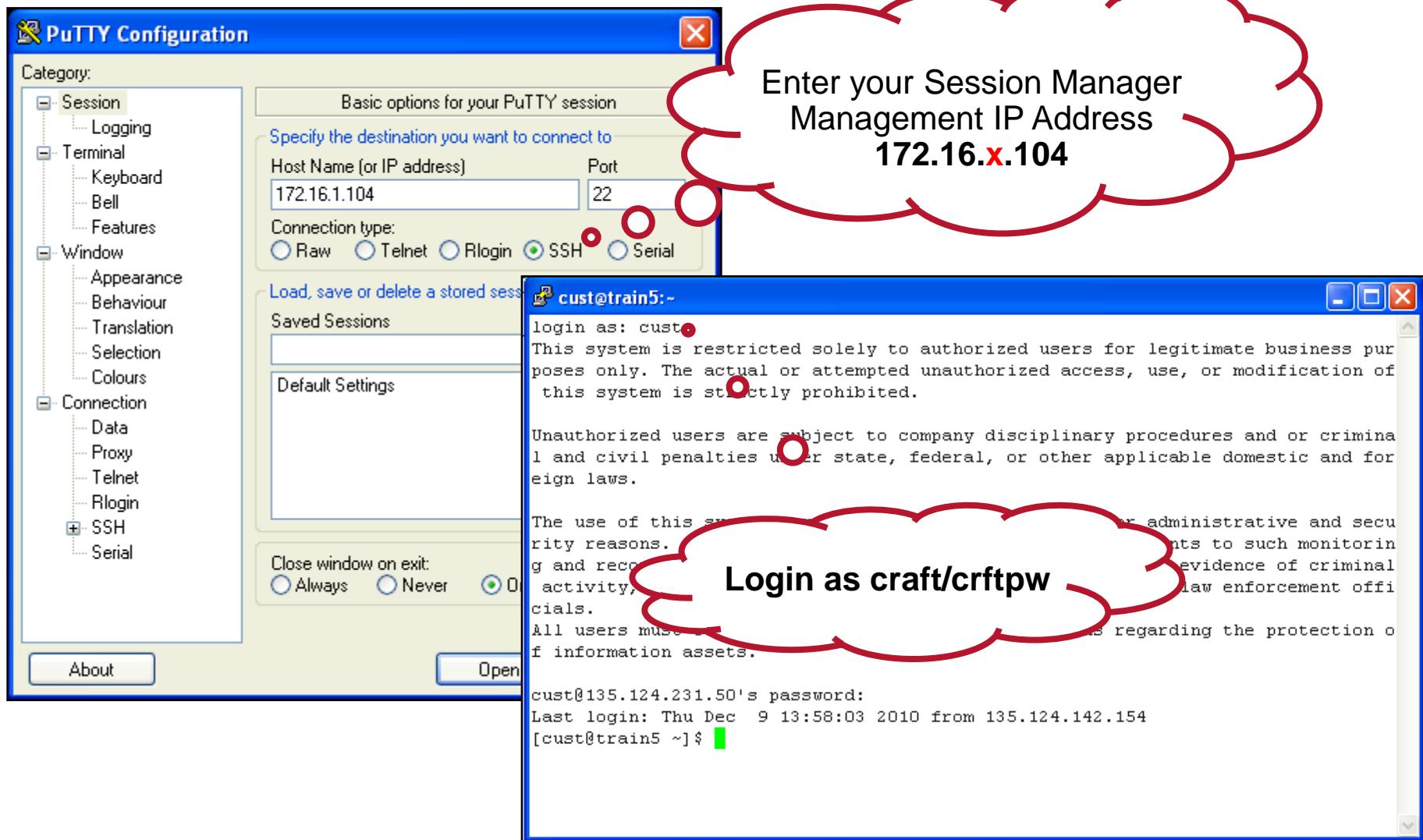
traceSM

- ▶ Run traceSM -h to get the help with the different arguments that the script supports.

Interactive keys

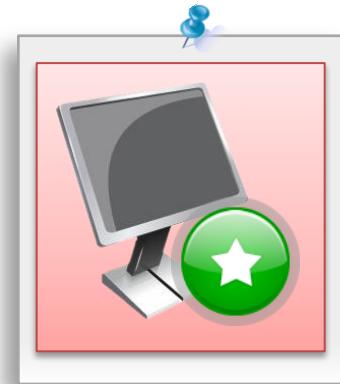
Key	Function
<UP>,<DOWN>	Select a SIP/SM packet. Or scroll a large SIP packet when displaying the details
<HOME>	Go to the first packet
<END>	Go to the last packet. If the cursor is in the last packet while capturing packets, the screen will update with new arriving packets
<PGUP>,<PGDN>	Page Up and Page Down
<LEFT>,<RIGHT>	Move between different columns (IPs) when they don't fit in the screen
<ENTER>	Display the SIP/SM details. The SIP URI is highlighted in red, the SIP fields in blue and the content (e.g: SDP, xml) in green.
q	Quit
f	Display the Filter window to view/change filters
w	Write the displayed (filtered) packets to a new file
s	Start or Stop the capture. When the capture starts, the <code>log4j.properties</code> file is modified and it takes 10 seconds to take effect. When it stops, the added lines in <code>log4j.properties</code> are removed.
c	Clear the screen
a	Switch between SM and SM-100 perspective
i	Switch between displaying Names or IPs in the column headers
r	Switch between displaying RTP simulation or not

traceSM – SSH Access to Session Manager



Exercise: Run traceSM

Step	Action
1	Connect to Session Manager using Putty IP Address: 172.16.x.104
2	Login: craft password: crftpw
3	At command line type: traceSM -x
4	Type 's' to start the capture
5	Place the previous call again



TIPS

- ▶ Use your up/down arrow keys to select a line in the trace
 - ▶ Press ‘Enter’ to view the details of a selected line
 - ▶ Press ‘Enter’ to close details of selected line
 - ▶ ‘c’ will clear the capture screen
 - ▶ ‘s’ to stop the capture once finished.
 - ▶ ‘q’ to exit the tool
 - ▶ ‘f’ to apply a filter
 - ▶ traceSM –h for help commands

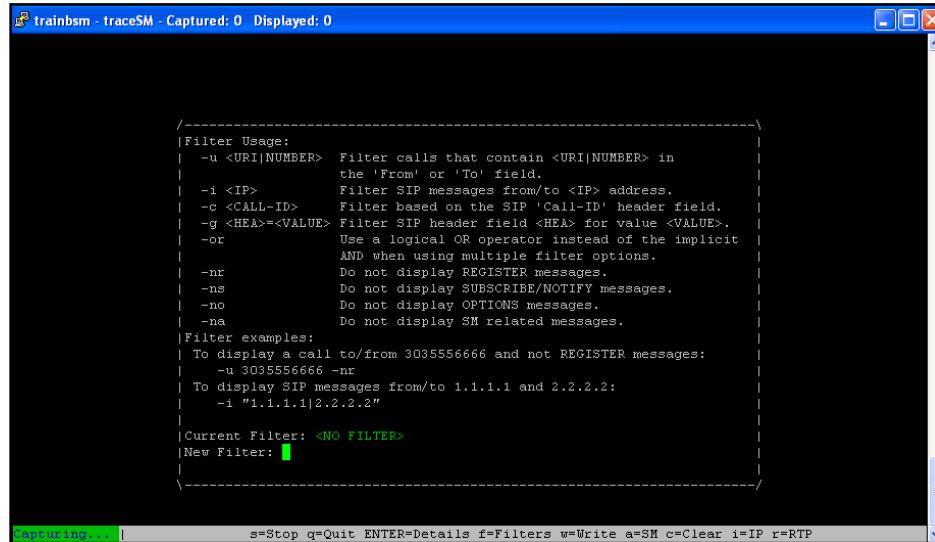
	UA1	Asset	UA2
12:47:41,610	-->	Dial Pattern found	URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	-->	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	-->	Dial Pattern route selected	URI Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	-->	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	-->	Dial Pattern found	for: 8888 Pattern: 8
12:47:41,610	-->	Route found	for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
12:47:41,610	-->	Endpoint found	SIPMethod: 100 Trying
12:47:41,613	-->	---Trying-->	100 Trying
12:47:41,614	-->	No hostname resolution required	Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase-term
12:47:41,614	-->	Originating Location found	Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,617	-->INVITE-->		(27) T18888 F:5008 U:88888
12:47:41,654	-->Trying-->		(27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,654	-->Ringing-->		(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:41,675	-->Ringing-->		(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:46,763	-->200 OK-->		(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,768	-->200 OK-->		(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,773	-->ACK-->		(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,777	<<<ACK-->		(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,184	-->BYE-->		(27) sip:135.122.75.16

TraceSM is delivered under /opt/Avaya/contrib/bin

traceSM- display filter

traceSM

- ▶ Once traceSM is running, type 'F' to apply a filter.
- ▶ Examples
 - no = no OPTIONS
 - nr = no REGISTERS
 - ns = no SUBSCRIBES
 - u 1901 will filter calls that contain that URI in the from or to headers
 - You can apply multiple filters:
 - **u 1901 –no –ns –nr**
 - The above will show only messages to/from 1901 and hide OPTIONS, SUBSCRIBES and REGISTERS



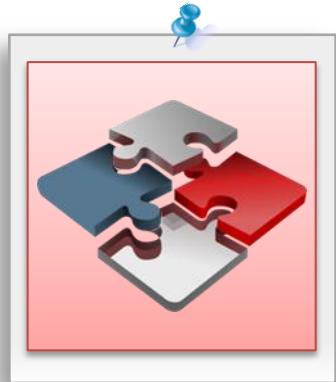
The screenshot shows the 'trainbsm - traceSM' application window. The title bar indicates 'Captured: 0 Displayed: 0'. The main area displays the following text:

```
/-----\  
|Filter Usage:  
| -u <URI|NUMBER> Filter calls that contain <URI|NUMBER> in  
|   the 'From' or 'To' field.  
| -i <IP> Filter SIP messages from/to <IP> address.  
| -c <CALL-ID> Filter based on the SIP 'Call-ID' header field.  
| -g <HEA>=<VALUE> Filter SIP header field <HEA> for value <VALUE>.  
| -or Use a logical OR operator instead of the implicit  
|   AND when using multiple filter options.  
| -nr Do not display REGISTER messages.  
| -ns Do not display SUBSCRIBE/NOTIFY messages.  
| -no Do not display OPTIONS messages.  
| -na Do not display SM related messages.  
|  
|Filter examples:  
| To display a call to/from 3035556666 and not REGISTER messages:  
|   -u 3035556666 -nr  
| To display SIP messages from/to 1.1.1.1 and 2.2.2.2:  
|   -i "1.1.1.1|2.2.2.2"  
|  
|Current Filter: <NO FILTER>  
|New Filter: █  
|-----/  
Capturing... | s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=SM c=Clear i=IP r=RTP
```

Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Use SIP tracing tools to view the SIP call flow



Lesson 4

SIP Registry Routing

Lesson Objective

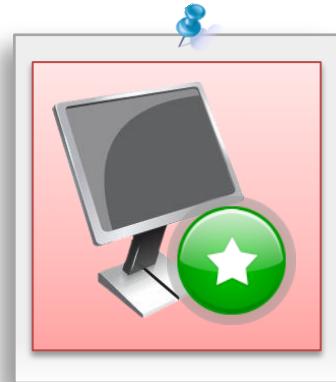
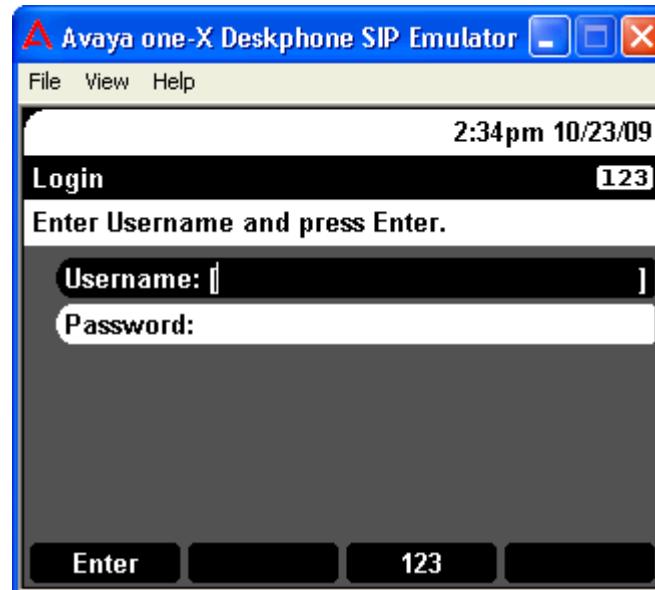
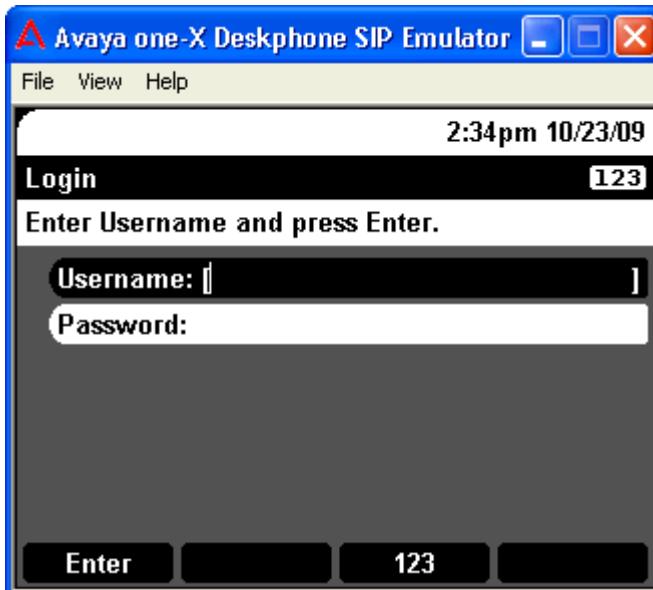
After completing this lesson you will be able to:

- ▶ Examine how Session Manager performs Registry Routing



Exercise: Making a Call

Step	Action
1	Run your two SIP Emulators: x9x1 dials x9x2



Registry Routing or Routing Policy?

Troubleshooting

Did the call complete successfully?

Yes!



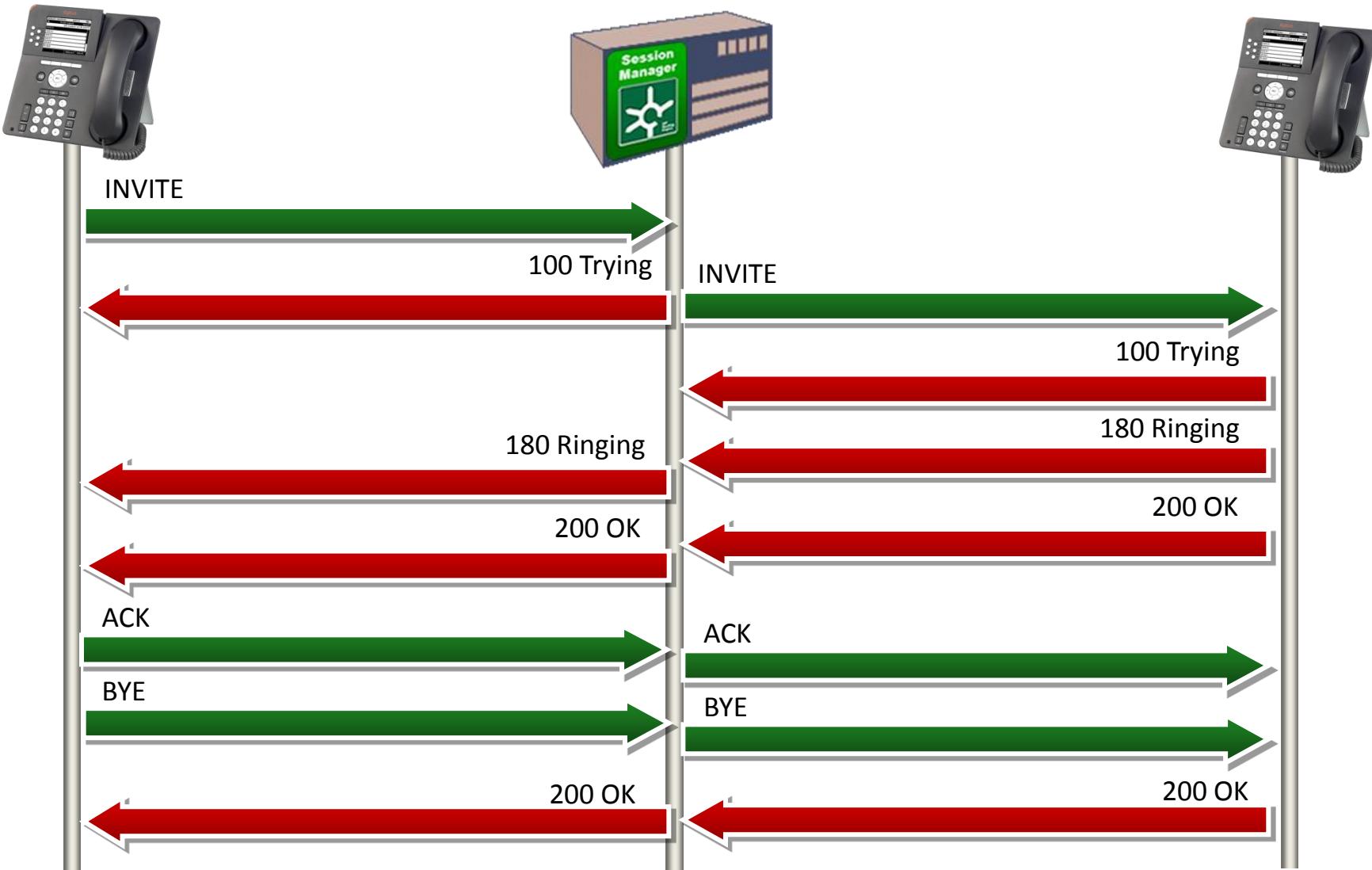
No.



If not, do the following:

1. Retrace and validate your configuration
2. Run traceSM to diagnose the call flow and search for errors

Sample Successful INVITE Trace



Sample INVITE- SIP Primer

SIP Message

Dec 15 22:17:54 train5 AasSipMgr[24733]:

+00:00 2010 552 1 com.avaya.asm | 2 com.avaya.asm SIPMSGT ----- 15/12/2010 22:17:54.552 --> octets: 1869, Body Length: 39
ingress: { L135.124.231.51:15060/R135.124.231.51:27793/TLS/0x8f69 }

egress: [NO TARGET]

SIPMsgContext: [NONE] --

Request URI – Destination of Call

INVITE sip:9002@135.148.78.157:7000;avaya-sc-enabled;transport=tls;routeinfo=0-0 SIP/2.0

Record-Route: <sip:135.124.231.50:15061;lr;sap=-1020441137*1*016asm-callprocessing.sar837254023~1292451474542~268103206~1;transport=tls>

Record-Route: <sip:eb3e21@135.124.231.51;transport=tls;lr>

From: sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com;tag=c30f9474d093e915d73f9d4_F9001135.148.78.157

To: sip:9002@cr.rnd.avaya.com

Call-ID: fc_106ab242-11ceef4e5d73f0f4_I@135.148.78.157

CSeq: 253 INVITE

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.124.231.50:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877CE7327E9E791C046502

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.124.231.50:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877CE7327E9E791C146500

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.124.231.50:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877CE7327E9E791C146499

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.124.231.51;branch=z9hG4bKfd_106ab54f6f9d0cd35d73ffe8_I9001-AP;ft=36599

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:5061;branch=z9hG4bKfd_106ab54f6f9d0cd35d73ffe8_I9001

Content-Length: 394

Contact: <sip:9001@135.148.78.157:5061;transport=tls>

Accept-Language: en

Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,PRACK

Content-Type: application/sdp

User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.0 (2.6.0)

Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces

P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:9001@cr.rnd.avaya.com>

P-AV-Transport: AP;fe=135.148.78.157:483

Route: <sip:135.124.231.51:15060;transport=tls;lr>

P-Location: SM;origlocname="Avaya_US";termlocname="Avaya_US"

Max-Forwards: 67

v=0

o=sip:9001@135.148.78.157 1 253 IN IP4 135.148.78.157

s=sip:9001@135.148.78.157

c=IN IP4 135.148.78.157

b=CT:1920

b=AS:1920

b=TIAS:1920000

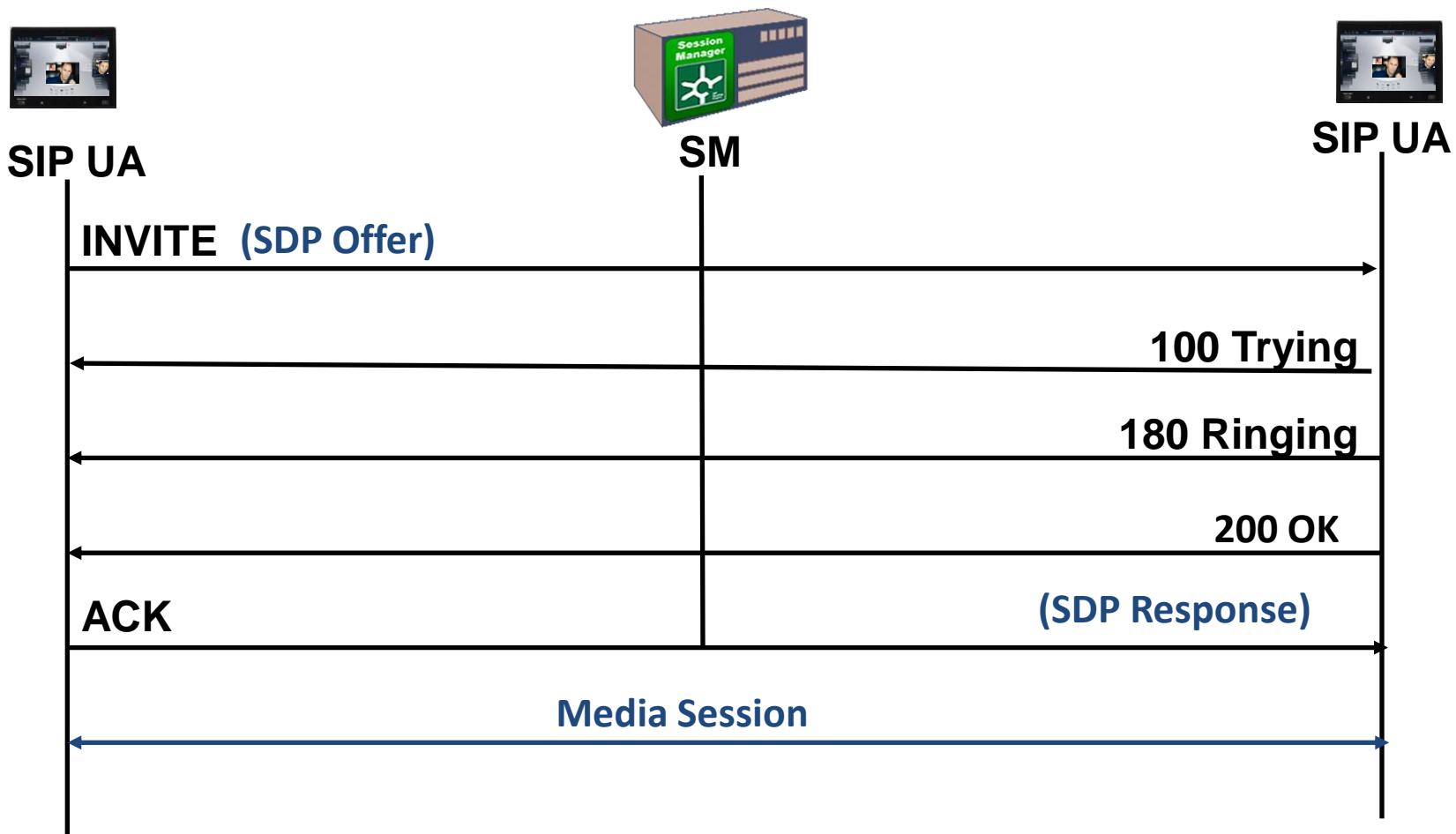
t=0 0

m=audio 5000 RTP/AVP 0 8 18 4 110 120

PAI = P-Asserted Identity. Added my Session Manager and defines the “source”

Media Offer Session Description Protocol (SDP)

When do SDPs get exchanged?



An SDP Offer / Response, between one-X Communicator ↔ Avaya1030

Offer

v=0

o=sip:<ext>@<orig-host>1 11 IN IP4

<orig-host>

s=sip:<ext>@<orig-host>

c=IN IP4 <host>

b=TIAS:13952000

t=0 0

m=audio 2048 RTP/AVP 9 18 110

b=TIAS:64000

a=rtpmap:9 G722/8000/1

a=rtpmap:18 G729/8000/1

a=fmtp:18 annexb=no

a=rtpmap:110 G726-32/8000/1

m=video 2688 RTP/AVP 109 34

b=TIAS:13888000

a=rtpmap:109 H264/90000

a=fmtp:109 profile-level-id=42801f

a=rtpmap:34 H263/90000

a=fmtp:34 CIF4=1; CIF=1; QCIF=1;

SQCIF=1

Response

v=0

o=- 1 2 IN IP4 <term-host>

s=-

c=IN IP4 <term-host>

b=AS:1024

t=0 0

m=audio 60640 RTP/AVP 9 120

a=rtpmap:9 G722/8000

a=rtpmap:120 telephone-event/8000

m=video 60642 RTP/AVP 109 34

b=TIAS:1024000

a=rtpmap:109 H264/90000

a=fmtp:109 profile-level-id=42801f;...

a=rtpmap:34 H263/90000

a=fmtp:34 CIF4=1; CIF=1; QCIF=1

Some SDP session descriptors

Session description

v= (Protocol version)

o= (owner/creator and session identifier).

s= (session name)

c=* (connection information)

b=* (bandwidth information)

m= (media name and transport address)

a=* (media attribute lines)

(* means it is optional)

Audio Codec Identification

0=PCMU (G711Mu)

3=GSM

4=G723

8=PCMA (G711A)

9=G722

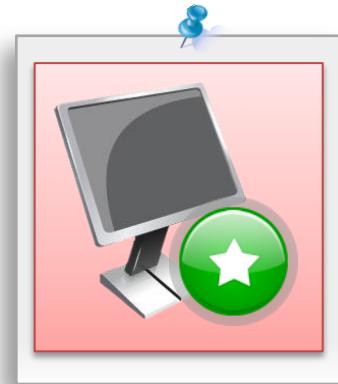
15= G728

18= G729

Exercise: View Call Trace

Examine the trace and look for:

1. INVITE request
2. Req URI of caller and called party
3. The initial rejection of the INVITE and then the re-INVITE with the authentication details
4. 200 OK received by called party
5. Session Description where media and codecs are decided



Step	Action
1	Use the traceSM to view INVITE from x9x1 to X9x2
2	View the results

traceSM - Captured: 412 Displayed: 167

UA1	Asset	UA2
12:47:41,610	Dial Pattern route parameters	URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610	...Dial Pattern route found	URI Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	Trying Dial Pattern route	Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610	Dial Pattern found	for: 8888 Pattern: 8
12:47:41,610	Route found	for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
12:47:41,610	Entity Link found	SIPEntity: UA1 EntityLink:
12:47:41,613	--Trying-->	(27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,614	No hostname resolution required	Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase=term
12:47:41,614	Originating Location found	Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,617	<--INVITE-->	(27) T:8888 F:5008 U:8888
12:47:41,658	--Trying-->	(27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,668	--Ringing-->	(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:41,676	--Ringing-->	(27) 180 Ringing
12:47:46,763	--200 OK-->	(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,768	--200 OK-->	(27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,773	<----ACK----	(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,777	<----ACK----	(27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:48,164	--BYE-->	(27) sip:135.122.75.16
	s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=ASM c=Clear i=IP	

Note

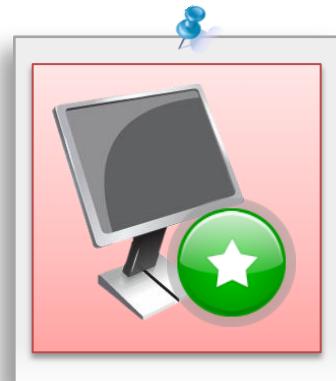
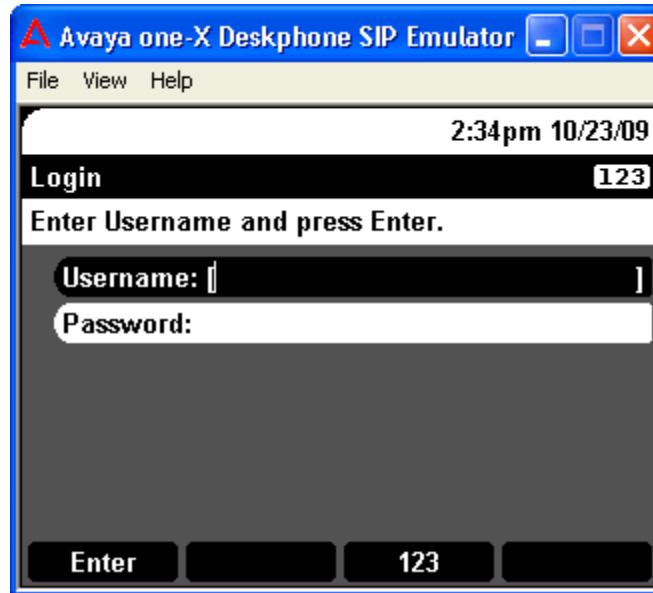
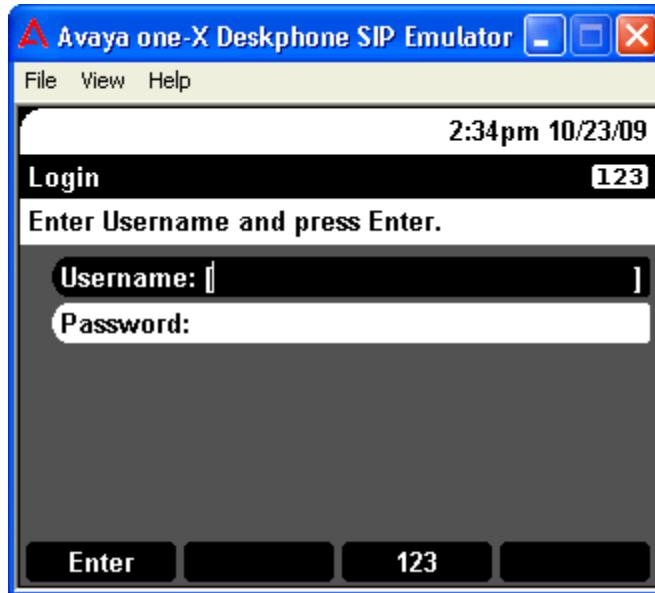


Note

So we've got a call being routed entirely using SIP Registration & Registry Routing!

Exercise: Making a Call

Have x9x1 dial x9x4



Did the call complete? Why not? Use the trace tool to help answer.

Multiple Addresses for a Single User

Communication Profile

Multiple Communication Addresses

- ▶ A single communication profile can have multiple communication addresses.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Communication Profile and Address Management interface. The top section, 'Communication Profile', has a red box around its header and contains buttons for New, Delete, Done, and Cancel. It shows a table with a row for 'Name' (Primary) and a 'Select : None' dropdown. Below this is a form with fields for '* Name: Primary' (with a red asterisk) and 'Default: '. A large red cloud bubble points from this area to the text: 'Can log in as either 4001 or 4999 and receive calls for both!'. The bottom section, 'Communication Address', also has a red box around its header and contains buttons for New, Edit, and Delete. It shows a table with columns for Type, Handle, and Domain. Two rows are listed: one for 'Avaya SIP' with Handle '4001' and Domain 'etsslab.avaya.com', and another for 'Avaya SIP' with Handle '4999' and Domain 'etsslab.avaya.com'. A 'Select : All, None' dropdown is at the bottom. At the very bottom, there is a checked checkbox for 'Session Manager Profile'.

Communication Profile

New Delete Done Cancel

Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Primary

Select : None

* Name: Primary

Default:

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

Type	Handle	Domain
Avaya SIP	4001	etsslab.avaya.com
Avaya SIP	4999	etsslab.avaya.com

Select : All, None

Session Manager Profile

Multiple Communication Profiles

The screenshot shows the Avaya Communication Profile configuration interface. At the top, there is a 'Communication Profile' dialog box with buttons for New, Delete, Done, and Cancel. It lists profiles: Primary (radio button) and AnotherProfile (selected). Below this is a 'Select : None' dropdown. In the center, a main window displays a 'Communication Address' table with columns for Type, Handle, and Domain. One row is selected, showing Type: Avaya SIP, Handle: llind, and Domain: avaya.training.com. A 'Manager' section below the table includes fields for Secondary Session Manager, Origination Application Sequence, Termination Application Sequence, Conference Factory Set, Survivability Server, and Home Location (set to Florida). Red circles highlight the 'Handle' column in the table and the 'Handle' field in the Manager section. Two red callout boxes provide annotations: one pointing to the 'AnotherProfile' selection in the first dialog, stating 'Completely unrelated to Communication Addresses in another Communication Profile'; and another pointing to the Manager section, stating 'Each Communication Profile has its own Session Manager Profile!'

Communication Profile

New Delete Done Cancel

Name
<input type="radio"/> Primary
<input checked="" type="radio"/> AnotherProfile

Select : None

* Name: AnotherProfile

Default :

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

Type	Handle	Domain
<input type="checkbox"/> Avaya SIP	llind	avaya.training.com

Select : All, None

Manager

Secondary Session Manager: (None)

Origination Application Sequence: (None)

Termination Application Sequence: (None)

Conference Factory Set: (None)

Survivability Server: (None)

* Home Location: Florida

3 0 3

Primary Secondary Maximum

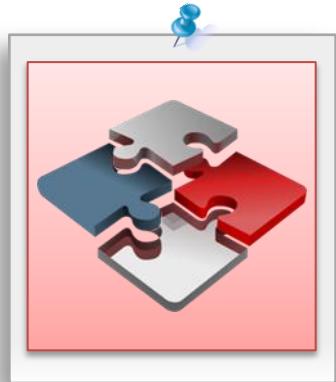
Completely unrelated to Communication Addresses in another Communication Profile

Each Communication Profile has its own Session Manager Profile!

Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Examine how Session Manager performs Registry Routing



Lesson 5

Centralized Routing II: NRP

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- ▶ Review and configure the following to support centralized call routing within the enterprise:

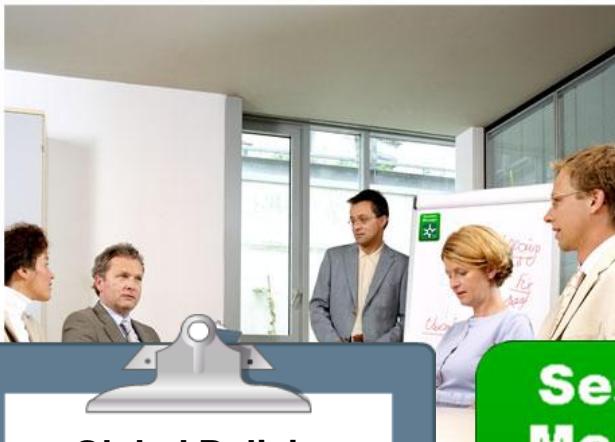
- Domain
- Location
- SIP Entities
- Entity Links
- Time Ranges
- Routing Policies
- Dial Patterns
- Regular Expressions



Purpose of Session Manager Routing Policies

AVAYA

INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATIONS



Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

If called number
contains 45** then
route through SIP
Entity at
10.23.142.22

Network Routing Policy

Determines how **all** calls (except internal SIP phone to SIP phone calls) are routed

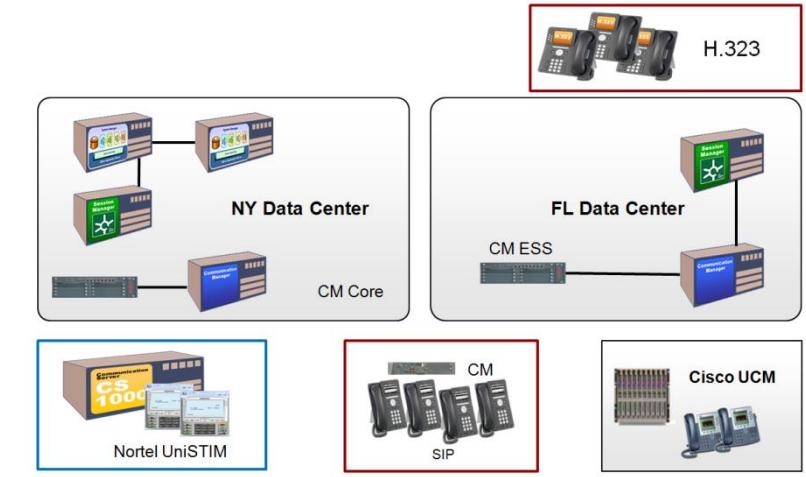
Routes a user to a SIP Entity using dial pattern matching or regular expression



Routing Design- What?

- ▶ What is/are the SIP domains?
- ▶ What SIP Entities exist?
- ▶ How many digits is it expecting?
- ▶ What are the extension ranges, DNIS digits expected by CM?
- ▶ What types of endpoints: H.323, SIP, Digital, Analog?

Bloom Inc. SIP Core Architecture



SIP Entities

Cisco UCM
Nortel CS1000
Communication Manager

Extensions (4-digit)

11xx to 69xx

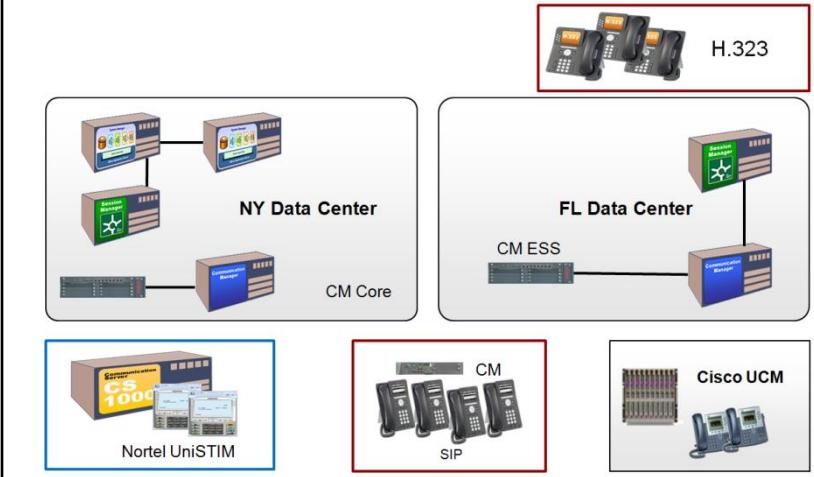
Routing Design- When?

- ▶ What are the hours of operation?

- ▶ “Thank you for calling Bloom Inc. Our hours of operation are
- ▶ Monday through Friday 7am to 7pm.”



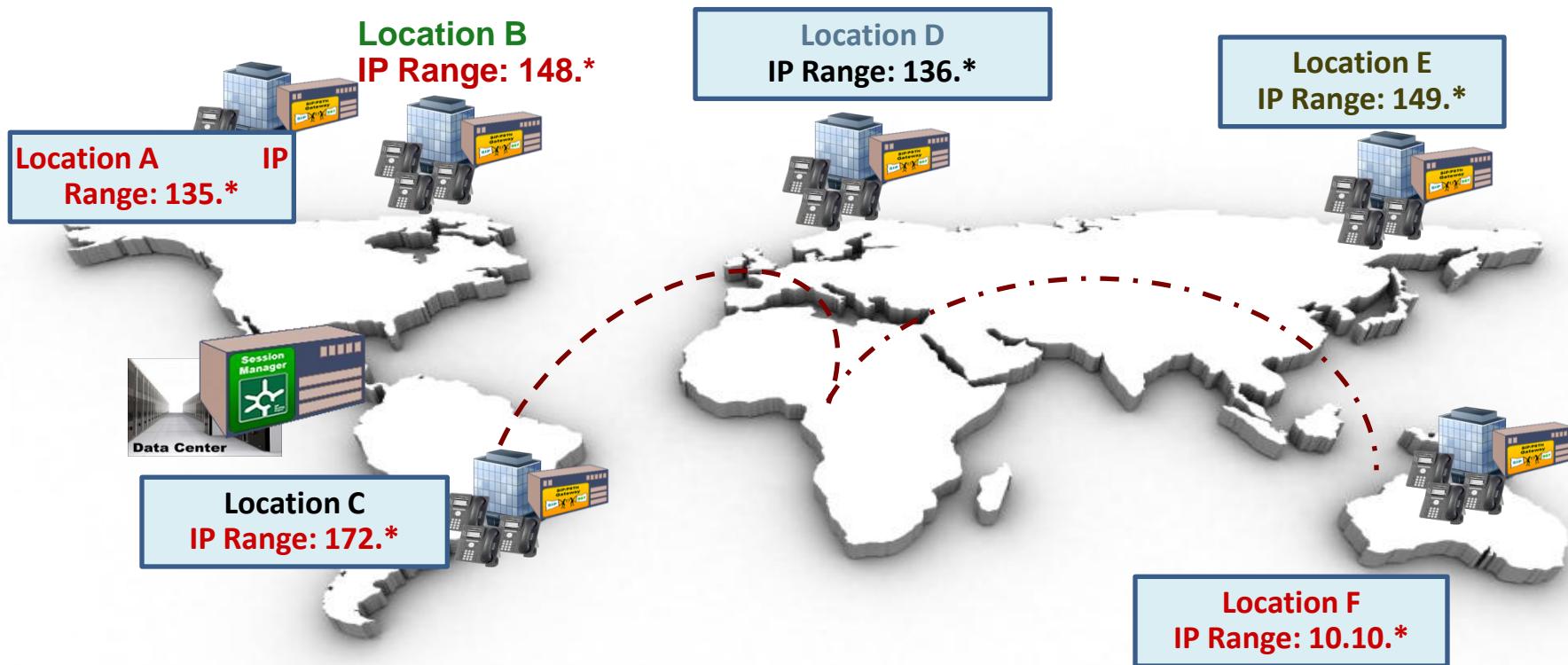
Bloom Inc. SIP Core Architecture



Routing can be based on specific times of day and days of the week.

Routing Design- Where?

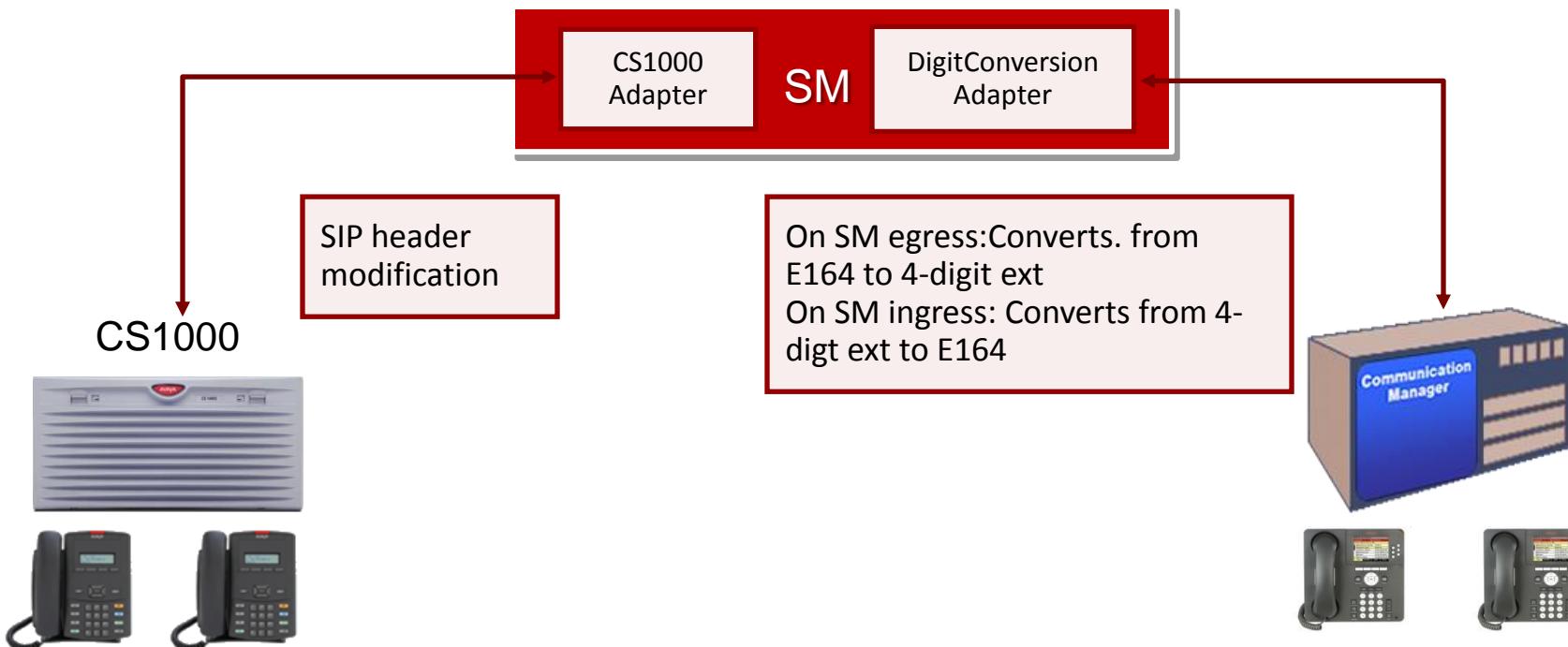
- ▶ Where is this SIP Entity located?
- ▶ How many locations are there?
- ▶ Can I use the network to route international calls and hop off to local trunks?



Tail-end Hop-off

Routing Design- How?

- ▶ Do I need to adapt the SIP request so it is understood by the receiving network or endpoint?
- ▶ What digits do I insert/delete to normalize my dial patterns in e164 format to Session Manager?
- ▶ Do I have to adapt the numbers CM receives/sends from/to Session Manager?
- ▶ Are there any 3rd Party SIP Entities that require special handling?



Creating Network Routing Policies

Lots to think about!

- ▶ These questions have to be answered and the appropriate records have to be added to the database in order to create routing policies.
- ▶ We'll discuss those components in detail next.

The slide features the AVAYA logo and 'INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATIONS' text at the top. It includes a photograph of several people in a meeting room. On the left, a blue box contains the text 'Global Policies' and 'Network Routing Policies'. Below this, it says: 'If called number contains 45** then route through SIP Entity at 10.23.142.22'. To the right, a green box labeled 'Session Manager' contains a white icon of a star-like shape with arrows and the text 'SIP Routing Engine'.

Network Routing Policy

Determines how **all** calls (except internal SIP phone to SIP phone calls) are routed

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

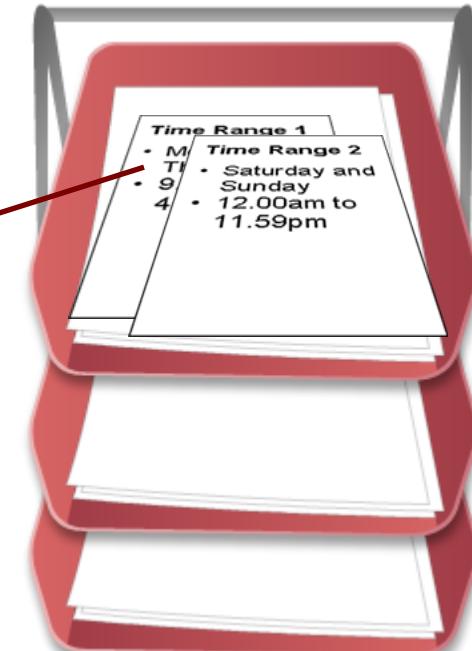
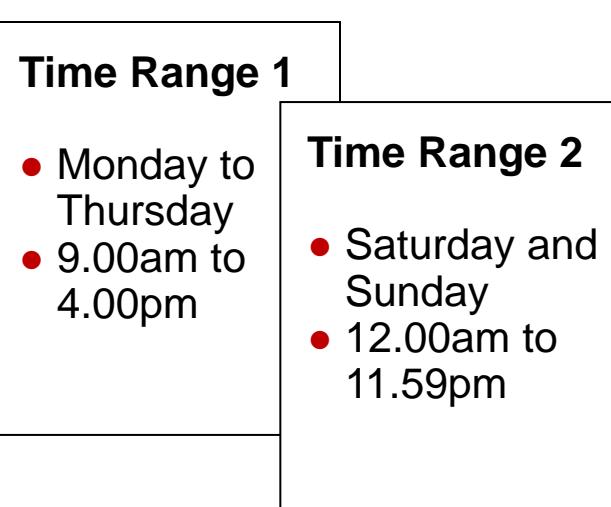
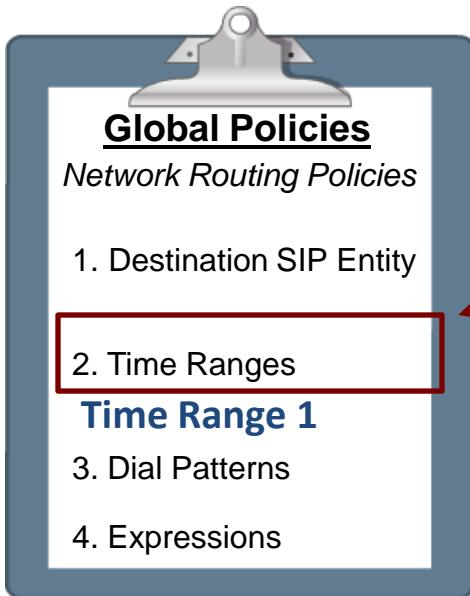
If called number contains 45** then route through SIP Entity at 10.23.142.22

Session Manager

SIP Routing Engine

Components of Routing Policies- Time Ranges

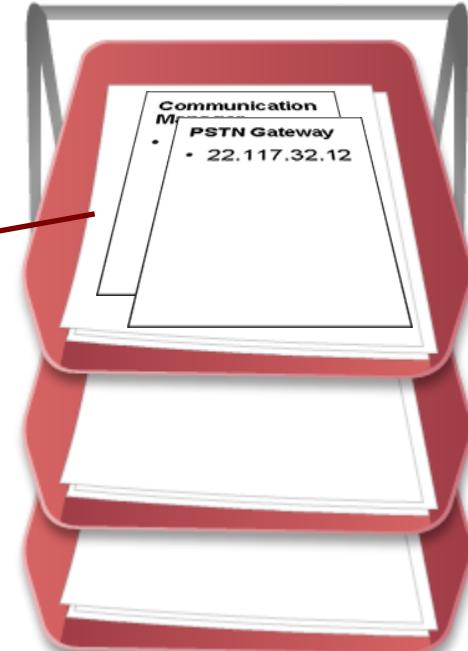
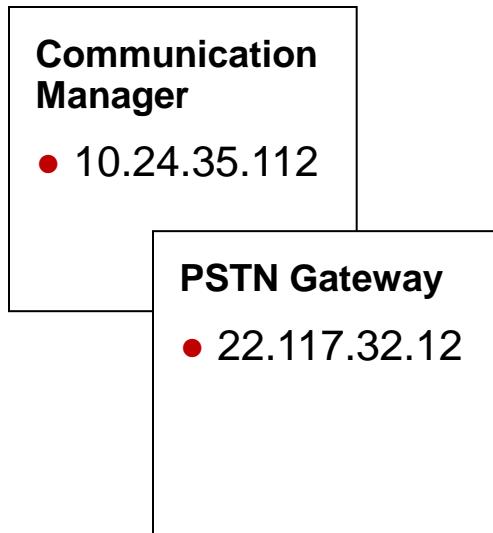
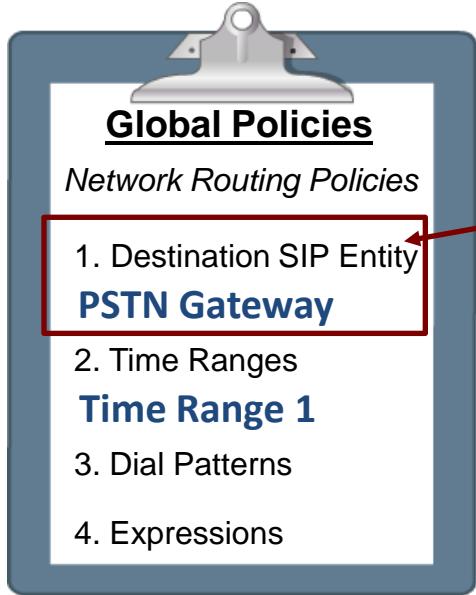
- Once I create my Time Ranges then I have a selection to choose from when creating my Routing Policies.



Time Ranges



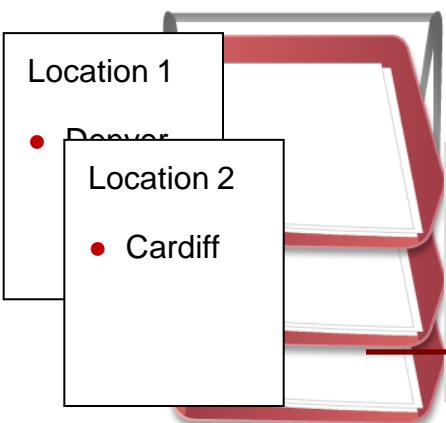
Components of Routing Policies- SIP Entities



SIP Entities



Components of Routing Policies- Locations

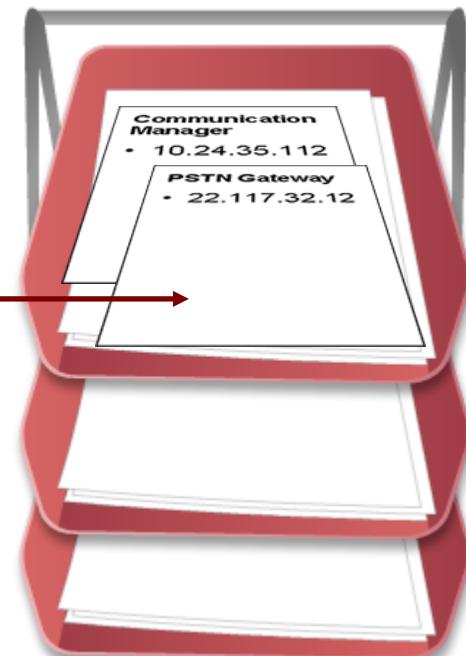


Locations

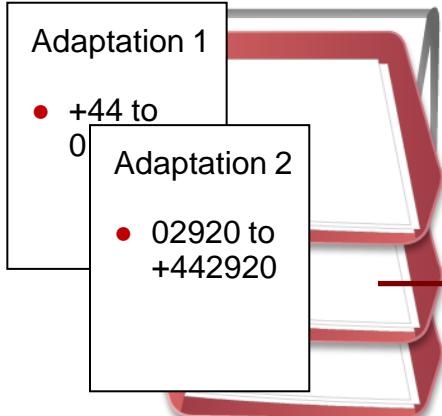


Communication Manager

- 10.24.35.112
- Location
 - Denver
- Adaptation
 - +44 to 0144



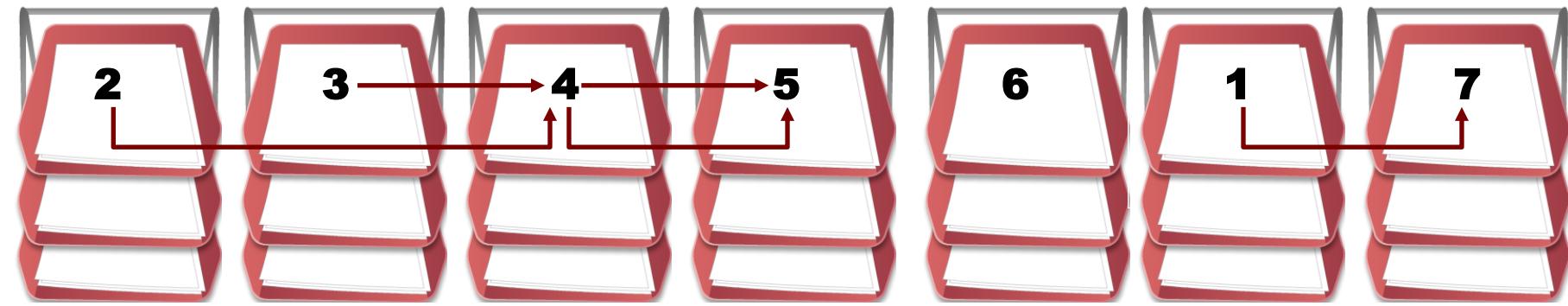
SIP Entities



Adaptations



Components of Routing Policies- Locations (continued)



Locations



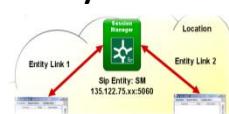
Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

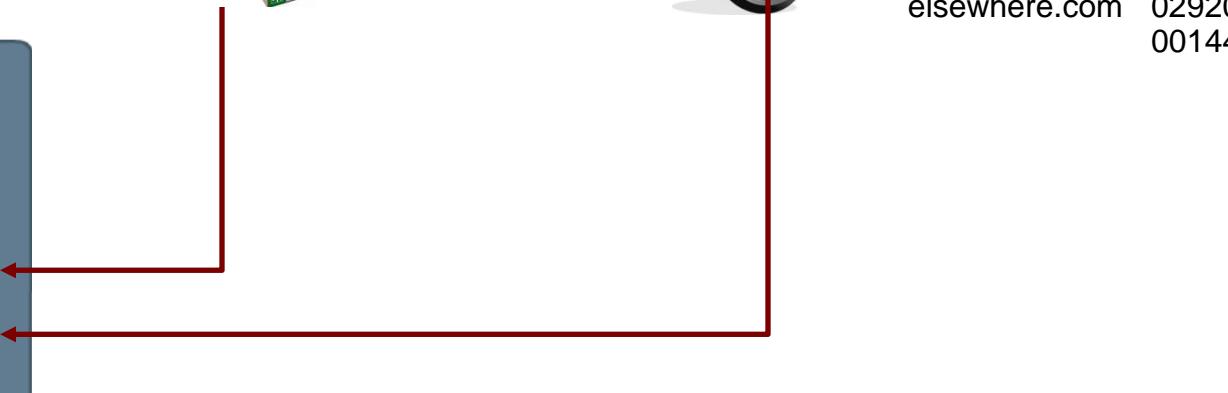
Dial Patterns

+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to 001442920

Global Policies

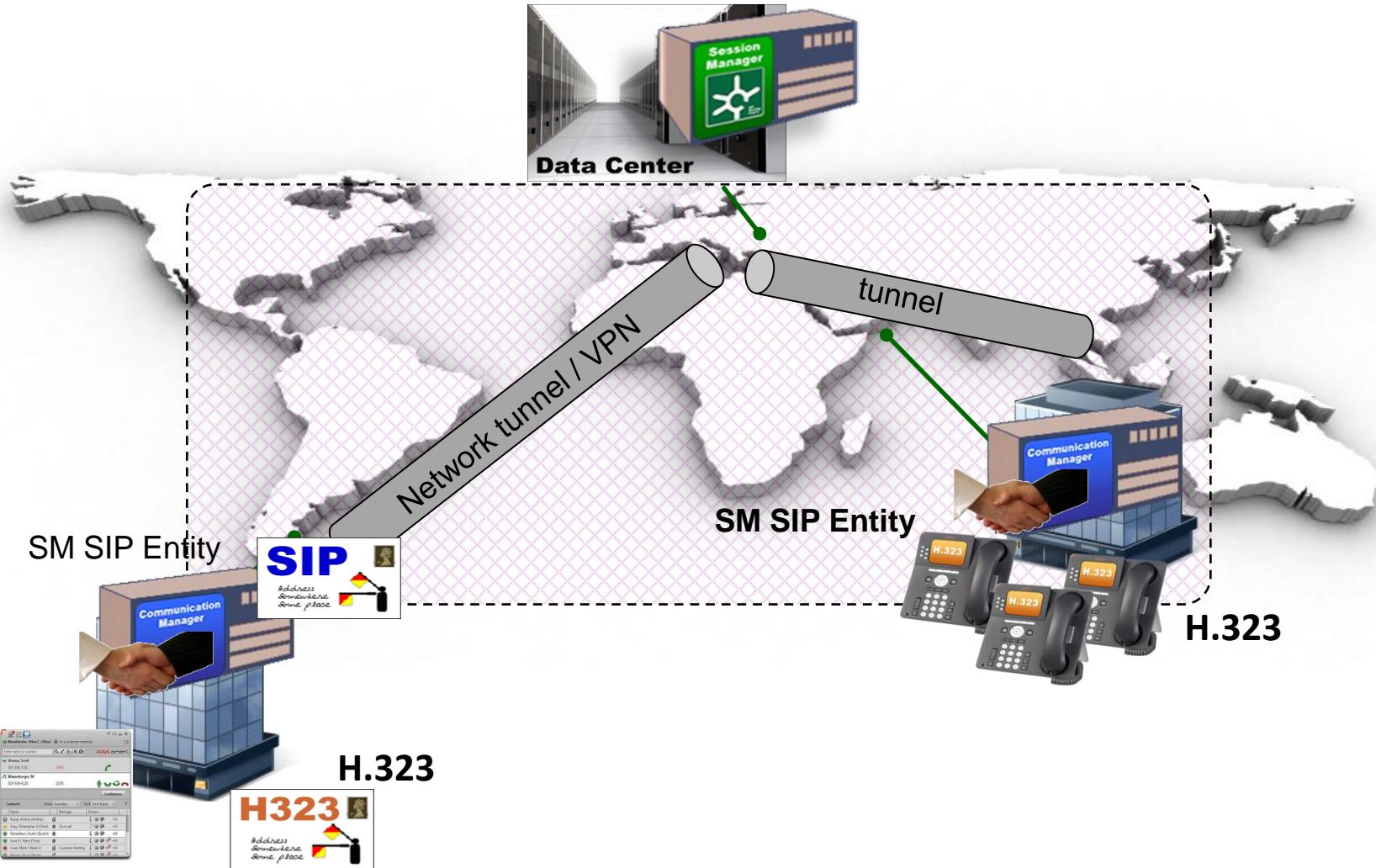
Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

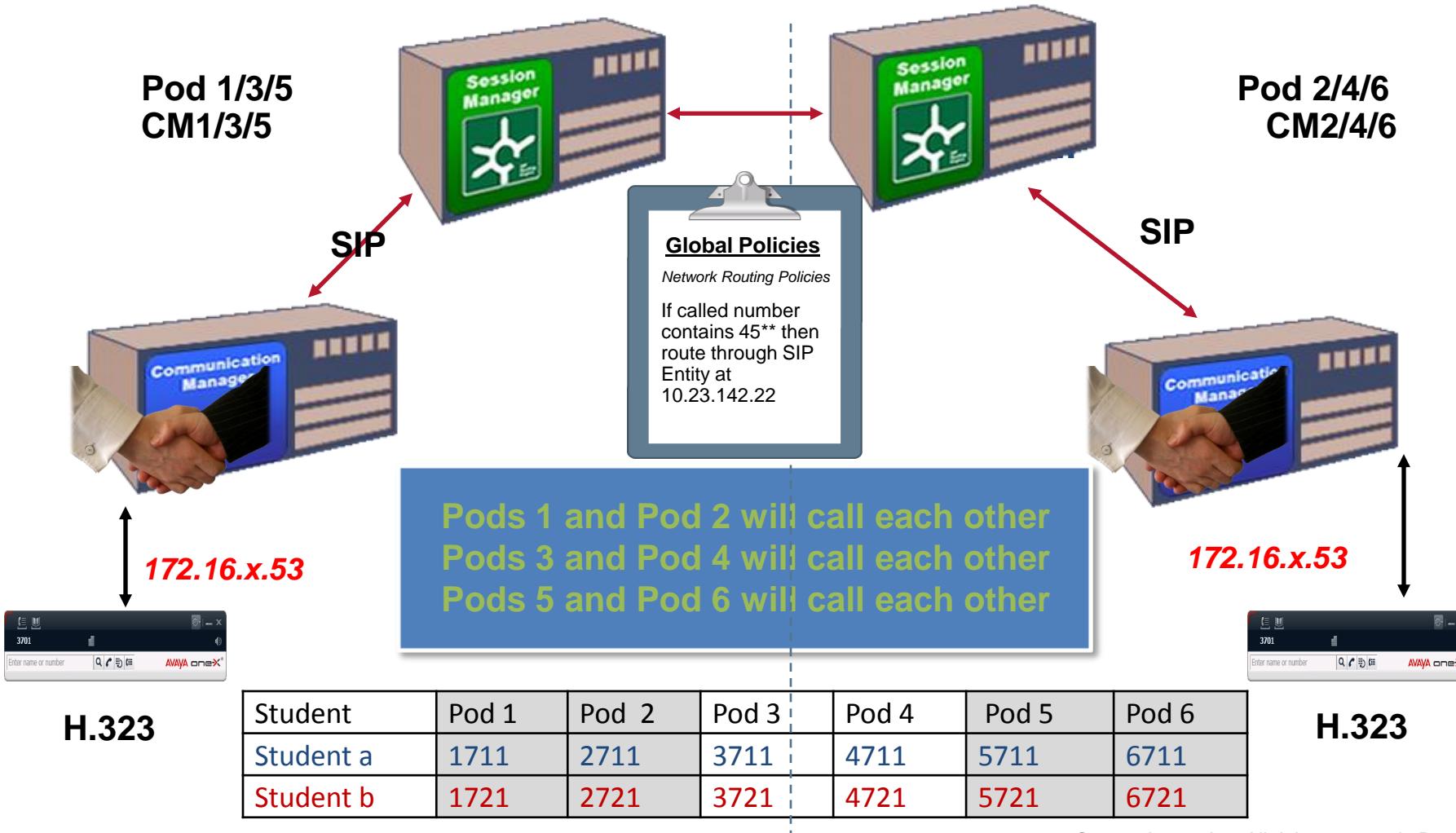


Defining the SIP Routing Policy

Session Manager & Communication Manager



Routing Scenario 1: H.323 to H.323 Call Routing through Session Manager



SIP Domains Review

Components of Routing Policies- SIP Domains



2



3



4



5



6



1



7

Locations



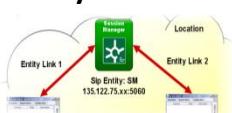
Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

Dial Patterns

+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to
001442920

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

SIP Domains

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged on at January 9, 2012 4:03 PM Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin User Management Home

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

SIP Domains (continued)

Is this a SIP Domain I'm supposed to process?

09:44:55.765 : INVITE : sip:1234@ubiquity.net
Outgoing Message.

UDP (reliable=false): ip=172.25.1.60, port=5060, plugin=null,
forceUDP=false, TTL=1

INVITE sip:1234@ubiquity.net SIP/2.0
Call-ID: <1473026316145316700@192.168.202.4
Content-Length: 122
Content-Type: application/sdp
To: sip:1234@ubiquity.net
From: sip:1000@ubiquity.net;tag=1210833296
Contact: sip:192.168.202.4:5060
Route: <sip:172.25.1.60;lr>
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP
192.168.202.4:5060;branch=z9hG4bKC0A8CA04BADF00D00000
11D20A3B83445

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SIP Domains – No Authoritative Domain

1. Every SIP domain must be configured in order for Session Manager to route to it.
2. If it receives a request from a domain for which it is not authoritative then it will send it to DNS to resolve.



```
135.148.78.120 .... 66.246.235.42
L:38:37,296 |--INVITE-->| | (1) T:2222 F:1 U:2222
L:38:37,314 |
L:38:37,335 |
L:38:37,335 |
L:38:37,336 | Originating Location found | Location: Colorado
L:38:37,337 | Request Dial Pattern route | for: sip:2222@jojo.com Location: Colorado
L:38:37,337 | No authoritative domain | Domain: jojo.com
L:38:37,337 | Request Regular Expression | 
L:38:37,337 | Route not found, proxying | 
L:38:37,342 | Resolving SIP URI | 
L:38:37,457 | Resolved DNS Location | 
L:38:37,461 |--INVITE-->| | (1) T:2222 F:1 U:2222
```

No Authoritative Domain for jojo.com

Sending it to Outbound Proxy/DNS to resolve jojo.com

SIP Domains

Only Domains of type **SIP** can be used for routing

Routing >> Domains

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Last Logged on at December 15, 2011 9:34 AM Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Routing Session Manager Routing Home

Home / Elements / Routing / Domains -

Domain Management Help ? Commit Cancel

1 Item Refresh	Filter: Enable		
Name	Type	Default	Notes
* training.com	sip	<input type="checkbox"/>	

* Input Required Commit Cancel

Routing Domains Locations Adaptations SIP Entities Entity Links Time Ranges Routing Policies Dial Patterns Regular Expressions Defaults

Locations Review

Components of Routing Policies- Locations



Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

Network Locations



Locations

Routing >> Locations

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar displays the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". On the left, a vertical sidebar menu is open under the "Routing" category, with "Locations" selected. The main content area is titled "Location" and contains a list of four items: "Basking Ridge", "Classroom", "Denver", and "Florida". Each item has a checkbox next to it. Below the list is a "Select" dropdown menu with options "All, None". At the top of the content area, there are several buttons: "Edit", "New", "Duplicate", "Delete", and "More Actions". The URL in the browser's address bar is "Home / Elements / Routing / Locations -".

The Location associates an IP address pattern with a name to be used in the Routing Policy to determine the originating location of a call. Locations also set the Call Admission Control parameters.

Locations (continued)

- Session Manager can manage bandwidth parameters to each location from this screen.
- It is activated once you enter a value in the Total Bandwidth field

Location Details

General

* Name:

Notes:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units:

Total Bandwidth:

Multimedia Bandwidth:

Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth:

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters

Maximum Multimedia Bandwidth (Intra-Location): Kbit/Sec

Maximum Multimedia Bandwidth (Inter-Location): Kbit/Sec

Minimum Multimedia Bandwidth: Kbit/Sec

* Default Audio Bandwidth: Kbit/sec

CAC – Call Admission Control Parameters

Prevents oversubscription of VOIP networks, applies to media traffic, not signaling traffic.

- You can segment the bandwidth between audio and video traffic on the network.
- Each Location has a "bandwidth per call" and a "total managed bandwidth"

Locations are already configured

Routing >> Locations

Location Details

Call Admission Control has been set to ignore SDP. All calls will be counted using the Default Audio Bandwidth.
See Session Manager -> Session Manager Administration -> Global Setting

General

* Name:

Notes:

Overall Managed Bandwidth

Managed Bandwidth Units:

Total Bandwidth:

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters

* Default Audio Bandwidth: Kbit/sec

Location Pattern

1 Item |

Filter:

<input type="checkbox"/>	IP Address Pattern	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	* 135.*	<input type="text"/>

Managed Bandwidth Usage

- ▶ Displays system-wide bandwidth usage information for locations where usage is managed.
- ▶ The details expansion shows the breakdown of usage among Session Manager Instances.

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. The main content area displays the Managed Bandwidth Usage page, which lists bandwidth usage for four locations: Classroom, Denver, Basking Ridge, and Florida. The table provides detailed bandwidth statistics for each location, such as Audio Call Count, Audio BW Used, Multimedia Cell Count, Multimedia BW Used, Multimedia BW Allow, Multimedia BW %Used, Total BW Used, Total BW Allow, and Total BW %Used. The 'Managed Bandwidth' link in the left sidebar is highlighted with a red box.

Details	Location	Audio Call Count	Audio BW Used	Multimedia Cell Count	Multimedia BW Used	Multimedia BW Allow	Multimedia BW %Used	Total BW Used	Total BW Allow	Total BW %Used
▶ Show	Classroom	0	0	0	0	No Limit	N/A	0	No Limit	N/A
▶ Show	Denver	0	0	0	0	No Limit	N/A	0	No Limit	N/A
▶ Show	Basking Ridge	0	0	0	0	No Limit	N/A	0	No Limit	N/A
▶ Show	Florida	0	0	0	0	No Limit	N/A	0	No Limit	N/A

Adaptations Review

Components of Routing Policies- Adaptations



Global Policies

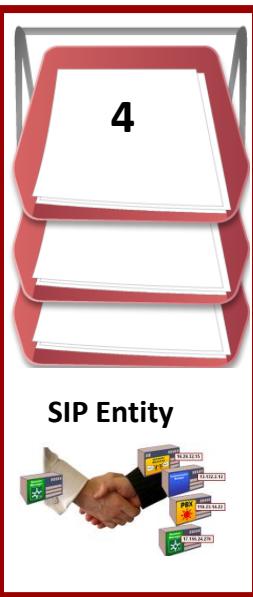
Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

**Not Required for this scenario.
More on these later!**

SIP Entities

Components of Routing Policies- SIP Entities



Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

SIP Entities



SIP Entities (continued)

Last Logged on At January 9, 2012 4:03 PM

Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

User Management × Home

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

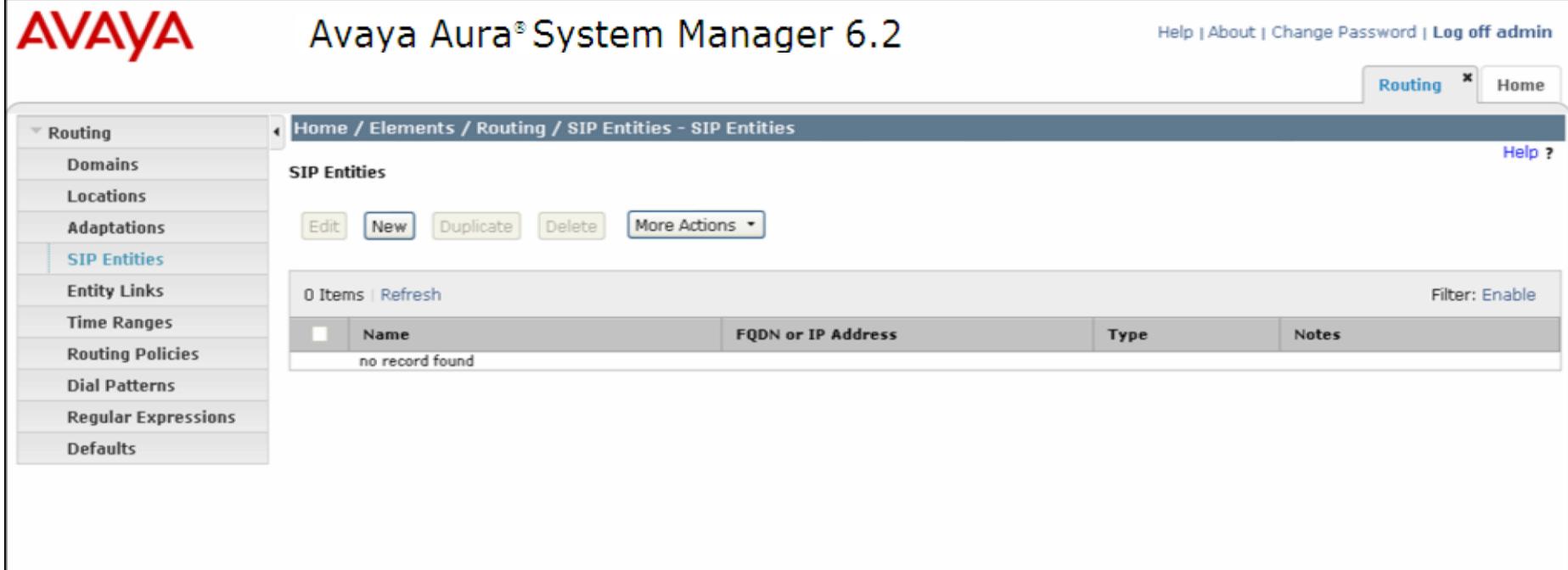
- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- UCM Services**
Manage UCM applications and navigation such as CS1000 deployment, patching, ISSS and SNMP

SIP Entities (continued)

Routing >> SIP Entities



The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. A secondary navigation bar at the top right shows "Routing" and "Home". On the left, a sidebar menu under "Routing" lists: Domains, Locations, Adaptations, SIP Entities (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The main content area has a breadcrumb path: Home / Elements / Routing / SIP Entities - SIP Entities. It displays a table titled "SIP Entities" with columns: Name, FQDN or IP Address, Type, and Notes. A message indicates "0 Items | Refresh" and "no record found". Action buttons for Edit, New, Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions are located above the table. A "Filter: Enable" link is also present.

Select New

SIP Entities (continued)

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for a SIP entity named "CM-Evolution". The fields include:

- Name:** CM-Evolution
- FQDN or IP Address:** 172.16.3.53
- Type:** CM (highlighted by a callout box)
- Notes:** [empty]
- Adaptation:** [dropdown menu]
- Location:** [dropdown menu]
- Time Zone:** America/Fortaleza
- Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:** [checkbox]
- SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):** 4
- Credential name:** [text input]
- Call Detail Recording:** none

Annotations:

- A callout box labeled "Enter unique name" points to the Name field.
- A callout box labeled "Enter IP address or FQDN" points to the FQDN or IP Address field.
- A callout box labeled "Choose the Type. This cannot be changed once saved" points to the Type dropdown menu.

- Different fields will appear when adding a SIP entity other than Session Manager. They will be covered later when adding CM

SIP Entities (continued)

SIP Link Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring:

Use Session Manager Configuration

Use Session Manager Configuration

Link Monitoring Enabled

Link Monitoring Disabled

SIP Link Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring:

Link Monitoring Enabled

* Proactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds): 900

How often the Entity is monitored when the link to the Entity is up or active

* Reactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds): 120

How often the Entity is monitored when a link to the Entity is down or inactive

* Number of Retries: 1

The number of times Session Manager tries to reach the SIP Entity before marking it as down or unavailable

Question: How does Session Manager monitor Entities?

Answer: Session Manager sends SIP OPTIONS messages.

SIP Entities (continued)

- ▶ 6.2 offers improved Call Admission Control for SIP Entities such as CM.
- ▶ This makes it possible for some Avaya Aura SIP Entities to take control over ALL of the bandwidth OR share it with Session Manager.

The screenshot shows the 'SIP Link Monitoring' configuration page. It includes fields for Proactive and Reactive Monitoring intervals, Number of Retries, and options for Call Admission Control, Shared Bandwidth Management, and bandwidth associations with Session Managers.

Callout Boxes:

- Left Callout:** 'Enables CAC management for SIP Entity' points to the 'Supports Call Admission Control' checkbox.
- Top Callout:** 'Enables CAC management for SIP Entity' points to the 'Link Monitoring Enabled' dropdown menu.
- Right Callout:** 'SM Instances that support the PUBLISH API to this SIP Entity' points to the dropdown menus for 'Primary Session Manager Bandwidth Association' and 'Backup Session Manager Bandwidth Association'.

SIP Link Monitoring

SIP Link Monitoring: Link Monitoring Enabled

* Proactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds): 900

* Reactive Monitoring Interval (in seconds): 120

* Number of Retries: 1

Supports Call Admission Control:

Shared Bandwidth Manager:

Primary Session Manager Bandwidth Association:

Backup Session Manager Bandwidth Association:

Handling Non-Standard Responses to OPTIONS Requests

- ASM 6.2 provides the ability to specify a SIP Response to an OPTIONS request for 3rd party SIP entities

SIP Responses to an OPTIONS Request

Add Remove

1 Item | Refresh Filter: Enable

	Response Code & Reason Phrase	Mark Entity Up/Down	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	200OK	<input type="button" value="up"/> <input type="button" value="down"/>	<input type="text"/>

Select : All, None

* Input Required

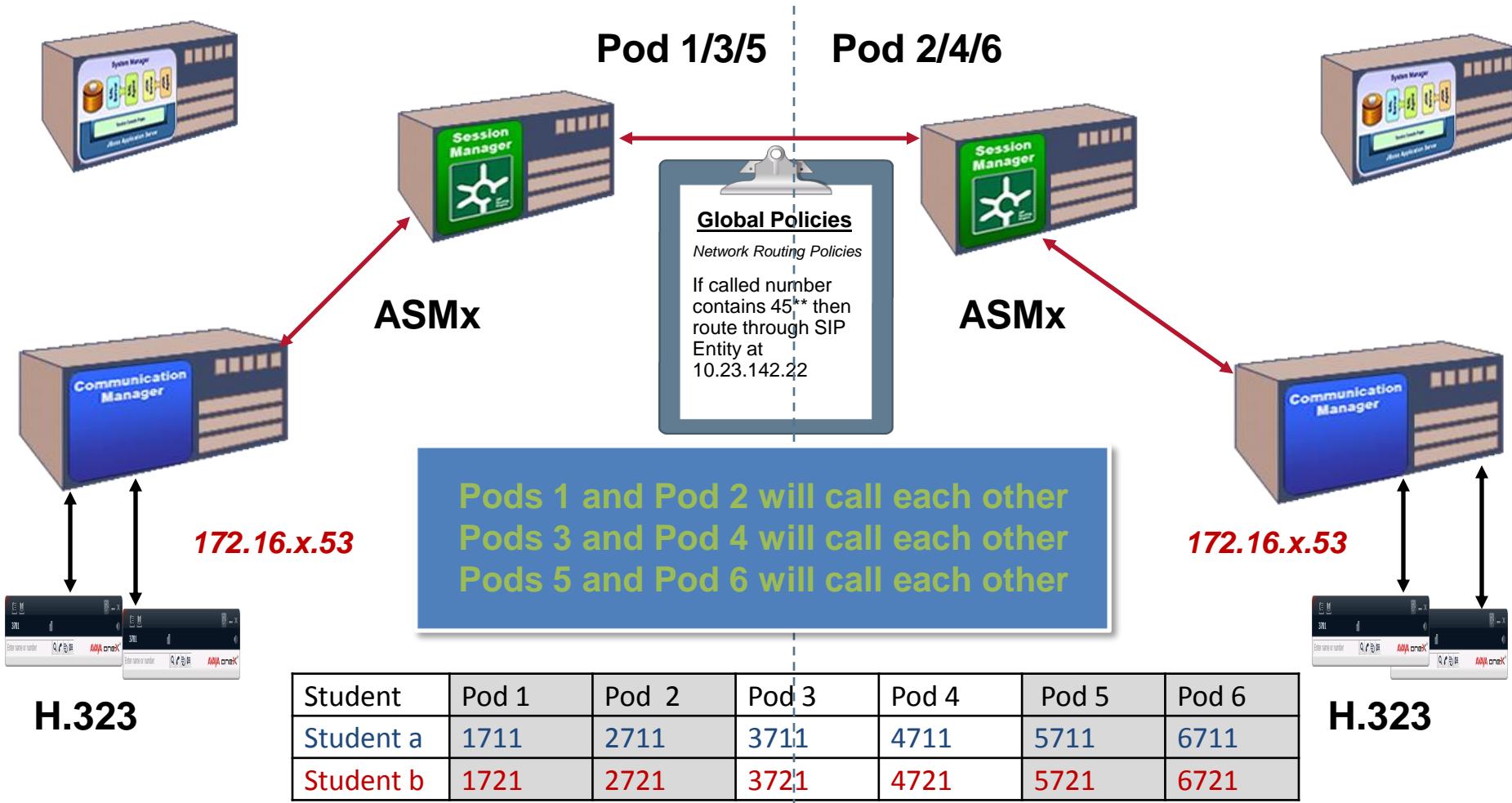
SIP Responses to an Options Request

You can now you add a response to an OPTIONS message for 3rd party SIP Entities.

Commit Cancel

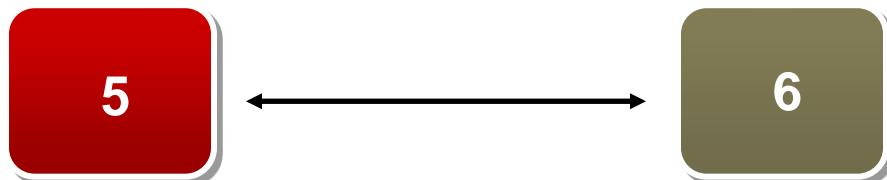
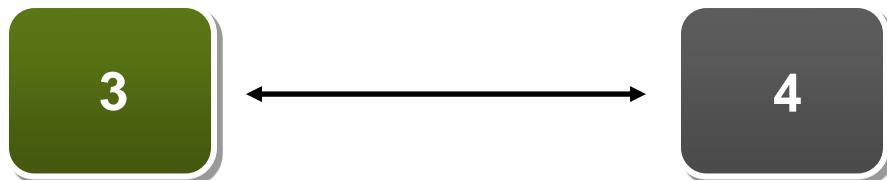
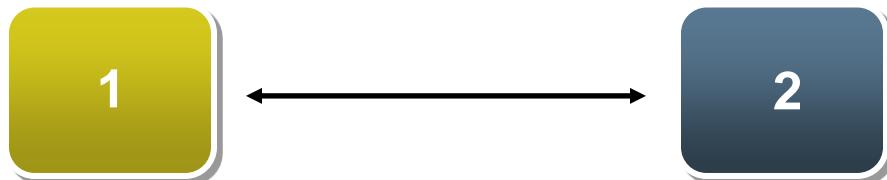
© 2012 Avaya, Inc. All rights reserved, Page 353

Routing Scenario: H.323 to H.323 Call Routing through Session Manager



Pod Neighbors work together

- ▶ Pod 1 works with Pod 2 and so on.

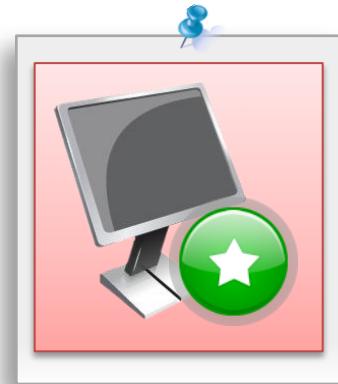


For the next exercise, the following pods will be partnering up.



Exercise: Each Pod will define a SIP Entity for their CM

Objective: To support our first scenario, your CM will be added as a SIP Entity. **One** student from each Pod will define the SIP Entity for their Communication Manager the other student will watch.



Step	Action
1	Define one SIP Entity for CM
2	From the Routing Menu select SIP Entities
3	Select New
4	Enter the name and IP Address for the CM. (refer to the Classroom Layout sheet on your desktop) Student A creates: your CMx 172.16.x.53 Student B shadows
5	Select Type “CM”
6	Use the location: Denver
7	Time Zone: Select America/Denver
8	Use ' Session Manager Configuration ' for SIP Link Monitoring. Let all other fields default.
9	Select Commit

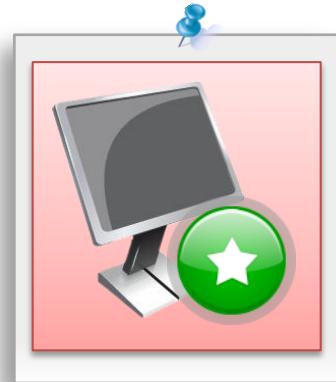


This exercise requires shadowing to be setup between students as one student will complete the exercise and the other student shadows.



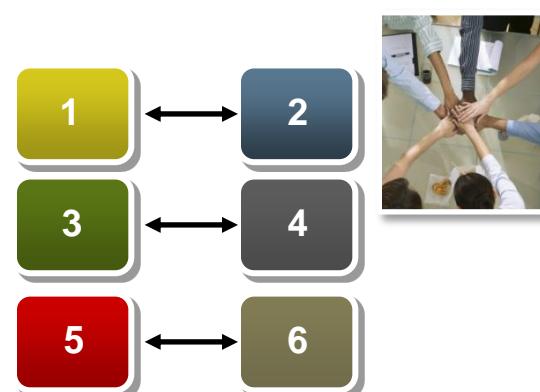
Exercise: Add Pod Neighbor's ASM SIP Entity

Objective: Each pod will add 1 SIP Entity for the Pod Neighbor's ASM



Step	Action
1	Define a SIP Entity for your neighbors' ASM: (a SIP entity for your Pod partner was already created)
2	From the Routing Menu select SIP Entities
3	Select New
4	Enter the name (ASMx) and Eth2 SM100 IP Address for the ASM. (refer to the Classroom Layout sheet on your desktop)
5*	Select Type “ Other ” if the ASM is being managed by another System Manager
6	Use the location: Denver
7	Time Zone: America/Denver
8	Use ‘ Session Manager Configuration ’ for SIP Link Monitoring. Let all other fields default.
9	Select Commit

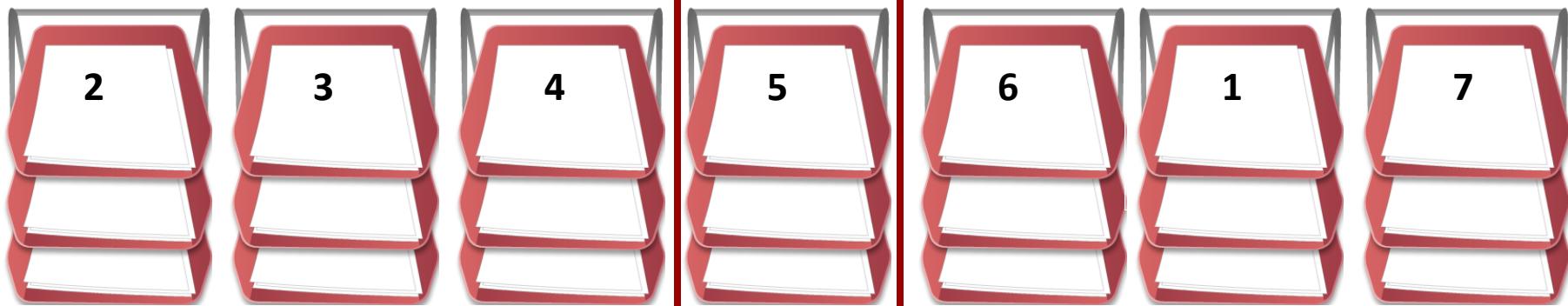
Pod Neighbors work together



For the next exercise, the following pods will be partnering up.

Entity Links

Creating Entity Links



Locations



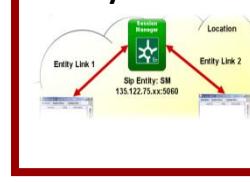
Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

Dial Patterns

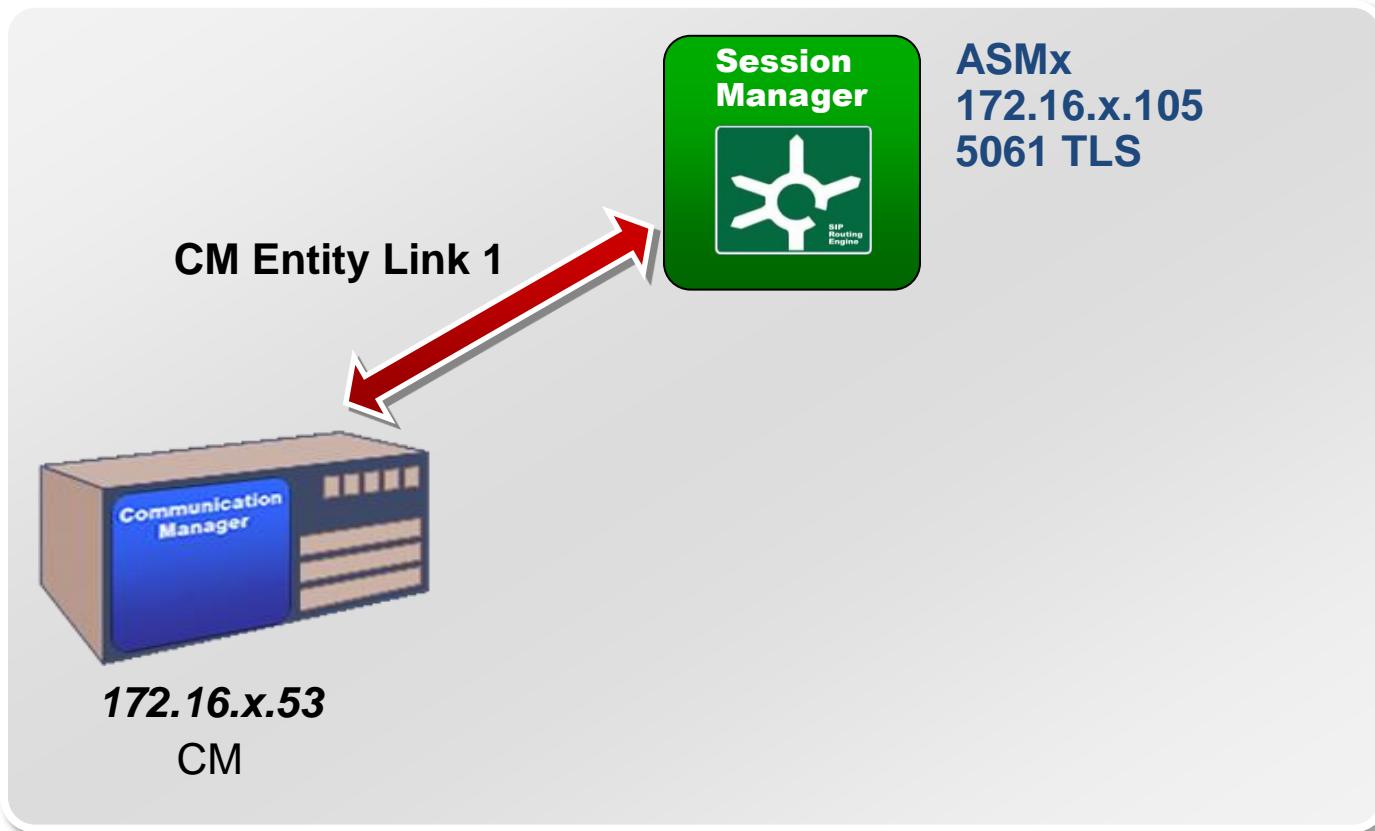
+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to
001442920

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

CM Entity Links



Session Manager requires a SIP Entity Link be created for every CM it will need to talk to directly.

Entity Links



The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes the Avaya logo, the title "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2", and links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. A breadcrumb trail indicates the current location: Home / Elements / Routing / Entity Links - Entity Links. The main content area is titled "Entity Links". On the left, a sidebar under the "Routing" heading lists Domains, Locations, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The central table displays one item with the following details:

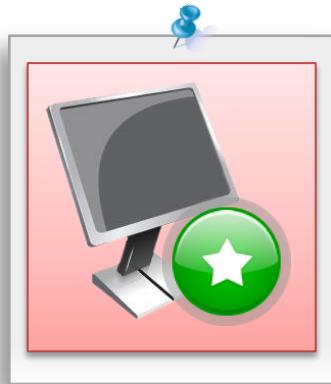
Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	Trusted	Notes
*	*	TLS	* 5061	*	* 5061	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

A note at the bottom left says "* Input Required". On the right side of the table are "Commit" and "Cancel" buttons. The top right corner of the window has "Routing", "Home", "Help?", "Commit", and "Cancel" buttons.

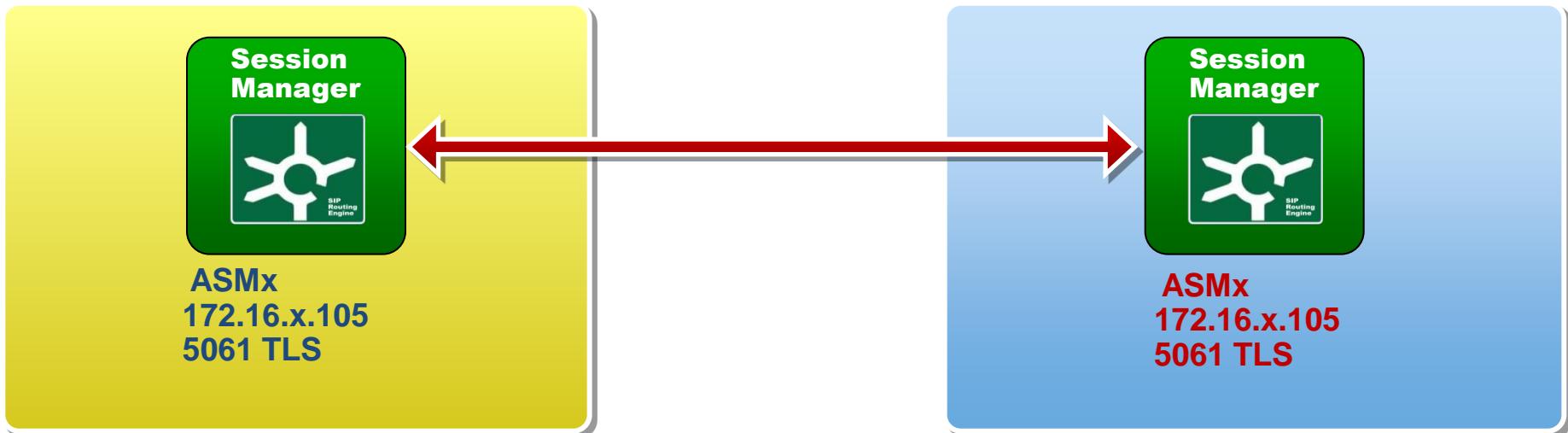
To be able to communicate with other SIP entities, Session Manager must know the port and the transport protocol.

Exercise: Define CM Entity Link

Step	Action
1	From the Routing Menu, select Entity Links
2	Select New
3	Name : Your CM's Entity Link : e.g: ASMX to My CM
4	SIP Entity 1: Select your Session Manager SIP Entity from the drop-down menu Protocol: TLS Port: 5061
5	SIP Entity 2: Your CM Protocol: TLS Port: 5061 Trusted: leave check mark
6	Select Commit to save your changes



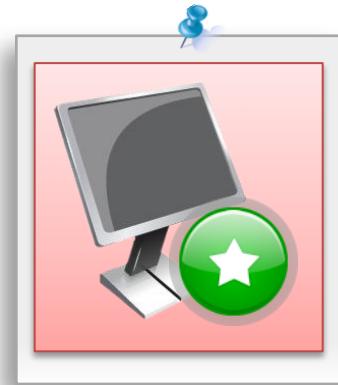
Session Manager Entity Links



Session Manager requires a SIP Entity Link for every Session Manager it will communicate with.

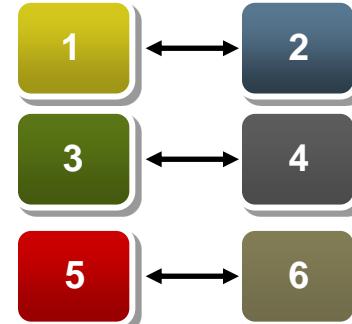
Exercise: Define an Entity Link for pod neighbor's ASM

Objective: Create an entity link from your Session Manager to your pod neighbor's Session Manager.



Step	Action
1	From the Routing Menu, select Entity Links
2	Select New
3	Name : Link to ASMx
4	SIP Entity 1: Select your Session Manager SIP Entity from the drop-down menu Protocol: TLS Port: 5061
5	SIP Entity 2: ASMx Port: 5061 Trusted: leave check mark
6	Select Commit to save your changes

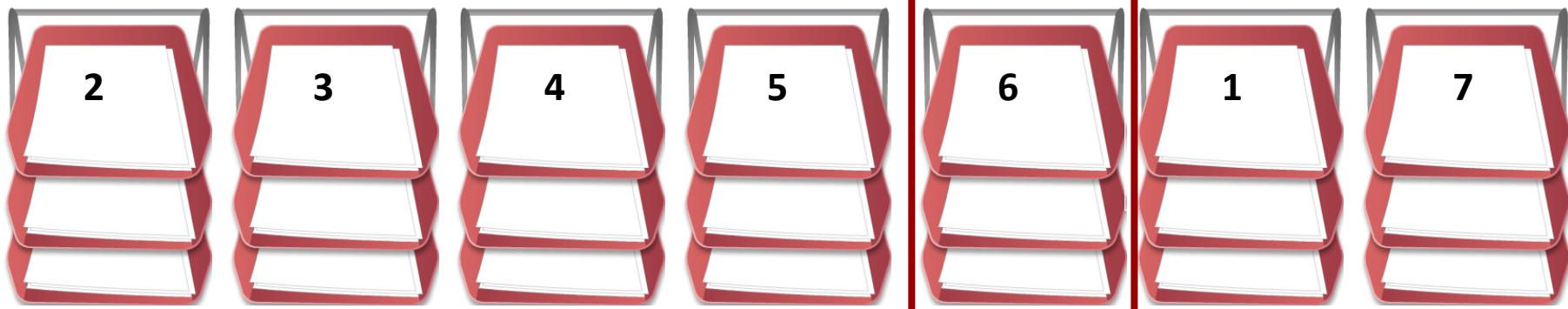
Pod Neighbors work together



For the next exercise, the following pods will be partnering up.

Time Ranges

Creating Time Ranges



Locations



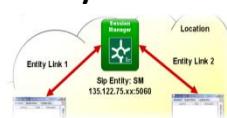
Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

Dial Patterns

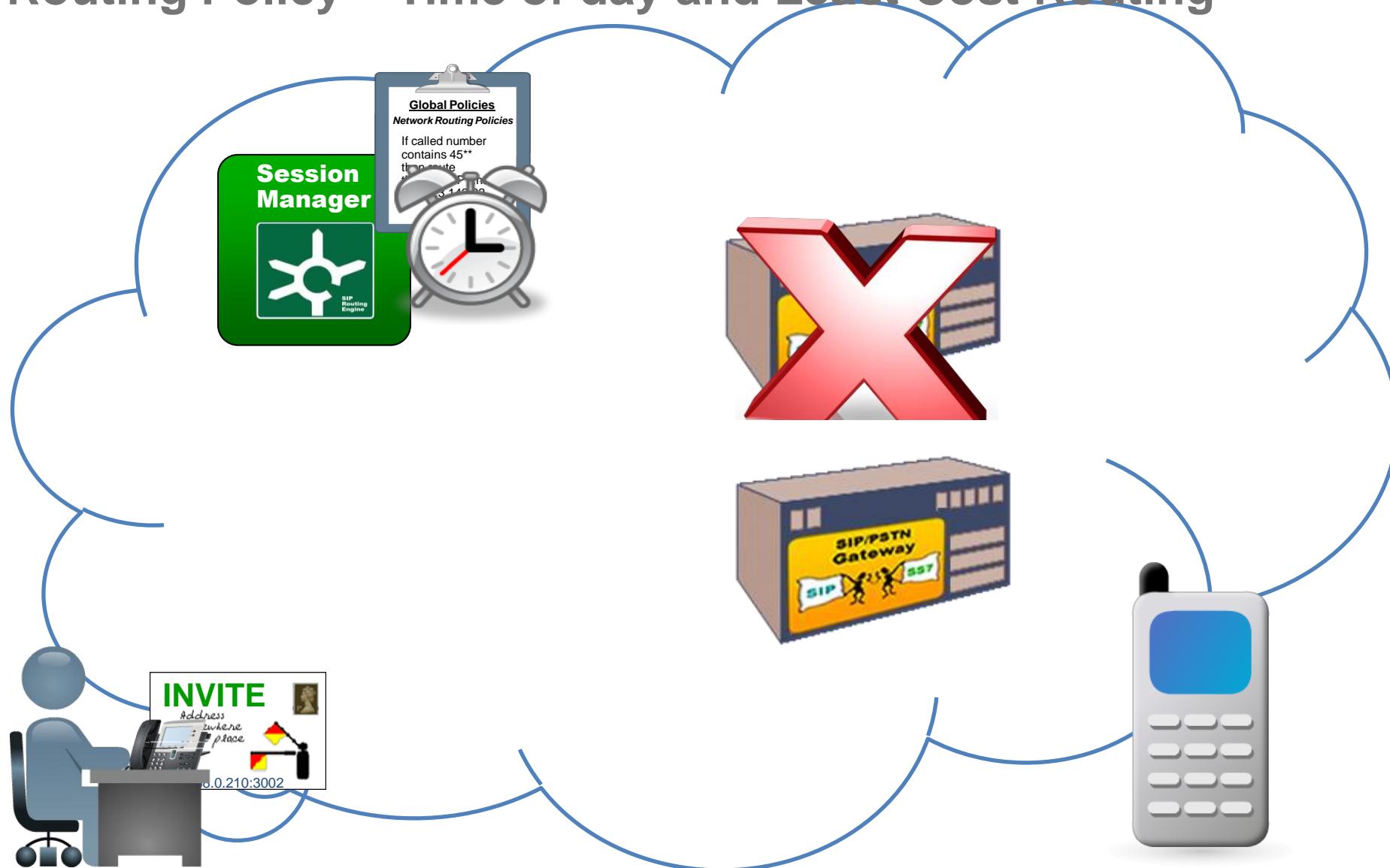
+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to
001442920

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

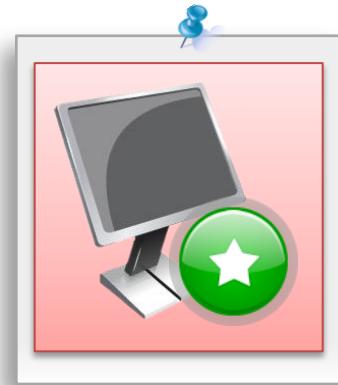
1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

Routing Policy – Time of day and Least Cost Routing



Exercise: Define a Time Range

Step	Action
1	Student a: Define a Time Range that accepts calls Monday through Friday, 9 am to 5 pm. Name it Workweek
2	Student b: Define a Time Range that accepts calls all day Saturday and Sunday. Name it Weekend



Special Note: There is a 24/7 Time Range by default so it does not need to be created.

A screenshot of the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 software interface. The window title is "Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2". The left sidebar shows a navigation tree with "Routing" selected, followed by "Domains", "Locations", "Adaptations", "SIP Entities", "Entity Links", "Time Ranges" (which is highlighted with a dashed border), "Routing Policies", "Dial Patterns", "Regular Expressions", and "Default". The main content area has a breadcrumb trail: "Home / Elements / Routing / Time Ranges -". Below this is a "Time Ranges" section with buttons for "Edit", "New", "Duplicate", "Delete", and "More Actions". A table lists one item: "24/7". The table columns are: Name, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa, Su, Start Time, End Time, and Notes. The "24/7" entry has checkboxes for Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa, and Su all checked, and the "Start Time" is set to "00:00" and "End Time" to "23:59". A note in the "Notes" column says "Time Range 24/7". At the bottom of the table, there is a "Select : All, None" button.

You must specify as many time ranges as necessary to cover all hours and days in a week for each administered routing policy.

Routing Policies

Creating Routing Policies



Locations



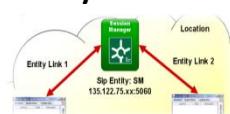
Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

Dial Patterns

+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to
001442920

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

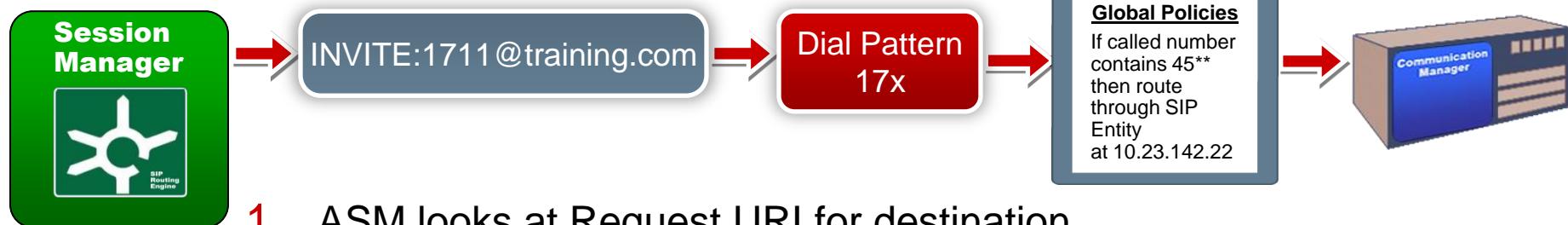
Routing Policies

Home / Elements / Routing / Routing Policies -

Routing Policies

Edit New Duplicate Delete More Actions ▾

Name	Disabled	Destination	Note
ASM1	<input type="checkbox"/>	SessionManager1	
CM-Messaging	<input type="checkbox"/>	Messaging	
CommunicationManager1	<input type="checkbox"/>	CommunicationManager1	



1. ASM looks at Request URI for destination
2. Checks Dial Pattern/Regular Expressions for a match
3. Once it finds a match it uses the associated Routing Policy to route the call

Routing Policies (continued)

Each "Routing Policy" defines the "Routing Destination" (which is a "SIP Entity") as well as the "Time of Day" and its associated "Ranking".

Routing Policy Details

General

* Name:

Disabled:

Notes:

SIP Entity as Destination

Select

Name	FQDN or IP Address
24/7	

24/7 Time of Day is the default.

1 Item | Refresh

	Ranking	1 ▲	Name	2 ▲	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
<input type="checkbox"/>	0		24/7		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					

Select : All, None

SIP Entities

9 Items | Refresh

Name
AAC_01
ACE
CommunicationManager1
MeetingExchange01
Messaging
Presence1
SessionManager1
SessionManager2
SessionManager3

Filter: Enable

Notes

Time Range 24/7

Select : None

**Each Routing Policy defines the "Routing Destination".
Select a defined SIP Entity.**



Routing Policies (continued)

1. Save the new Routing Policy then define a new Dial Pattern or Regular Expression.
2. The Routing Policy can be assigned from within the Dial Pattern or Regular Expression page.

Dial Patterns

Add Remove

0 Items | Refresh Filter: Enable

	Pattern	Min	Max	Emergency Call	SIP Domain	Originating Location	Notes
--	---------	-----	-----	----------------	------------	----------------------	-------

Regular Expressions

Add Remove

0 Items | Refresh Filter: Enable

	Pattern	Rank Order	Deny	Notes
--	---------	------------	------	-------

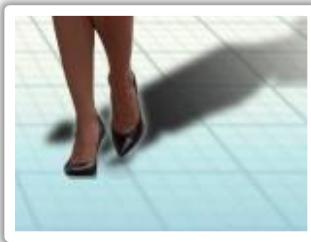
* Input Required

Commit Cancel

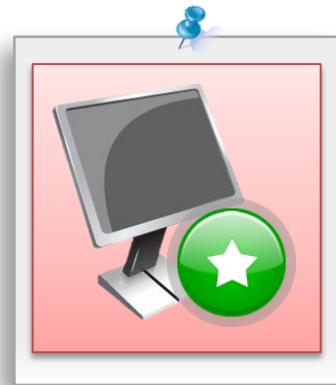
If a Dial Pattern or Expression does not already exist, it **CANNOT** be created in the Routing Policy page. Dial Patterns are created in the next step.

Exercise: Define (1) Routing Policy to Your CM

Objective: Define a Routing Policy to route calls to the Communication Managers



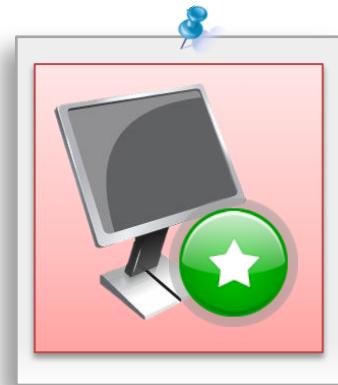
This is a shared exercise and will require students to shadow and view each other's changes.



Step	Action
1	Create (1) new Routing Policies. - One Student adds Routing Policy for your CM
2	Select Routing Policies from the Routing Menu
3	Enter Routing Policy : RP to CMx
4	Click on the Select button below <i>SIP Entity as Destination</i> .
5	Select the radio button next to the CM SIP Entity. Click on the Select button .
6	You can not pick a dial pattern yet. Leave at default.
7	Select Commit to save your changes.

Exercise: Define Routing Policy to Neighbor's ASM's

Objective: Define a Routing Policy to route calls to the neighboring
ASM.

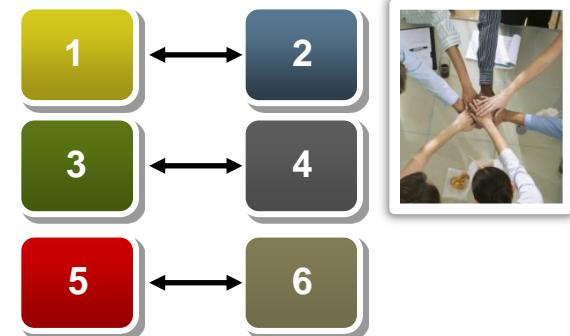


Step	Action
1	Create a new Routing Policy for other Session Manager
2	Select Routing Policies from the Routing Menu
3	Enter Routing Policy Name (example: RP to ASMx)
4	Click on the Select button below <i>SIP Entity as Destination</i> .
5	Select the radio button next to the ASM SIP Entity. Click on the Select button .
6	You can not pick a dial pattern yet. Leave at default.
7	Select Commit to save your changes.



172.16.x.105

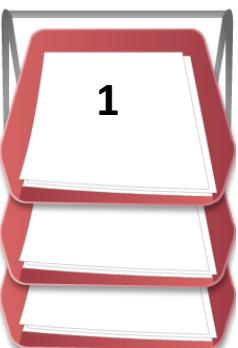
Pod Neighbors work together



For the next exercise, the
following pods will be
partnering up.

Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns



Locations



Adaptations



SIP Entity



Entity Links



Time Ranges



SIP Domains

avaya.com
avaya.co.uk
avaya.co.sng
elsewhere.com

Dial Patterns

+44 to 00144
001 to +1
02920 to +442920
02920 to
001442920

Global Policies

Network Routing Policies

1. Destination SIP Entity
2. Time Ranges
3. Dial Patterns
4. Expressions

Dial Patterns (continued)

```
| INVITE sip:92001@training.com SIP/2.0
```

Who?
How do I Route extension 2711?
Where?

```
| Supported: 100rel,historic,join,replaces,scp-anat,timer
| Allow: INVITE,ACK,OPTIONS,BYE,CANCEL,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,REFER,INFO,PRACK,PUBLISH
| User-Agent: Avaya CM/R016x.00.0.345.0
| Contact: "81001" <sip:135.122.80.142:5061;transport=tls>
| Accept-Language: en
| Alert-Info: <cid:internal@training.com>;avaya-cm-alert-type=internal
| History-Info: <sip:92001@training.com>;index=1
| History-Info: "92001" <sip:92001@training.com>;index=1.1
| Min-SE: 1200
| P-Asserted-Identity: "81001" <sip:training.com>
| Record-Route: <sip:2de0d57f@135.122.81.58;transport=tls;lr>
| Record-Route: <sip:135.122.80.142:5061;transport=tls;lr>
| Session-Expires: 1200;refresher=uac
| Privacy: id
| P-Charging-Vector: icid-value="AAS:131-85c80e001dffbe4f84c5e6df9f8"
| Content-Type: application/sdp
|
| ...
```



**SIP Entity:
My Session Manager**

172.16.x.53



CM1 station: 1911

172.16.x.53



CM2 Station 1711

Dial Patterns (continued)

Routing

- Domains
- Locations
- Adaptations
- SIP Entities
- Entity Links
- Time Ranges
- Routing Policies
- Dial Patterns
- Regular Expressions
- Defaults

Home / Elements / Routing / Dial Patterns - Help ?

Dial Patterns

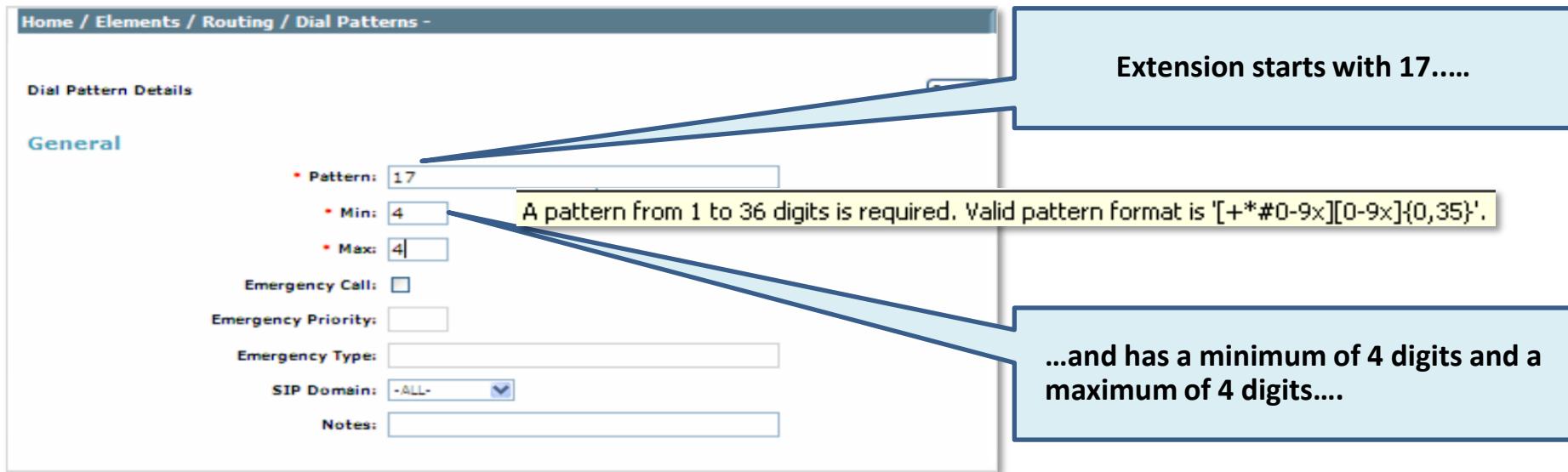
Edit New Duplicate Delete More Actions ▾

0 Items Refresh Filter: Enable

	Pattern	Min	Max	Emergency Call	Emergency Type	Emergency Priority	SIP Domain	Notes
no record found								

A dial pattern specifies which routing policy is used to route a call based on matching the digits dialed by a user.

Dial Pattern (continued)



Home / Elements / Routing / Dial Patterns -

Dial Pattern Details

General

* Pattern: 17

* Min: 4

* Max: 4

A pattern from 1 to 36 digits is required. Valid pattern format is '[+*#0-9x][0-9x]{0,35}'.

Emergency Call:

Emergency Priority:

Emergency Type:

SIP Domain: -ALL-

Notes:

Extension starts with 17....

...and has a minimum of 4 digits and a maximum of 4 digits....

Pattern:

- ▶ Valid digits are 0-9
- ▶ Valid characters for the leading position are, +, *, and #
- ▶ x (lowercase only) is a wildcard character
- ▶ White spaces are not allowed.
- ▶ * and # are not wildcards as they can be part of the Dial Pattern

Longer matches get a higher priority over shorter matches.

For example, +1601555 has a higher priority as compared to +1601.

For matches of equal length, exact matches have a higher priority over wildcard matches.

For example, +1601555 has a higher priority as compared to +1xxx555.

Dial Pattern (continued)

Originating Locations and Routing Policies

Add Remove

0 Items | Refresh

Originating Location Name	Originating Location Notes	Routing Policy Name
---------------------------	----------------------------	---------------------

Route to this endpoint.....
Defined in Routing Policy.....

Originating Location

Apply The Selected Routing Policies to All Originating Locations

1 Item | Refresh Filter: Enable

Name	Notes
training	

Select : All, None

...and the source has an IP defined in this Location

Routing Policies

2 Items | Refresh

Name Disabled Destination Notes

Name	Disabled	Destination	Notes
CM1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CM1	
CM2	<input type="checkbox"/>	CM2	

Select : All, None

....and uses this Routing Policy

Dial Pattern (continued)

You can block processing of calls from some or ALL

Denied Originating Locations

0 Items | Refresh Filter: Enable

<input type="checkbox"/>	Originating Location	Notes
--------------------------	----------------------	-------

* Input Required

Denied Originating Location List

Originating Locations

Apply to All Originating Locations

0 Items | Refresh Filter: Enable

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Notes
--------------------------	------	-------

Regular Expressions

Regular Expressions

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2 interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Help, About, Change Password, and Log off admin. Below the header, a breadcrumb trail indicates the current location: Home / Elements / Routing / Regular Expressions - Regular Expressions. A left sidebar menu under the 'Routing' heading lists various options: Domains, Locations, Adaptations, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions (which is currently selected), and Defaults. The main content area is titled 'Regular Expressions' and contains a table with one row, showing 'no record found'. Action buttons for Edit, New, Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions are available above the table.

Regular Express enables use of:

1. Alpha-numeric characters
2. Wildcards

"*" matches any character string.

Some examples are:

- ▶ For “www.SIPentity.domain.com”, use the string “www\.\SIPentity\.\domain\.\com”
- ▶ For “192.14.11.22”, use string “192\.\14\.\11\.\22”.
 - The routing policy with a regular expression .*\@\.*\.de routes all calls requesting a domain in Germany (for example, name@company.de) to a Frankfurt Gateway.

Regular Expressions (continued)

Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2

Regular Expression Details

General

- * Pattern: **SIP:12[5-9]{2}@SALES\.net**
- * Rank Order: **0**
- Deny:
- Notes:

Routing Policy

Add **Remove**

0 Items Refresh

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Disabled	Destination	Notes
--------------------------	------	----------	-------------	-------

SIP:12[5-9]{2}@sales\.net

Associates this Regular Expression to an existing Routing Policy

The diagram illustrates the configuration of a regular expression in Avaya Aura System Manager 6.2. A callout box highlights the pattern 'SIP:12[5-9]{2}@SALES\.net' in the 'General' section. Another callout box points to the 'Add' button in the 'Routing Policy' section, indicating that this regular expression is being associated with an existing routing policy.

Regular Expressions and Modular Messaging

- ▶ Avaya SIP endpoints send a **SUBSCRIBE** message to CM to subscribe to a feature called “**message-summary**” which notifies them of messages waiting.
- ▶ When endpoints receive a MWI (Message Waiting Indication) from Modular Messaging, its SIP URI (mm@avaya.com) is used in the NOTIFY message back to the endpoints.
- ▶ A Regular Expression would have to be created for Session Manager to do a pattern match on Modular Messaging’s SIP URI and properly route those messages to Modular Messaging and subscribers.
- ▶ A routing policy would also have to be created to route to a Modular Messaging SIP Entity.

Regular Expression Details

General

* Pattern: mm@avaya.com

* Rank Order: 0

Deny:

Notes:

Commit Cancel

Routing Policy

Add Remove

0 Items Refresh Filter: Enable

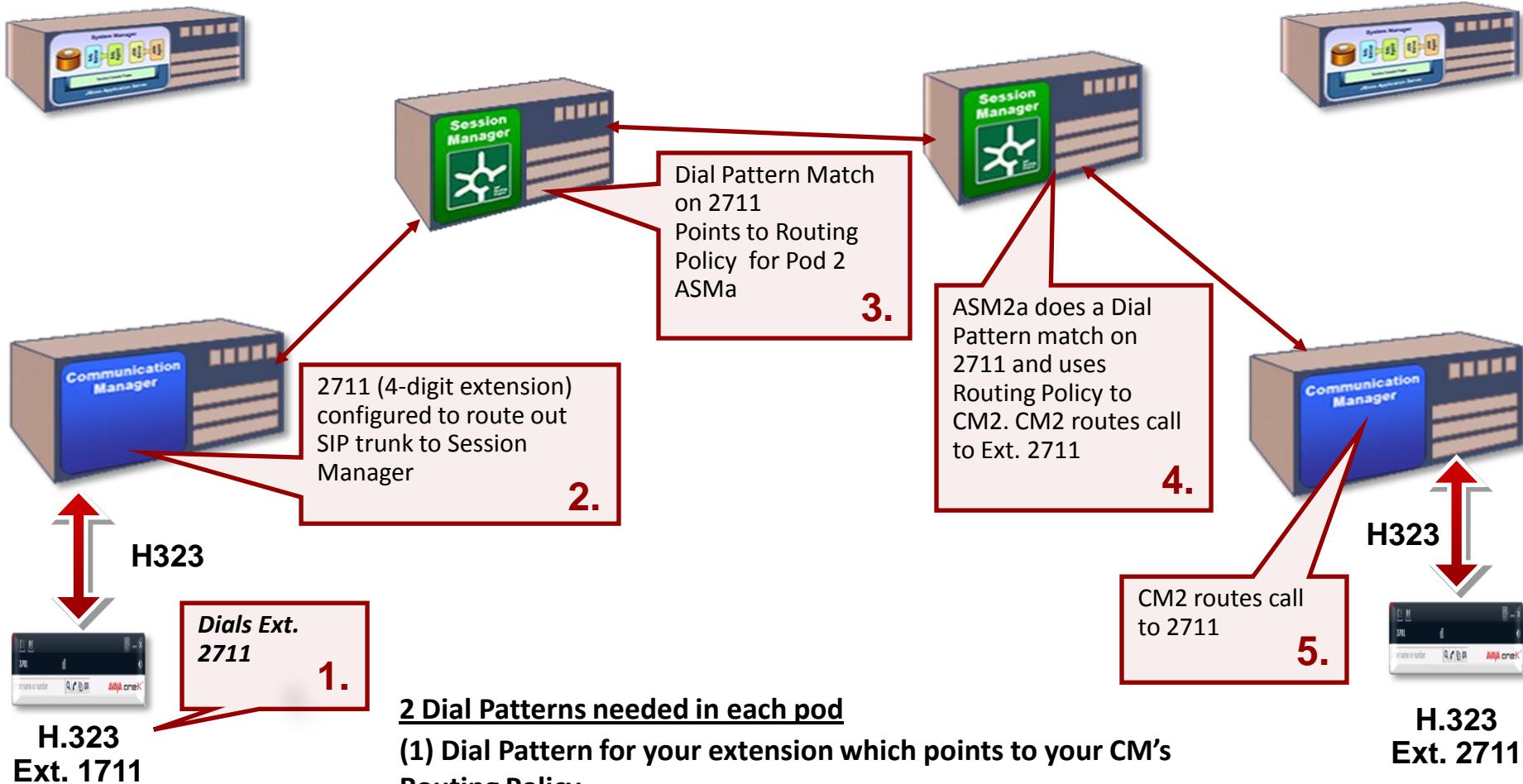
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Disabled	Destination	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	NA.ModularMessaging	Disabled	NA:US:CO?Westminster.MM	

* Input Required

Commit Cancel

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing regular expressions and routing policies. In the 'Regular Expression Details' section, a red box highlights the 'Pattern' field containing 'mm@avaya.com'. Below it, the 'Rank Order' is set to 0. There are 'Deny' and 'Notes' fields. In the 'Routing Policy' section, there's a table with columns for selection, name, disabled status, destination, and notes. One row is listed: 'NA.ModularMessaging' with 'Disabled' checked and 'NA:US:CO?Westminster.MM' as the destination. A note at the bottom says '* Input Required'.

Example Call Flow for H.323 to H.323 Routing



2 Dial Patterns needed in each pod

(1) Dial Pattern for your extension which points to your CM's Routing Policy

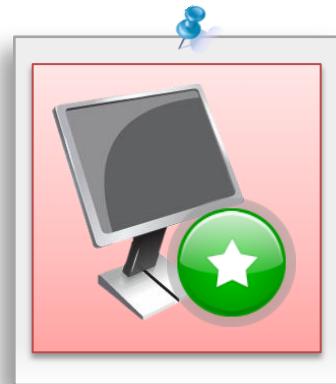
(1) Dial Pattern for your Pod Neighbor's extensions which point to Pod Neighbor's ASM Routing Policy

Exercise: Define Dial Pattern x7 to your CM

Objective: Create a Dial Pattern to route calls to your CMx.



This exercise requires shadowing to be setup between students as one student will complete the exercise and the other student shadows.

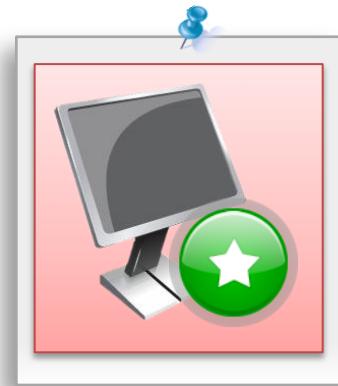


Step	Action
1	Select Dial Patterns from Routing Menu.
2	Select New .
3	Enter the dial pattern which is associated to each CM: Dial Pattern: x7 Min: 4 Max: 4 SIP Domain: -ALL-
4	Click Add
5	Select –Apply The Selected Routing Policies to All Originating Locations
6	Select Corresponding Routing Policy Dial Pattern x7, → RP to Your CMx
7	Click Select .
8	Select Commit to save your changes.

Exercise: Define Dial Pattern to Pod Neighbor's ASM

Objective: Create Dial Patterns to route calls between your ASM and your Pod neighbors' ASM's.

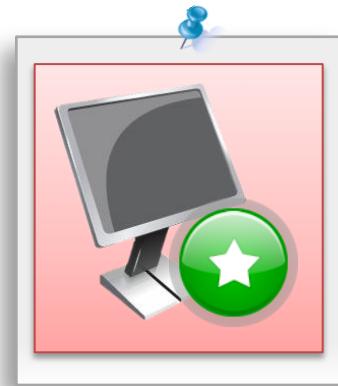
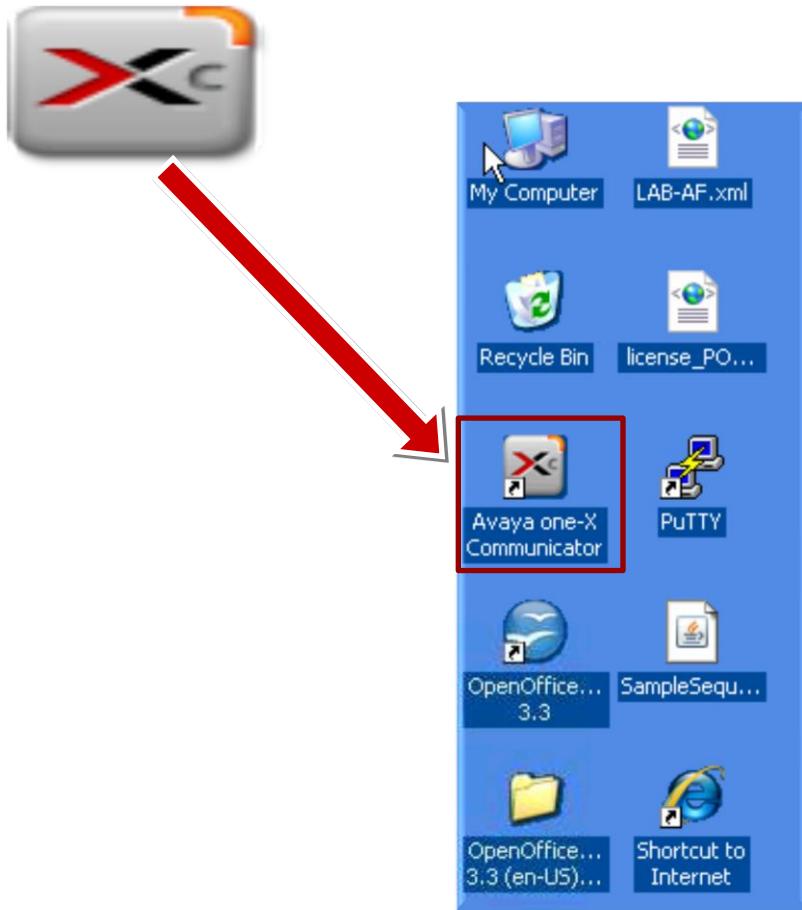
Step	Action
1	Select Dial Patterns from Routing Menu.
2	Select New .
3	Enter the dial pattern which is associated to each Pod Neighbor extension: For example Pod1 can create Dial Pattern to Pod 2: Dial Pattern: 27 Min: 4 Max: 4 SIP Domain: -ALL- For Example Pod2 can create Dial Pattern to Pod1: Dial Pattern: 17 Min: 4 Max: 4 SIP Domain: -ALL-
4	Click Add
5	Select –Apply The Selected Routing Policies to All Originating Locations
6	Select Corresponding Routing Policy Dial Patterns 17 → RP to ASM1 Dial Patterns 27 → RP to ASM2 Dial Patterns 37 → RP to ASM3 Dial Patterns 47 → RP to ASM4 Dial Patterns 57 → RP to ASM5 Dial Patterns 67 → RP to ASM6
7	Click Select .
8	Select Commit to save your changes.



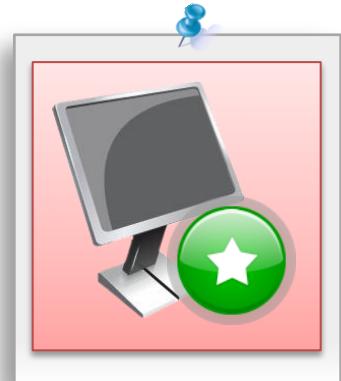
Making Test Calls

Exercise: Access the One-X Communicator

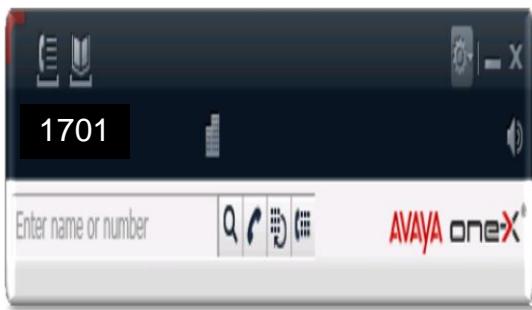
1. Double-click on the One-X Communicator shortcut on your desktop.



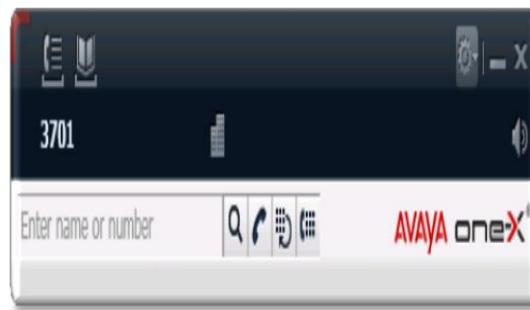
Exercise: Log into the H.323 One-X Communicator Phone



Step	Action
1	Log into your One-X Communicator softphone
2	Enter your extension and password, 123456



SIP station – x711/x721



H323 station – x711/x721

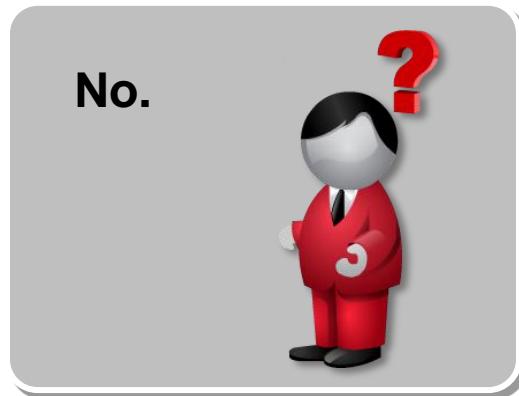
Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	2711	3711	4711	5711	6711
Student b	1721	2721	3721	4721	5721	6721

Troubleshooting

Were you able to login successfully?



Yes!



No.



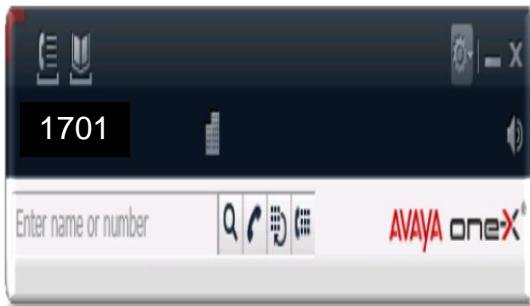
If not, do the following:

1. Retrace and validate your SIP Phone's configuration.
2. Verify connectivity with systems

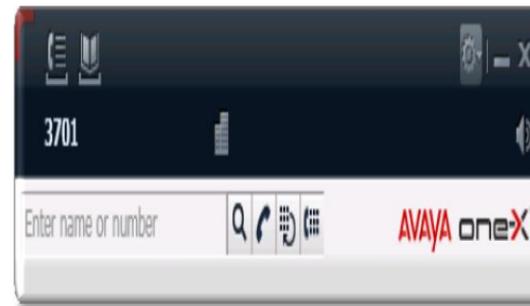
Exercise: Place an H.323 to H.323 call

This exercise will demonstrate routing by Session Manager from an H.323 endpoint to another H.323 endpoint registered to a CM.

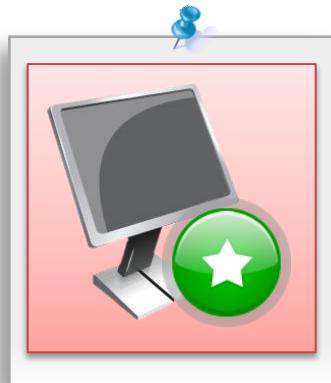
Step	Action
1	From H.323 One-X Communicator dial your pod neighbor's x711 or x721.



SIP station – x711/x721



H323 station – x711/x721



Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	2711	3711	4711	5711	6711
Student b	1721	2721	3721	4721	5721	6721

Troubleshooting

Did the call complete successfully?



Yes!



No.



If not, do the following:

1. Retrace and validate your configuration
2. Run traceSM to diagnose the call flow and search for errors.

Tracing Calls

SIP Tracing

traceSM

- ▶ Custom tool that allows us to trace SIP Requests & Responses in and out of the Session Manager. This tool enables us to more easily diagnose problems.

The screenshot shows a terminal-like interface titled "traceASM - Captured: 412 Displayed: 167". The window has a blue header bar with standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close) and a scroll bar on the right side. The main area displays a log of SIP messages between two users, UA1 and UA2, over an "Asset" connection. The log is color-coded: green for local events (UA1), blue for remote events (UA2), and yellow for system status messages. The log entries include:

- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters |
- 12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route |
- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters |
- 12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route |
- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern found |
- 12:47:41,610 | Route found |
- 12:47:41,610 | Entity Link found |
- 12:47:41,613 | --Trying-->|
- 12:47:41,614 | No hostname resolution required |
- 12:47:41,614 | Originating Location found |
- 12:47:41,617 |<--INVITE--|
- 12:47:41,658 |--Trying-->|
- 12:47:41,668 |--Ringing->|
- 12:47:41,676 |--Ringing->|
- 12:47:46,763 |--200 OK-->|
- 12:47:46,768 |--200 OK-->|
- 12:47:46,773 |<----ACK---|
- 12:47:46,777 |<----ACK---|
- 12:47:48,164 |----BYE--->|

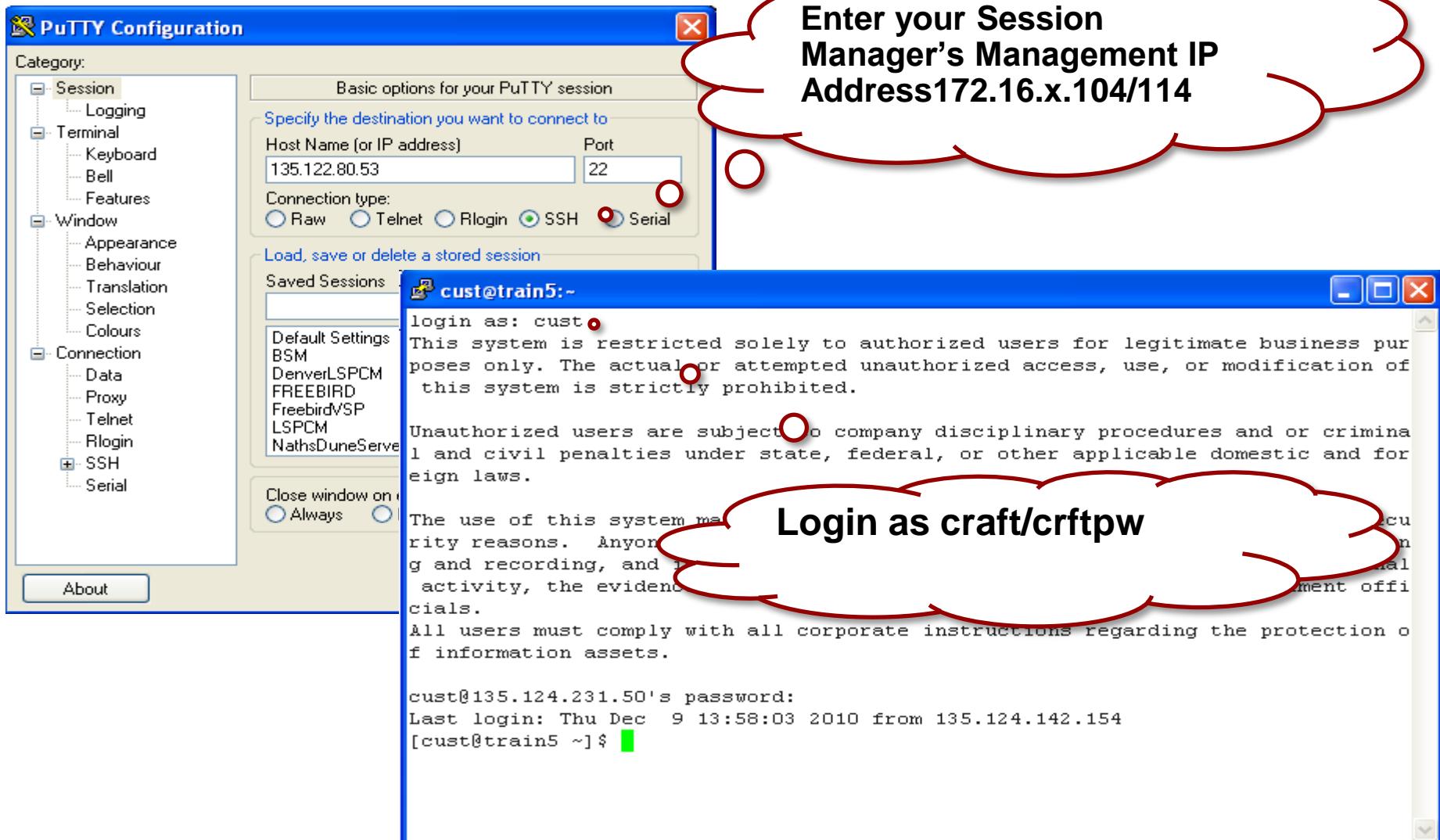
Details of the first few entries:

- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters | URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
- 12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route | Domain: null Location: Toolwire
- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters | URI Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
- 12:47:41,610 | Trying Dial Pattern route | Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
- 12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern found | for: 8888 Pattern: 8
- 12:47:41,610 | Route found | for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
- 12:47:41,610 | Entity Link found | SIPEntity: UA1 EntityLink: (27) 100 Trying
- 12:47:41,613 | --Trying-->| Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase=term
- 12:47:41,614 | No hostname resolution required | Location: Toolwire
- 12:47:41,614 | Originating Location found | (27) T:8888 F:5008 U:8888
- 12:47:41,617 |<--INVITE--| (27) 100 Trying
- 12:47:41,658 |--Trying-->| (27) 180 Ringing
- 12:47:41,668 |--Ringing->| (27) 180 Ringing
- 12:47:41,676 |--Ringing->| (27) 200 OK (INVITE)
- 12:47:46,763 |--200 OK-->| (27) 200 OK (INVITE)
- 12:47:46,768 |--200 OK-->| (27) sip:135.122.75.13
- 12:47:46,773 |<----ACK---| (27) sip:135.122.75.13
- 12:47:46,777 |<----ACK---| (27) sip:135.122.75.16
- 12:47:48,164 |----BYE--->| (27) 200 OK (BYE)

At the bottom of the window, there is a command-line interface with the following options:

- Capturing... |
- s=Stop q=Quit ENTER=Details f=Filters w=Write a=ASM c=Clear i=IP

Accessing the Session Manager Host



SIP Tracing

traceSM

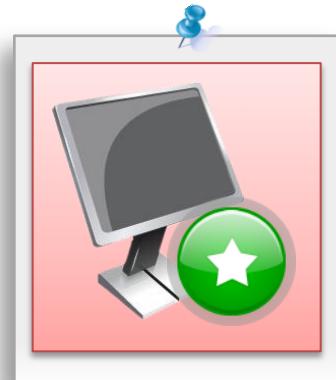
- ▶ Type **traceSM -h** at the command line to get help with the different arguments that the script supports.

Interactive keys

Key	Function
<UP>,<DOWN>	Select a SIP/SM packet. Or scroll a large SIP packet when displaying the details
<HOME>	Go to the first packet
<END>	Go to the last packet. If the cursor is in the last packet while capturing packets, the screen will update with new arriving packets
<PGUP>,<PGDN>	Page Up and Page Down
<LEFT>,<RIGHT>	Move between different columns (IPs) when they don't fit in the screen
<ENTER>	Display the SIP/SM details. The SIP URI is highlighted in red, the SIP fields in blue and the content (e.g: SDP, xml) in green.
q	Quit
f	Display the Filter window to view/change filters
w	Write the displayed (filtered) packets to a new file
s	Start or Stop the capture. When the capture starts, the <code>log4j.properties</code> file is modified and it takes 10 seconds to take effect. When it stops, the added lines in <code>log4j.properties</code> are removed.
c	Clear the screen
a	Switch between SM and SM-100 perspective
i	Switch between displaying Names or IPs in the column headers
r	Switch between displaying RTP simulation or not

Exercise: Run traceSM

Step	Action
1	SSH into the Session Manager host 172.16.x.104 or .114 Login craft password: crftpw and then execute:
2	traceSM -x
3	's' to start the capture



Place the previous call again

Look for:

- ▶ Dial Pattern matches and Routing Policy selection
- ▶ Examine SIP messages between CM and ASM

```
traceASM - Captured: 412 Displayed: 167
UA1           UA2
-----[redacted]-----
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters          | URI Domain: null Location: Toolwire
               | Trying Dial Pattern route                  | Domain: null Location: Toolwire
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern route parameters          | UR Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
               | Trying Dial Pattern route                  | Domain: avaya.toolwire.com Location: null
12:47:41,610 | Dial Pattern found                      | for: 8888 Pattern: 8
               | Route found                                | for: sip:8888@avaya.toolwire.com SIPEntity: UA1
12:47:41,610 | Entity Link found                     | SIPEntity: UA1 Entitylink:
12:47:41,613 | --Trying-->| (27) 100 Trying
               | No hostname resolution required             | Routing to: sip:135.122.75.13;transport=tcp;lr;phase=term
12:47:41,614 | Originating Location found                 | Location: Toolwire
               | <--INVITE-->| (27) I:8888 F:0008 U:8888
12:47:41,653 | --Trying-->| (27) 100 Trying
12:47:41,659 | --Ringing-->| (27) 180 Ringing
12:47:41,676 | --Ringing-->| (27) 180 Ringing
12:47:46,763 | --200 OK-->| (27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,768 | --200 OK-->| (27) 200 OK (INVITE)
12:47:46,773 | <---ACK--->| (27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,772 | <---ACK--->| (27) sip:135.122.75.13
12:47:46,764 | --BYE-->| (27) sip:135.122.75.16
-----[redacted]-----
```

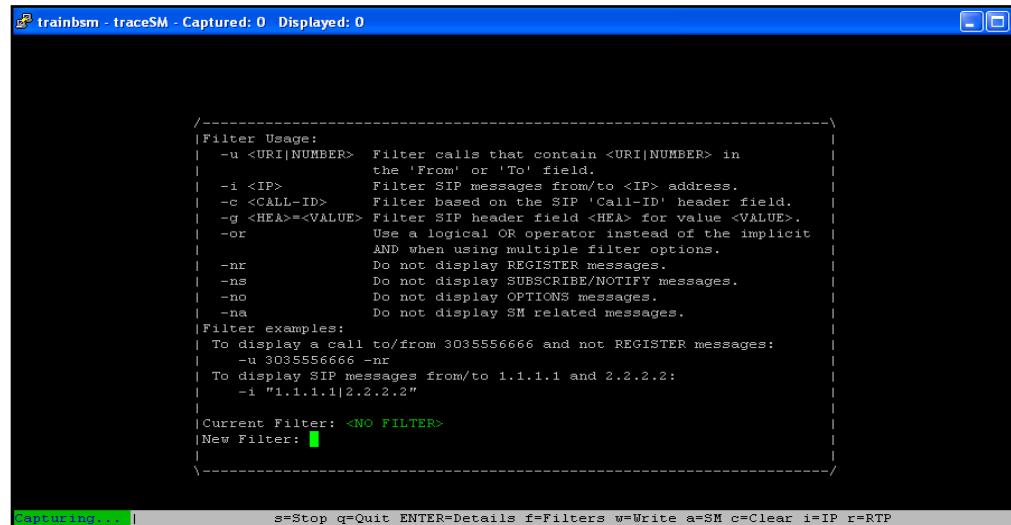
TraceSM is delivered under /opt/Avaya/contrib/bin

SIP Tracing

traceSM

- ▶ Once traceSM is running, type 'F' to apply a filter.
- ▶ Examples
 - -no = no OPTIONS
 - -nr = no REGISTERS
 - -ns = no SUBSCRIBES
 - -u 1901 will filter calls that contain that URI in the from or to headers
 - You can apply multiple filters:
 - **-u 1901 -no -ns -nr**

- The above will show only messages to/from 1901 and hide OPTIONS, SUBSCRIBES and REGISTERS



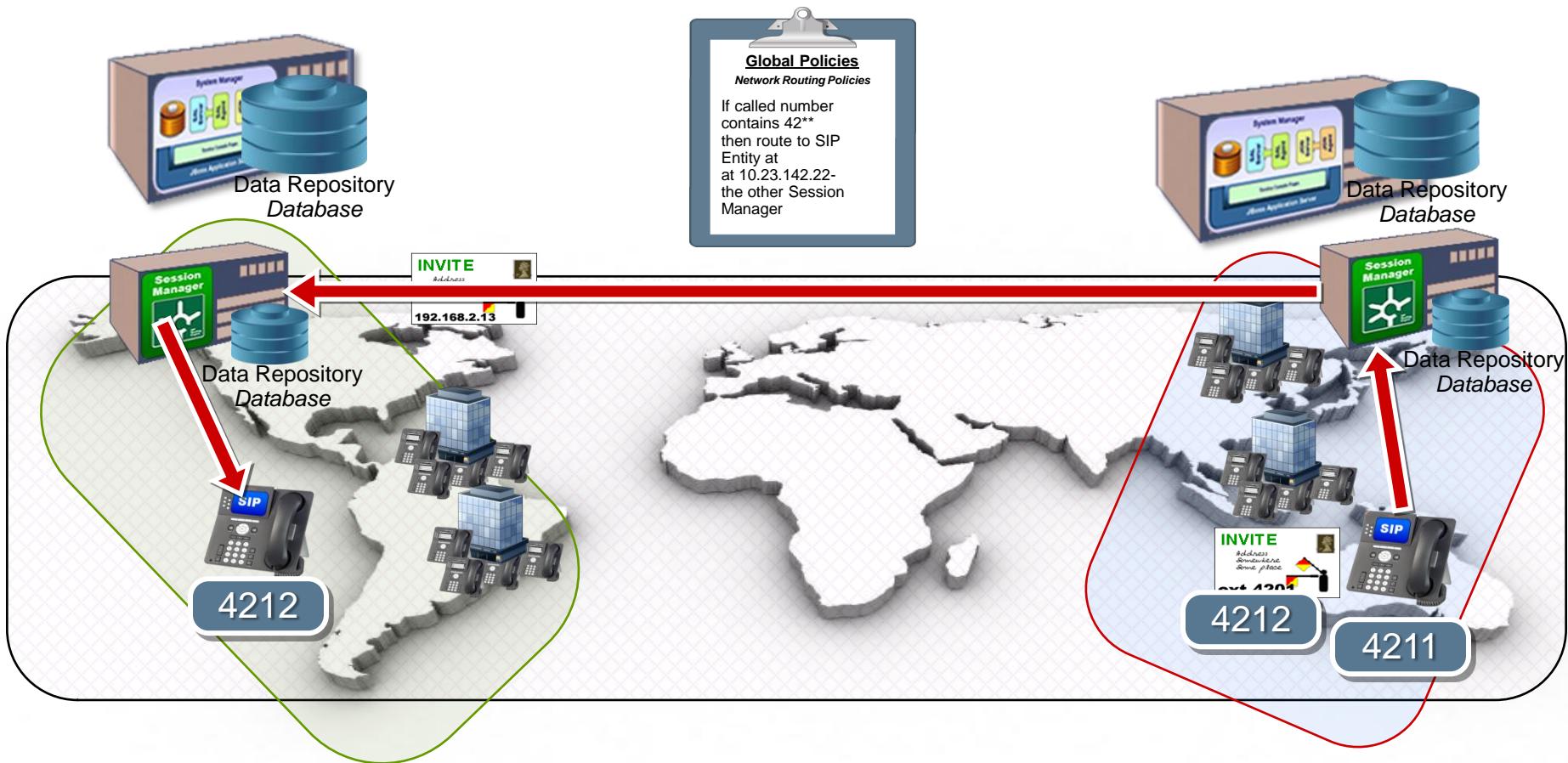
```
Filter Usage:
| -u <URI|NUMBER> Filter calls that contain <URI|NUMBER> in
|                   the 'From' or 'To' field.
| -i <IP>           Filter SIP messages from/to <IP> address.
| -c <CALL-ID>     Filter based on the SIP 'Call-ID' header field.
| -g <HEA>=<VALUE> Filter SIP header field <HEA> for value <VALUE>.
| -or               Use a logical OR operator instead of the implicit
|                   AND when using multiple filter options.
| -nr               Do not display REGISTER messages.
| -ns               Do not display SUBSCRIBE/NOTIFY messages.
| -no               Do not display OPTIONS messages.
| -na               Do not display SM related messages.

Filter examples:
| To display a call to/from 3035556666 and not REGISTER messages:
| -u 3035556666 -nr
| To display SIP messages from/to 1.1.1.1 and 2.2.2.2:
| -i "1.1.1.1|2.2.2.2"

Current Filter: <NO FILTER>
New Filter: █
```

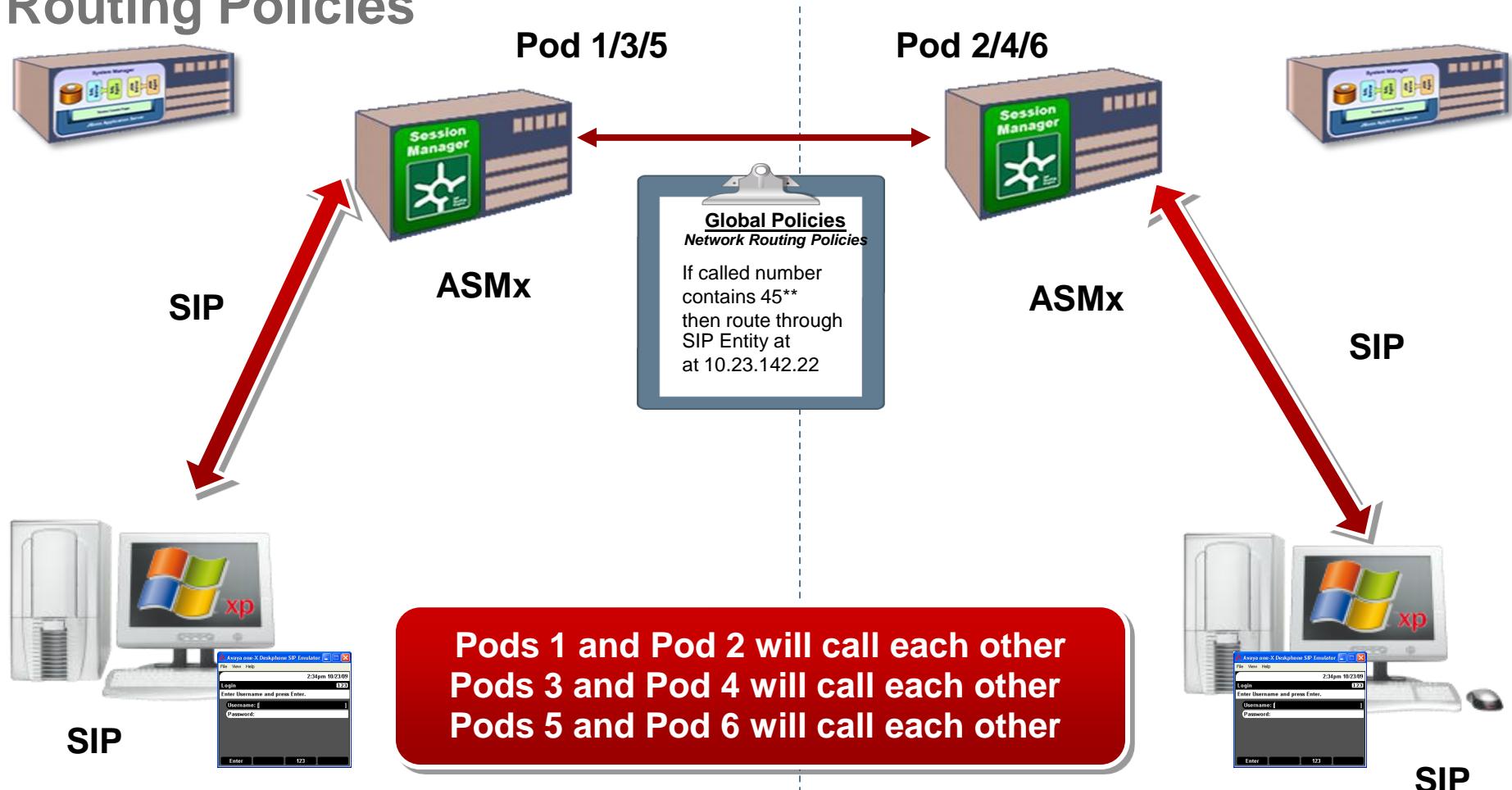
SIP to SIP Routing Using Routing Policies

SIP to SIP Routing with Multiple Session Managers

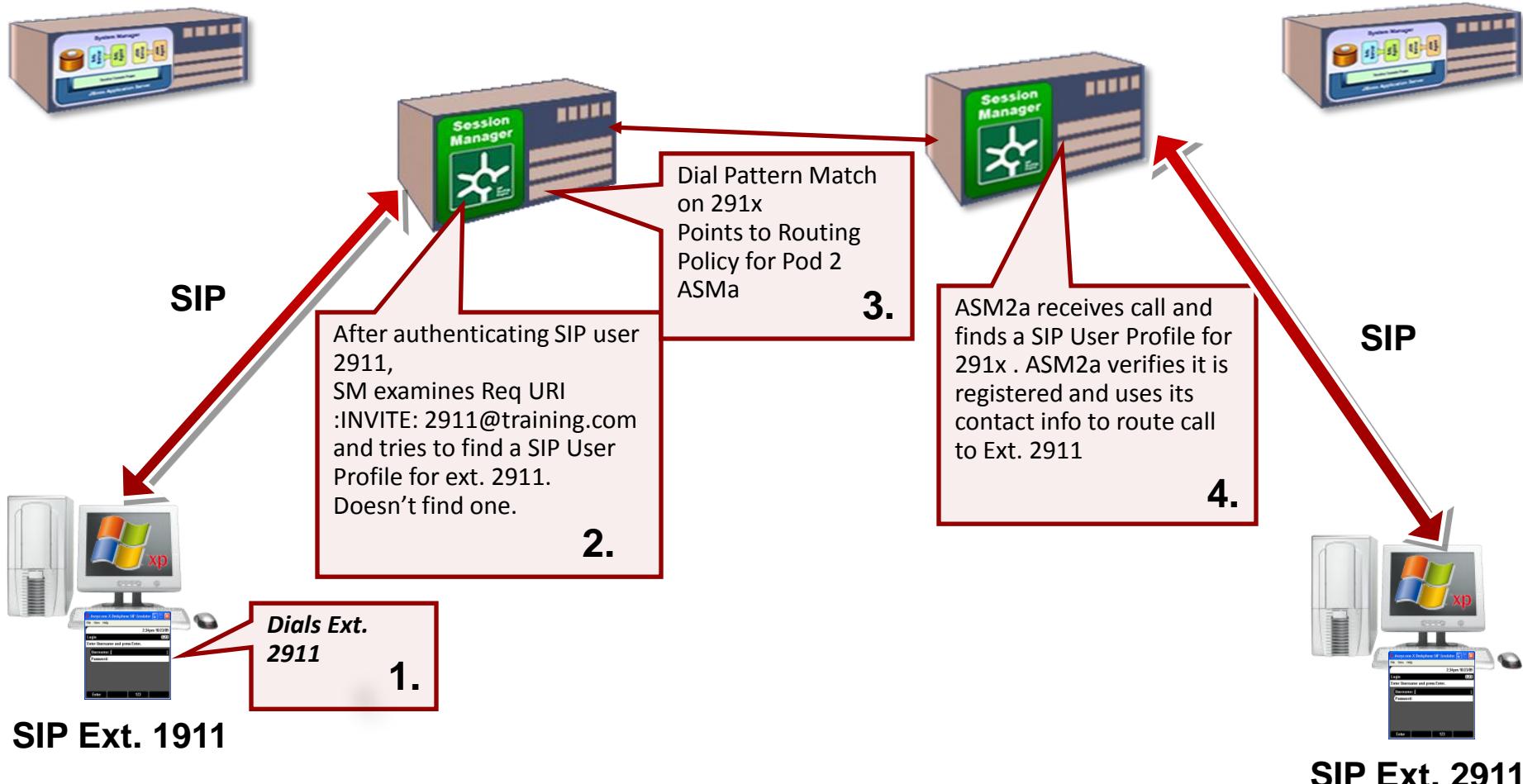


- ▶ Routing policies are also used when SIP endpoints are managed in different Session Manager and are not part of the same cluster.

Routing Scenario 2: SIP to SIP Call Routing Using Routing Policies



Example Call Flow for SIP to SIP with Routing Policies



Prep for Next Call Routing Scenario: SIP-to-SIP Calling using NRP

What elements need to be configured in order for calls to get routed successfully?

Once all of the elements have been configured, each Session Manager will be able to route SIP calls to the other Session Manager in the neighboring Pod.

What needs to be done first?

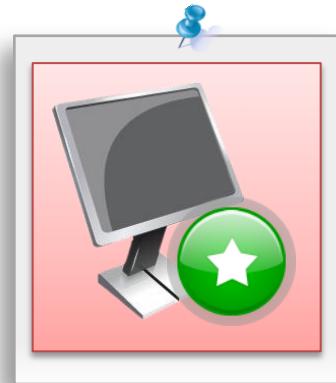
1. ?
2. ?
3. ?
4. ?

Make a Call

Exercise: Test SIP to SIP Routing using NRP

Objective: This exercise will test SIP-to-SIP routing by Session Manager using Routing Policies.

Step	Action
1	From your x911 / x921 SIP extension, dial your partner's x911/ x921 extension

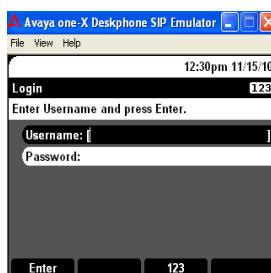


172.16.x.105



172.16.x.105

SIP station – x911/x921



SIP station – x911/x921



Troubleshooting

Did the call complete successfully?



Yes!



No.

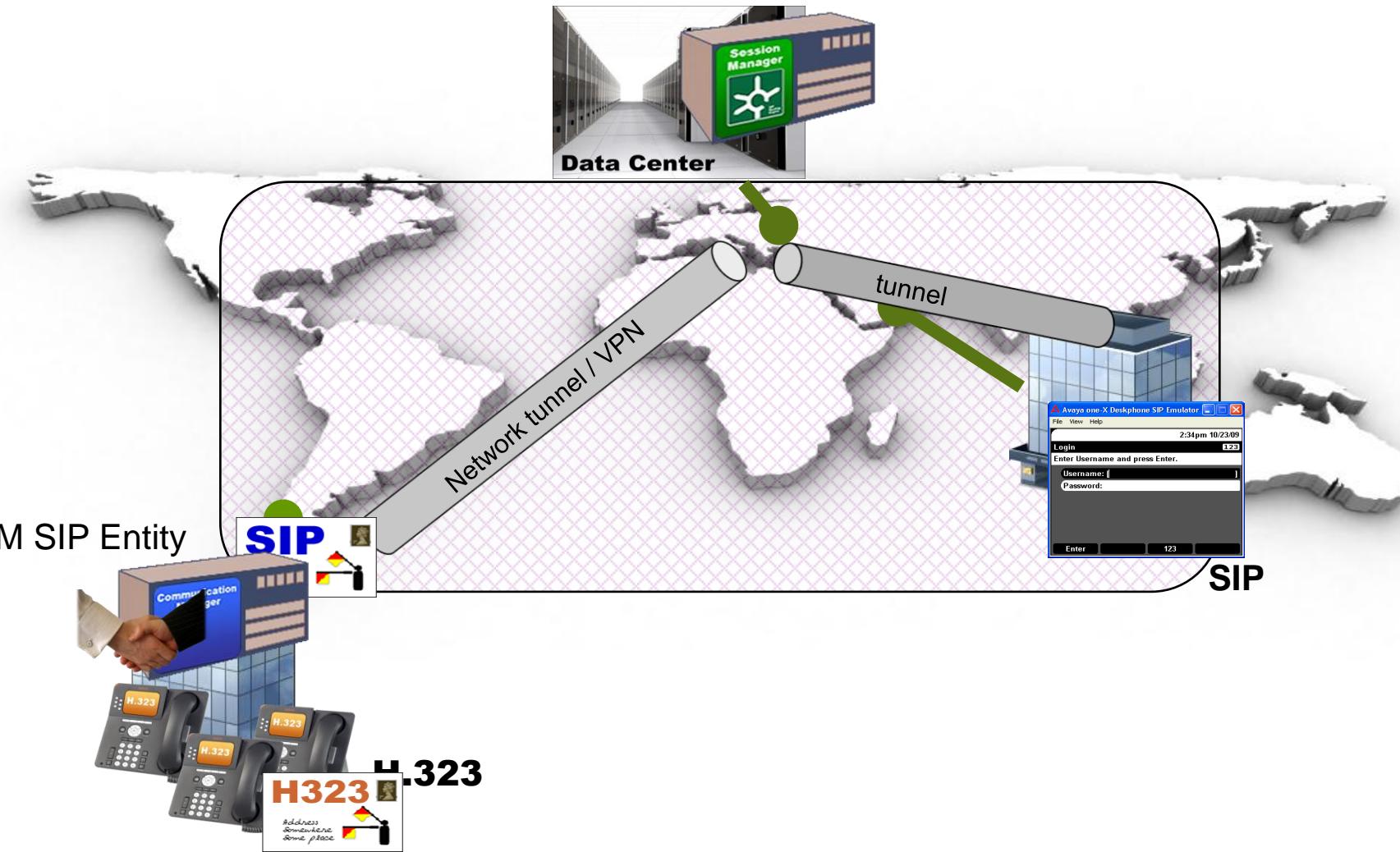


If not, do the following:

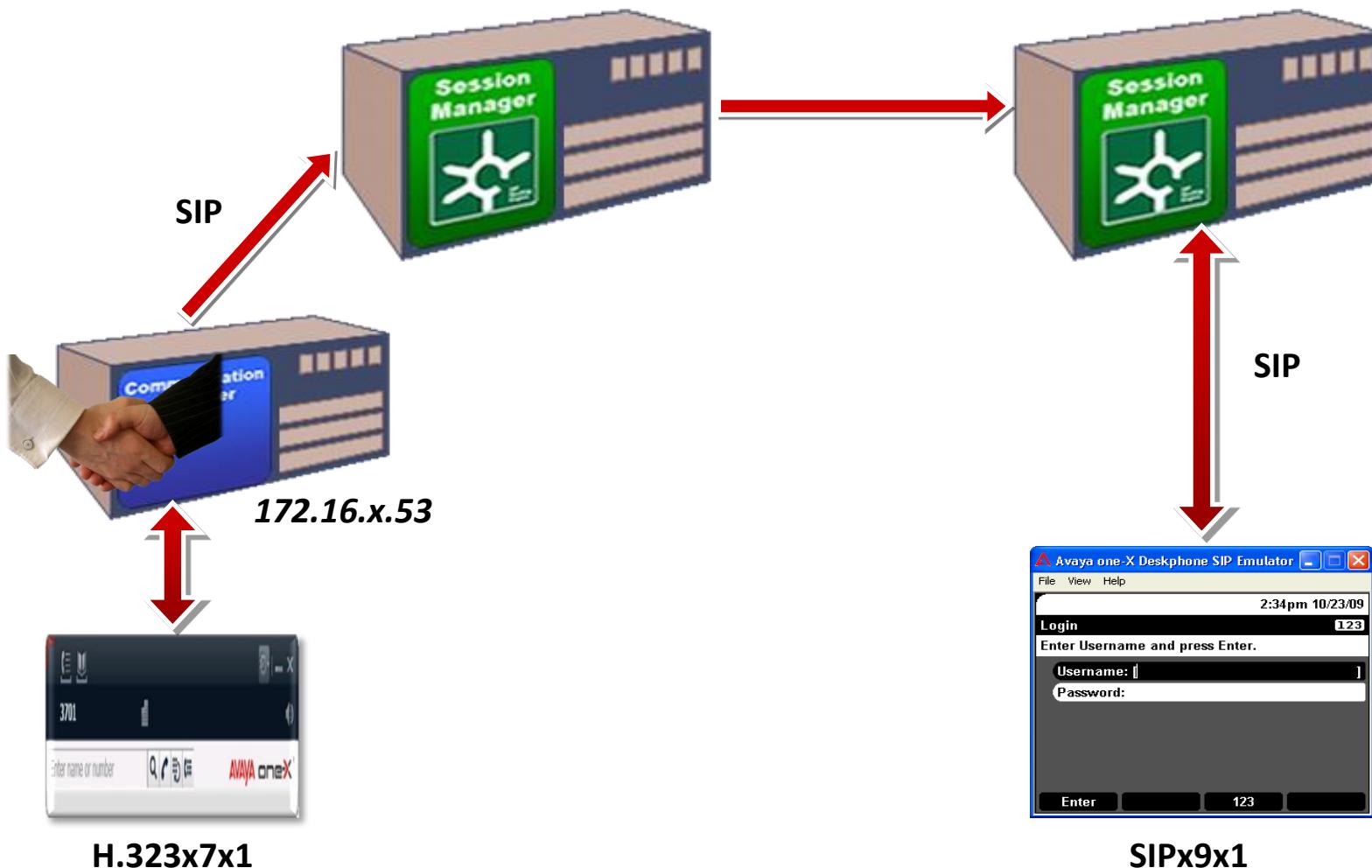
- ▶ Retrace and validate your configuration.
- ▶ Run traceSM to diagnose the call flow and search for errors.

H323 to SIP Routing

Session Manager & Communication Manager



Prepare to Place a Call from an H323 Phone to SIP User



Prep

What additional configuration is required for this call to complete successfully?

Assume the SIP Domain and Location are configured.

Does your Session Manager:

- ▶ Recognize the CM as a SIP Entity?
- ▶ Know how to communicate with CM?
- ▶ Recognize the registered SIP User?

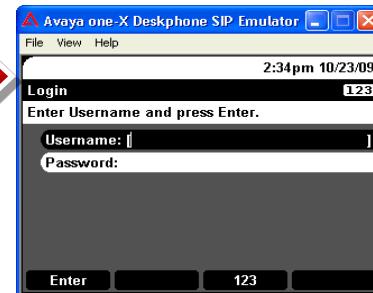


Exercise: Place a call from H.323 User to SIP User

Step	Action
1	Log into your x7x1 H.323 Station
2	Log into your x9x1 SIP Phone
3	Place the call



SIP	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1911	2911	3911	4911	5911	6911
Student b	1921	2921	3921	4921	5921	6921



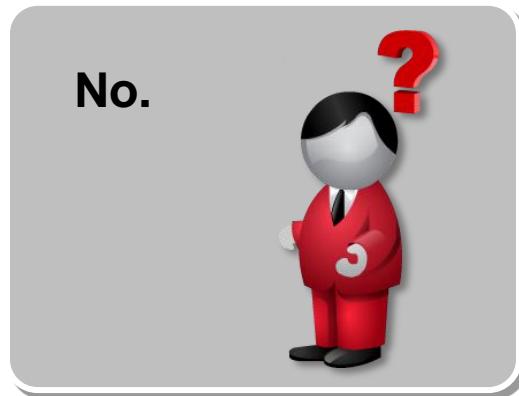
H.323	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	2711	3711	4711	5711	6711
Student b	1721	2721	3721	4721	5721	6721

Troubleshooting

Did the call complete successfully?



Yes!



No.

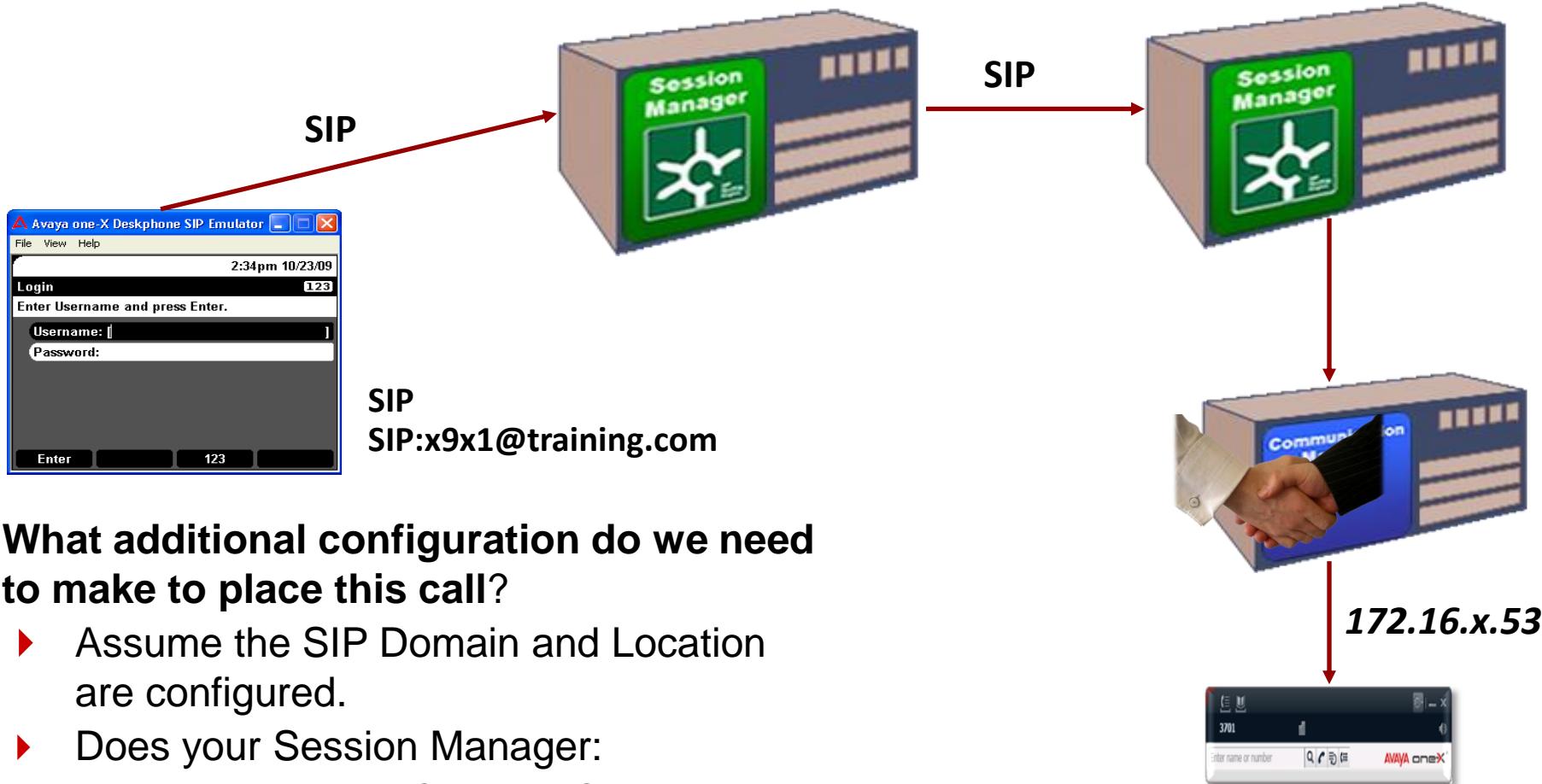


If not, do the following:

1. Retrace and validate your configuration.
2. Run traceSM to diagnose the call flow and search for errors.

SIP to H323 calls

Place a Call from a SIP Phone to H.323 Phone

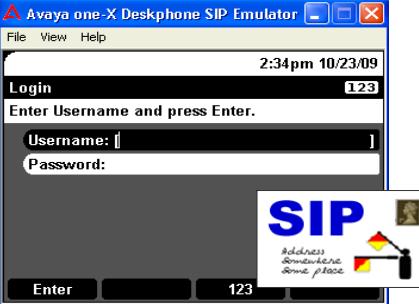


What additional configuration do we need to make to place this call?

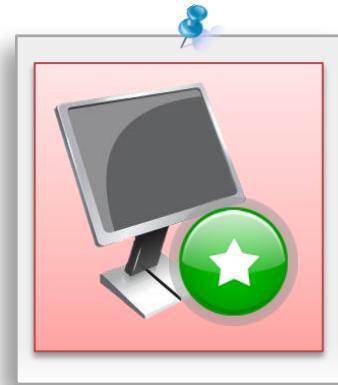
- ▶ Assume the SIP Domain and Location are configured.
- ▶ Does your Session Manager:
 - Recognize the CM as a SIP Entity?
 - Know how to communicate with CM?
 - Recognize the registered SIP User?

H.323
x7x1@training.com

Exercise: SIP to H.323 Calling



172.16.1.105/115



172.16.x.53

SIP	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1911	2911	3911	4911	5911	6911
Student b	1921	2921	3921	4921	5921	6921



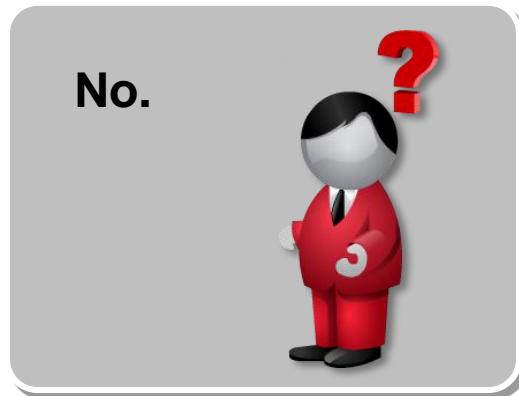
H.323	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	2711	3711	4711	5711	6711
Student b	1721	2721	3721	4721	5721	6721

Troubleshooting

Did the call complete successfully?



Yes!



No.



If not, do the following:

1. Retrace and validate your configuration.
2. Run traceSM to diagnose the call flow and search for errors.

Questions and Answers



Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Review and configure the following to support centralized call routing within the enterprise:
 - Domain
 - Location
 - SIP Entities
 - Entity Links
 - Time Ranges
 - Routing Policies
 - Dial Patterns
 - Regular Expressions



Lesson 6

Integration and Adaptation

Lesson Objective

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- ▶ Manipulate SIP message content and dialed digits through the use of Adaptation modules.



Integration and Adaptation

What can be modified so that SIP messages from different vendors can be processed?

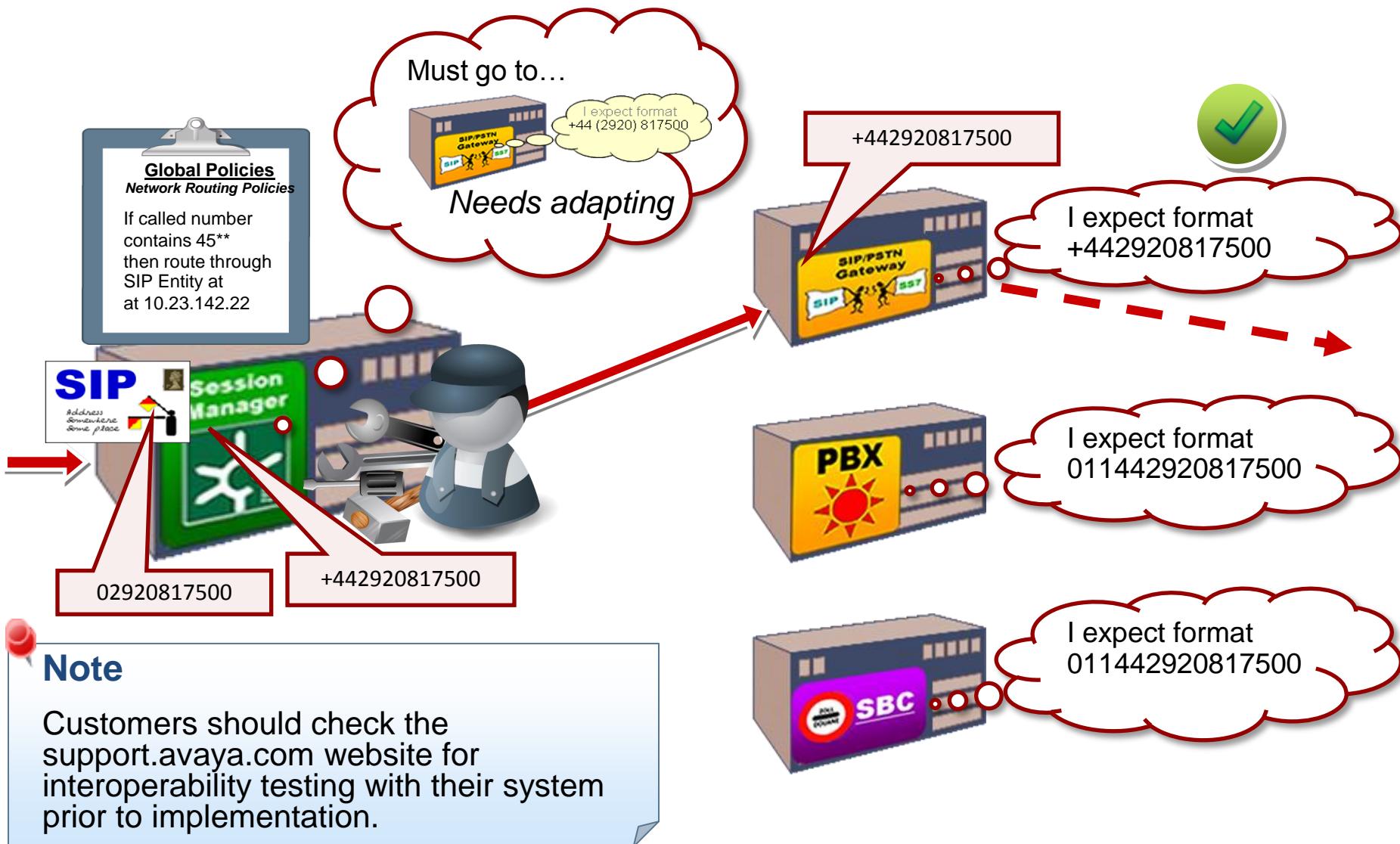
- ▶ Dialled Number Format
- ▶ Domain
- ▶ SIP Message Format



Number Adaptation



Number Adaptation (continued)



Adaptation Modules

Session Manager uses Adaptation Modules to create adaptations, for example: DigitConversionAdapter

- ▶ Adaptation direction
- ▶ Matching digit pattern and corresponding digits to remove/insert
- ▶ Domain name change for source components and destination components
- ▶ Replace hostnames in the Request URI
- ▶ Modify origination headers such as: From, PAI, History Info
- ▶ Modify destination type headers such as: Request URI, Contact, To, Message Account and Refer-to



Adaptation Modules (continued)

Additional extensions are delivered to support additional service providers:

- ▶ VerizonAdapter
- ▶ AttAdapter
- ▶ CiscoAdapter
- ▶ OrangeAdapter
- ▶ CS1000Adapter
- ▶ ModularMessagingAdapter
- ▶ DiversionTypeAdapter
- ▶ SkypeAdapter

Refer to the ***Administering Session Manager 6.2*** on the support.avaya.com website.

CS1000 Adapter

The CS 1000 Adapter is designed to translate CS 1000 SIP URI phone-context messages sent between the CS 1000 SIP Gateway and the Session Manager.

Adaptation Details Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Commit C

General

* Adaptation name: New module name: Module parameter:
Egress URI Parameters:
Notes:

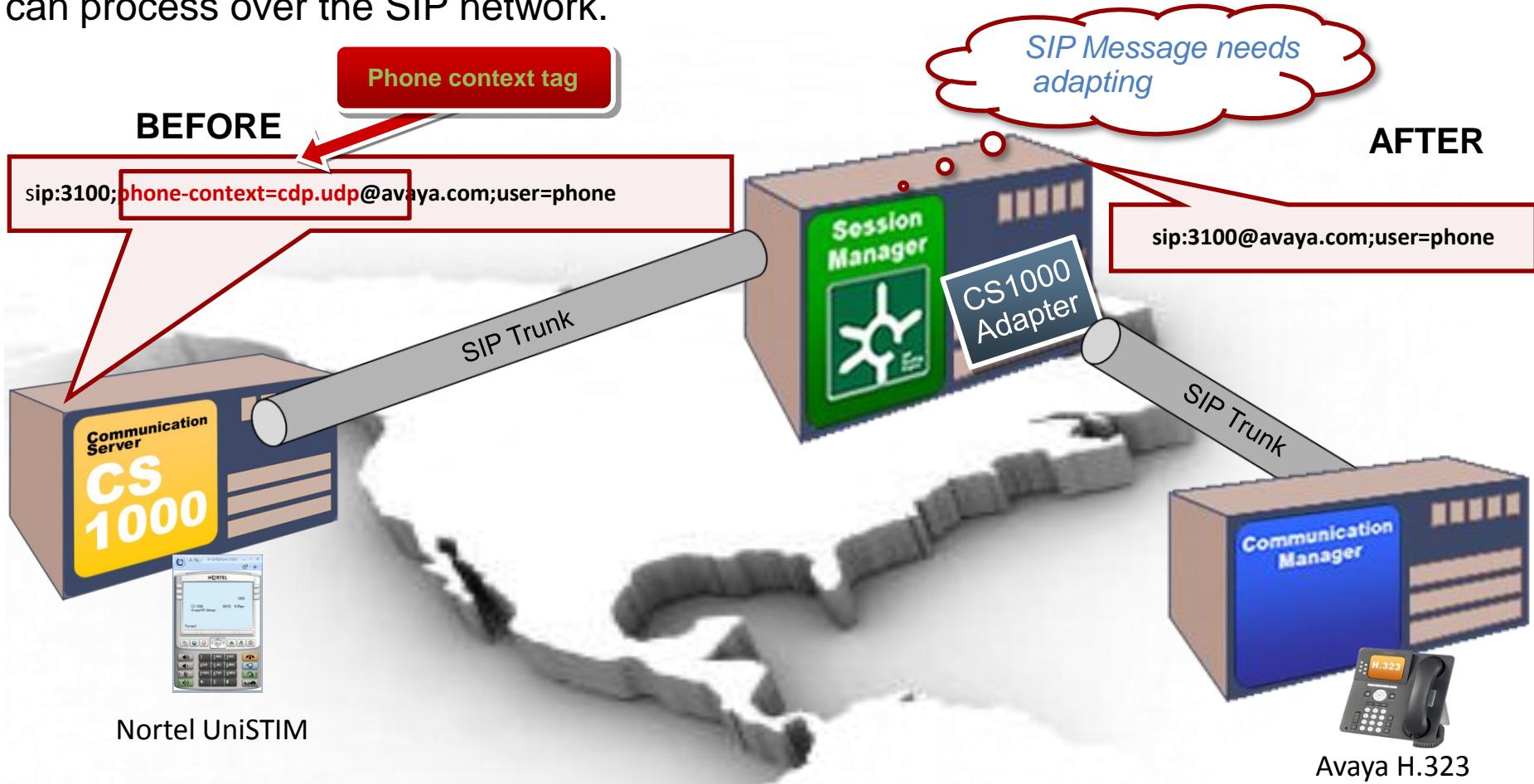
Digit Conversion for Incoming Calls to SM

Add Remove 1 Item Refresh Filter: En

	Matching Pattern	Min	Max	Phone Context	Delete Digits	Insert Digits	Address to modify	Adaptation Data	Notes
<input type="checkbox"/>	*26	*1	*36	<input type="text" value="cdp.udp"/>	*0	<input type="text"/>	destination	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="Removed CDPUDP Incoming"/>

CS1000 Adapter (continued)

The CS 1000 SIP Gateway sends SIP URI messages with a “phone-context” tag in the SIP URI request message and has to be converted into a format the Session Manager can process over the SIP network.



CM-Managed Cisco Endpoint

► Session Manager 6.2 Adaptability enables



How is this possible?

Session Manager integrates Cisco endpoints through the use of the Cisco adaptation which now includes endpoint support!

Cisco Adaptation with Endpoint Support

Cisco SIP Messages require adaptation for the following reasons:

- ▶ Some Cisco phones require an Accept header in an inbound INVITE
- ▶ Cisco phones do not typically accept SIP messages beyond 2400 to 2800 bytes.
- ▶ Cisco firmware versions (particularly newer ones) prevents them from supporting 3rd-party proxy servers therefore Cisco phones can't subscribe to any event packages, but they still expect OutOf Dialog-NOTIFY's to update things like message waiting lamp status.



Cisco Endpoint Adaptation

- ▶ ASM Adds Accept header
- ▶ Makes message smaller by stripping some headers
- ▶ ASM strips Via and Record Route headers in requests to Cisco endpoint
- ▶ ASM Sends a SUBSCRIBE on behalf of the Cisco endpoint

Cisco Endpoint Adaptation

Before

```
INVITE sip:jim@avaya.com SIP/2.0
Call-ID: -1304559591551089382##192.168.2.3
Content-Length: 118
Content-Type: application/sdp
To: sip:jim@avaya.com
From: sip:bob@avaya.com;tag=-520641854
Contact: sip:192.168.2.3:5060
RecordRoute: <sip:192.168.4.230;lr>
RecordRoute: <sip:192.168.2.210;lr>
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.2.3:5060;branch=z9hG4bKC0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.2.4:5060;branch=zajifk44rrC0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.2.5:5060;branch=9ajdfjK9KC0

v=0
o=- 1227008289328 1227008289328 IN IP4 192.168.2.3
s=-
c=IN IP4 192.168.2.3
t=0 0
m=audio 48441 RTP/AVP 8 0
```



After w/Accept Header

```
INVITE sip:jim@avaya.com SIP/2.0
Call-ID: -1304559591551089382##192.168.2.3
Content-Length: 118
Content-Type: application/sdp
To: sip:jim@avaya.com
From: sip:bob@avaya.com;tag=-520641854
Contact: sip:192.168.2.3:5060
RecordRoute: sip:192.168.4.230;lr
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Accept: application/sdp
Max-Forwards: 70
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.2.3:5060;branch=z9hG4bKC0

v=0
o=- 1227008289328 1227008289328 IN IP4 192.168.2.3
s=-
c=IN IP4 192.168.2.3
t=0 0
m=audio 48441 RTP/AVP 8 0
```



Create an Adaptation

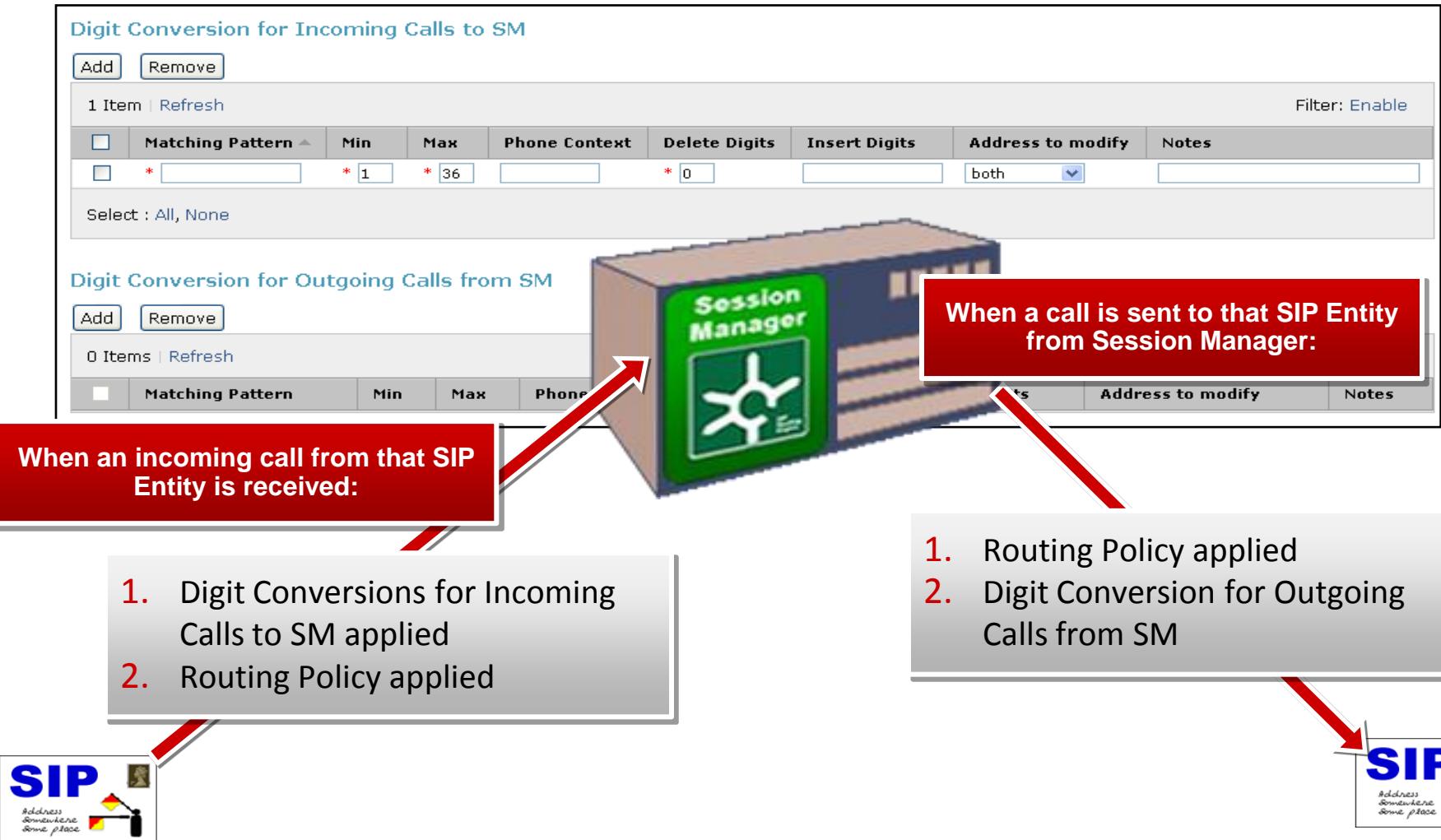
Creating Adaptations

- ▶ To create an adaptation, navigate to the Routing Menu and select Adaptations.

The screenshot shows the Avaya IP Office Manager interface. The top navigation bar is blue with the word "Routing" in white. Below it, the main title is "Home / Elements / Routing / Adaptations -". On the left, there's a vertical menu under "Routing" with several options: Domains, Locations, **Adaptations**, SIP Entities, Entity Links, Time Ranges, Routing Policies, Dial Patterns, Regular Expressions, and Defaults. The "Adaptations" option is highlighted with a red box. To the right of the menu, the page title is "Adaptations". Below the title are several buttons: Edit, New (which is highlighted in blue), Duplicate, Delete, and More Actions. A table header is visible with columns for Name, Module name, and Egress URI Par... (partially cut off). Below the header, it says "no record found".

Application of Adaptations

Adaptation is created and applied to a SIP Entity.



Adaptations

Adaptation Details

General

* Adaptation name: adaptSIP
New module name: DigitConversionAdapter
Module parameter:
Egress URI Parameters:
Notes:

Digit Conversion for Incoming Calls to SM

Add Remove

Matching Pattern	Min	Max	Phone Context	Delete Digits	Insert Digits	Address to modify	Notes
*	1	36		0		both	

Select : All, None

Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM

Add Remove

Matching Pattern	Min	Max	Phone Context	Delete Digits	Insert Digits	Address to modify	Notes

Adaptation Modules:

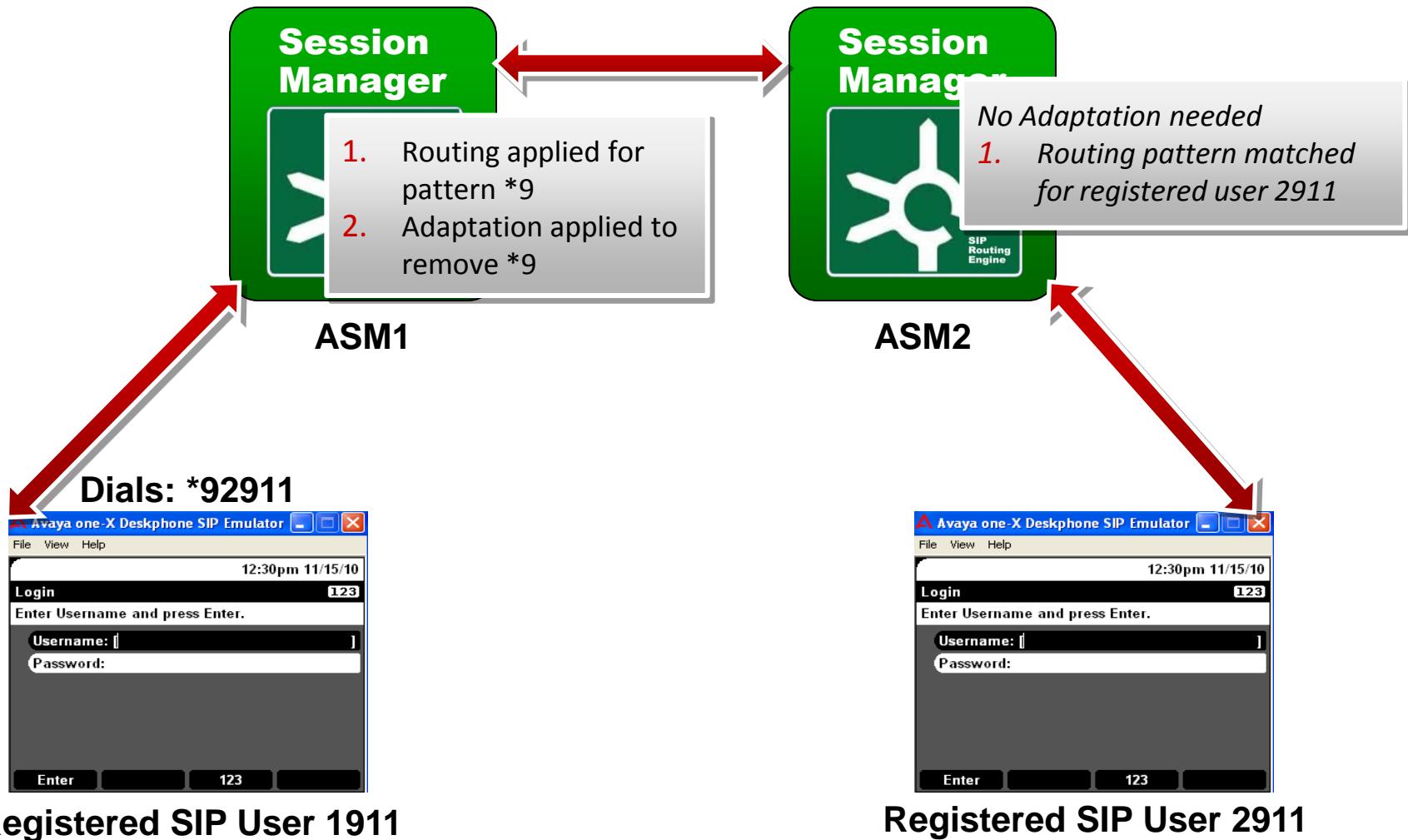
VerizonAdapter
AttAdapter
CiscoAdapter
OrangeAdapter
CS1000Adapter
SkypeAdapter
ModularMessagingAdapter
DiversionTypeAdapter

Commit Cancel

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SIP to SIP Calls with Adaptations

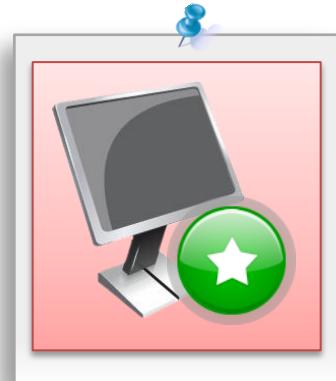
SIP-to-SIP Routing w/Adaptation



Exercise: Create Adaptation



This is a shared exercise and will require students to shadow and view each other's changes.



Step	Action
1	Create a new Adaptation called: Remove Dial Code
2	Module Name: <i>DigitConversionAdapter</i>
3	Click Add below Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM to remove a ' *9 ' from a 6 digit destination address.
4	Matching Pattern: *9
5	Min/Max: 6
6	Delete Digits: 2
7	Address to Modify: Destination
8	Commit

Applying Adaptations

Once the Adaptation is created, it can be applied to ‘far end’ SIP Entities. Adaptations CANNOT be applied to SIP Entities defined as type ‘Session Manager’.

SIP Entity Details

General

*** Name:** SessionManager2

*** FQDN or IP Address:** 135.122.81.88

Type: Other

Notes:

Adaptation: RemoveDialCode

Location: Classroom

Time Zone: America/Denver

Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:

*** SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):** 4

Credential name: 66%

Call Detail Recording: none

Commit **Cancel**

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Exercise: Place a SIP to SIP call using the Adaptation

Discuss what is required to complete this routing:

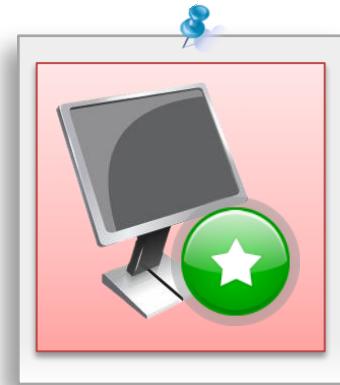
- ▶ Students will dial *9x911 or *9x921)

The ***9** will be used to determine the routing but should be removed prior to the request being sent to your Neighbor's Session Manager.
What configuration still needs to be done??

- ▶ Assume the same SIP Domain and Location are used.

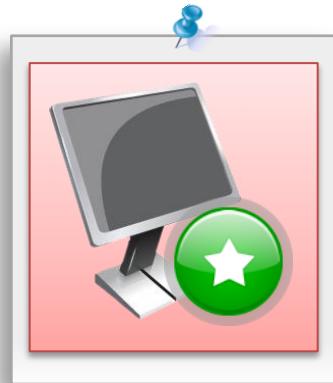
Consider the following:

- ▶ Does your Session Manager:
 - ~~Have a trusted SIP Entity for your partner's Session Manager?~~
 - ~~Know how to communicate with your partner's Session Manager?~~
 - ~~Have a way to route the request to your partner's Session Manager?~~
 - Know what dial plan to match to route to your partner's Session Manager?
- ▶ Test using the SIP Phone Emulator to configure and log in if you haven't done so already)
- ▶ Register as your x911 User
- ▶ Use traceSM to trace the call.



Exercise cont: Summary of Configuration Required

Step	Action
1	Create a SIP Entity for Partner's Session Manager (type Other) Done
2	SIP Entity Link for Partner's Session Manager Done
3	Apply adaptation to Session Manager SIP Entity
4	Create Routing Policy to Partner's Session Manager Done
5	Create Dial Pattern for your partner *9x91 Students in Pods 1 and 2 will create dial patterns for each other Students in Pods 3 and 4 will create dial patterns for each other Students in Pods 5 and 6 will create dial patterns for each other
6	Assign Routing Policy to Dial Patterns
7	Commit



traceSM – What to Look for?

```
10:57:11,198 | <--Trying--> | (6) 100 Trying
10:57:11,198 |   Originating Location found | Location: Classroom
10:57:11,198 | Try routing to determine if eme | Location: Classroom
10:57:11,199 |   Request Dial Pattern route | for: sip:*92901@training.com Location: Classroom
10:57:11,199 |   Dial Pattern route parameters | URI Domain: training.com Location: Classroom
10:57:11,199 |   Dial Pattern route parameters | URI Domain: null Location: Classroom
10:57:11,199 |     Dial Pattern found | for: *92901 Pattern: *9
10:57:11,199 |     Route Policy found | Pattern: *9 RoutePolicyList: SessionManager2
10:57:11,200 |     Trying to Authenticate | User: 1901 Realm: training.com
10:57:11,200 |     Authorization verified | Version: 1.0
10:57:11,202 |     Route found | for: sip.*92901@training.com SIPEntity: SessionManager2
10:57:11,220 | No hostname resolution required | Routing to: SIP/1901@122.81.88;transport=tls;lr;phase=terminating
10:57:11,221 |   Location found | Location: Classroom
10:57:11,232 |   |-- INVITE--> | (6) T:*92901 F:1901 U:2901 Phase: terminating
10:57:11,245 |   | Trying | (6) 100 Trying
```

Request URI is changed, no *9.

To: remains unchanged.

Matches Dial Pattern *9 and finds Routing Policy.

```
| INVITE sip:2901@training.com:routeinfo=0-0 SIP/2.0
| Record-Route: <sip:135.122.80.58:15061;lr;sap=968470913*1*016asm-callprocessing,
| ;sar978352519-1292867831195~1464634042~1;transport=tls>
| Record-Route: <sip:1ae9b2f2@135.122.81.58;transport=tls;lr>
| From: sip:1901@training.com;tag=-3334e9734d0f25fd503aa4ff_F1901135.122.80.222
| To: sip:*92901@training.com
| Call-ID: 6_32b7e9d703fa38f503aa4bf_I@135.122.80.222
| CSeq: 7 INVITE
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A04D5A42B0176
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A04D5A42B1174
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A04D5A42B1173
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.58;branch=z9hG4bK7_32b7f58-4332511503aa75e_I1901-AP;
| ft=19
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.222:5061;branch=z9hG4bK7_32b7f58-4332511503aa75e_I19
| O1
| Content-Length: 386
| Contact: <sip:1901@135.122.80.222:5061;transport=tls>
| Accept-Language: en
| Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,
| PRACK
| Content-Type: application/sdp
| User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.3 (24963) AVAYA-SM-6.1.0.0.610013
| Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces
| P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:1901@training.com>
| Route: <sip:135.122.81.58;transpo:66%ls;lr>
| Route: <sip:135.122.81.88;transport=tls;lr;phase=terminating>
| P-AV-Transport: AP2fe=135.122.80.222:1202;ne=135.122.81.58:5061;tt=TLS;timerB=4
| P-Location: SM;origlocname="Classroom";termlocname="Classroom"
| Max-Forwards: 67
```

Call Routing Test

Call Routing Test

- ▶ Tool can be used for pre-deployment testing even

The screenshot shows the Avaya Aura™ System Manager 6.1 interface. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Session Manager, Network Configuration, Device and Location Configuration, Application Configuration, System Status, and System Tools, with 'Call Routing Test' selected. The main content area has a title bar 'Home / Elements / Session Manager / System Tools / Call Routing Test - Call Routing Test'. The 'SIP INVITE Parameters' section is highlighted with a red box and contains fields for 'Called Party URI' (sip:2902@training.com), 'Calling Party URI' (sip:1901@training.com), 'Day Of Week' (Tuesday), 'Time (UTC)' (21:47), 'Called Session Manager Instance' (MySessionManager), 'Calling Party Address' (135.148.78.157), 'Session Manager Listen Port' (5061), 'Transport Protocol' (TLS), and an 'Execute Test' button. Below this is the 'Routing Decision Process' section, which displays a log of routing steps:

```
BEGIN EMERGENCY CALL CHECK: Determining if this is a call to an emergency number.  
Originating Location is training. Using digits < 2902 > and host < training.com > for routing.  
NRP Dial Patterns: No matches for digits < 2902 > and domain < training.com >.  
NRP Dial Patterns: No matches for digits < 2902 > and domain < null >.  
NRP Dial Patterns: No matches found for training. Trying again using NRP Dial Patterns that specify -ALL- NRP Locations.  
NRP Dial Patterns: No matches for digits < 2902 > and domain < training.com >.  
NRP Dial Patterns: Found a Dial Pattern match for pattern < 2 > Min/Max length 4/4 and domain < null >.  
NRP Routing Policies: Ranked destination NRP Sip Entities: Train2SM.  
NRP Routing Policies: Removing disabled routes.  
NRP Routing Policies: Ranked destination NRP Sip Entities: Train2SM.  
END EMERGENCY CALL CHECK: This is not an emergency call.  
Caller sip:1901@training.com is a known user: student, 1901  
Performing origination processing.  
No more applications. Proceeding to terminatingprocessing.  
Adapting and proxying for SIP Entity Train2SM.
```

▶ Enter the details of your call here and the tool will run through the corresponding routing logic during call processing.

- ▶ Routing Logic

Call Route Testing

[Help](#)

Call Routing Test

This page allows you to test SIP routing algorithms on Session Manager instances. Enter information about a SIP INVITE to learn how it will be routed based on current administration.

SIP INVITE Parameters

Called Party URI

sip: *92901@training.com

Calling Party URI

sip: 1901@training.com

Day Of Week

Monday

Time (UTC)

18:13

Called Session Manager Instance

MySessionManager

Calling Party Address

135.122.80.222

Session Manager Listen Port

5061

Transport Protocol

TLS

```
INVITE sip: *92901@training.com SIP/2.0
Record-Route: <sip:2ae9b2f2@135.122.81.58;transport=tls;lr>
Route: <sip:135.122.80.58:15061;transport=TLS;lr>
From: sip:1901@training.com;tag=-3334e9734d0f25fd503aa4ff_F1901135.122.80.222
To: sip: *92901@training.com
Call-ID: 6_32b7e9d703fa38f503aa4bf_I@135.122.80.222
CSeq: 6 INVITE
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.58;branch=z9hG4bK6_32b7e9d-57a601b6503aa5c6_I1901-AP
;ft=19
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.222:5061;branch=z9hG4bK6_32b7e9d-57a601b6503aa5c6_I1
901
Content-Length: 386
P-Av-Transport: AP;fe=135.122.80.222:1202;ne=135.122.81.58:5061;tt=TLS
Max-Forwards: 69
Contact: <sip:1901@135.122.80.222:5061;transport=tls>
Accept-Language: en
Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,
PRACK
Content-Type: application/sdp
User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.3 (24963)
Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces
```

Call Route Testing - Results

- After **Execute Test** is clicked, the Routing Decision results are displayed.

Routing Decisions

Route < sip:2901@training.com > to SIP Entity SessionManager2 (135.122.81.88). Terminating Location is Classroom.

Routing Decision Process

BEGIN EMERGENCY CALL CHECK: Determining if this is a call to an emergency number.

Originating Location is Classroom. Using digits < *92901 > and host < training.com > for routing.

NRP Dial Patterns: No matches for digits < *92901 > and domain < training.com >.

NRP Dial Patterns: Found a Dial Pattern match for pattern < *9 > Min/Max length 6/36 and domain < null >.

NRP Routing Policies: Ranked destination NRP Sip Entities: SessionManager2.

NRP Routing Policies: Removing disabled routes.

NRP Routing Policies: Ranked destination NRP Sip Entities: SessionManager2.

END EMERGENCY CALL CHECK: This is not an emergency call.

Caller sip:1901@training.com is a known user: Student, x901

Performing origination processing.

No more applications. Proceeding to terminatingprocessir66%

Adapting and proxying for SIP Entity SessionManager2.

NRP Entity Links: Found direct link to destination. Link uses TLS to port 5061.

NRP Adaptations: RemoveDialCode applied.

NRP Adaptations: Request-URI set to sip:2901@training.com

Call Route Testing – Results (continued)

Page 2 of the Routing Decision Results

Routing Decisions

Route < sip:2901@training.com > to SIP Entity SessionManager2 (135.122.81.88). Terminating Location is Classroom.

Routing Decision Process

NRP Adaptations: Request URI set to sip:2901@training.com

Route < sip:2901@training.com > to SIP Entity SessionManager2 (135.122.81.88). Terminating Location is Classroom.

< Previous | Page of 2 | Next >

Exercise: Call Routing Test

Use the Call Routing Test Tool to simulate th

Step	Action
1	Navigate to Elements Column >> Session Manager >> System Tools>> Call Routing Test
2	Enter the call details: called party URI, calling party URI (you), calling party Address (your desktop IP: 172.16.1.11/12, Called Session Manager Instance
3	Execute Test



Call Routing Test

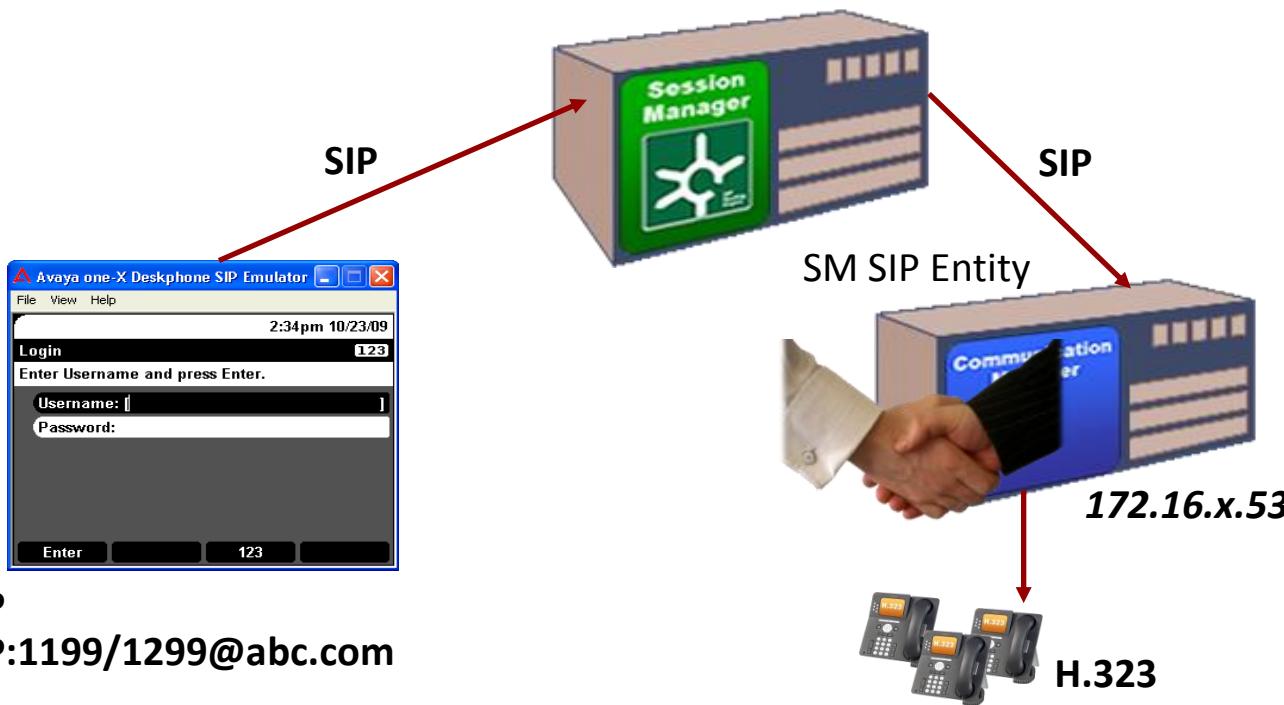
This page allows you to test SIP routing algorithms on Session Manager instances. Enter information about a SIP INVITE to learn how it will be routed based on current administration.

SIP INVITE Parameters

Called Party URI <input type="text" value="sip:*92901@training.com"/>	Calling Party Address <input type="text" value="135.122.80.222"/>
Calling Party URI <input type="text" value="sip:1901@training.com"/>	Session Manager Listen Port <input type="text" value="5061"/>
Day Of Week <input type="button" value="Monday"/>	Time (UTC) <input type="text" value="18:13"/>
Called Session Manager Instance <input type="button" value="MySessionManager"/>	Transport Protocol <input type="button" value="TLS"/>
	Execute Test <input type="button" value="Execute Test"/>

SIP to H.323 Calling within Different Domains

SIP Phone to H.323 Phone within Different Domains

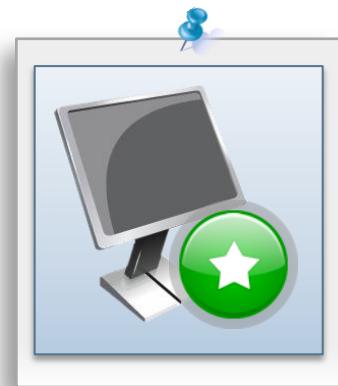


What additional configuration do we need to make to place this call?

- ▶ Assume the SIP Domain (abc.com) and Location are configured.
- ▶ Does your Session Manager:
 - Recognize the CM as a SIP Entity?
 - Know how to communicate with CM?
 - Recognize the registered SIP User? – Yes, it has been created for you.

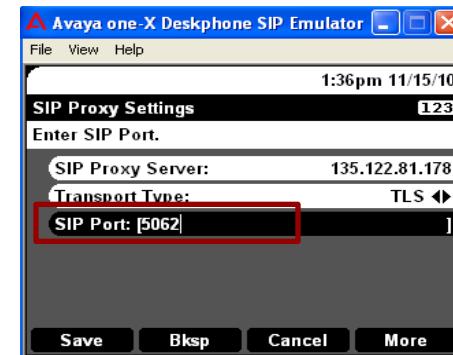
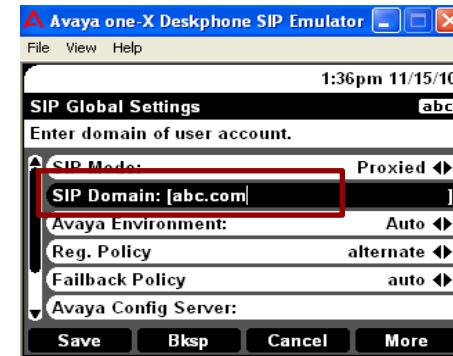
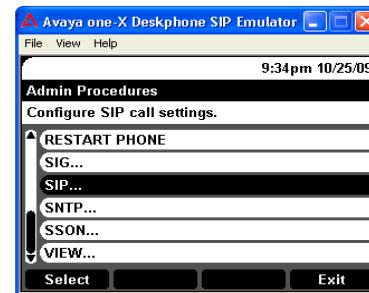
Exercise: Create User Communication Profile x199/x299 in abc.com domain

Step	Action
1	At System Manager console select User Management Menu
2	Select New
3	<u>On the Identity Tab:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Add First/Last Name: Your name● Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com● Password: Passw0rd!
4	<u>On the Communication Profile Tab:</u> Password: Enter 123456 <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Go down to Communication Address● Select New● Select: Avaya SIP● Fully qualified address : Student a= x199@abc.com Student b = x299@abc.com Select Add
5	<u>Session Manager Profile</u> Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager Location: Denver
6	<i>Commit</i> your changes



Exercise: Prepare x199/x299 SIP Phone

Step	Action
1	Open another instance of the SIP Emulator #3
2	<i>Navigate to View >> Admin Options</i>
3	<i>Make sure in ADDR menu is the 172.16.x.11 or .12 IP address</i>
4	<i>Select SIG Menu and enter SIP</i>
5	Use your down or up Arrow Key until SIP is highlighted and press Enter
6	SIP Global Settings is highlighted, press Enter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SIP Mode = Proxied • SIP Domain = abc.com
7	Click Save
8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use your down or up Arrow Key until SIP Proxy Settings is highlighted and press Enter
9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click existing SIP Proxy Change SIP Port = 5062
10	Click Save, Back, Back, Logoff
11	Do not Select Exit!!!!
12	Log into x199/x299



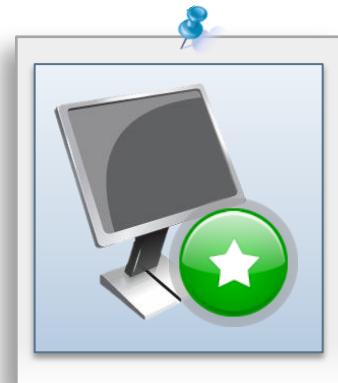
Exercise: Place a Call via SIP User to CM IP Station

Log into your x711/x721 IP Station

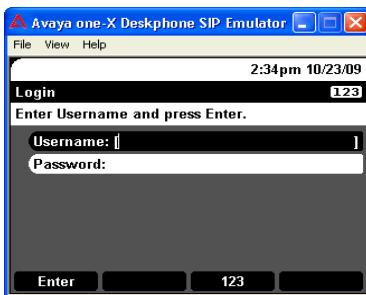
Log into your x199/x299 SIP Phone

Test

Was it successful?



Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	3711	1711	3701	1701	3701
Student b	2721	4721	2721	4701	2701	4701

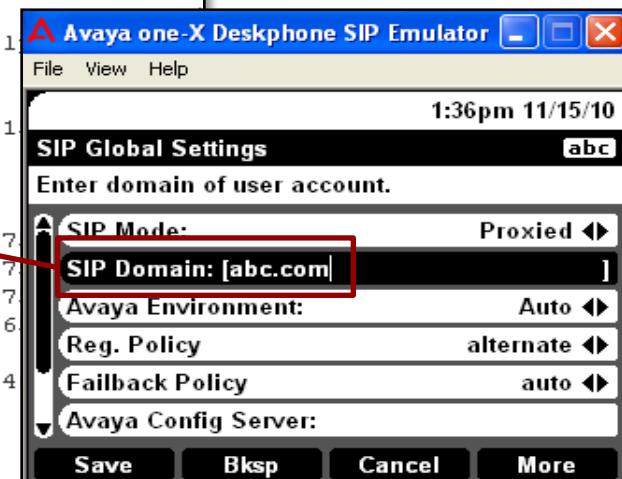


Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1199	2199	3199	4199	5199	6199
Student b	1299	2299	3299	4299	5299	6299

403 Forbidden: Invalid Domain in From Header

```
INVITE sip:81001@abc.com;routeinfo=0-0 SIP/2.0
Record-Route: <sip:135.122.80.58:15080;lr;sap=968470913*1*016asm-call>
Record-Route: <sin:2de0d57f@135.122.81.58:5062;transport=tls;lr>
From: sip:1999@abc.com;tag=538416854ce2e5b465c894fa_F1999135.148.78.1
To: sip:81001@abc.com
Call-ID: a_18e5af44-3017b2af65c894fd_I@135.148.78.157
CSeq: 11 INVITE
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC07
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC17
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC17
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.58:5062;branch=z9hG4bKb_18e5b0cb-d41afe46
99-AP;ft=62
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:7020;branch=z9hG4bKb_18e5b0cb-d41afe4
999
Content-Length: 393
Contact: <sip:1999@135.148.78.157:7020;transport=tls>
Accept-Language: en
Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,
PRACK
Content-Type: application/sdp
User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.0 (22029) AVAYA-SM-6.1.0.0.610013
Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:1999@abc.com>
...

```



```
-----| SIP/2.0 403 Forbidden(Invalid domain in From: header)
| From: <sip:1999@abc.com>;tag=538416854ce2e5b465c894fa_F1999135.148.78.157
| To: <sip:81001@abc.com>;tag=8068f6f5fbdf17e5f4cf8f8f900
| Call-ID: a_18e5af44-3017b2af65c894fd_I@135.148.78.157
| CSeq: 11 INVITE
| P-Av-Transport: AP;fe=135.122.80.142:5061;ne=135.122.81.58:51809;tt=TLS;th
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC0756
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC1754
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC1753
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.58:5062;branch=z9hG4bKb_18e5b0cb-d41afe465c89696_I19
| 99-AP;ft=62
| Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:7020;branch=z9hG4bKb_18e5b0cb-d41afe465c89696_I11
| 999
| Server: Avaya CM/R016x.00.0.345.0
| Content-Length: 0
\-----
```

Adaptability

Adaptations can be used to change the SIP Domain in the RequestURI (destination) and the P-Asserted Identity (PAI) (source).



DigitConversionAdapter: Domain Name Change

- ▶ Outbound call Domain Modification Parameter
 - `overrideDestinationDomain` (`odstd`)
replaces the domain in Request-URI
 - `overrideSourceDomain` (`osrcd`):
replaces the domain in the
P-Asserted-Identity header
- ▶ Inbound call Domain Modification Parameters
 - `ingressOverrideDestinationDomain` (`iodstd`)
replaces the domain in Request-URI
 - `ingressoverrideSourceDomain` (`iosrcd`)
replaces the domain in the P-Asserted-Identity header

Example:

ModuleName:

DigitConversionAdapter

Module Parameter:

odstd=training.com

osrcd=training.com

Change Domain of Source

- ▶ The order of the module parameters is not important.
- ▶ Once the adaptation is created then it must be assigned to the SIP entity.

A DigitConversionAdapter **overrideDestinationDomain = training.com overrideSourceDomain=training.com**
(can also use: **odstd=training.com osrcd=training.com**)

G

* Adaptation name: ChangeDomain

Module name: DigitConversionAdapter

Module parameter: odstd=training.com osrcd=training.com

Egress URI Parameters:

Notes:

General

* Name: CM6a

* FQDN or IP Address: 172.16.5.53

Type: CM

Notes:

Adaptation: ChangeDomain

Location: Denver

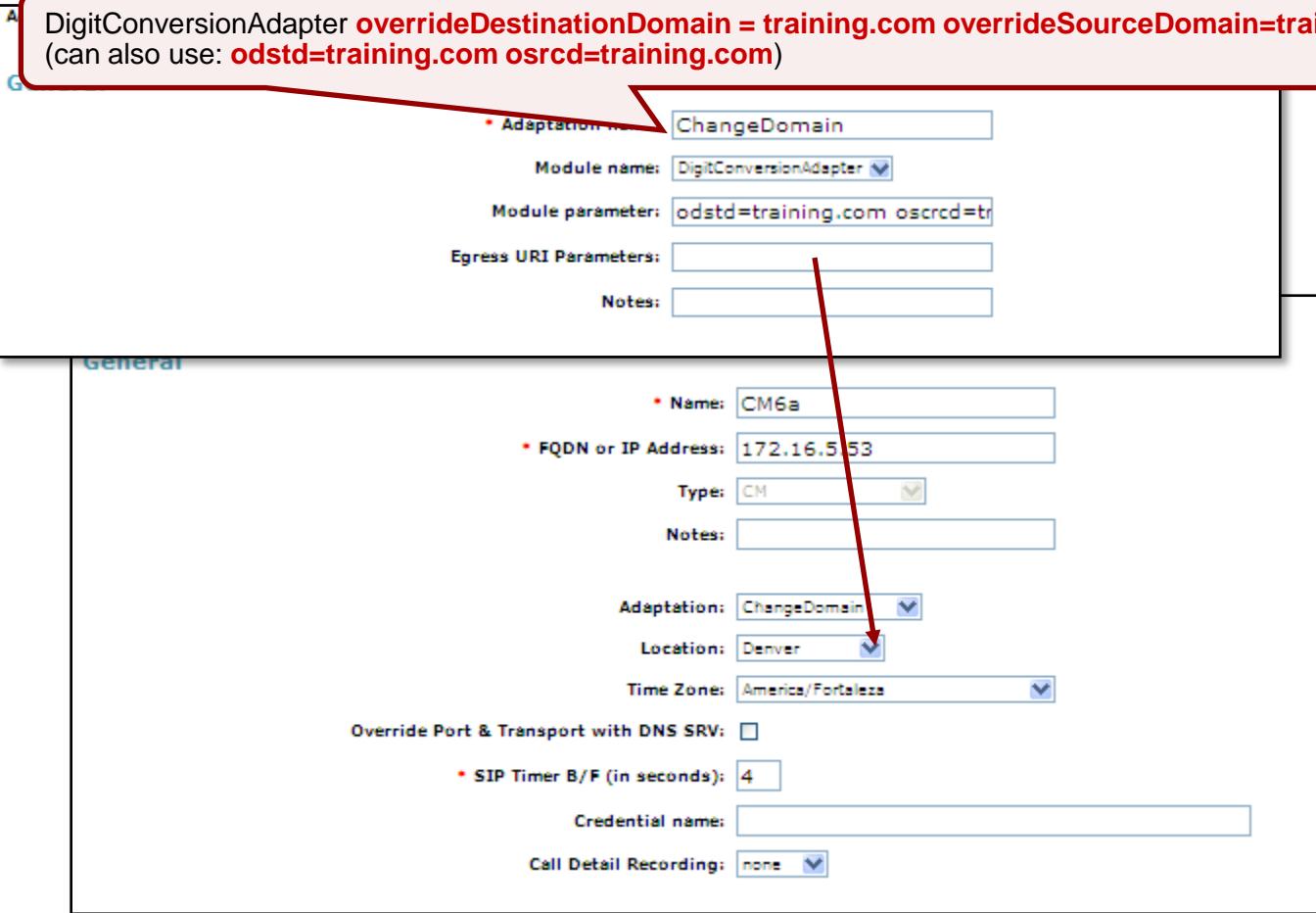
Time Zone: Americas/Fortaleza

Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:

* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4

Credential name:

Call Detail Recording: none



Result of Domain Change

```
INVITE sip:81001@training.com;routeinfo=0-0 SIP/2.0
Record-Route: <sip:135.122.80.58:15061;lr;sap=968470913*1*016asm-callprocessing.|sar978352519-1289939467325~942746336-1;transport=tls>
Record-Route: <sip:2de0d57f0135.122.81.58:5062;transport=tls;lr>
From: sip:1999@abc.com;tag=28f1dc444ce2ea2865d9ffe0_F1999135.148.78.157
To: sip:81001@abc.com
Call-ID: 46_18f7159d-3017125f65d9ffe6_I@135.148.78.157
CSeq: 71 INVITE
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC01115
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC11113
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.58:15080;branch=z9hG4bK877A503A55449CFC11112
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.58:5062;branch=z9hG4bK47_18f717df-62c81c2265da0aa4_I
1999-AP;ft=62
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:7020;branch=z9hG4bK47_18f717df-62c81c2265da0aa4_I
1999
Content-Length: 393
Contact: <sip:1999@135.148.78.157:7020;transport=tls>
Accept-Language: en
Allow: INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,
PRACK
Content-Type: application/sdp
User-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.0 (22029) AVAYA-SM-6.1.0.0.610013
Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces
P-Asserted-Identity: <sip:1999@training.com>
...
```

odstd=training.com

osrcd=training.com

Adaptations		
	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>	<input type="button" value="New"/>
	<input type="button" value="Duplicate"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
	<input type="button" value="More Actions ▾"/>	
2 Items Refresh		
	Name	Module name
<input type="checkbox"/>	adaptation1	DigitConversionAdapter
<input type="checkbox"/>	CM_PA1	DigitConversionAdapter osrcd=training.com odstd=training.com
Select :	All, None	

SIP Entity Details

General

* Name: CM1

* FQDN or IP Address: 135.122.80.142

Type: CM

Notes:

Adaptation: CM_PA1

Location: training

Time Zone: America/Denver

Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:

* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4

Credential name:

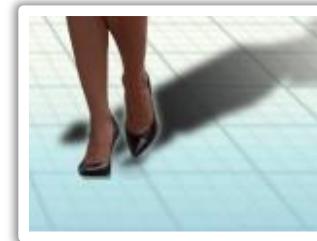
Call Detail Recording: none

Exercise: Define an Adaptation to change the Source and Destination SIP Domain from abc.com to training.com



Step	Action
1	Create a new Adaptation called ' ChangeDomain ' using the DigitConversionAdapter Module and apply to the CM SIP Entity.
2	Student A: Add <u>Outbound Module Parameters</u> to change the: Destination SIP Domain to training.com odstd= training.com
3	Source SIP Domain to training.com osrcd=training.com
4	Student B: Apply the adaptation to your CM SIP entity
5	Test Place the actual call and view traceSM Use the Call Routing Test tool to see the Adaptation

Only one adaptation is configured per Pod.



This is a shared exercise and will require students to shadow and view each other's changes.

Local Host Name Resolution

Local Host Name Resolution

- ▶ Session Manager has an internal host table for resolving a host name to a specific IP address.
- ▶ Can add one SIP Entity FQDN and IP addresses of multiple instances of that SIP Entity for load balancing

SIP Entity Details

General

* Name: CM4

* FQDN or IP Address: CM-04.training.com

Type: CM

Notes:

Adaptation:

Location:

Time Zone: America/Fortaleza

Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:

* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4

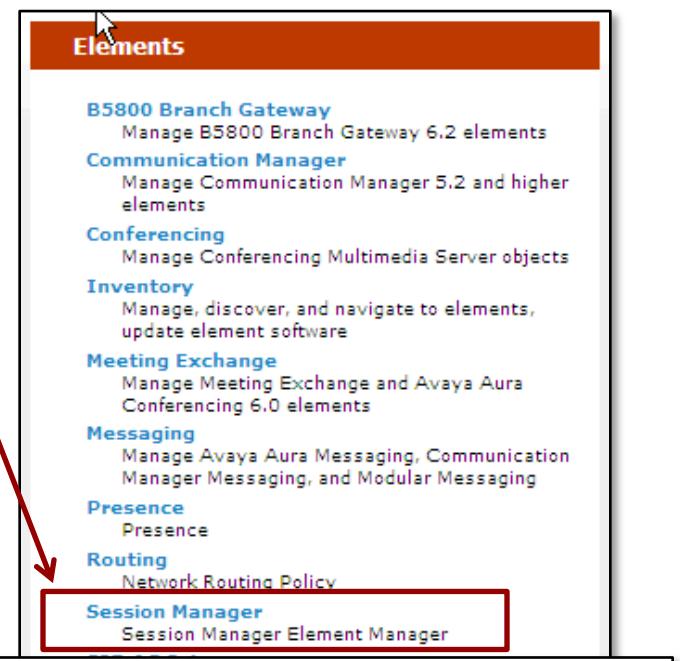
Credential name:

Call Detail Recording: none

If unchecked, Session Manager uses a local table to resolve. If checked, Session Manager will use DNS to resolve the FQDN.

Local Host Name Resolution (continued)

- ▶ To modify Session Manager's Local Host Name Resolution table, access the Element Menu and select Session Manager
- ▶ Select Network Configuration>>Local Host Name Resolution
- ▶ Select New



The screenshot shows the 'Session Manager' interface. The left navigation bar includes links for Session Manager, Administration, Communication Profile Editor, Network Configuration (which is selected), Failover Groups, Local Host Name, and Resolution. The main content area is titled 'Local Host Name Resolution' and contains a sub-section 'Local Host Name Entries'. It features buttons for 'New', 'Edit', 'Delete', and 'More Actions'. Below these buttons, there is a table header with columns for 'Host Name (FQDN)', 'IP Address', 'Port', and 'Priority'. The table body displays the message '0 Items Refresh' and 'No Local Host Name entries have been defined.'

Local Host Name Resolution (continued)

- ▶ Enter the FQDN and the IP Address it should resolve to. This is an “internal” DNS lookup table.
- ▶ The priority field can be used to setup:
 1. Load Balancing – Assign the same priority and weight to all the entries of the same FQDN. You can also assign the same priority but different weights to add more control to the load balancing decision.
 2. Failover – Assign different priorities to entries of the same FQDN. The lowest number is the highest priority and would be attempted first.

New Local Host Name Entries							Commit	Cancel
New Local Host Name Entries								
	Host Name (FQDN)	IP Address	Port	Priority	Weight	Transport		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	cm-01.training.com	172.16.1.53	5061	100	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				200	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				300	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				400	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				500	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				600	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				700	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				800	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>				900	100	TLS		
<input type="checkbox"/>								

Exercise: Modify SIP Entity for Local Host Name Resolution

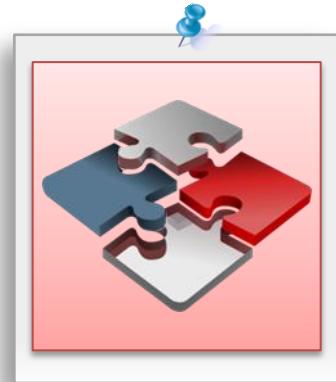
Step	Action
1	<p>Navigate to the Routing Menu>>SIP Entities -Modify the SIP Entity for your Partner's Session Manager to an FQDN (use the Classroom Layout PDF)</p>
2	Add an entry in the Local Host Name Resolution to resolve the FQDN to an IP Address
3	Place a call to that destination
4	Commit



Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ Examine the use of adaptations and apply adaptations to effect centralized routing between SIP and H.323 endpoints.



Module Summary

You have completed the following lesson objectives:

- ▶ SIP Registration/SIP Registry Routing
- ▶ Describe Session Manager's role as a Registrar and in Registry Routing
- ▶ Create a SIP User
- ▶ Use SIP Tracing Tools
- ▶ Examine SIP Registry Routing



NRP

- ▶ Review and configure the following routing components to support centralized routing within the enterprise:
 - Domain
 - Location
 - SIP Entities
 - Entity Links
 - Time Ranges
 - Routing Policies
 - Dial Patterns
 - Regular Expressions

Adaptation

- ▶ Examine the use of adaptations and apply adaptations to effect centralized routing between SIP and H.323 endpoints.

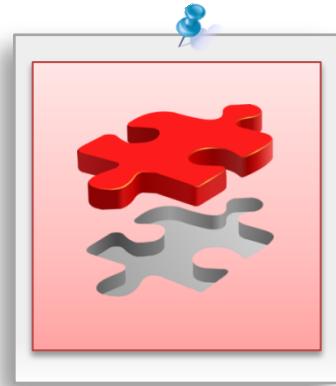
Module 5

Feature Server Application Integration

Module Objectives

After completing this module, you will be able to:

- Identify the role of Session Manager in applying features to calls and administer named and sequenced applications.
- Administer Sequenced Applications.
- Administer features to non-SIP users using Implicit Users.



Lesson 1

Application of Features to Calls – Setting the Scene

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

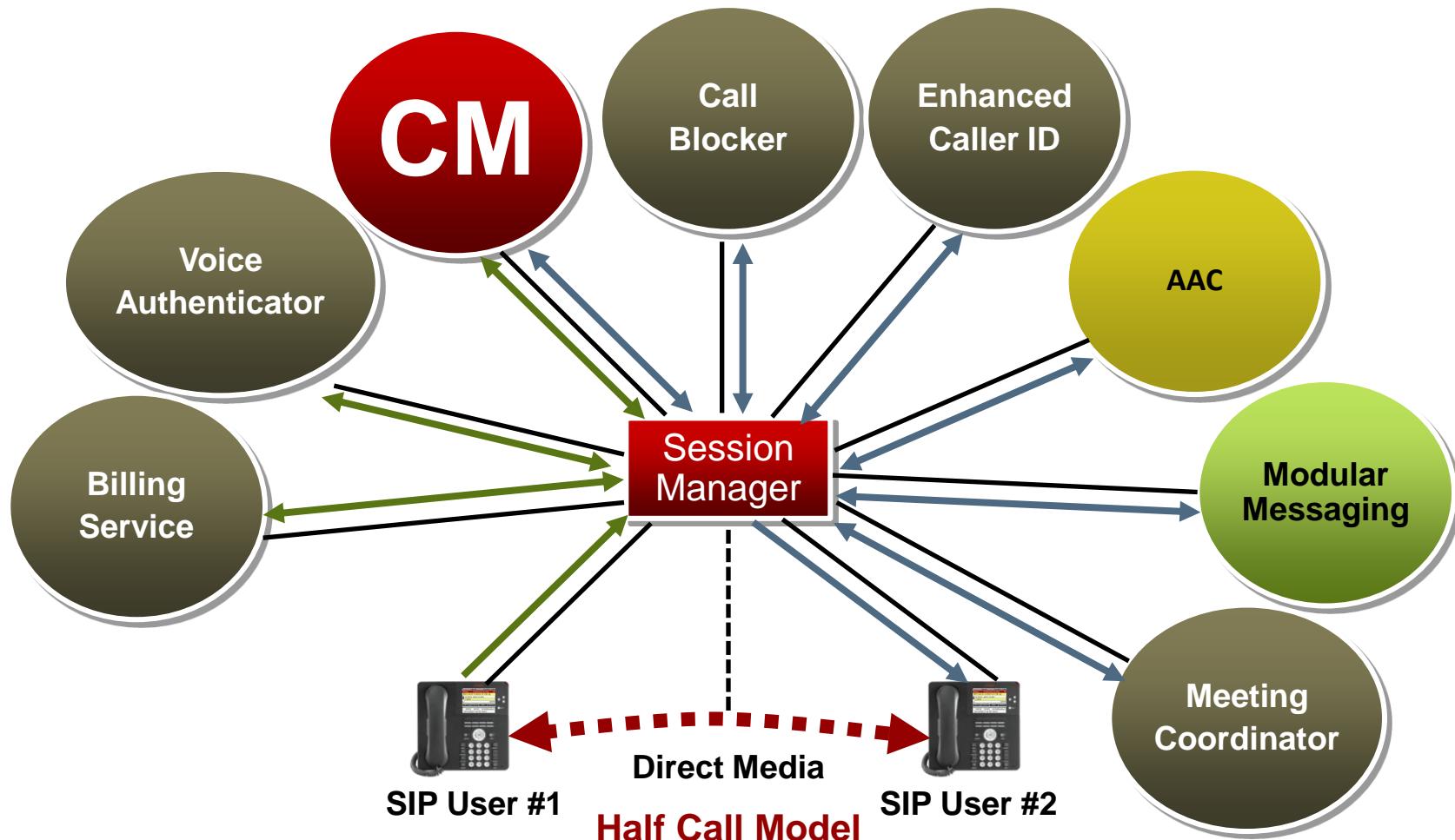
- Review the nature of both named and sequenced applications, and the role of Session Manager in applying such features.



Overview of Applications

Sequenced & Named Applications

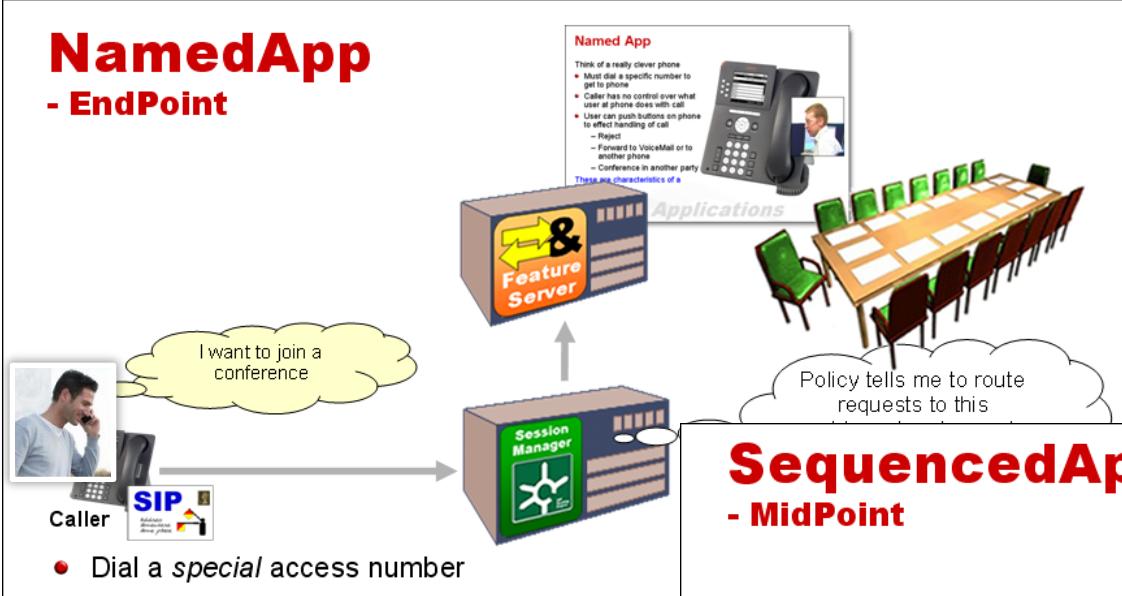
Avaya Aura™ Applications in an IMS Network



Sequenced and Named Applications

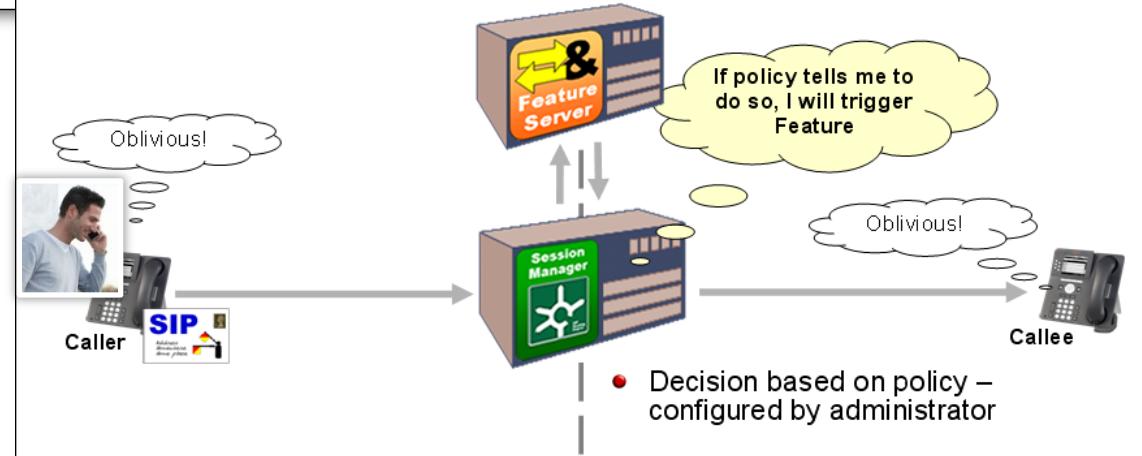
NamedApp

- EndPoint



SequencedApp

- MidPoint

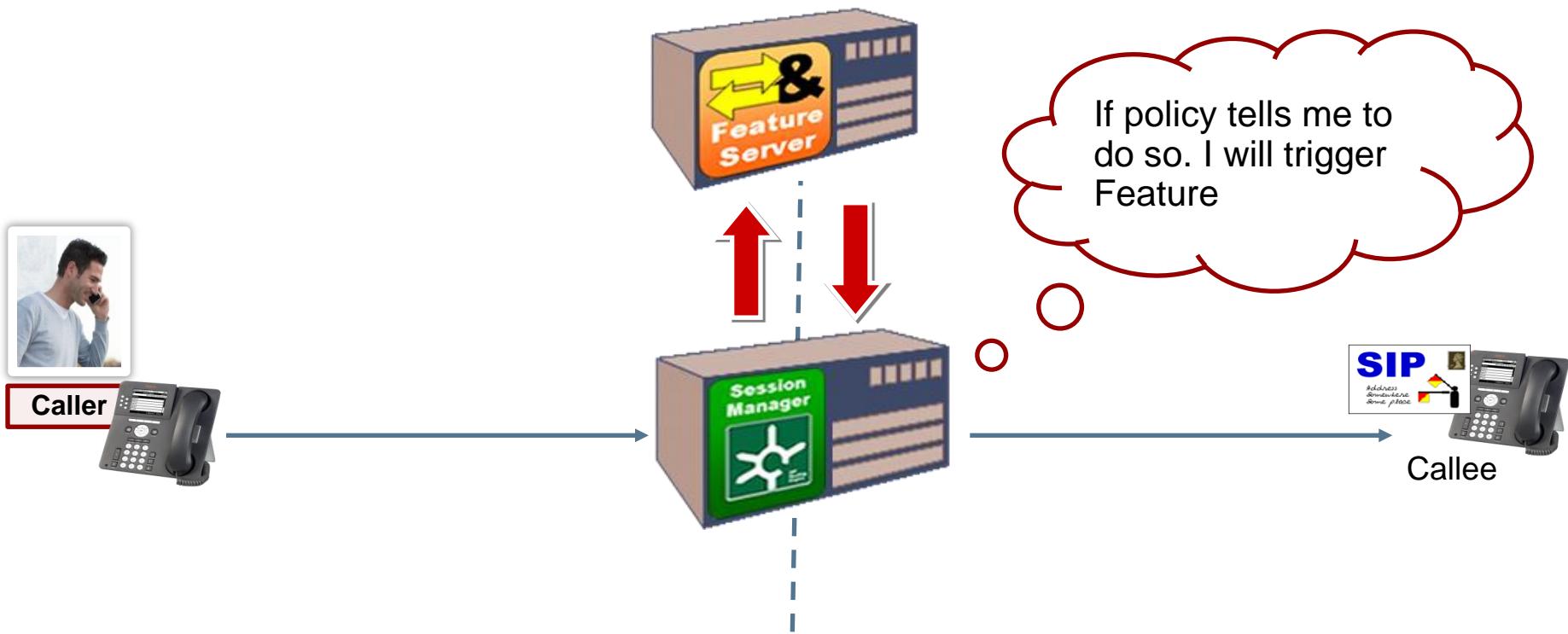


Sequenced Applications

Named Apps & Sequenced Apps

The difference?

- ▶ Decision based on policy – configured by administrator

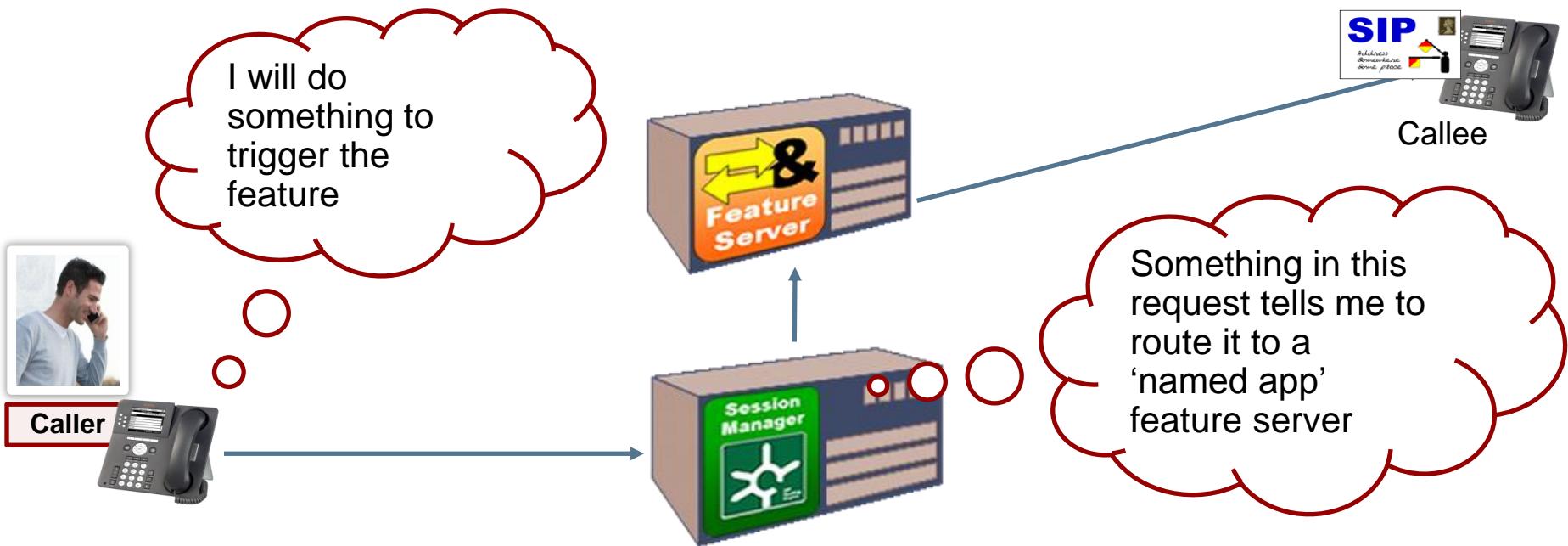


Named Applications

Named Apps & Sequenced Apps

The difference?

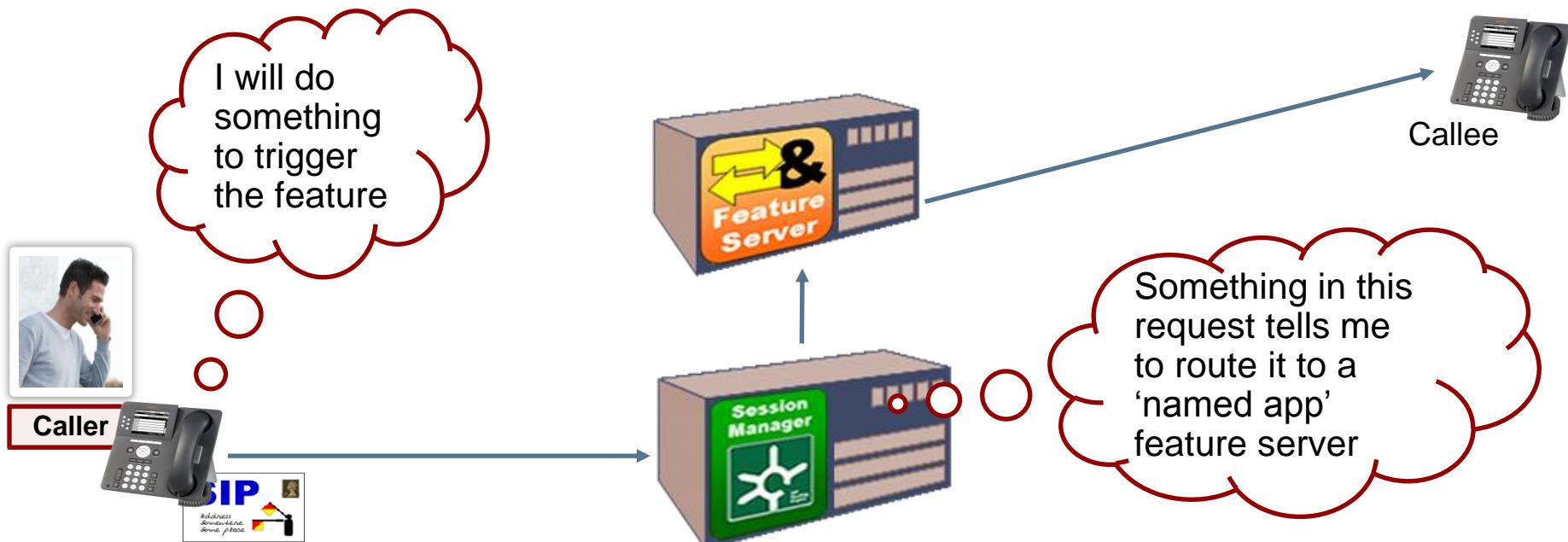
- ▶ Dial a *special* access number
- ▶ Issue a request with *special* details in URI,



Named Applications

Named Apps & Sequenced Apps the Difference?

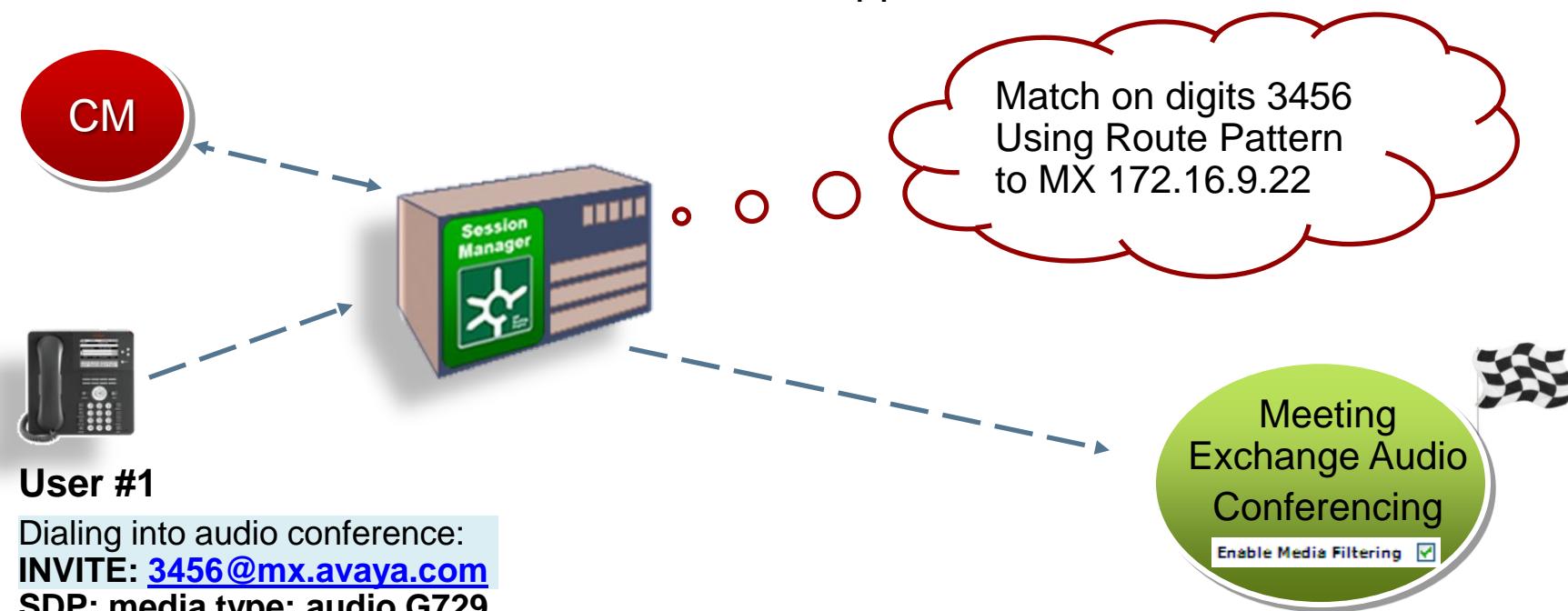
- ▶ Named Applications



Dial a *special* access number
Issue a request with *special* details in URI.

Named Application

- ▶ In Named Applications, the user initiates the call to the application.
- ▶ Once dialled, the caller has no control over what happens when the call reaches the application.
- ▶ The application can forward the call to voicemail, or to another extension, or could choose to answer the call and bridge it straight in to a conference.
- ▶ These are the characteristics of a named application.

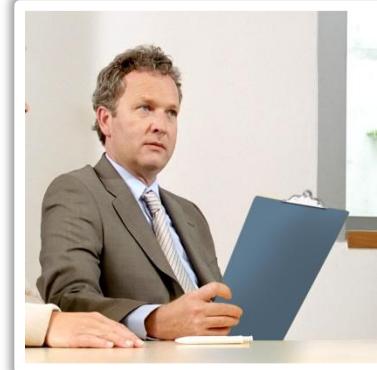


Named Application Routing

Named Applications are NOT sequenced

Two possible ways to route to Named Application:

- ▶ Routing Policy



- ▶ Register Application as SIP User

SIP Location

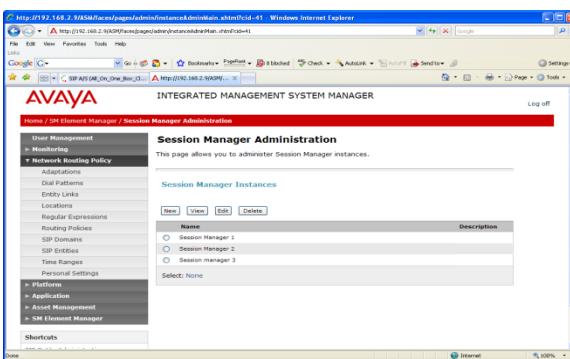


Creating Network Routing Policies

- ▶ Basically, you create routing policies to route calls to a NAME APP.

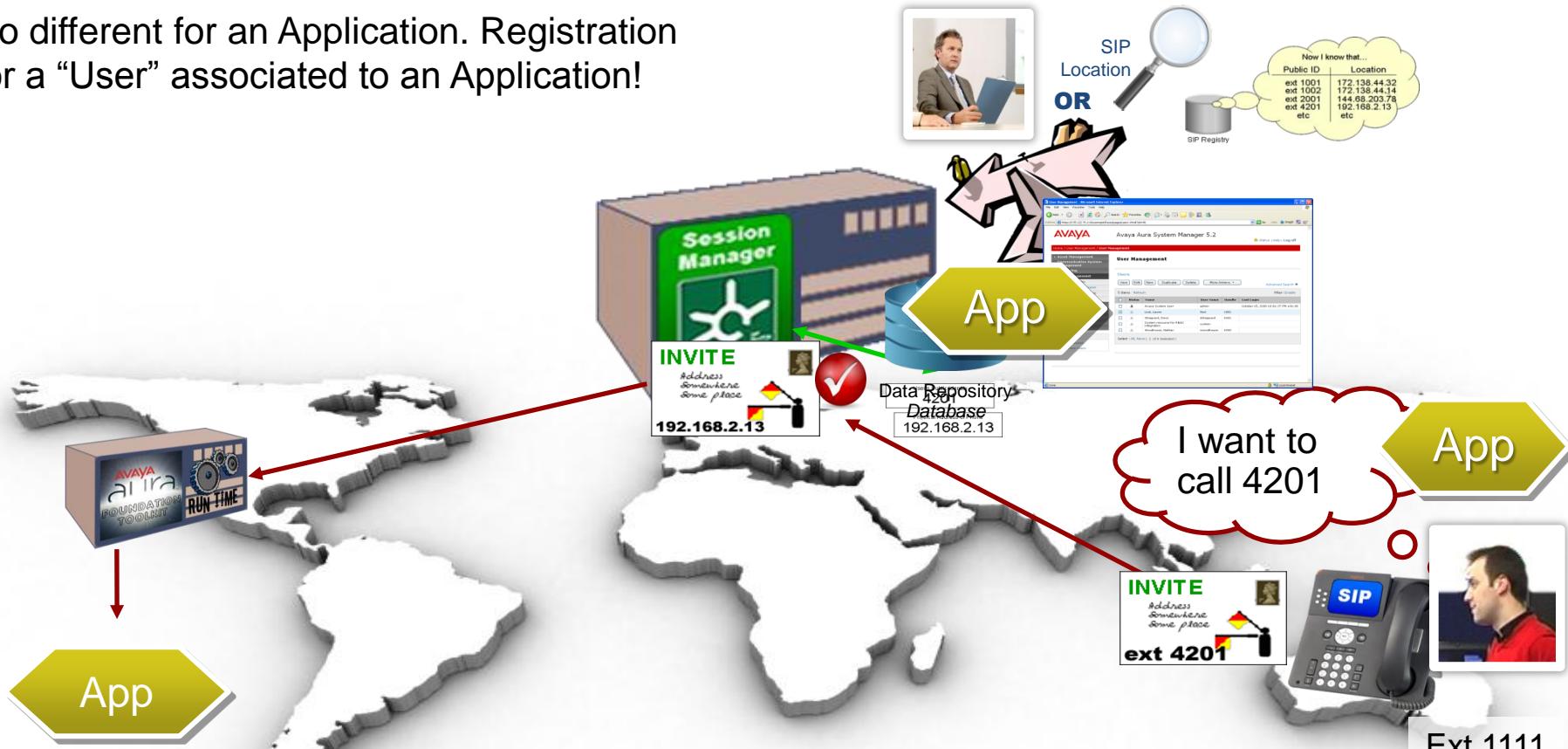


Network Administrator



Named App as SIP User

No different for an Application. Registration for a “User” associated to an Application!



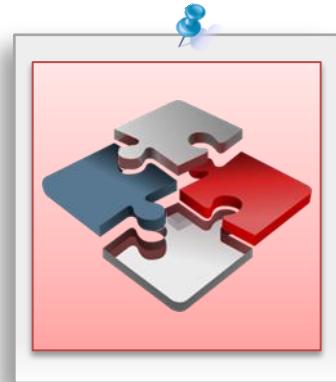
Application
Registers as 4201
SIP Registry

Session Manager checks for User Profile
If profile exists, checks registry for registration
If registered get destination location from
registry and proxy on

Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objective:

- ▶ Review the nature of both named and sequenced applications, and the role of Session Manager in applying such features.



Lesson 2 Administering Sequenced Applications

Feature Servers

Lesson Objectives

After completing this lesson, you will be able to:

- Review the nature of sequenced applications, and how they are administered.



Benefit of Application Sequencing

- ▶ Session Manager watches over Registered SIP Users and all of their calls, both incoming and outgoing, ready to take any special action when the occasion requires.



CM Feature Server as a Sequenced Application



CM has thousands of “features”. Since the CM has knowledge of the user, the Session Manager does not have to address each feature.

It simply sends the request to CM and CM will apply the appropriate features based on the user and whether they are the caller or the callee.

How CM Features are Applied

- ▶ Session Manager retrieves caller's User Profile
- ▶ Retrieves callers Originating Application Sequence
- ▶ An ordered list of applications to be applied to outbound calls made by the caller



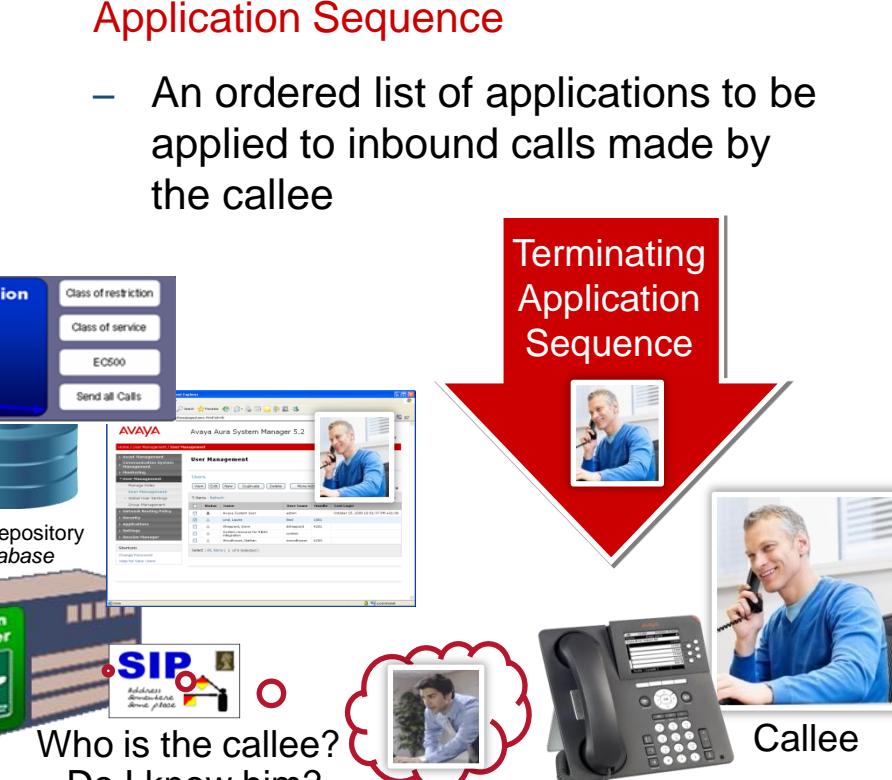
IMS: Half-Call Model

Half Call Model

- Session Manager retrieves caller's UserProfile
- Retrieves callers **Originating Application Sequence**
 - An ordered list of applications to be applied to outbound calls made by the caller



- Session Manager retrieves callee's UserProfile
- Retrieves callees **Terminating Application Sequence**
 - An ordered list of applications to be applied to inbound calls made by the callee



CM Relationships to ASM and Order of Implementation

1. SIP Entity
2. Managed Element
3. Application
4. Added to Application Sequence



Note

CM must be added to Session Manager as a Managed Element first before it can be created as an Application.

Communication Manager as a Managed Element

Communication System Manager

The *Communication System Manager* interface can be used to synchronize CM station data to the System Manager database.

From the SMGR web console select **Inventory**.

Elements

B5800 Branch Gateway

Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations

Communication Manager

Manage Communication Manager objects

Conferencing

Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects

Inventory

Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software

Meeting Exchange

Meeting Exchange

Messaging

Manage Messaging System objects

Presence

Presence

Routing

Network Routing Policy

Session Manager

Session Manager Element Manager

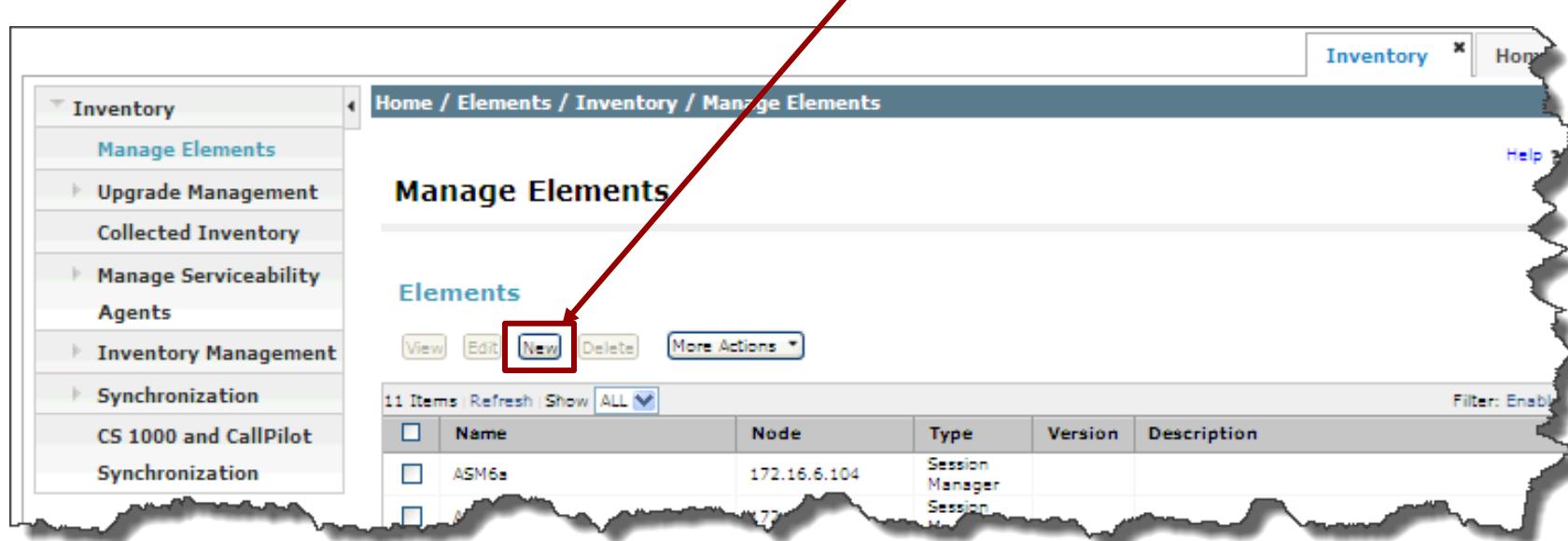
SIP AS 8.1

SIP AS 8.1

Communication System Manager (continued)

The *Communication System Manager* interface can be used to synchronize CM station data to the System Manager database.

To create CM as a Managed Element Select **New**



Communication System Manager (continued)

Select the Communication Manager “Type” from the drop-down list.

The screenshot shows the 'New Elements' dialog box within the 'Inventory Management' section of the Avaya Communication System Manager. The 'General' tab is selected. A red arrow points to the 'Type' dropdown menu, which is open and displays a list of options. The option 'Communication Manager' is highlighted with a blue selection bar. The list includes:

- Select Type
- Application Enablement Services
- B5800 Branch Gateway
- CS 1000 Terminal Proxy Server
- Communication Manager**
- Communication Manager and G860 Media Gateways
- Conferencing
- Meeting Exchange
- Messaging
- Other Applications
- Other System Platform Based Applications
- Presence Services 6.0
- Presence Services 6.1
- Presence Services 6.2
- Session Manager
- System Platform

* Required

Inventory Home Help ? Commit Cancel

New Elements

General *

General

* Type Select Type

Commit Cancel

Communication System Manager (continued)

Specify the name and IP address of the Communication Manager 172.16.x.53.

New Communication Manager Commit

General * **Attributes ***

General

* Name ◆

* Type Reset

Description

* Node ◆

Access Point

Communication System Manager (continued)

The login used must have ssh/sat access to Communication Manager.

Do not use any of the following logins when administering a CM entity for Communication System Manager:
craft, craft2, admin, inads, init, rasaccess, sroot, and tsc

New Communication Manager Commit Cancel

General * Attributes *

SNMP Attributes

* Version None V1 V3

Attributes

* Login smgr1
* Password 
Confirm Password
Is SSH Connection
* Port 5022
Alternate IP Address
RSA SSH Fingerprint (Primary IP)
RSA SSH Fingerprint (Alternate IP)
Is ASG Enabled
ASG Key
Confirm ASG Key
Location
Enable Notification (This would transmit unencrypted data from CM)

*Required Commit Cancel

Scheduling CM Data Synchronization

As soon as the element is saved, the initial sync is performed.

To view, navigate to
Synchronization >> Communication System

The screenshot shows the Avaya Element Manager interface. The left sidebar under the 'Inventory' section has a 'Synchronization' category expanded, with 'Communication System' selected. A red arrow points from the text above to this 'Communication System' link. The main content area is titled 'Synchronize CM Data and Configure Options' with a note: 'Note: Please avoid any administration task on CM while sync is in progress.' Below this is a table titled 'Synchronize CM Data/Launch Element Cut Through'. The table has columns: Item, Refresh, Show (set to ALL), Element Name, FQDN/IP Address, Last Sync Time, Last Translation Time, Sync Type, and Sync Status. One row is shown for 'CM2' with IP '172.16.6.53', last sync at '10:00 pm FRI JAN 13, 2012', and sync type 'Initialization'. The 'Sync Status' column for this row is highlighted with a yellow background and a red border, showing options: 'Synchronizing', 'Automatic', 'Alternate', 'Routing Digit Conversion', and 'Locate'. At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'Initialize data for selected devices' and 'Cancel Sync data'.

Item	Refresh	Show	Element Name	FQDN/IP Address	Last Sync Time	Last Translation Time	Sync Type	Sync Status
1 Item	Refresh	Show ALL	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CM2	172.16.6.53		10:00 pm FRI JAN 13, 2012	Initialization	Synchronizing Automatic Alternate Routing Digit Conversion Locate

Element Manager – Data Synchronization

Automatic CM Data Synchronization

- After a CM has been added as a Managed Element, it will be automatically scheduled for an initial and subsequent incremental data synchronization.
 - Subsequent changes made in System Manager will immediately update underlying CM when committed.
 - In 6.2 Synchronization enhancements include almost immediate synchronization from CM to SMGR.

1 Item Refresh Show ALL							Filter: Enable
	Element Name	FQDN/IP Address	Last Sync Time	Last Translation Time	Sync Type	Sync Status	Location
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CM2	172.16.6.53		10:00 pm FRI JAN 13, 2012	Initialization	Synchronizing Automatic Alternate Routing Digit Conversion	

Making Changes to Data – 6.1

- ▶ Subsequent changes made in System Manager will immediately update the underlying CM when committed.
 - ▶ In 6.1 if subsequent changes were made in the CM, they would not be reflected in SMGR until the next scheduled synchronization.



Making Changes to Data – 6.2

- ▶ Since 6.2, changes made in CM will be reflected in System Manager almost immediately!



Scheduling CM Data Synchronization

The CM sync copies the XLN (translation) file from the copy saved on the CM's hard disk to the SMGR database.

Synchronize CM Data and Configure Options

Note: Please avoid any administration task on CM while sync is in progress.

Synchronize CM Data/Launch Element Cut Through

1 Item	Refresh	Show ALL	Filter: Enable				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Element Name	FQDN/IP Address	Last Sync Time	Last Translation Time	Sync Type	Sync Status	Location
	CM2	172.16.6.53	January 14, 2012 3:15:09 PM -07:00	10:00 pm FRI JAN 13, 2012	Initialization	Completed	

Select : All, None

Initialize data for selected devices
 Incremental Sync data for selected devices
 Execute 'save trans all' for selected devices

Job Scheduler

Task Time: January 14, 2012
03 : 28 : 01 PM (-7.0)Mountain Time (US & Canada); Chihuahua, La Paz

Recurrence: Execute task one time only
 Tasks are repeated Daily Every 1 Day(s)

Range: No End Date
 End After 1 occurrences
 End By Date January 14, 2012

Schedule **Cancel** **Launch Element Cut Through**

Schedule **Cancel**

Manual CM Data Synchronization

- ▶ On the Inventory, Synchronization >> Communication System page, you can select your CM and select the radio button to perform an incremental sync and click now.
- ▶ When you modify CM data in System Manager, it is automatically replicated to CM when you select commit.

Synchronize CM Data and Configure Options

Note: Please avoid any administration task on CM while sync is in progress.

Synchronize CM Data/Launch Element Cut Through

1 Item	Refresh	Show ALL	Filter: Enable				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Element Name	FQDN/IP Address	Last Sync Time	Last Translation Time	Sync Type	Sync Status	Location
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CM2	172.16.6.53	January 14, 2012 3:15:09 PM -07:00	10:00 pm FRI JAN 13, 2012	Initialization	Completed	

Select : All, None

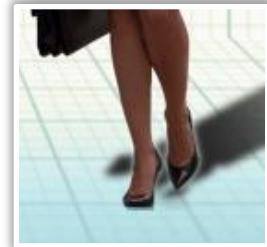
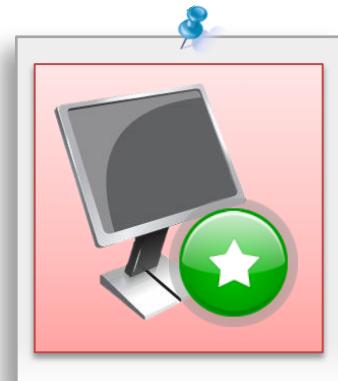
Initialize data for selected devices
 Incremental Sync data for selected devices
 Execute 'save trans all' for selected devices

Now Schedule Cancel Launch Element Cut Through



Exercise: Add CM as a Managed Element

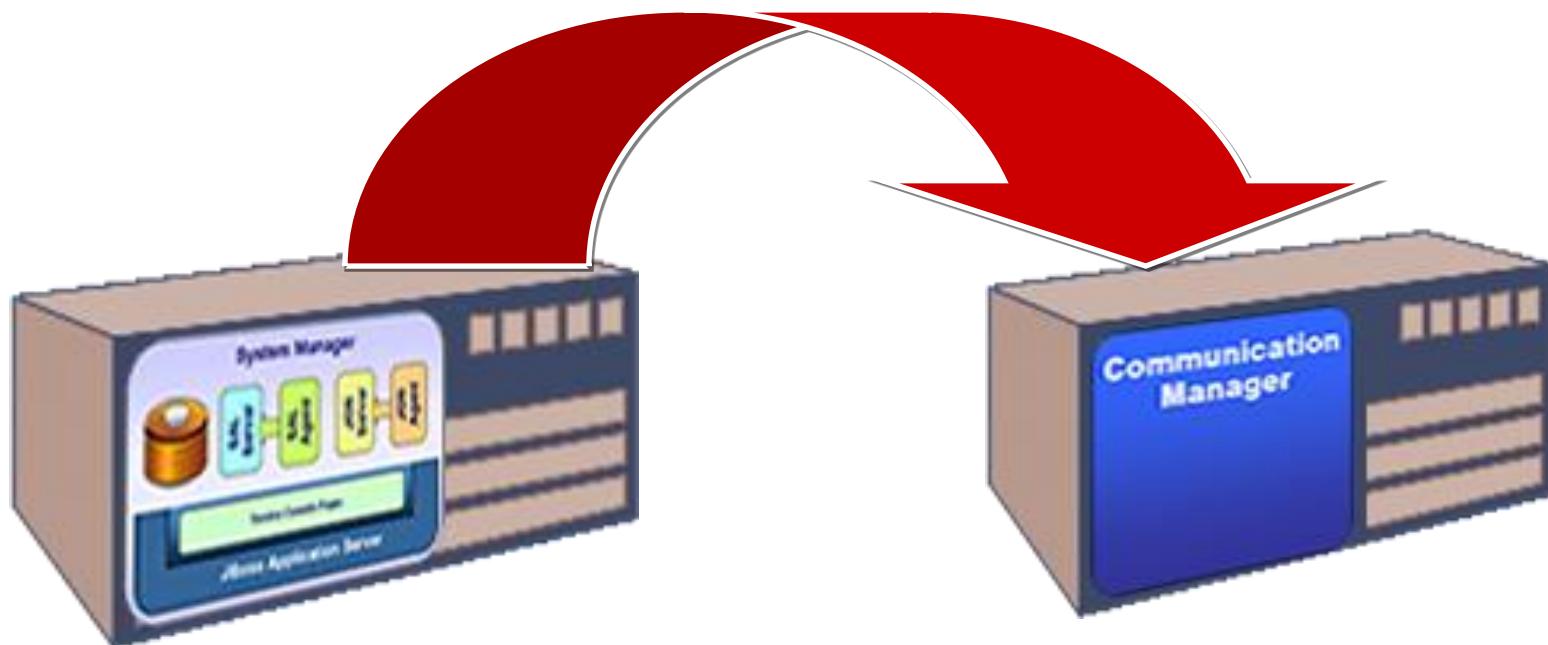
Step	Action																		
1	At System Manager console select Inventory>>Manage Elements																		
2	Select New																		
3	Name: CMx or CMx <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>CM1</td><td>CM2</td><td>CM3</td><td>CM4</td><td>CM5</td><td>CM6</td></tr></tbody></table>	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	CM1	CM2	CM3	CM4	CM5	CM6						
Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6														
CM1	CM2	CM3	CM4	CM5	CM6														
4	Node: 172.16.x.53																		
5	Login/Password: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>CM1</td><td>CM2</td><td>CM1</td><td>CM2</td><td>CM1</td><td>CM2</td></tr><tr><td>smgr1/ Passw0rd</td><td>smgr2/ Passw0rd</td><td>smgr3/ Passw0rd</td><td>smgr4/ Passw0rd</td><td>smgr5/ Passw0rd</td><td>smgr6/ Passw0rd</td></tr></tbody></table>	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	CM1	CM2	CM1	CM2	CM1	CM2	smgr1/ Passw0rd	smgr2/ Passw0rd	smgr3/ Passw0rd	smgr4/ Passw0rd	smgr5/ Passw0rd	smgr6/ Passw0rd
Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6														
CM1	CM2	CM1	CM2	CM1	CM2														
smgr1/ Passw0rd	smgr2/ Passw0rd	smgr3/ Passw0rd	smgr4/ Passw0rd	smgr5/ Passw0rd	smgr6/ Passw0rd														
6	Commit your changes																		



This exercise requires shadowing to be setup between students as one student will complete the exercise and the other student shadows.

Exercise: View Synchronization Status

Step	Action
1	Navigate to Inventory >> Synchronization >> Communication System
2	View the Synchronization Status



Viewing Communication Manager Data

Communication Manager

AVAYA Avaya Aura® System Manager 6.2 Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin Routing Home

Users

- Administrators**
Manage Administrative Users
- Directory Synchronization**
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory
- Groups & Roles**
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users
- UCM Roles**
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users
- User Management**
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users

Elements

- B5800 Branch Gateway**
Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
- Communication Manager**
Manage Communication Manager objects
- Conferencing**
Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
- Inventory**
Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
- Meeting Exchange**
Meeting Exchange
- Messaging**
Manage Messaging System objects
- Presence**
Presence
- Routing**
Network Routing Policy
- Session Manager**
Session Manager Element Manager
- SIP AS 8.1**
SIP AS 8.1

Services

- Backup and Restore**
Backup and restore System Manager database
- Bulk Import and Export**
Manage Bulk Import and Export of Users, User Global Settings, Roles, Elements and others
- Configurations**
Manage system wide configurations
- Events**
Manage alarms, view and harvest logs
- Licenses**
View and configure licenses
- Replication**
Track data replication nodes, repair replication nodes
- Scheduler**
Schedule, track, cancel, update and delete jobs
- Security**
Manage Security Certificates
- Templates**
Manage Templates for Communication Manager, Messaging System and B5800 Branch Gateway objects
- IUCM Services**

View Communication Manager Data

- ▶ Select Endpoints to view the stations configured in CM

The screenshot shows the 'Feature Management' page under the 'Communication Manager' section of the Avaya interface. The left sidebar lists several categories: Call Center, Coverage, Endpoints (which is highlighted with a red box), Groups, Network, Parameters, and System. The main content area is titled 'Feature Management' and contains a table with two columns: 'Action' and 'Description'. The table rows correspond to the categories listed in the sidebar.

Action	Description
Call Center	A Call Center is a way of organizing (called agents) with specific functions.
Coverage	The Call Coverage feature routes incoming calls to agents based on their availability.
Endpoints	System Manager allows you to create endpoints.
Groups	Communication Manager allows logical grouping of any group on the system e.g., agents, and also allows to add or remove agents.
Network	Communication Manager network management allows you to control by those servers. Such equipment may be segregated into distinct logical groups.
Parameters	System parameters are your system's configuration parameters according to your organization's needs.
System	Systems includes a logical grouping of all the other components like Call Center, Coverage, Endpoints, Groups, Network, and Parameters.

View Communication Manager Endpoints

- ▶ Select the system and click “show list”.
- ▶ That will display the stations define in that CM.
- ▶ Shortly, we will create SIP User Communication Profiles and associate them to these CM stations.

AVAYA

Avaya Aura™ System Manager 6.1

Help | About | Change Password | Log off admin

Communication Manager Home

Home / Elements / Communication Manager / Endpoints / Manage Endpoints - Endpoints List

Endpoints

Select device(s) from Communication Manager List

Element Name	FQDN/IP Address	Last Sync Time	Last Translation Time	Sync Type	Sync Status	Location	Software Version
CM_ES1	135.122.80.142	November 16, 2010 3:00:43 PM -08:00	10:00 pm TUE NOV 16, 2010	Initialization	Completed		R016x.00.0.345.0

Select : All, None

Show List

Endpoint List

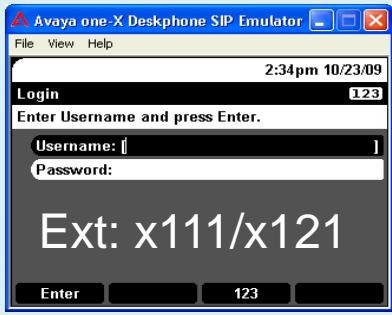
View Edit New Delete More Actions Maintenance Advanced Search

Name	Extension	Port	Set Type	COS	COR	User	System
81004	81004	S00055	9620	1	1		CM_ES1
81003	81003	S00052	9620	1	1		CM_ES1
81002	81002	S00049	9620	1	1		CM_ES1
81001	81001	S00046	9620	1	1		CM_ES1
student4103	4103	S00031	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student4102	4102	S00026	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student4101	4101	S00019	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student3103	3103	S00030	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student3102	3102	S00027	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student3101	3101	S00018	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student2103	2103	S00029	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student2102	2102	S00024	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student2101	2101	S00025	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student1103	1103	S00028	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1
student1102	1102	S00020	9630SIP	1	1		CM_ES1

Select : All, None

< Previous | Page 1 of 2 | Next >

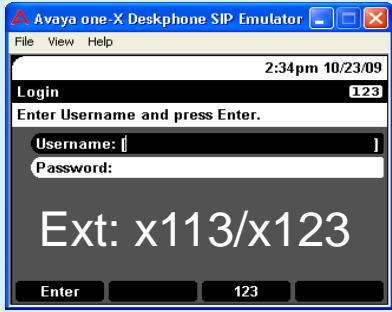
Advanced SIP Terminals: SIP Users associated with CM Stations



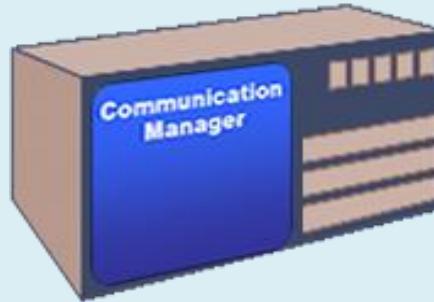
EC500
Call-fwd
Send-Calls



EC500



Brdg-Appr



Exercise: View CM Stations

Step	Action																																																	
1	<p>Once the endpoint list is displayed, select one of your endpoints:</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Student</th><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Student a</td><td>1111</td><td>2111</td><td>3111</td><td>41114</td><td>5111</td><td>6111</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1112</td><td>2112</td><td>3112</td><td>11241</td><td>5112</td><td>6112</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1113</td><td>2113</td><td>3113</td><td>13</td><td>5113</td><td>6113</td></tr><tr><td>Student b</td><td>1121</td><td>2121</td><td>3121</td><td>41214</td><td>5121</td><td>6121</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1122</td><td>2122</td><td>3122</td><td>12241</td><td>5122</td><td>6122</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1123</td><td>2123</td><td>3123</td><td>23</td><td>5123</td><td>6123</td></tr></tbody></table>	Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	Student a	1111	2111	3111	41114	5111	6111		1112	2112	3112	11241	5112	6112		1113	2113	3113	13	5113	6113	Student b	1121	2121	3121	41214	5121	6121		1122	2122	3122	12241	5122	6122		1123	2123	3123	23	5123	6123
Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6																																												
Student a	1111	2111	3111	41114	5111	6111																																												
	1112	2112	3112	11241	5112	6112																																												
	1113	2113	3113	13	5113	6113																																												
Student b	1121	2121	3121	41214	5121	6121																																												
	1122	2122	3122	12241	5122	6122																																												
	1123	2123	3123	23	5123	6123																																												
2	Review the station details																																																	
3	Take note of Button Assignments.																																																	
4	Close the endpoint without saving changes.																																																	

Configuring Applications and Application Sequences

Defining Applications

Application Configuration will be done in the Session Manager Elements Menu.

Elements
B5800 Branch Gateway Manage B5800 Branch Gateway configurations
Communication Manager Manage Communication Manager objects
Conferencing Manage Conferencing Multimedia Server objects
Inventory Manage, discover, and navigate to elements, update element software
Meeting Exchange Meeting Exchange
Messaging Manage Messaging System objects
Presence Presence
Routing Network Routing Policy
Session Manager Session Manager Element Manager
SIP AS 8.1 SIP AS 8.1

Defining Applications (continued)

From the Applications Menu, select New.



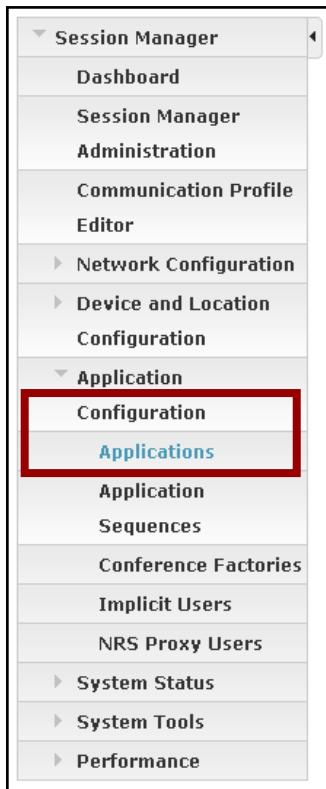
The screenshot shows the Avaya Session Manager Application Configuration interface. On the left, there is a navigation tree under 'Session Manager' with the following items:

- Dashboard
- Session Manager
- Administration
- Communication Profile
- Editor
- Network Configuration
- Device and Location Configuration
- Application Configuration
 - Applications (highlighted with a dotted border)
 - Application
 - Sequences

The main content area has a title bar: **Home / Elements / Session Manager / Application Configuration / Applications -**. Below the title, the page title is **Applications**, followed by a sub-instruction: **This page allows you to add, edit, or remove applications for available SIP Entities.** A section titled **Application Entries** contains three buttons: **New** (highlighted with a red box), **Edit**, and **Delete**. A table follows, with a header row containing columns for **Application Name**, **SIP Entity**, and **Media Filtering**. The table body displays the message: **No application entries have been defined.**

Define the Application for CM

1. Define the name of your CM Application
2. Select your CM SIP Entity
3. Select your CM System for SIP Entity
4. Commit



Application Editor

Application

*Name: CM App → SIP Entity

*SIP Entity: CM1 → Managed Element (CM)

*CM System for SIP Entity: CM1 → View/Add CM Systems

Description: [empty]

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	[blank]
URI Parameters	[blank]

A large red X is placed over the 'Application Handle' row in the table.

When creating an Application for CM, you DO NOT enter an application handle. Leave it blank.



Note

CM must first be configured as a SIP entity with entity links.

Define the Application Sequence For CM

- ▶ Select the + next to your CM Application to add to Sequence

Session Manager

- Dashboard
- Session Manager
- Administration

Communication Profile Editor

Network Configuration

Device and Location Configuration

Application Configuration

Applications

Application Sequences

Conference Factories

Implicit Users

NRS Proxy Users

System Status

System Tools

Performance

Application Sequence Editor

Commit Cancel

Application Sequence

*Name

Description

Sequence 1

Applications in this Sequence

Move First Move Last Remove

1 Item

	Sequence Order (first to last)	Name	SIP Entity
<input type="checkbox"/>		CM App	CommunicationManager1

Select : All, None

Available Applications

1 Item Refresh Filter: Enable

	Name	SIP Entity	Description
	CM App	CommunicationManager1	

*Required Commit Cancel

Exercise: Create CM Application and Application Sequence

Step	Action
1	Create a CM Application
2	Navigate to Session Manager Elements Menu then Select Application
3	Select New
4	Application Name: CM1, CM2 add table
5	Select your CM SIP Entity from the SIP Entity drop-down list
6	Select your CM Managed Element from the CM System for SIP Entity drop-down list
7	Commit
8	Create a CM Application Sequence
9	Navigate to Application Configuration>Application Sequences
10	Select New
11	Application Sequence Name: CM
12	Select the + next to your CM Application to add to Sequence
13	Commit

Applying Application Sequences to Users

Applying Application Sequences

- ▶ Edit SIP User to apply Application Sequence to User's Communication Profile

User Management

Users

[View](#) [Edit](#) [New](#) [Duplicate](#) [Delete](#) [More Actions ▾](#) [Advanced Search](#)

7 Items | Refresh | Show ALL ▾ Filter: Enable

<input type="checkbox"/>	Last Name	First Name	Display Name	Login Name	E164 Handle	Last Login
<input type="checkbox"/>	admin	admin	Default Administrator	admin		December 22, 2011 3:27:48 PM -06:00
<input type="checkbox"/>	Doe	Jane	Jane Doe	janedoe@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	One-X	One-X	One-X, One-X	onex@avaya.com	1002	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sheppard	Dave	Sheppard, Dave	dsheppard@avaya.com	1234	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		User1	Test, User1	user1@avaya.com		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Winflare	Winflare	Winflare, Winflare	winflare@avaya.com	1001	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Wood	Dorcas	Wood, Dorcas	dwood@avaya.com	7777	

Select : [All](#), [None](#)

Applying Application Sequences (continued)

Session Manager Profile

* Primary Session Manager

Primary	Secondary	Maximum
3	0	3

Secondary Session Manager

Primary	Secondary	Maximum

Origination Application Sequence

Termination Application Sequence

Conference Feature Server

Survivable Router Server

* Home Location



Applying Application Sequences in Bulk

Navigate to Session Manager Elements Menu>>Communication Profile Editor

Session Manager Communication Profiles

Check Box	Login Name	Address: Handle	Address: Domain	Primary Session Manager	Secondary Session Manager	Origination Application Sequence	Termination Application Sequence	Conference Factory Set	Survivability Server	Home Location
<input type="checkbox"/>	dwwood@training.com	dwwood	training.com	ASM6B	ASM6a	CM1 App Sequence	CM1 App Sequence	(None)	BSM1	Denver
<input type="checkbox"/>	dwood@avaya.com	dwood	training.com	ASM6B	ASM6a	(None)	(None)	(None)	BSM1	Denver
<input type="checkbox"/>	jweber@avaya.com	6912	training.com	ASM6a	(None)	(None)	(None)	(None)	BSM1	Denver
<input type="checkbox"/>	wheber@avaya.com	6911	training.com	ASM6a	(None)	(None)	(None)	(None)	BSM1	Denver
<input type="checkbox"/>	wood11@avaya.com	6922	training.com	ASM6B	ASM6a	(None)	(None)	(None)	BSM1	Denver

Select : All, None

New Communication Profile Values

Commit Changes

Primary Session Manager ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Secondary Session Manager ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Origination Application Sequence ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Termination Application Sequence ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Conference Factory Set ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Survivability Server ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

Home Location ([Use existing values](#)) ▾

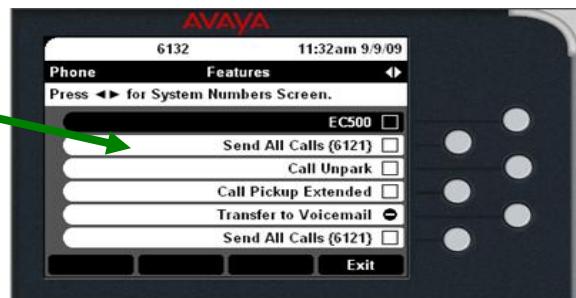
Multiple users can be selected at once and have several parameters configured simultaneously.

PPM

Personal Profile Manager (PPM)

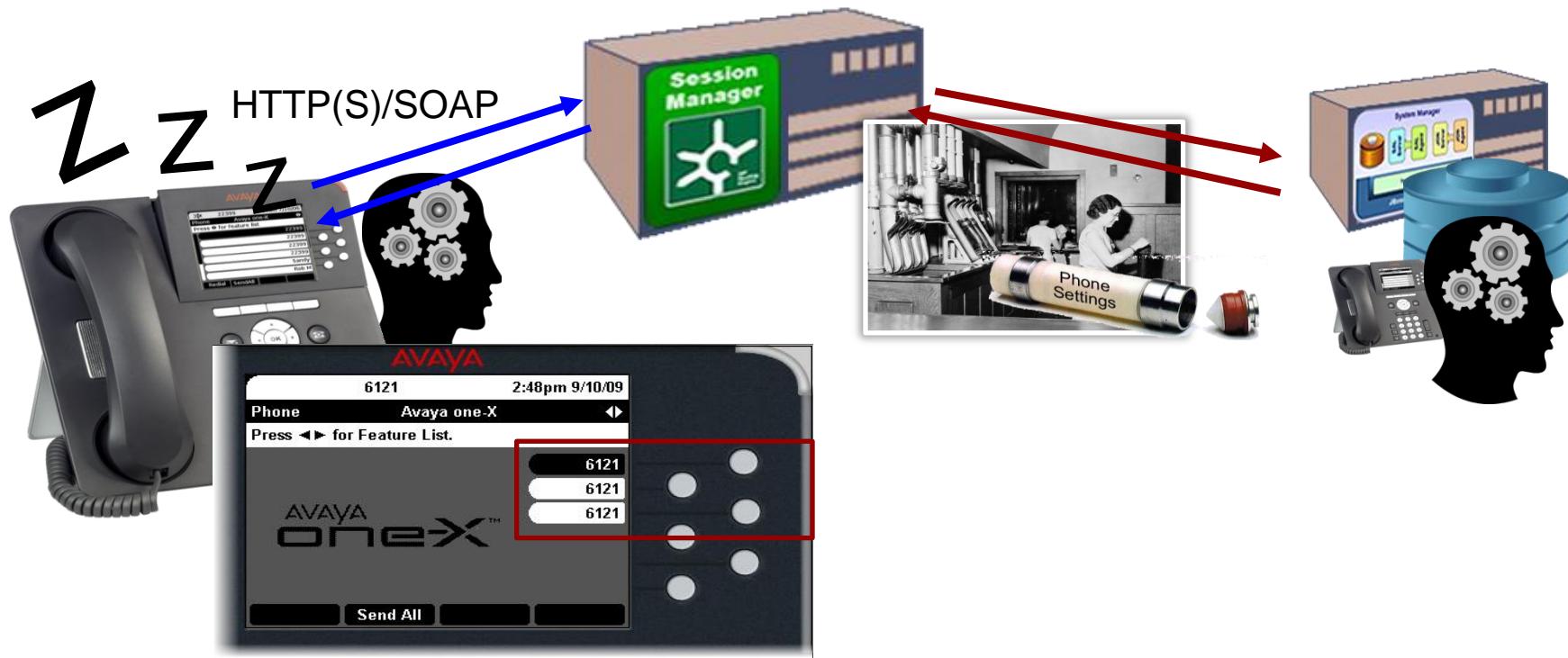
Personal Profile Manager – PPM

- ▶ Before Different users... Different settings



Personal Profile Manager

- ▶ PPM is downloaded over http(s) using SOAP messages, not SIP.



PPM Three Types of Data



SIP Timers

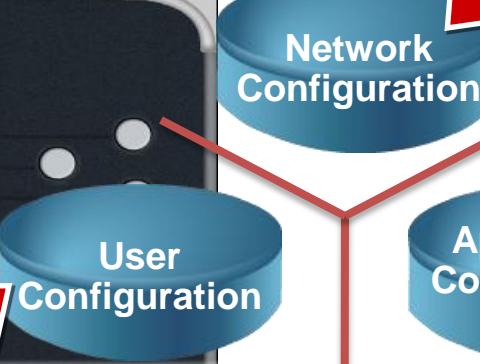
Subscription and Registration expiry timers

Phone Settings

Ring tones

Volumes

etc



User

Personal Settings
Speed Dial Hot keys
Contact Lists
Handset volume ???
etc



Network Administrator



Application

PPM Requests

► SM 6.1 Supported PPM Requests and Clients for Session Manager

Method	SM	Dev – Connect	Notes
addContact	5.2	SM 5.2	
deleteContact	5.2	SM 5.2	
getAllEndpointConfiguration	5.2	SM 5.2	
getContactList	5.2	SM 5.2	
getDeviceData	5.2	SM 6.0	In 5.2, this contains default data in the response.
getHomeCapabilities	5.2	SM 5.2	
getHomeServer	5.2	SM 5.2	
getPermissionType	n/a	n/a	Default data in the response.
setDeviceData	5.2	SM 6.0	In 5.2, this contains default data in the response.
setVolumeSettings	5.2	SM 6.0	A separate getVolumeSettings method is not needed as it is included in the getAllEndpointConfiguration response.
updateContact	6.0	SM 6.0	
searchContact	6.1	SM 6.1	Supported for backwards compatibility with SIP 2.6 phones. Use searchUser for new applications. <i>Note: method details to be added to this document.</i>
searchContactCount	6.1	SM 6.1	Supported for backwards compatibility with SIP 2.6 phones. <i>Note: method details to be added to this document!</i>
searchUser	6.1	SM 6.1	Replace searchContact
searchUserCount	6.1	SM 6.1	Not currently supported because no applications are planning to use it.

Example: getAllEndpointConfiguration Request

- ▶ This is an example of the content of the HTTP Request message to getAllEndpointConfiguration from a SIP endpoint to Session Manager's PPM service.

```
<soapenv:Envelope>
  xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
<soapenv:Body>
  <ns1:getAllEndpointConfiguration>
    xmlns:ns1="http://xml.avaya.com/service/ProfileManagement/11200"
    <Handle>
      5001@avaya.toolwire.com
    </Handle>
    <Fields>
      xsi:type="soapenc:Array"
      soapenc:arrayType="ns1:EndpointConfigurationFields[14]"
      <item>
        volumesettings
      </item>
      <item>
        ListofRingeronoffData
      </item>
      <item>
        LinePreferenceInfo
      </item>
      <item>
        MwExt
      </item>
      <item>
        ListofOneTouchdialdata
      </item>
```

```
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofOneTouchdialdata
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofButtonAssignments
    </item>
    <item>
      SoftMenuKeyList
    </item>
    <item>
      DialPlanData
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofSpeedDialData
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofMaintenanceData
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofTimers
    </item>
    <item>
      VMONInfo
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofIdentities
    </item>
    <item>
      ListofNumberFormatRules
    </item>
  </Fields>
</ns1:getAllEndpointConfiguration>
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Example: getAllEndpointConfiguration Response

- This is an example of the content of the HTTP Response message to the phone. For example, the volume settings.

The screenshot shows a SOAP message exchange. On the left, the request part of the message is displayed, and on the right, the response part is shown. A red box highlights the 'ns1:getAllEndpointConfiguration' call in the request, and a red arrow points from this call to the 'volumeSettings' section in the response, indicating they are related.

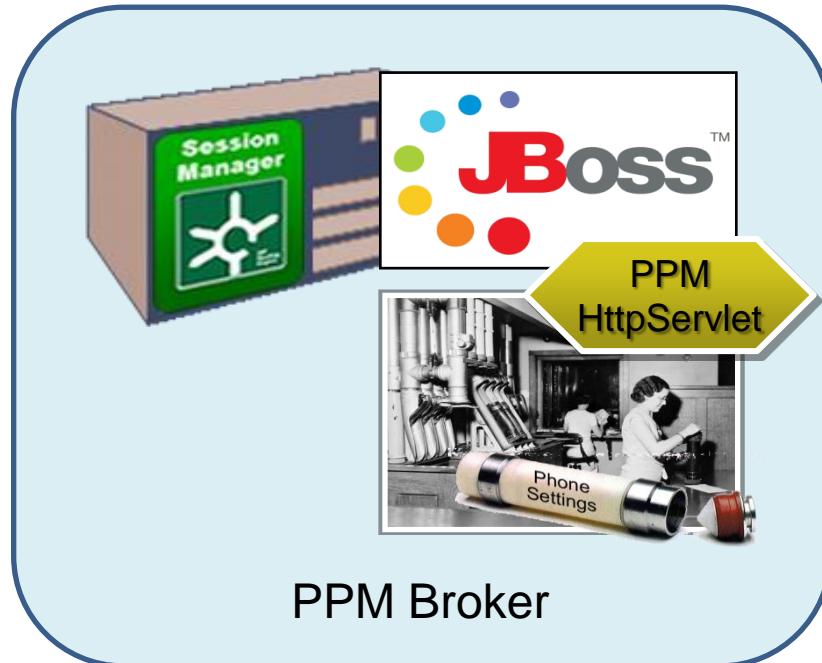
```
<extensible Markup Language
  <SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
    xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
    xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    <SOAP-ENV:Body>
      <ns1:getAllEndpointConfiguration>
        xmlns:ns1="http://xml.avaya.com/2010/04/avaya/endpoint"
        SOAP-ENV:encodingStyle="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding">
          <ConfigInfo>
            <xmldns="">
              <volumeSettings>
                <Ringervolume>5</Ringervolume>
              <Receivervolume>5</Receivervolume>
              <Speakervolume>5</Speakervolume>
              <RingerCadence>3</RingerCadence>
            </volumeSettings>
          </ConfigInfo>
        </ns1:getAllEndpointConfiguration>
      </SOAP-ENV:Body>
    </SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

xmldns=

```
<volumeSettings>
  <Ringervolume>5</Ringervolume>
  <Receivervolume>5</Receivervolume>
  <Speakervolume>5</Speakervolume>
  <RingerCadence>3</RingerCadence>
</volumeSettings>
```

Ownership of Station

- When you associated a SIP User to a CM station then CM controls its telephony features.



Configuration

- ▶ If the station is owned by another “entity” we need to somehow share the information with System Manager about that station. This is NOT a SIP relationship.
- ▶ In the next slides, we’ll look at how to associate SIP endpoints with CM stations.



Associating Communication Manager Stations to SIP Endpoints

Review – Creating a SIP User Communication Profile

1. Add first/last name

2. Login name:

you@avaya.com

(email address format)

3. Password: must be min. 7 digits alpha-numeric

4. Commit

Users

Administrators
Manage Administrative Users

Directory Synchronization
Synchronize users with the enterprise directory

Groups & Roles
Manage groups, roles and assign roles to users

UCM Roles
Manage UCM Roles, assign roles to users

User Management
Manage users, shared user resources and provision users



New User Profile

Identity * **Communication Profile *** **Membership** **Contacts**

Identity

* Last Name:

* First Name:

Middle Name:

Description:

* Login Name:

* Authentication Type: Basic

* Password:

* Confirm Password:

Localized Display Name:

Endpoint Display Name:

Title:

Language Preference:

Time Zone:

Employee ID:

Department:

Company:

Address

Localized Names

Review – Communication Profile

1. Enter Password: 123456
2. Select **New** Communication Address
3. Type: Avaya SIP
4. Fully Qualified Address: x1X1@training.com
5. Select **Add**

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

	Type	Handle	Domain
No Records found			

Type: Avaya SIP

* Fully Qualified Address: 4101 @ training.com

Add Cancel

New User Profile

Identity * Communication Profile * Membership Contacts

Communication Profile

Communication Profile:
Password:

Confirm Password:

New Delete Done Cancel

Name
 Primary

Select : None

* Name: Primary

Default :

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

	Type	Handle	Domain
No Records found			

Session Manager Profile

CM Endpoint Profile

CS1000 Station Profile

Messaging Profile

CallPilot Messaging Profile

B5800 Branch Gateway Endpoint Profile

Conferencing Profile

New – Communication Profile

1. Select Primary Session Manager
2. **Select CMx for both Origination and Termination Application Sequences**
3. Select a Home Location

This parameter is what tells Session Manager that a SIP endpoint has features and must be routed accordingly for feature application.

Session Manager Profile

* Primary Session Manager	ASM6B	Primary	Secondary	Maximum
		3	0	3
Secondary Session Manager	(None)	Primary	Secondary	Maximum
Origination Application Sequence	CM1 App Sequence			
Termination Application Sequence	CM1 App Sequence			
Conference Factory Set	(None)			
Survivability Server	(None)			
* Home Location	Denver			

Assigning a CM station to SIP Communication Profiles

1. Check box for CM Endpoint Profile.
2. Select System: CMx
3. Profile Type: Endpoint
4. Check 'Use Existing Endpoints'
5. Select your x101 station

Enter a Security Code = 123456

Let everything else be default

Commit

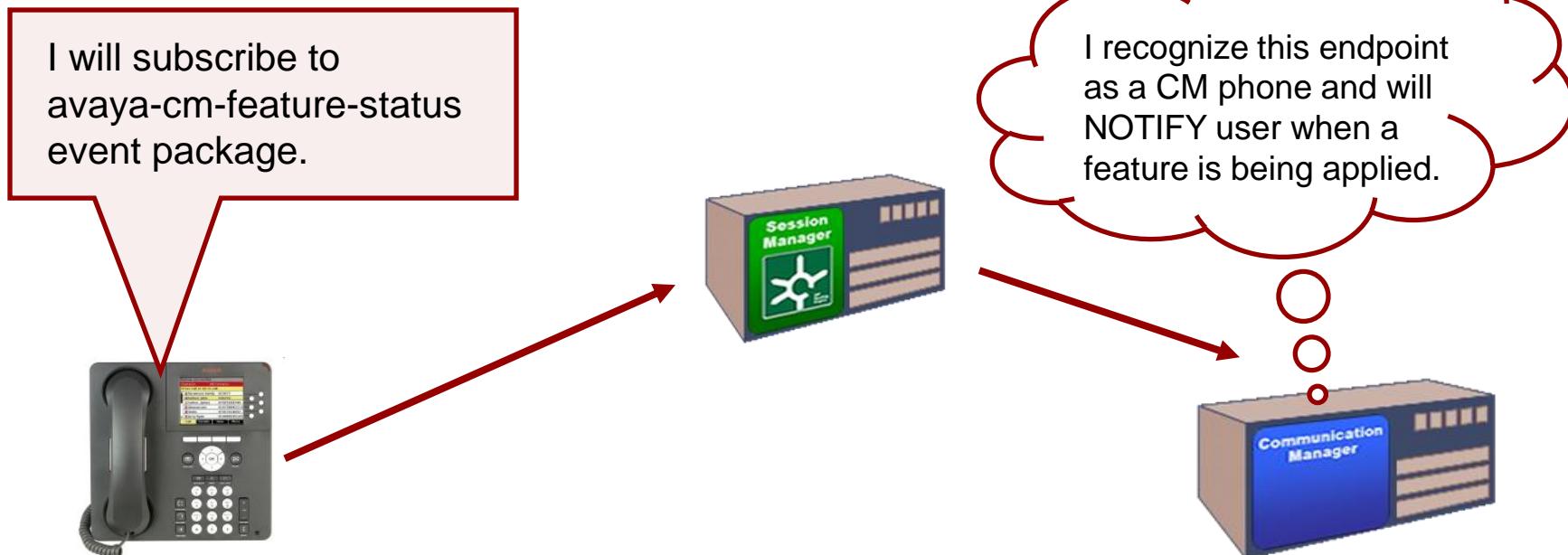
The dialog box shows the following settings:

- CM Endpoint Profile** checkbox is checked.
- * System**: CM1
- * Profile Type**: Endpoint
- Use Existing Endpoints** checkbox is checked.
- * Extension**: 4701
- Template**: Select/Reset
- Set Type**: 9620
- Security Code**: *****
- * Port**: 500023
- Voice Mail Number**: (empty)
- Preferred Handle**: (None)
- Delete Endpoint on Unassign of Endpoint from User or on Delete User** checkbox is unchecked.
- Override Endpoint Name** checkbox is checked.



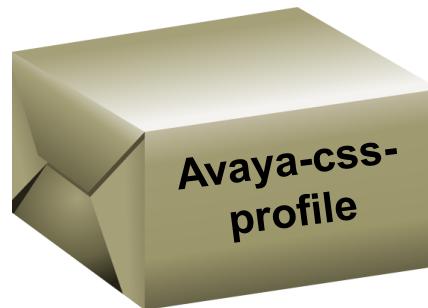
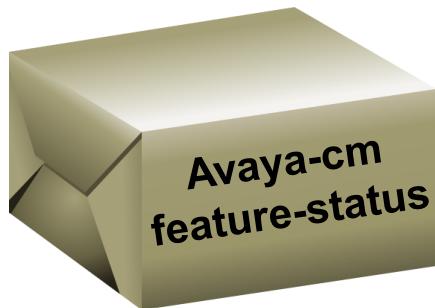
SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY Messages

- ▶ The IETF defines the number of features for a native SIP phone at around 30.
- ▶ Advanced SIP phones, those associated to CM stations, support approximately all of Avaya 700 telephony features.
- ▶ How do these phones get access to CM telephony features? By subscribing to certain Avaya features using the SUBSCRIBE message and then in turn being NOTIFIED when these features are being applied.



Events & Notifications

- Once the phone registers, you will see these SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY messages in the trace.
- There are a total 5 event packages.



SIP Endpoint vs. Avaya SIP Endpoint

- ▶ The standard SIP phone has about 30 basic telephony features but Avaya SIP endpoints are quite special.
- ▶ They have the ability to access the more than 700 Avaya Communication Manager features!
- ▶ So how does an Avaya SIP phone access telephony features when it now registers directly to Session Manager and is primarily routed by Session Manager?

bridged appearances

CM SIP Phone



call forward

abbreviated dialing

mwi

call coverage

ec500

send-calls

SIP Phone



Let's Add Some SIP Users!

Walk Through – User Profile for x111/x121

Step	Action
1	At System Manager console select User Management Menu
2	Select New
3	<u>On the Identity Tab:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add First/Last Name: Your name• Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com• Password: alpha-numeric format. 7 digit minimum i.e. abc1234
4	<u>On the Communication Profile Tab:</u> <p>Password: Enter 123456</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Go down to Communication Address• Select New• Type: Avaya SIP• Fully qualified address : Student a = x111@training.com Student b = x121@training.com <p>Select Add</p>
5	<u>Session Manager Profile</u> <p>Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager</p> <p>Origination and Termination Application Sequences: Select your CM</p> <p>Location: Denver</p>
6	<u>Endpoint Profile</u> <p>Select the CM and check “use existing endpoint”.</p> <p>Select your station from the list, or type it. Let everything else default – except the Security Code.</p> <p>Enter ‘123456’.</p>
7	Commit your changes

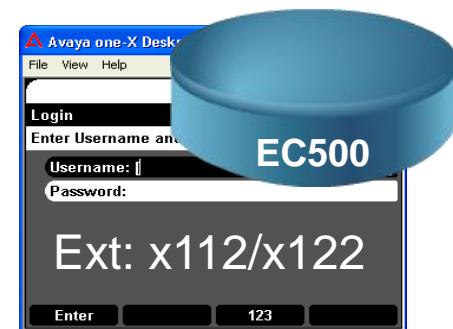
▶ Run traceSM to view the endpoint subscribe to CM event packages



Exercise: Create User Profile for x112/x122

Step	Action
1	At System Manager console select User Management Menu
2	Select New
3	On the Identity Tab: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add First/Last Name: Your name• Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com• Password: alpha-numeric format. 7 digit minimum i.e. abc1234
4	On the Communication Profile Tab: Password: Enter 123456 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Go down to Communication Address• Select New• Type: Avaya SIP• Fully qualified address : Student a = x112@training.com Student b = x122@training.com Select Add
5	Session Manager Profile Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager Origination and Termination Application Sequences: Select your CM Location: Denver
6	Endpoint Profile Select the CM and check “use existing endpoint”. Select your station from the list, or type it. Let everything else default – except the Security Code. Enter ‘123456’.
7	Commit your changes

- ▶ Run traceSM to view the endpoint subscribe to CM event packages



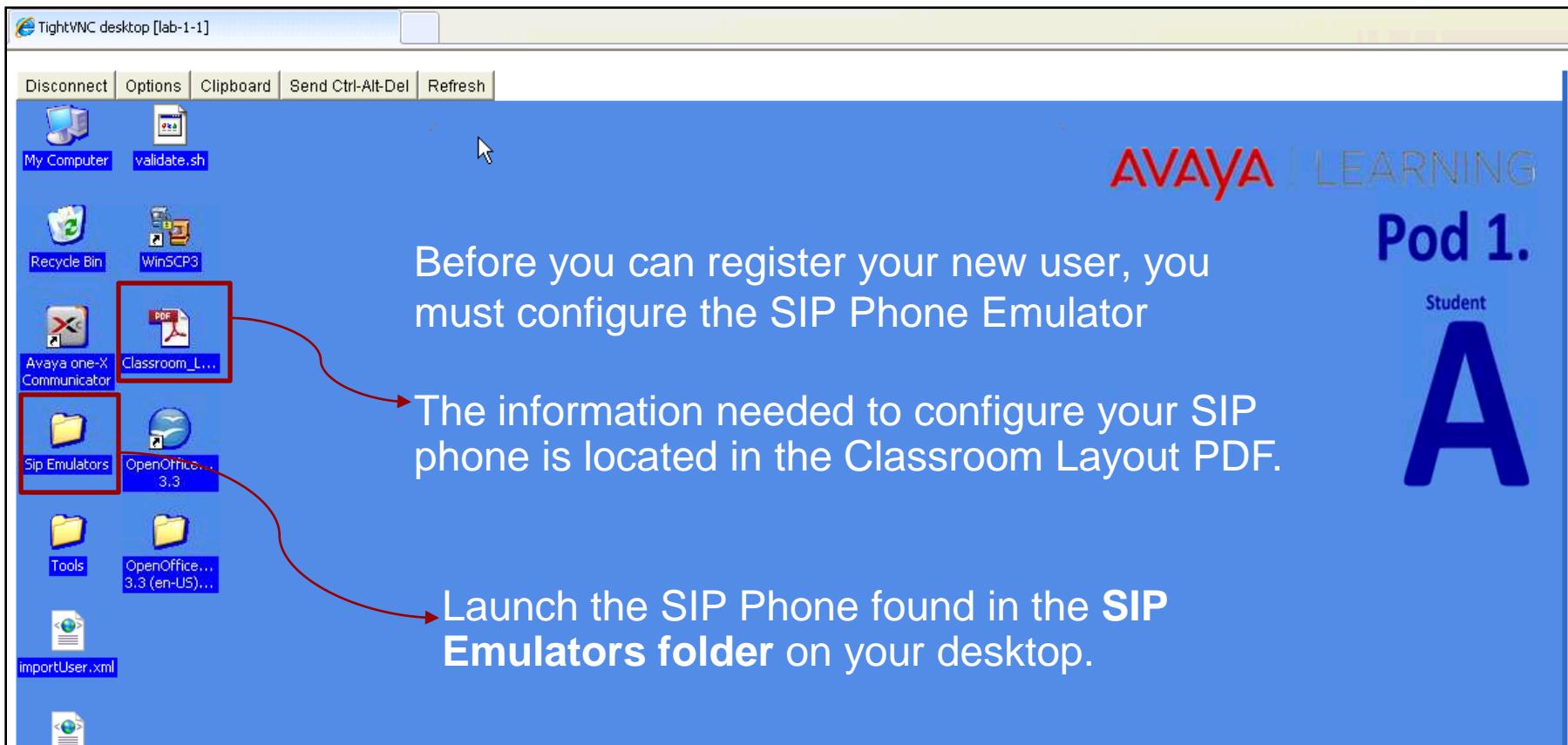
Exercise: Create User Profile for x113/x123

Step	Action
1	At System Manager console select User Management Menu
2	Select New
3	<u>On the Identity Tab:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add First/Last Name: Your name• Login Name: email address format i.e. yourname@avaya.com• Password: alpha-numeric format. 7 digit minimum i.e. abc1234
4	<u>On the Communication Profile Tab:</u> <p>Password: Enter 123456</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Go down to Communication Address• Select New• Type: Avaya SIP• Fully qualified address : Student a = x113@training.com Student b = x123@training.com <p>Select Add</p>
5	<u>Session Manager Profile</u> <p>Assign the user to your assigned Session Manager</p> <p>Origination and Termination Application Sequences: Select your CM Location: Denver</p>
6	<u>Endpoint Profile</u> <p>Select the CM and check “use existing endpoint”.</p> <p>Select your station from the list, or type it. Let everything else default – except the Security Code. Enter ‘123456’.</p>
7	Commit your changes

▶ Run traceSM to view the endpoint subscribe to CM event packages



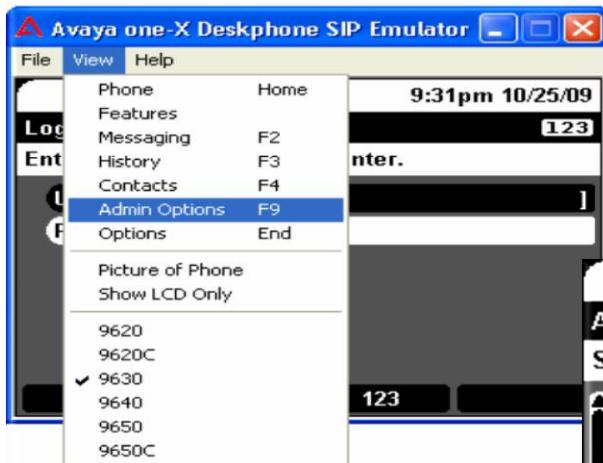
The Next Exercise is a Review



Exercise: Configure SIP Phones

- ▶ Open the **SIP Emulators Folder** on the Desktop

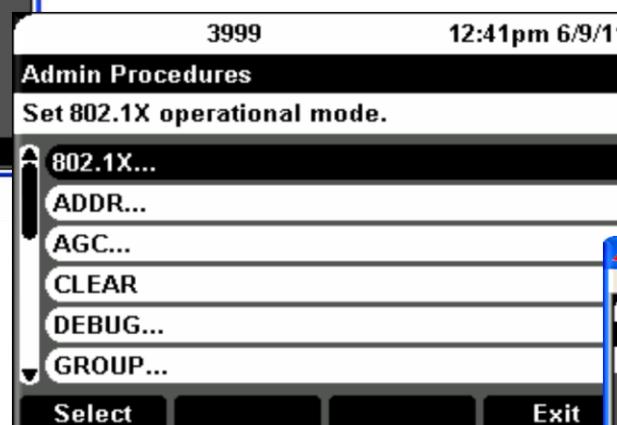
1. Navigate to *View >> Admin Options*



2. Select **ADDR** Menu

Student a 172.16.x.11

Student b 172.16.x.12

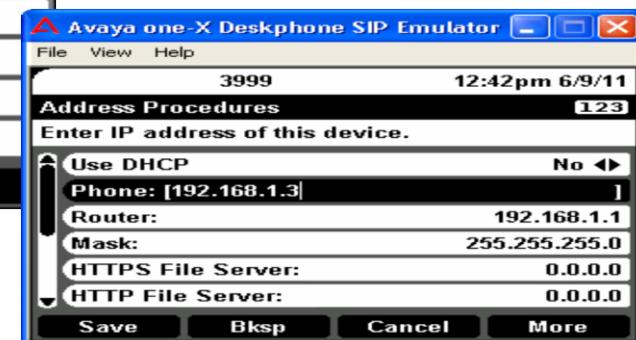


3. Enter PC IP Addr:

Router: 172.16.255.254

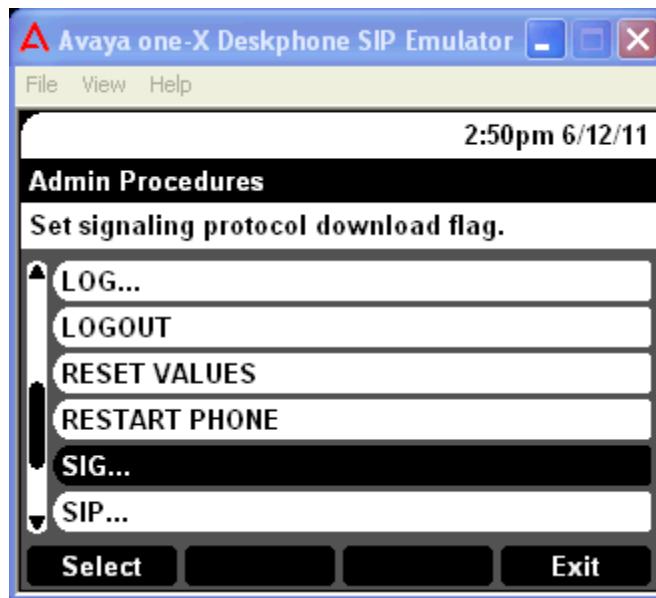
Mask: 255.255.0.0

Save

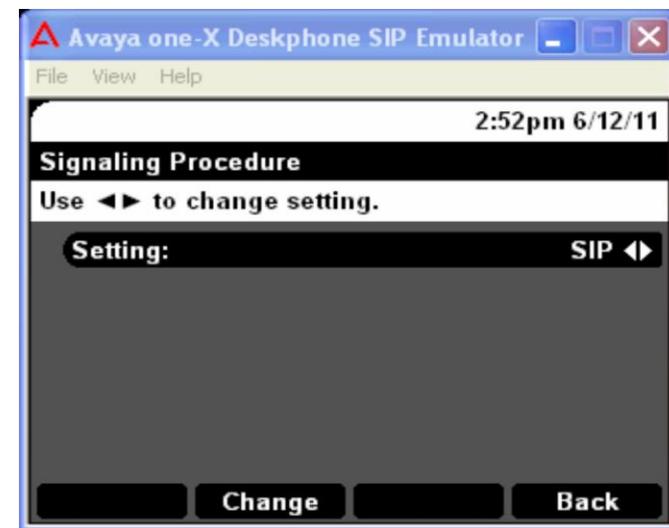


Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator (continued)

4. Select **SIG** Menu



5. Select the **SIP** Protocol:
hit right arrow until SIP is
selected and Save

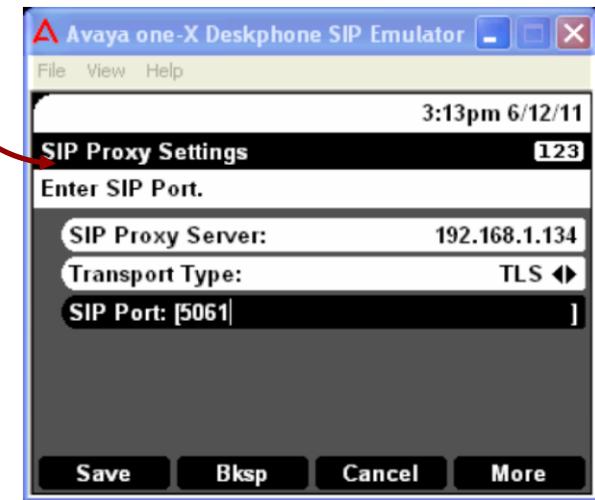
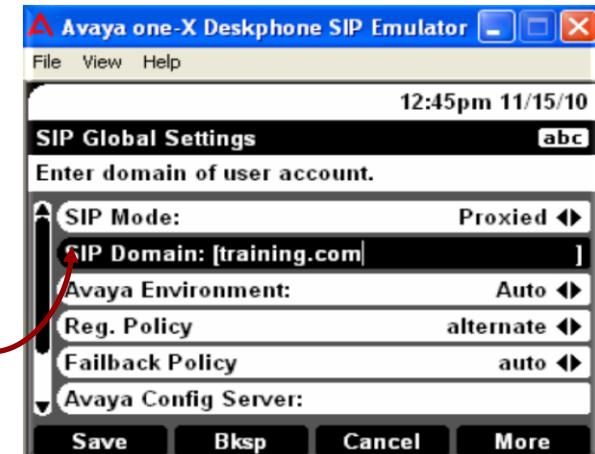
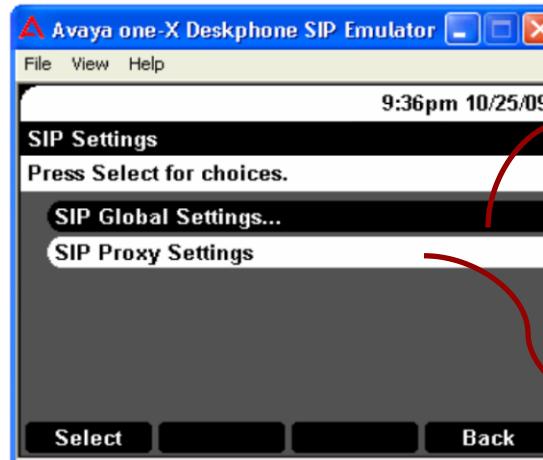


Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator (continued)

6. Arrow down to SIP Menu



7. Configure SIP Global Settings:
SIP Mode: Proxied
Domain: training.com

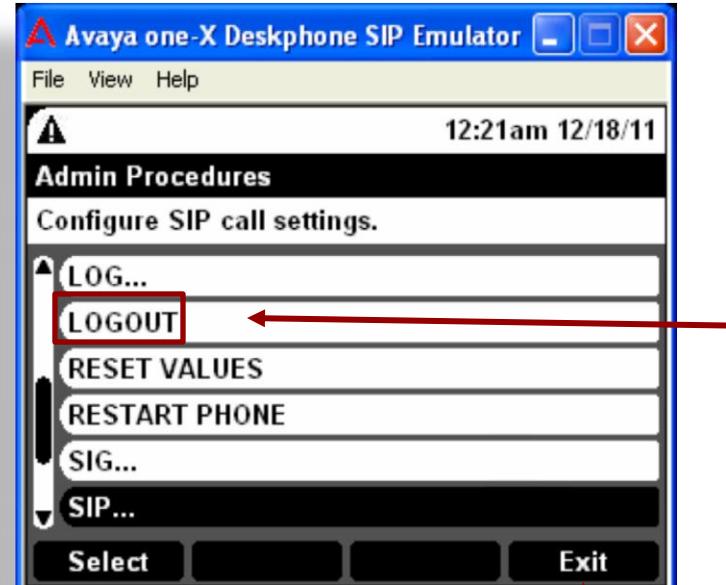


8. Arrow down to SIP Proxy Settings:
SIP Proxy Server: 172.16.x.105
Transport Type: TLS
SIP Port: 5061

Exercise: Configure SIP Emulator (continued)



Do not select **EXIT**

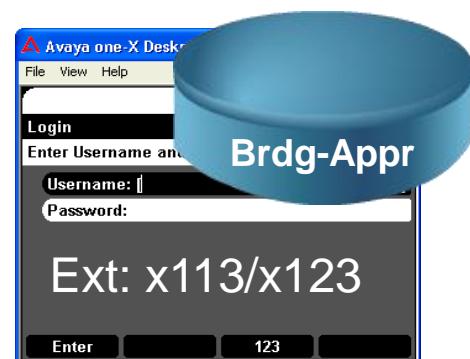


Select
Logout
instead

Do Not Select EXIT and instead arrow UP to the Logout setting.
If you EXIT, the application will close and not retain your settings.

Exercise: Log in Using New User Profile – View Differences

Step	Action																																																							
1	Access the SIP Phone Emulator folder and run three phones																																																							
	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Student</th><th>Pod 1</th><th>Pod 2</th><th>Pod 3</th><th>Pod 4</th><th>Pod 5</th><th>Pod 6</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Student a</td><td>1111</td><td>2111</td><td>3111</td><td>41114</td><td>5111</td><td>6111</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1112</td><td>2112</td><td>3112</td><td>11241</td><td>5112</td><td>6112</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1113</td><td>2113</td><td>3113</td><td>13</td><td>5113</td><td>6113</td></tr><tr><td>Student b</td><td>1121</td><td>2121</td><td>3121</td><td>41214</td><td>5121</td><td>6121</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1122</td><td>2122</td><td>3122</td><td>12241</td><td>5122</td><td>6122</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1123</td><td>2123</td><td>3123</td><td>23</td><td>5123</td><td>6123</td></tr></tbody></table>							Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6	Student a	1111	2111	3111	41114	5111	6111		1112	2112	3112	11241	5112	6112		1113	2113	3113	13	5113	6113	Student b	1121	2121	3121	41214	5121	6121		1122	2122	3122	12241	5122	6122		1123	2123	3123	23	5123	6123
Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6																																																		
Student a	1111	2111	3111	41114	5111	6111																																																		
	1112	2112	3112	11241	5112	6112																																																		
	1113	2113	3113	13	5113	6113																																																		
Student b	1121	2121	3121	41214	5121	6121																																																		
	1122	2122	3122	12241	5122	6122																																																		
	1123	2123	3123	23	5123	6123																																																		
	Password: 123456																																																							
2	Log in as x111/x121, x112/x122 and x113/x123																																																							
3	Take time to review the SIP Trace																																																							
4	Select the SIP Phone with cursor. Use the right arrow key on your keyboard to view features on SIP phone.																																																							



Exercise: Place a Call – x111/x121 dials x112/x122

Step	Action
1	Have your x111 SIP user call your x112 SIP user
2	Run traceSM
3	What did you observe when you selected the line to dial?
4	Observe the call path.
5	Did the call complete?
6	Did new headers get added to the request? What are they?

**hint: look for route headers in the SIP message*

Exercise: Place a Restricted Call

Step	Action
1	Have your x111 SIP user call your x112 SIP user
2	<i>In System Manager >> Communication Manager >> Endpoints >> Manage Endpoints,</i> Access x112 and change the Class of Restriction to '2' on the General Tab.
3	Run Incremental Sync
4	From x112, dial x111
5	Run traceSM
6	What was the reason the call did not complete? Note: Make sure you undo the COR change before the next exercise *****

System Manager / Endpoints / Manage Endpoints - Edit Endpoint

Help ? [Save As Template]

Commit Schedule Reset Cancel

System Template Port Name	CM_ES1 Select S00020 Student, CMx102	Extension Set Type Security Code	1102 9630SIP *****														
<table border="1"><tr><td>General Options (G) *</td><td>Feature Options (F)</td><td>Site Data (S)</td><td>Abbreviated Call Dialling (A)</td><td>Enhanced Call Fwd (E)</td></tr><tr><td colspan="5">Button Assignment (B) Group Membership (M)</td></tr><tr><td>* Class of Restriction (COR) * Emergency Location Ext * Tenant Number Type of 3PCC Enabled</td><td>12 1102 1 None</td><td>* Class Of Service (COS) * Message Lamp Ext. * SIP Trunk Native Name</td><td>1 1102 Q_aar Student, CMx102</td></tr></table>				General Options (G) *	Feature Options (F)	Site Data (S)	Abbreviated Call Dialling (A)	Enhanced Call Fwd (E)	Button Assignment (B) Group Membership (M)					* Class of Restriction (COR) * Emergency Location Ext * Tenant Number Type of 3PCC Enabled	12 1102 1 None	* Class Of Service (COS) * Message Lamp Ext. * SIP Trunk Native Name	1 1102 Q_aar Student, CMx102
General Options (G) *	Feature Options (F)	Site Data (S)	Abbreviated Call Dialling (A)	Enhanced Call Fwd (E)													
Button Assignment (B) Group Membership (M)																	
* Class of Restriction (COR) * Emergency Location Ext * Tenant Number Type of 3PCC Enabled	12 1102 1 None	* Class Of Service (COS) * Message Lamp Ext. * SIP Trunk Native Name	1 1102 Q_aar Student, CMx102														

PPM – Personal Profile Manager

When a SIP phone registers to Session Manager, it is sent CM data such as button assignments, Dial Plan information, etc.

Activate/Deactivate PPM Logging

- ▶ enable PPM logging:
 - ***sm ppmlogon***
- ▶ To disable PPM logging:
 - ***sm ppmlogoff***

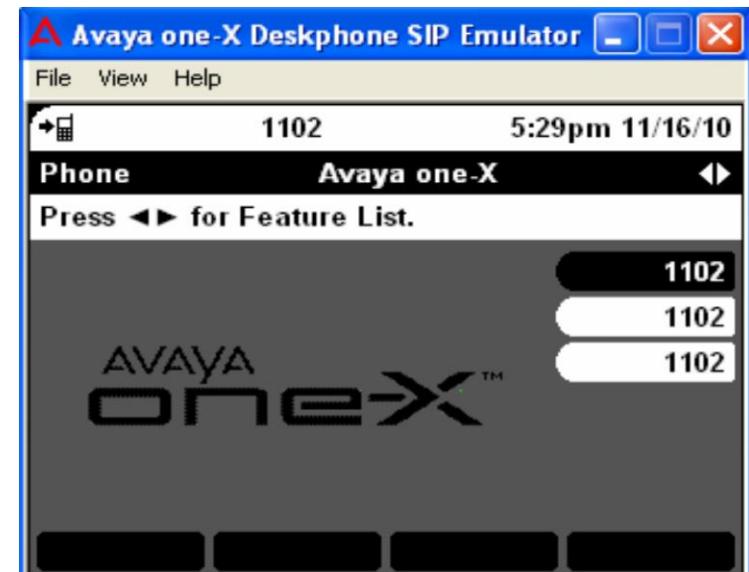
Verify User Login

- ▶ To verify a user's login and to view the data sent to the phone, log out a registered SIP phone – then re-login the same phone.
 - ▶ On the Session Manager that the phone registers to:
 - `vi /var/log/Avaya/jboss/SessionManager/ppm.log`
 - go to bottom and search up for **DialPlanData**

```
root@avaya-asm1:/var/log/Avaya/jboss/SessionManager
2010-11-16 17:36:13,683 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] init: PPM log level is set to INFO
2010-11-16 17:36:13,715 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] init: found FnudFile: file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/Fnudata
2010-11-16 17:36:13,716 INFO [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/Fnudata was missing, but now is corrected.
2010-11-16 17:36:13,717 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] init: found LabelFile: file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/LabelData
2010-11-16 17:36:13,717 INFO [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/LabelData was missing, but now is corrected.
2010-11-16 17:36:13,718 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] init: found ButtonRangesFile: file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/ButtonRanges
2010-11-16 17:36:13,718 INFO [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] file:/opt/Avaya/jboss-4.2.3.GA/server/smmgmt/deploy/ppm.ear/ppm.war/WEB-INF/classes/ButtonRanges was missing, but now is corrected.
2010-11-16 17:36:13,738 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.app.ServletMain] init: the Service Director IP address is 135.122.80.58
2010-11-16 17:36:14,673 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.asm.ASMMaintenance] initialize: ASM PPM initialization start
2010-11-16 17:36:15,902 INFO [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.asm.PPMDialplan] initialize; max number of digit terms in the dialplan will be 300
2010-11-16 17:36:15,915 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.asm.PPMCMNetInfo] addNetworkMap: IPTCM returned null data for 135.122.80.142. Check CM login and CM address
2010-11-16 17:36:15,947 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.asm.PPMCMNetInfo] buildRegionCache: no networkMapCache for 135.122.80.142
2010-11-16 17:36:15,983 INFO [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.dao.asm.IptcmDataMgr] getAliasStations No entry in ipt_alias_station table
2010-11-16 17:36:19,481 WARN [com.avaya.ccs.ppm.asm.PPMDialplan] getDialplan: system has no emergency numbers administered.
~
```

Exercise: Enable PPM.log

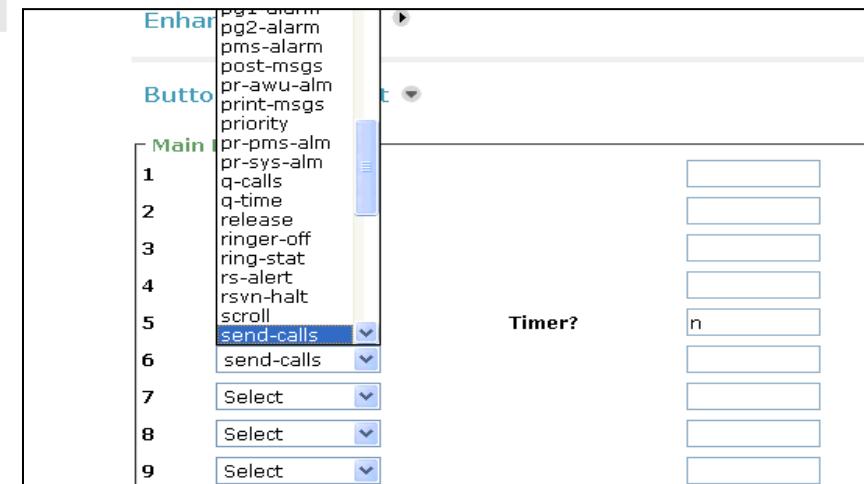
Step	Action
1	From the Session Manager Command Line type: sm ppmlogon
2	Logoff x112
3	Logon x112
4	Type: vi/var/log/Avaya/jboss/SessionManager/ppm.log
5	Type: /DialPlanData
6	To quit, type :q!



Exercise: Add Send – Calls Button Assignment

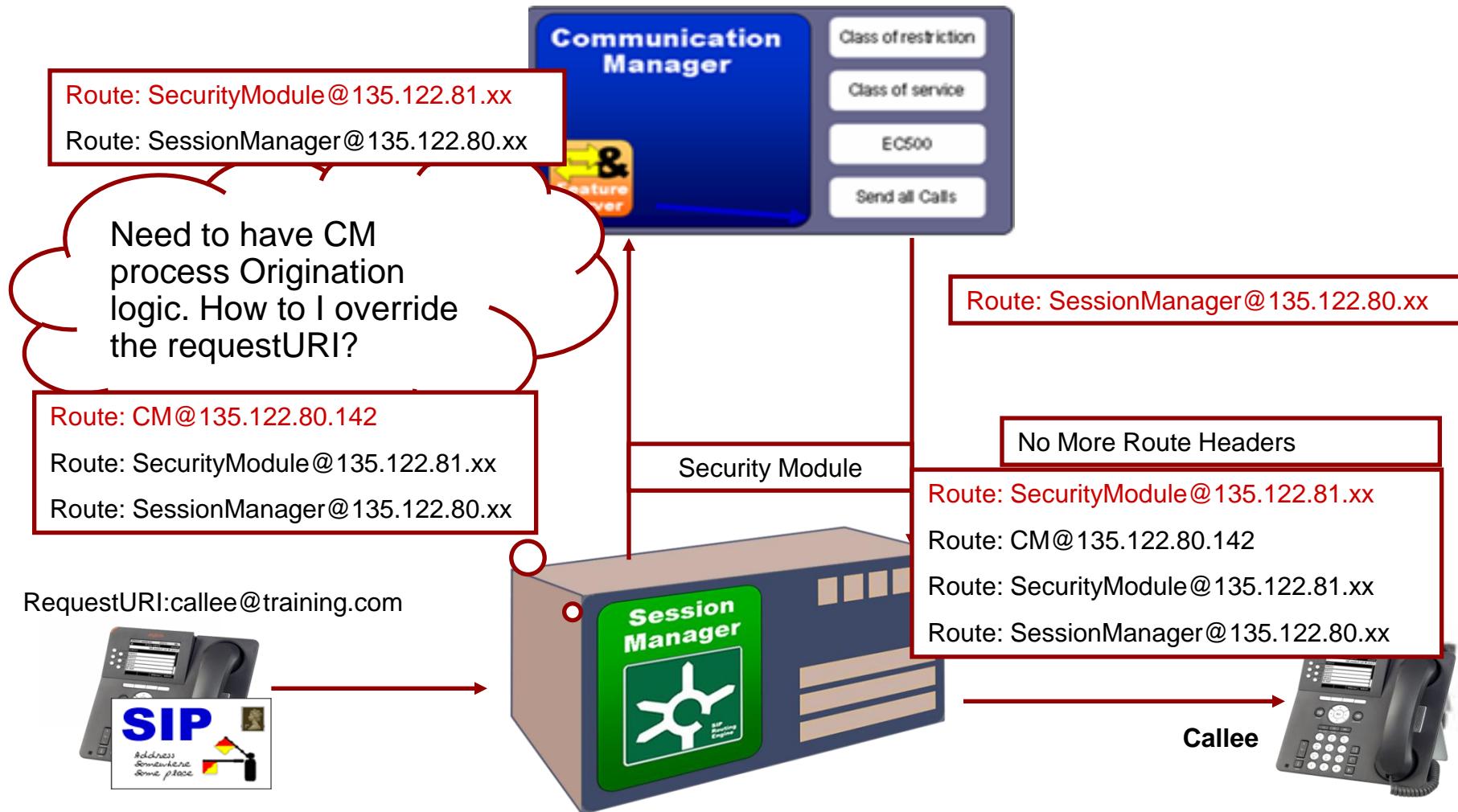
- ▶ Objective: Exercise will demonstrate CM can be used for managing endpoints.

Step	Action
1	Go to Communication Manager Menu from Elements Menu
2	Go to Endpoints → Manage Endpoints
3	Edit station x112/x122.
	Under Button Assignment, select Send-Calls in drop-down. Leave the extension blank.
4	Save the Station.
5	Log on to station x112/x122 on the SIP Phone. View the phone features.



Sequenced Applications and Communication Manager

Half Call Model Route Headers



CM – Different Modes

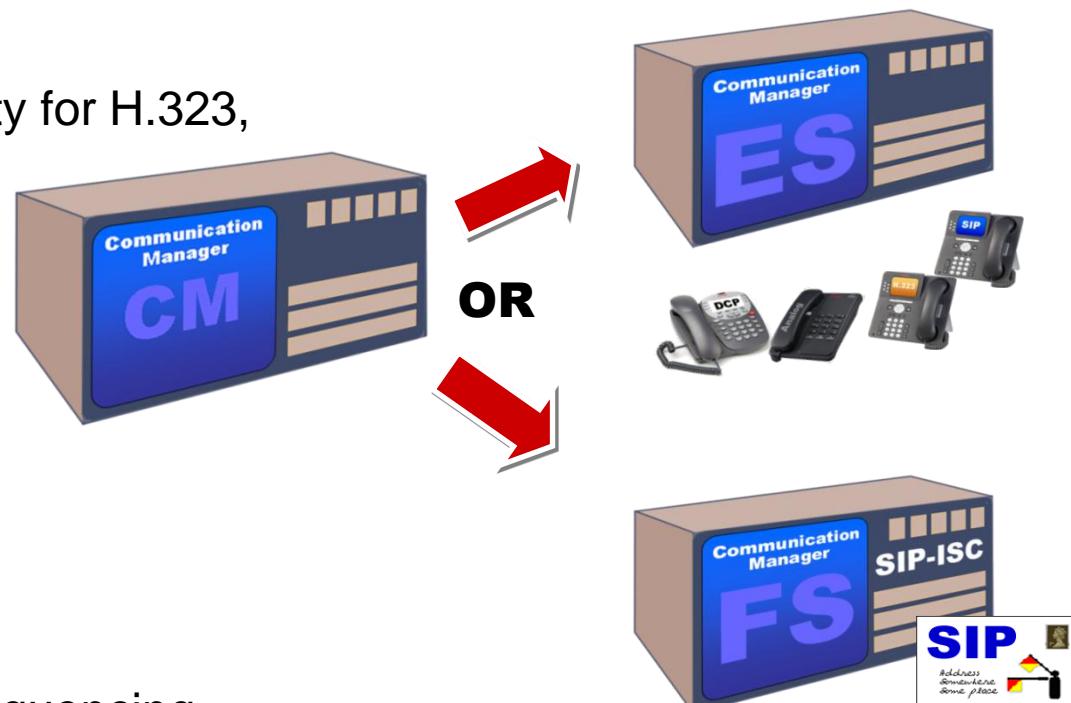
- ▶ While CM-FS is based on the half-call model, CM-ES is based on the traditional call model (a “modified” traditional call model).

CM-Evolution Server

- ▶ Access Point
- ▶ Acts as Access Point SIP Entity for H.323, DCP & Analog endpoints
- ▶ Supports SIP endpoints
- ▶ Supports all CM Trunk Types

Limited Application Sequencing

- ▶ ‘Full Call’ model



CM-Feature Server

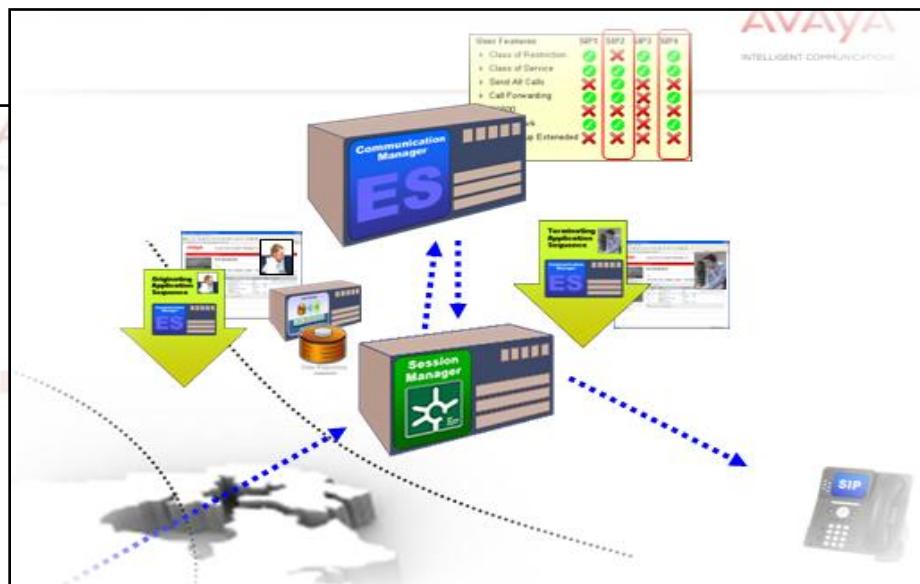
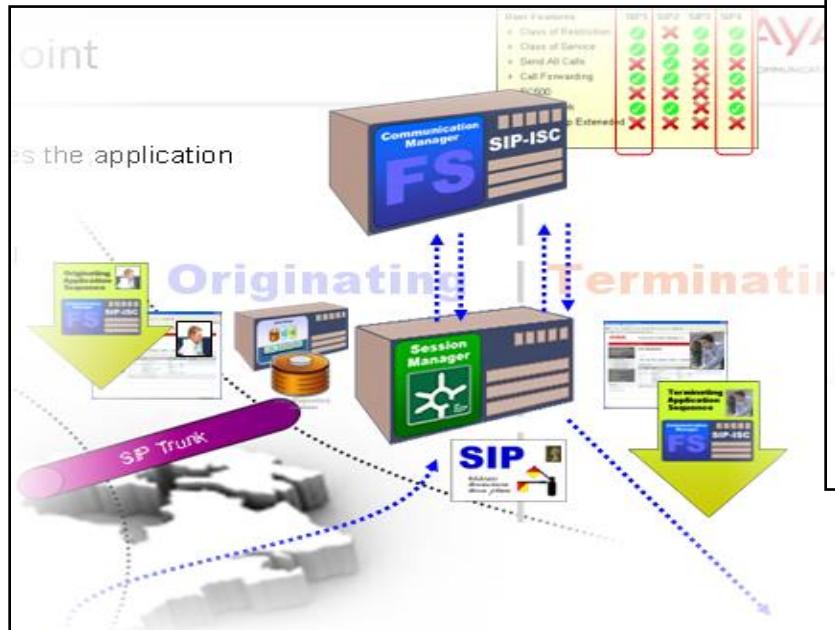
IMS type feature server

- ▶ Half Call Model Application Sequencing

Only SIP Endpoint Signaling Supported

CM-ES & CM-FS as Feature Server – Difference?

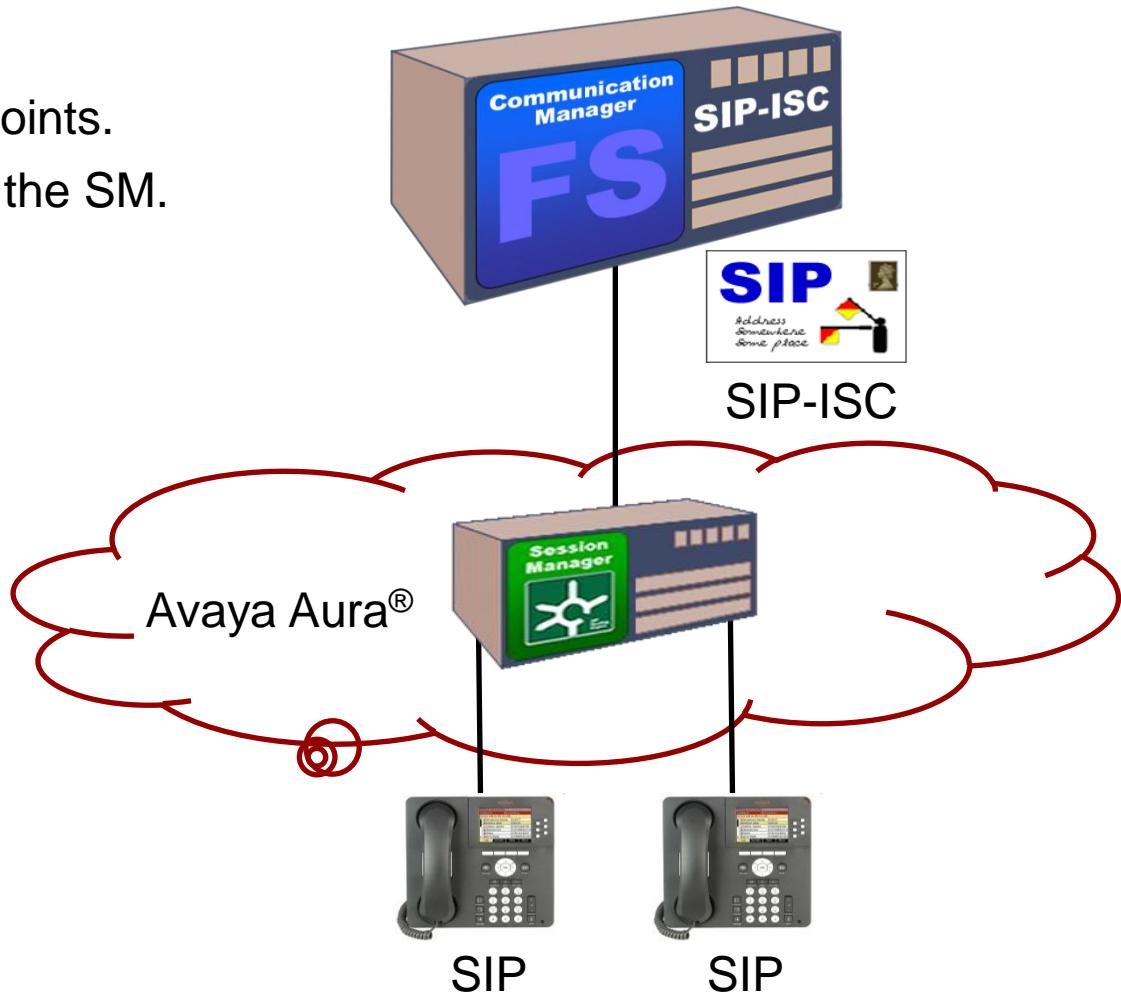
CM-FS: Half Call Model



CM-ES: Full Call Model

CM as Feature Server (CM-FS)

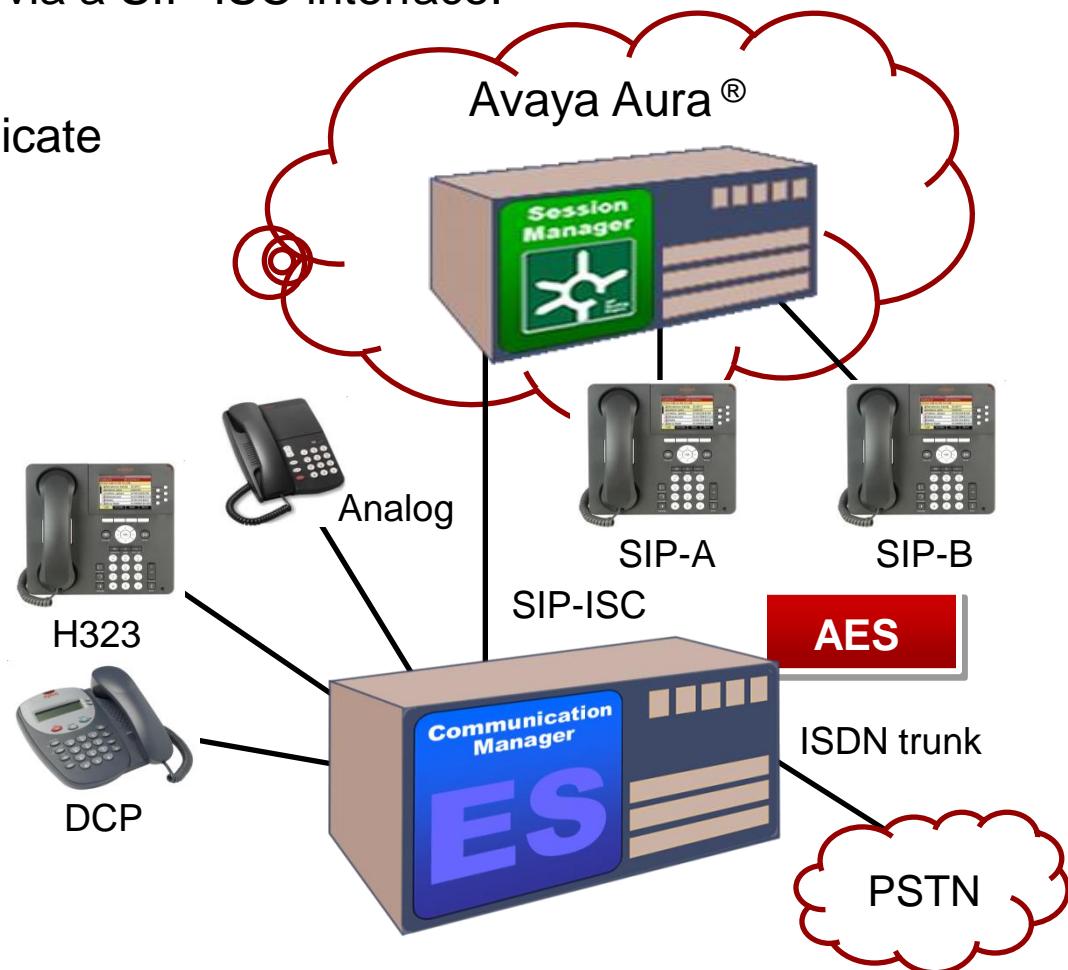
- ▶ CM is connected to the SM via a SIP-ISC interface.
- ▶ Half call model is required.
- ▶ CM only supports SIP endpoints.
- ▶ Calls are always routed via the SM.



CM as Evolution Server (CM-ES)

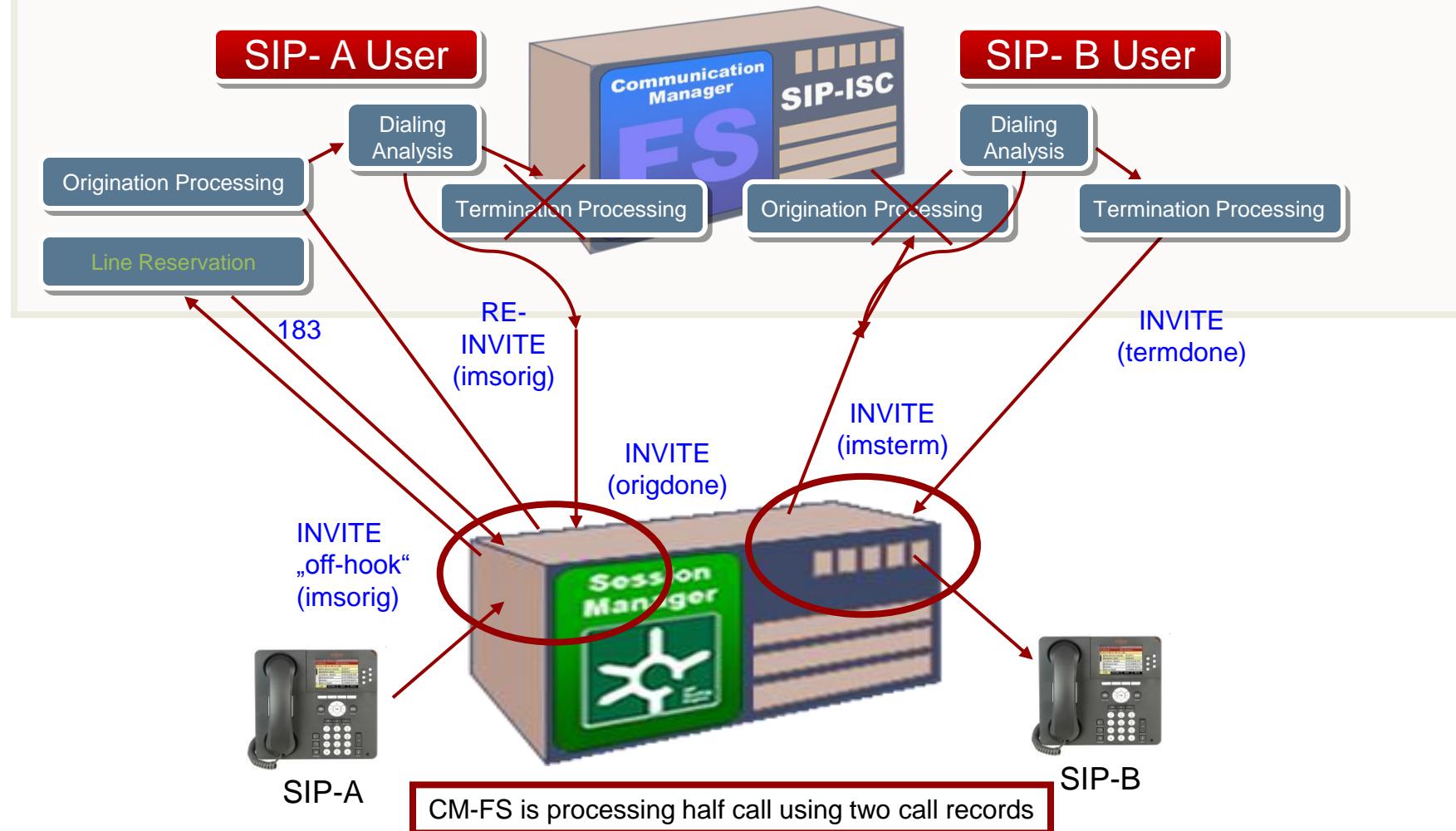
- ▶ CM is connected to the SM via a SIP-ISC interface.
- ▶ Full call model is required.
- ▶ SIP endpoints can communicate with all other endpoints.
- ▶ Calls from/to SIP endpoints are routed via the SM.

Comparing CM-ES with Classic-CM, Classic-CM integrates with Session Manager using the traditional SIP trunk interface, CM-ES allows the traditional SIP trunk as well as the SIP-ISC interface. Classic-CM supports SIP endpoints using SES, while CM-ES supports SIP endpoints using SM.

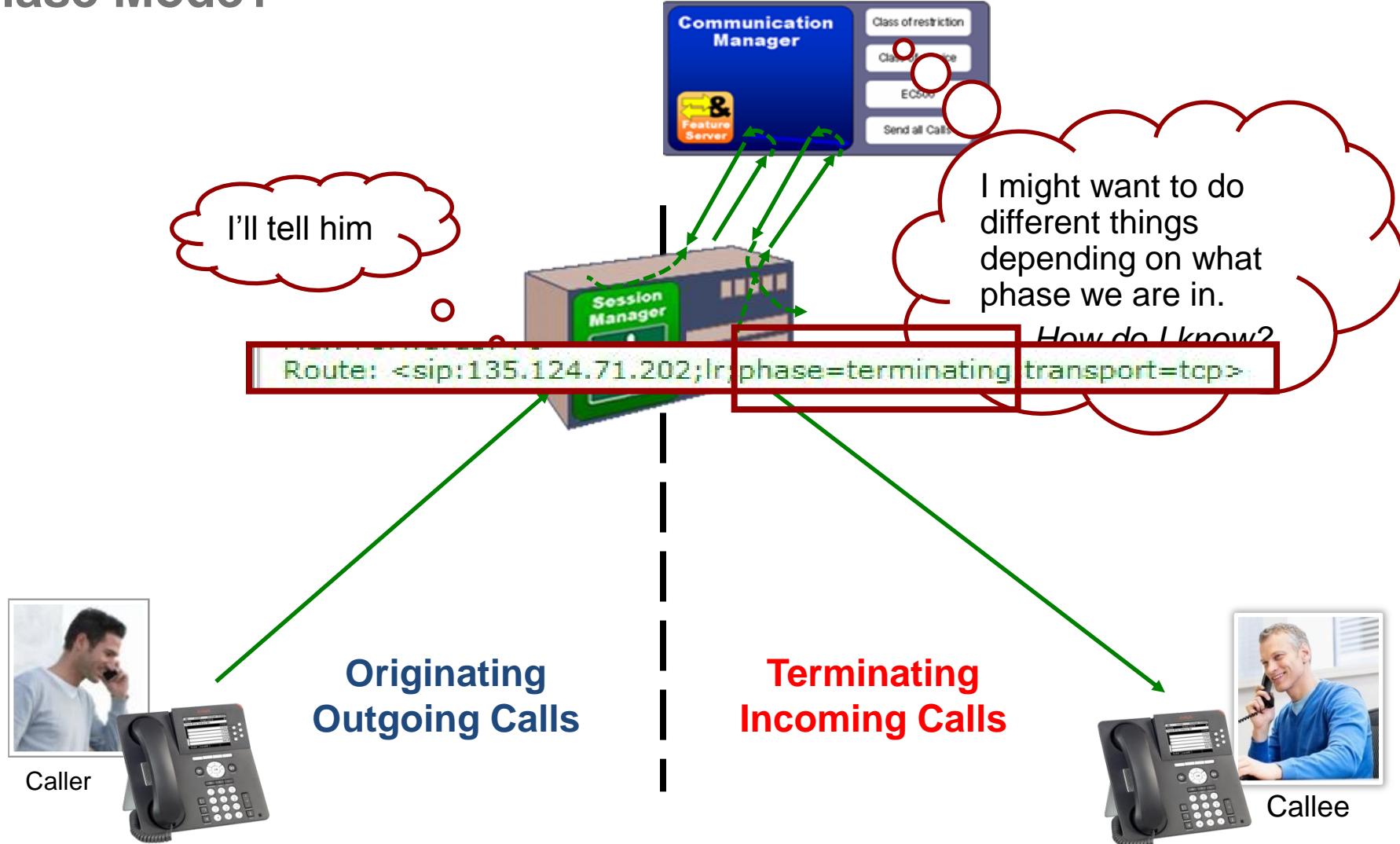


Half Call Principle – CM-FS

- The Session Manager will add route headers so the message is sent to CM and the CM sends it back.



Phase Mode?



Example of Phase Tags Options

Destination: user in the **Request URI**

Originator: user in **P-Asserted ID** header

Phase tags are added into the route header.

- ▶ **imsorig:** added by Session Manager to request origination side processing
- ▶ **origdone:** added by URE to its own route header to indicate Origination side processing done
- ▶ **imsterm:** added by Session Manager to request termination side processing
- ▶ **termdone:**
added by URE to its
own route header to
indicate Termination
side processing done

INVITE SIP:callee@avaya.com SIP/2.0
To: Bill<SIP:bill@work.com>
From: John<SIP:john@home.com>
Call-ID: 267343@172.16.1.212
P-Asserted ID: caller@callersdomain.com
Route: appuri;lr;phase=imsorig
Route: asmuri;lr;phase=origdone

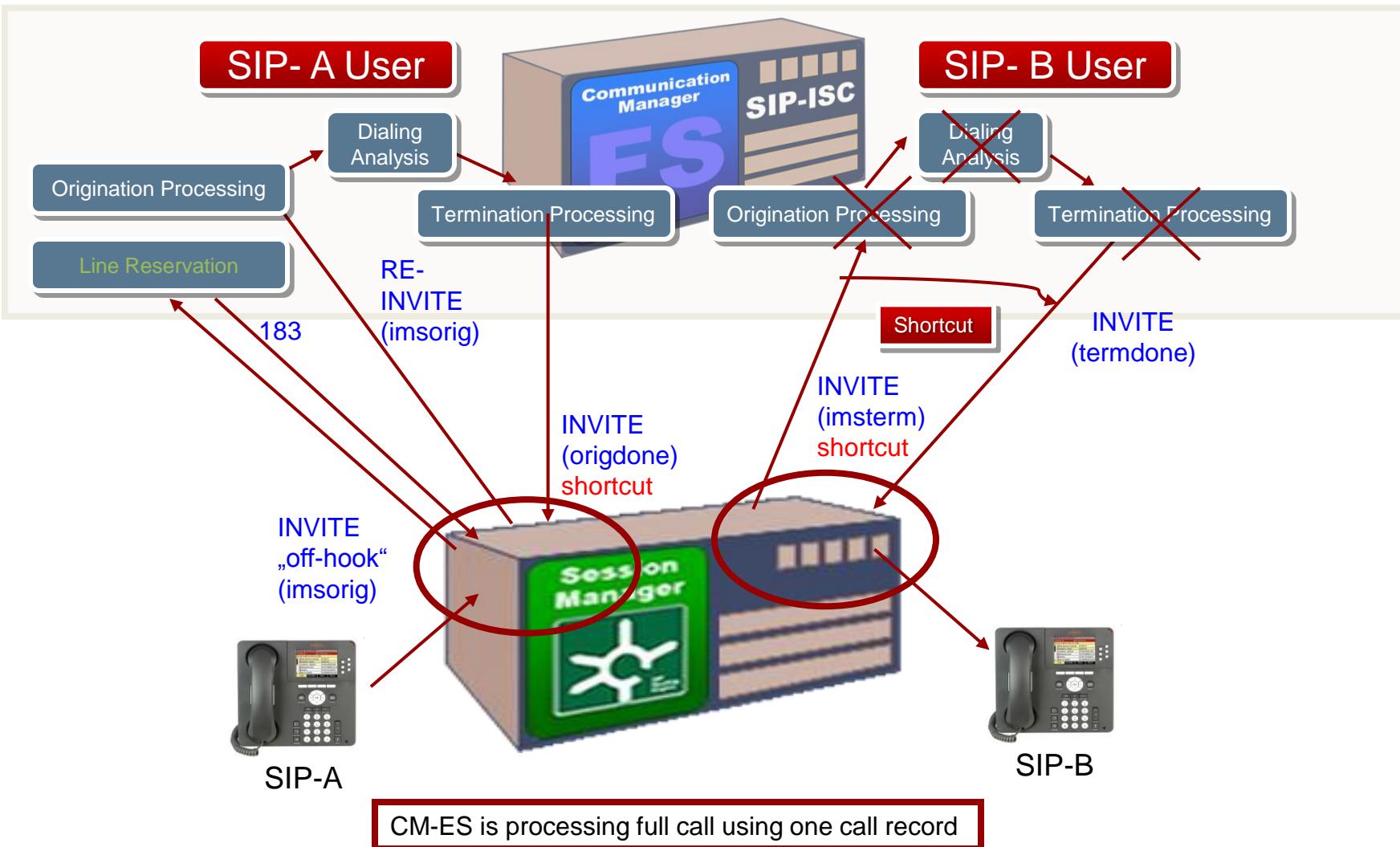
Full Call Principle – CM-ES

Upon receiving a request that contains an IMS Origination phase tag on a non-IMS signaling trunk, CM-ES will suppress the half-call model processing. It will perform the **originating AND terminating** side processing (the traditional call model) before forwarding the request back to Session Manager.



Traditional Call Processing

Full Call Principle – CM-ES (continued)



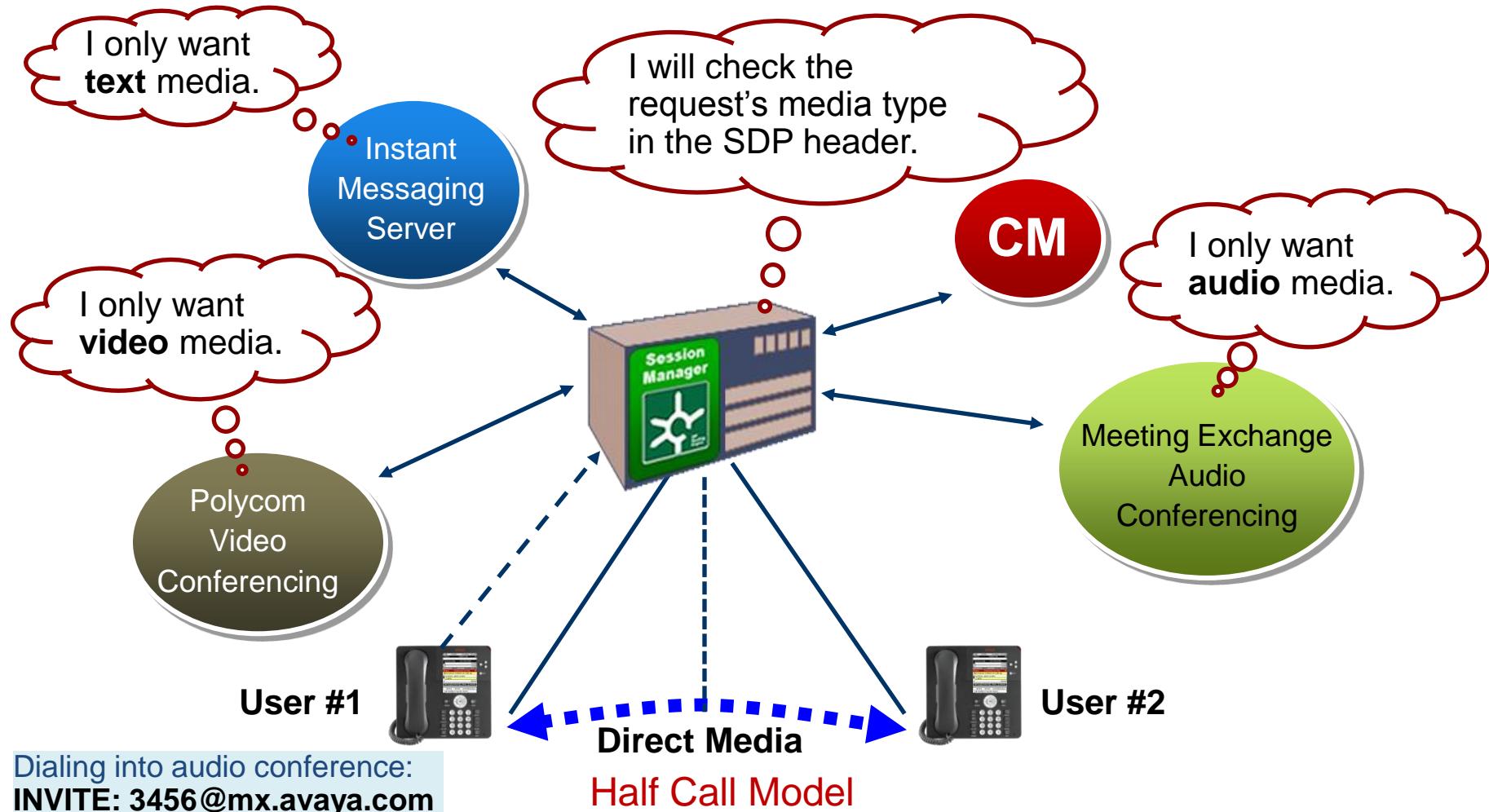
CM-Evolution Server “shortcut” flag- avaya-cm-term-reaction

```
-----\nINVITE sip:3102@training.com SIP/2.0\nFrom: "3101, 3101" <sip:3101@training.com>;tag=809682a693fddff1647c4cf8f8f900\nTo: <sip:3102@training.com>\nCall-ID: 809682a693fddff1647c4cf8f8f900\nCSeq: 1 INVITE\nP-Av-Transport: AP;fe=135.122.80.142:13905;ne=135.122.81.158:5061;tt=TLS;th\nMax-Forwards: 65\nVia: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.81.158;branch=z9hG4bK809682a693fddff1667c4cf8f8f900-AP;f\net=345\nVia: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.122.80.142;branch=z9hG4bK809682a693fddff1667c4cf8f8f900\nVia: SIP/2.0/TLS 135.148.78.157:7020;branch=z9hG4bK37_8e3f193120c3db4d73dff6_I31\n01\nSupported: 100rel,histinfo,join,replaces,sdp-anat,timer\nAllow: INVITE,ACK,OPTIONS,BYE,CANCEL,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,REFER,INFO,PRACK,PUBLISH\nUser-Agent: Avaya one-X Emulator 2.6.0 (22029) AVAYA-SM-6.1.0.0.610013 Avaya CM/\nR016x.00.0.345.0\nContact: "3101, 3101" <sip:3101@135.122.80.142:5061;transport=tls>\nRoute: <sip:135.122.80.158:15061;transport=tls;lr;origpai=sip:3101%40training.co\nm;smcs=393355bcb16ede61d2c11d93a2f42fa8;phase=origdone>\nAccept-Language: en\nAccept-Contact: *;+avaya-cm-line=1;avaya-cm-term-reaction=shortcut\nX-Info: 3101@internaltraining.com,avaya cm client type internal\nMin-SE: 1200\nP-Asserted-Identity: "3101, 3101" <sip:3101@training.com>\nRecord-Route: <sip:72905124@135.122.81.158;transport=tls;lr>\nRecord-Route: <sip:135.122.80.142:5061;transport=tls;lr>\nSession-Expires: 1200;refresher=uac\n\n-----\n
```

Media-Filtered Application Sequencing

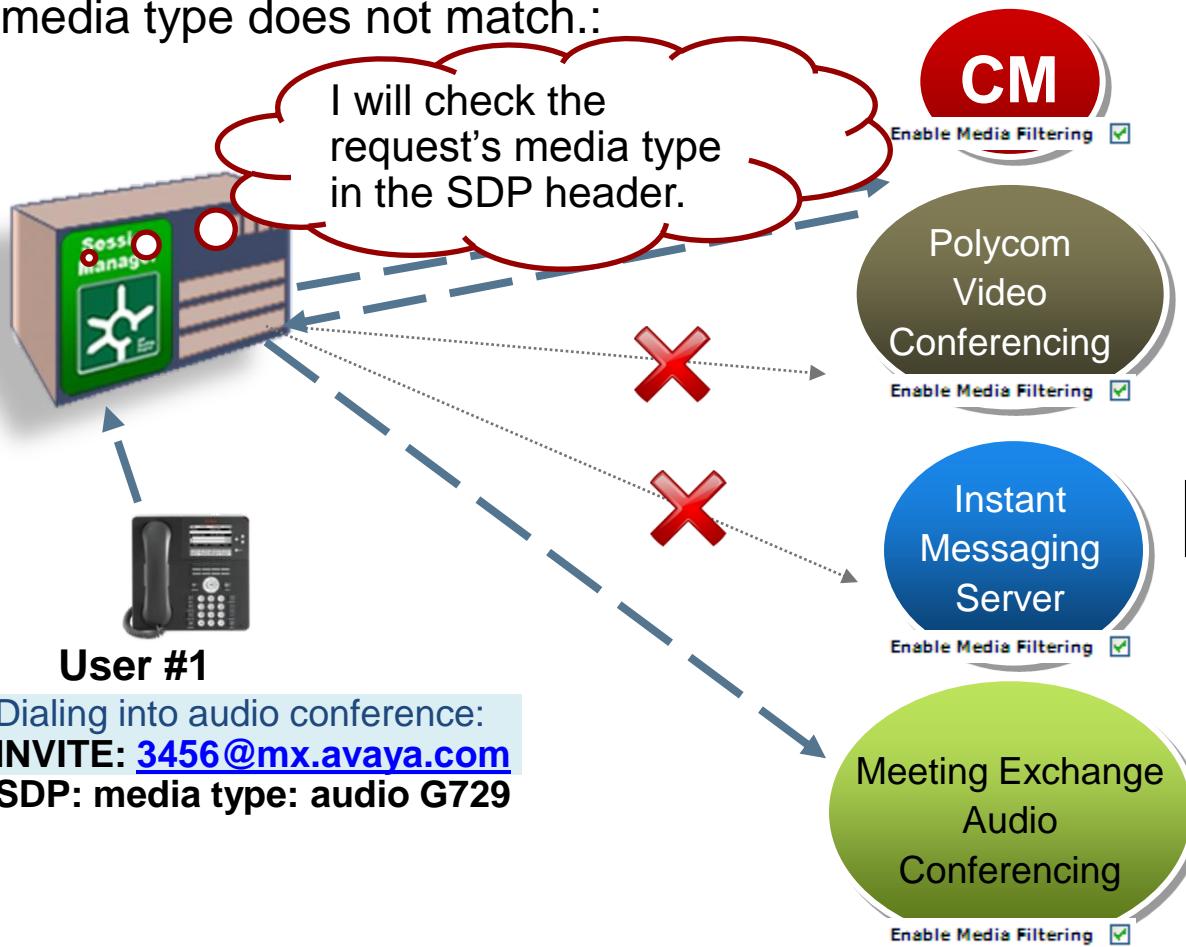
Media-Filtering new in 6.2

Session Manager can now route calls to applications based on the media type:
text, audio, video for more efficient and faster call processing.



Media-Filtering new in 6.2 (continued)

Session Manager will check the SDP media and based on the media-filtering configured in the applications , will skip the applications in the sequence for which the media type does not match.:.



Applications in this Sequence				
4 Items				
Sequence Order (first to last)	Name	SIP Entity	Mandatory	
1	CM1	CM1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
2	Polycom Video	Polycom Video	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	Instant Messaging	MC Instant Messaging	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	Audio Conferencing	Avaya Aura Conference	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Audio	Video	Text	Match Type	If SDP Missing
YES	NO	NO	EXACT	ALLOW

Dialing into audio conference:
INVITE: 3456@mx.avaya.com
SDP: media type: audio G729

Enabling Media-Filtering in Applications

From the Session Manager Menu, select Applications and edit the application.

Select the **Enable Media Filtering** box

The screenshot shows the 'Application' configuration screen. It includes fields for 'Name' (Audio Conferencing) and 'SIP Entity' (Avaya Aura Conferencing). Below these are sections for 'Application Attributes (optional)' and 'Application Media Attributes'. In the 'Application Media Attributes' section, there is a checkbox labeled 'Enable Media Filtering' which is checked and highlighted with a red box. Below this are five dropdown menus for media types: Audio, Video, Text, Match Type, and If SDP Missing. The 'Match Type' dropdown has 'NOT_EXACT' selected, while the others have 'EXACT' selected. The 'If SDP Missing' dropdown has 'ALLOW' selected.

Media Type	Support	Match Type	If SDP Missing
Audio	YES YES NO NOT_ONLY	NOT_EXACT	ALLOW
Video	YES YES NO NOT_ONLY	EXACT NOT_EXACT	ALLOW
Text	YES NO NOT_ONLY	EXACT NOT_EXACT	SKIP

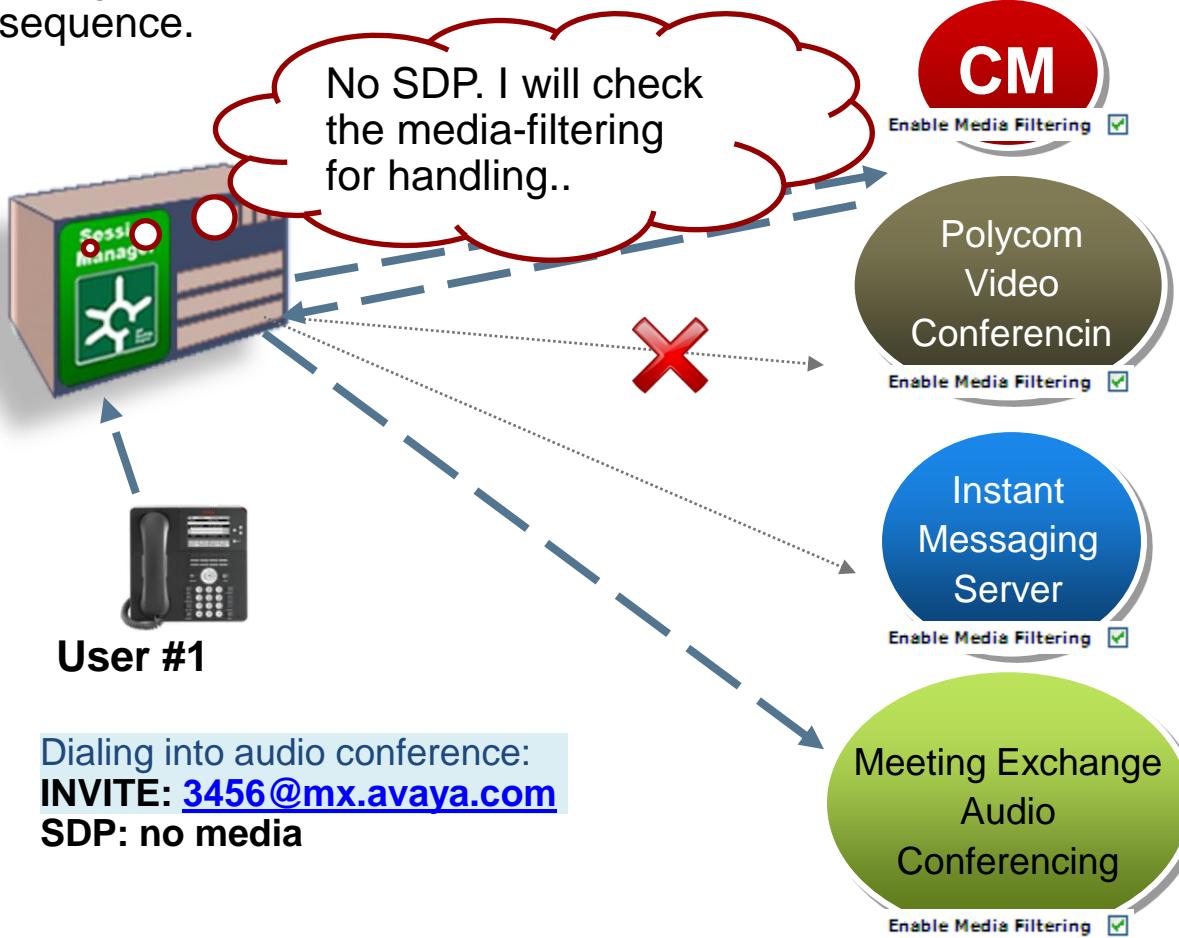
You can select which media type the application supports: audio, video, text.

You can match the exact combination or be more flexible by select NOT_Exact

You can even account for missing SDP header info.

Media-Filtering with No SDP Info

If Session Manager detects no SDP media defined in the packet it will check the “**If SDP Missing**” field in the Applications defined in the sequence. Based on the media-filtering configured in the applications ASM will either skip or allow routing to the applications in the sequence.

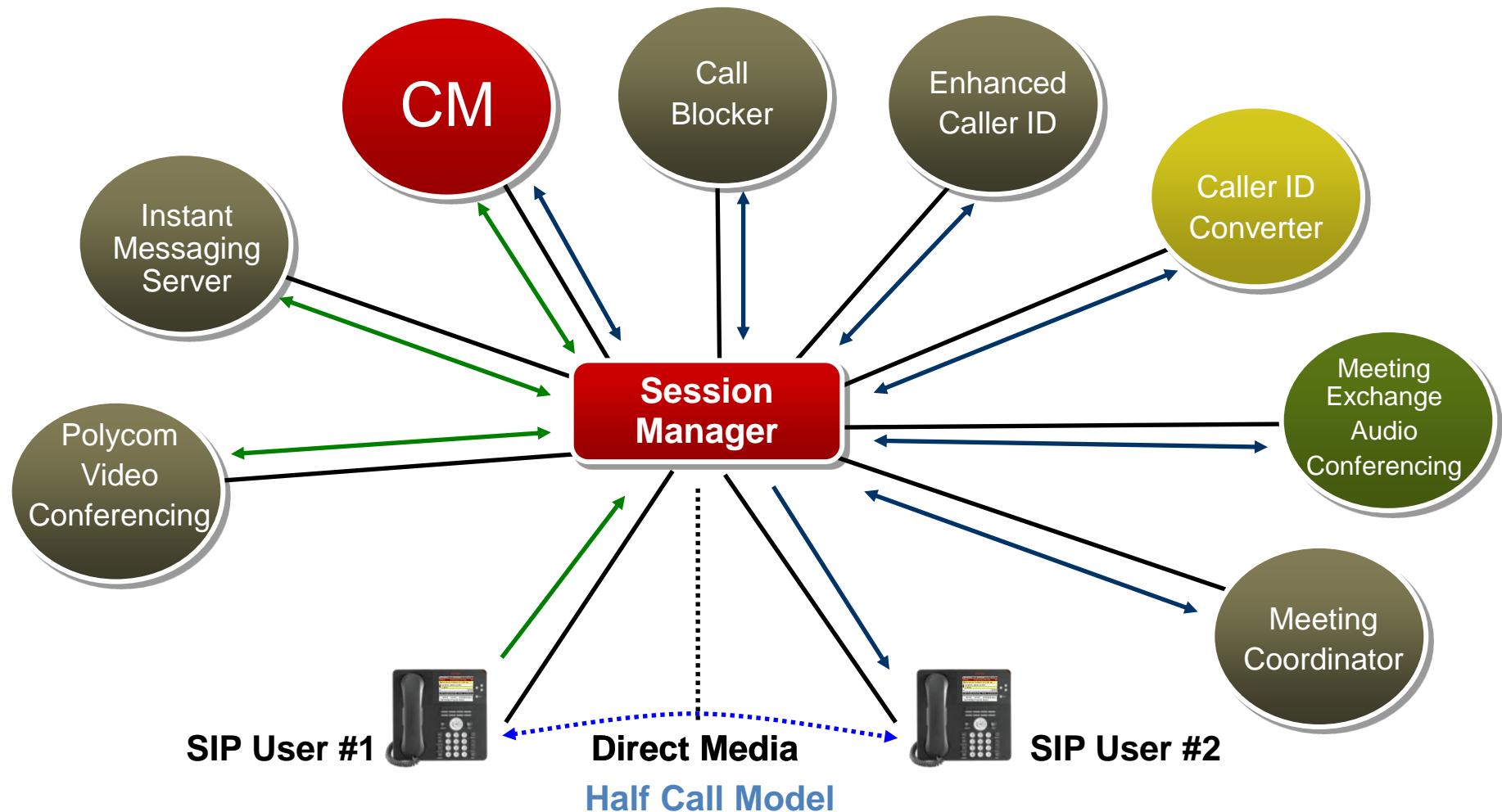


Application Media Attributes				
Enable Media Filtering <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Audio	Video	Text	Match Type	If SDP Missing
YES	NO	NO	EXACT	ALLOW

Implementing 3rd Party Feature Server

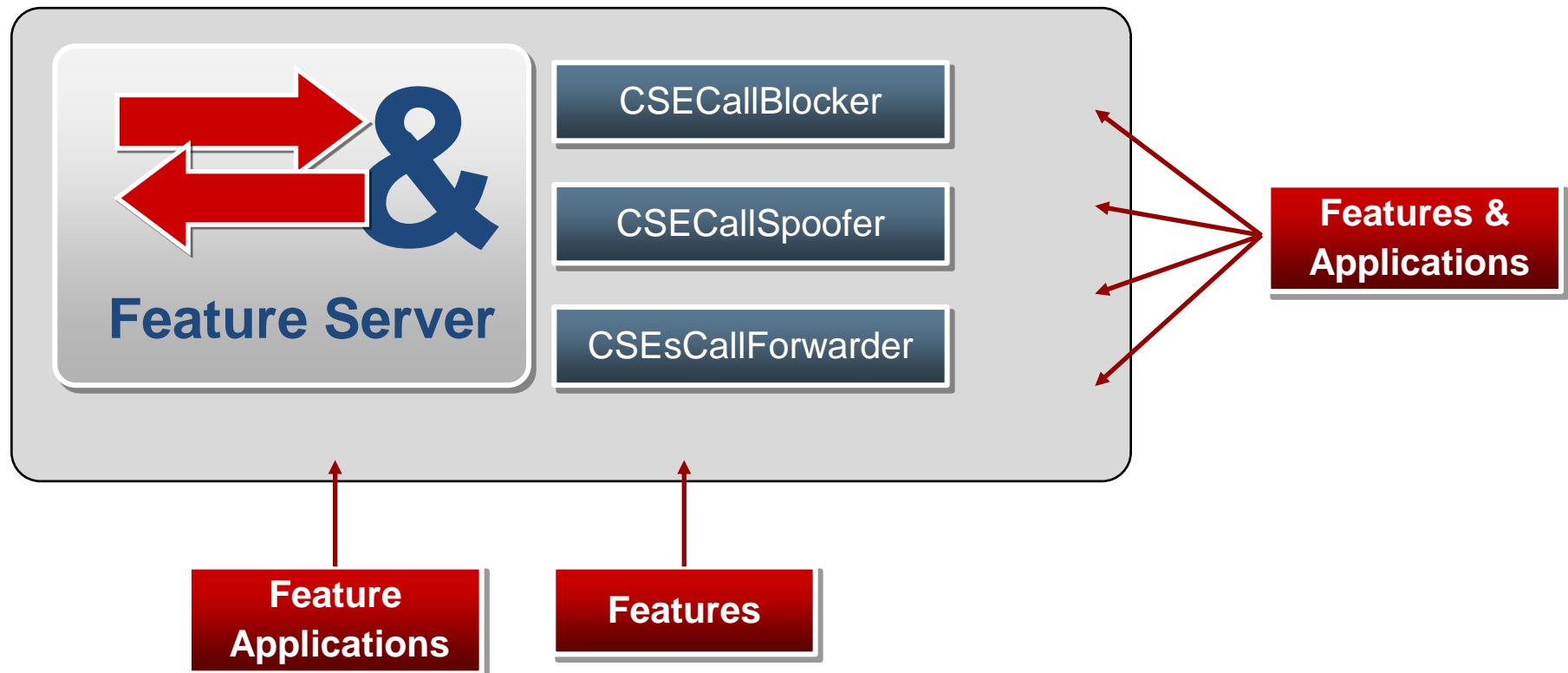
Application Sequencing

Avaya Aura™ Sequenced Applications in an IMS Network



Feature v. Feature Server

- ▶ 3rd party feature servers are configured differently than CM.
- ▶ One application can provide a variety of features.



Define the Application for 3rd Party Feature Server

- Session Manager
 - Dashboard
 - Session Manager
 - Administration
 - Communication Profile Editor
- Network Configuration
- Device and Location Configuration
- Application Configuration
 - Applications
 - Application Sequences
 - Conference Factories
 - Implicit Users
 - NRS Proxy Users
- System Status
- System Tools
- Performance

Application Editor

Application

Name	<input type="text"/>
SIP Entity	Select SIP Entity
Description	<input type="text"/>

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	<input type="text"/>
URI Parameters	<input type="text"/>

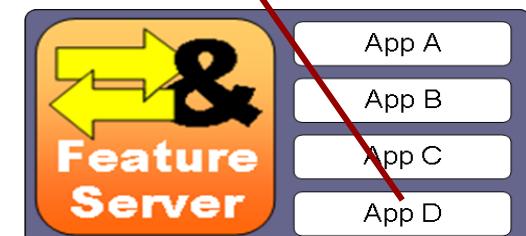
Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	<input type="text"/> ✓
URI Parameters	<input type="text"/>



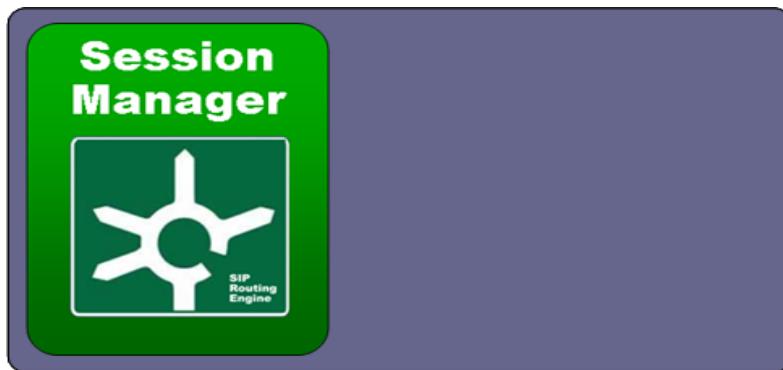
► The application handle is required on 3rd party feature servers.

Route: IP:**AppD**@featureserver



Session Manager and Applications

- ▶ How many applications will need to be configured on Session Manager?



Session Manager and Applications (continued)

One for each CM. CM is *the app*

Six for other Feature Servers – 4 for 1,
2 for the other

Application Editor

Application Editor

* Name: CM-Features

* SIP Entity: CM-as-FeatureSer

Description:

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	X 1
URI Parameters	

Application Editor

Application Editor

* Name: AuraAppx

* SIP Entity: AuraAppServer

Description:

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	X 6
URI Parameters	

Application Editor

Application Editor

* Name: CM-Features

* SIP Entity: CM-as-FeatureSer

Description:

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	X 1
URI Parameters	



Additional Application Parameters

Session Manager

Application Editor

INVITE sip:4201@avaya.com SIP/2.0
Call-ID: -1304559591551089382@192.168.2.3
Content-Length: 118
Content-Type: application/sdp
To: sip:4201@avaya.com
From: sip:1001@avaya.com;tag=-520641854
Contact: sip:192.168.2.3:5060
Route:sip:192.168.2.210
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP
192.168.2.3:5060;branch=z9hG4bKC0A80203BADF00D0
v=0

o=- 1227008289328 1227008289328 IN IP4 192.168.2.3
c=IN IP4 192.168.2.3

Before

After

URI Parameters

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	
URI Parameters	user=phone

I need more information

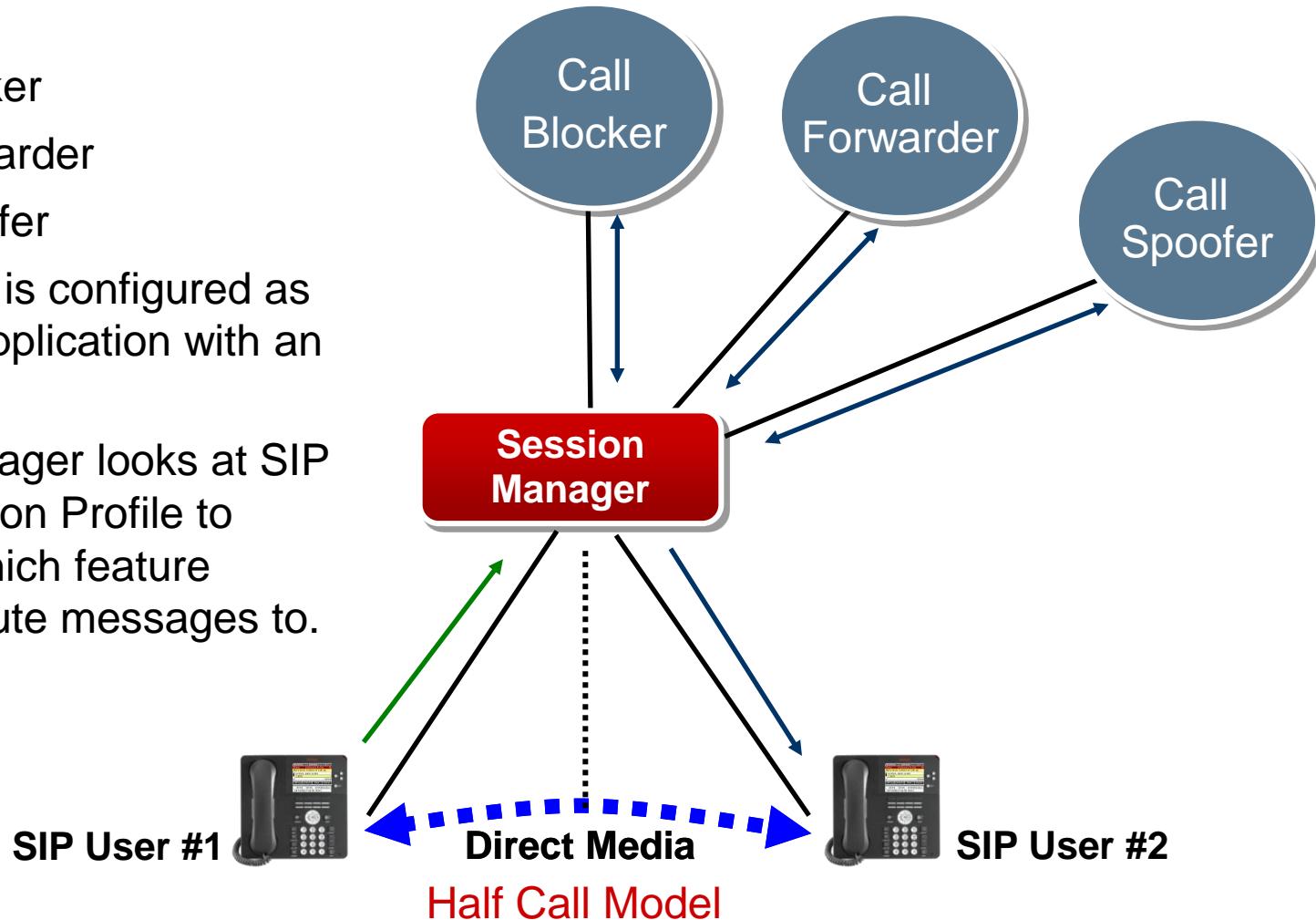
The diagram illustrates the flow of session parameters from the Session Manager to the Feature Server. On the left, the 'Session Manager' component contains the original SIP INVITE message. An arrow points from the 'Session Manager' to the 'Feature Server' on the right. The 'Feature Server' contains the modified SIP INVITE message, where the 'user=phone' parameter has been added. A thought bubble above the Feature Server says 'I need more information', indicating a dependency or a missing context.



3rd Party Sequenced Application

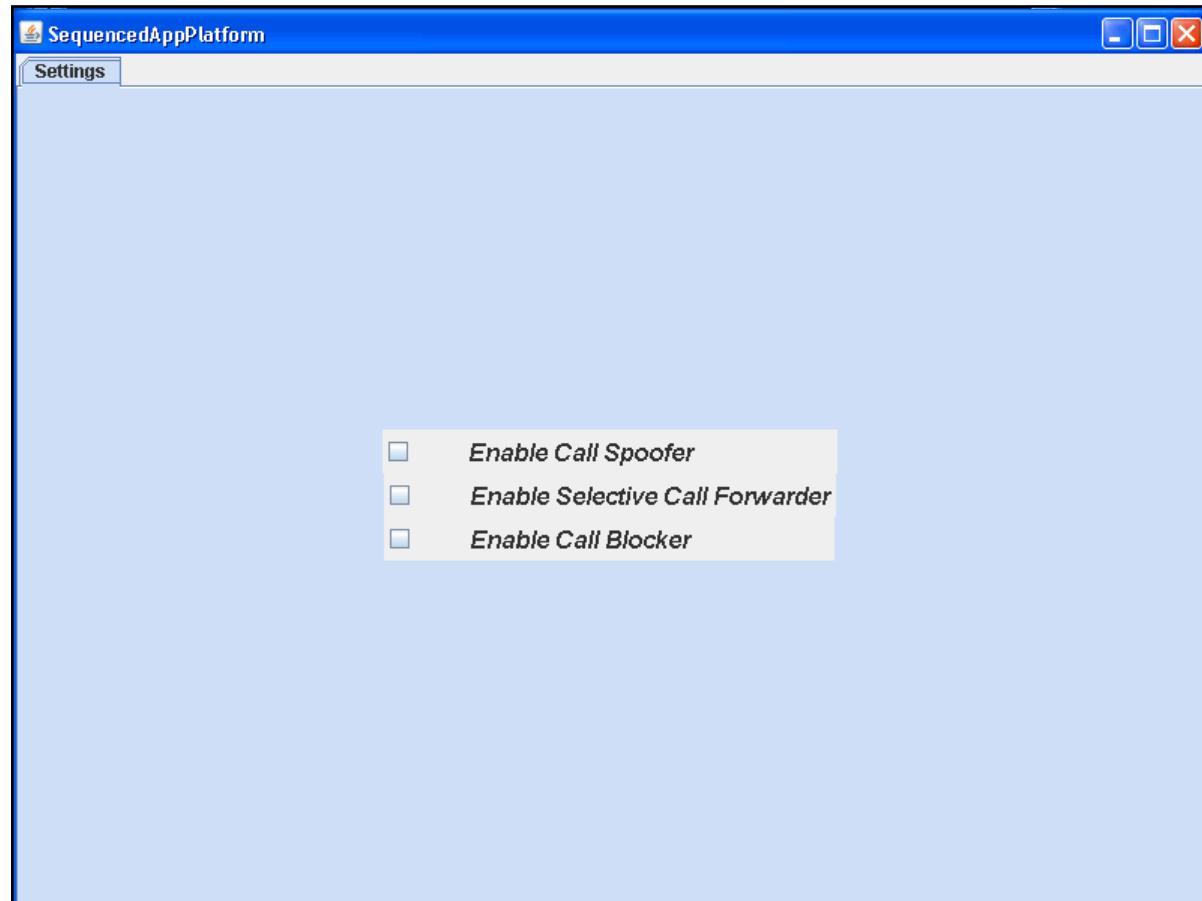
Sample Sequenced Java Application

- ▶ Provides (3) telephony features:
 - Call Blocker
 - Call Forwarder
 - Call Spoof
- ▶ Each feature is configured as a separate application with an app handle.
- ▶ Session Manager looks at SIP Communication Profile to determine which feature servers to route messages to.



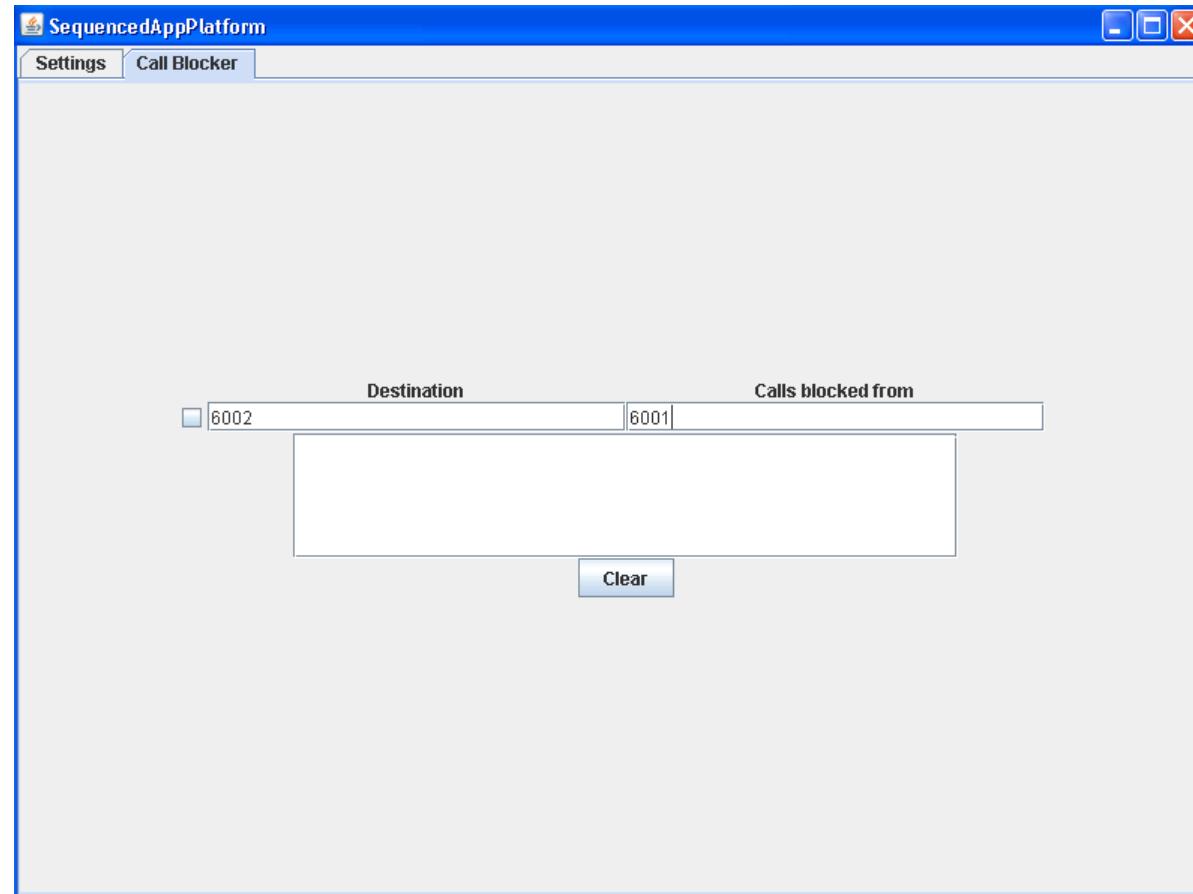
Running SAMPLE Sequenced Application

- ▶ 3rd party Java app that: 1. spoofs calls, 2. forwards calls and 3. blocks calls.



Application Sequencing: Origination Vs. Termination ?

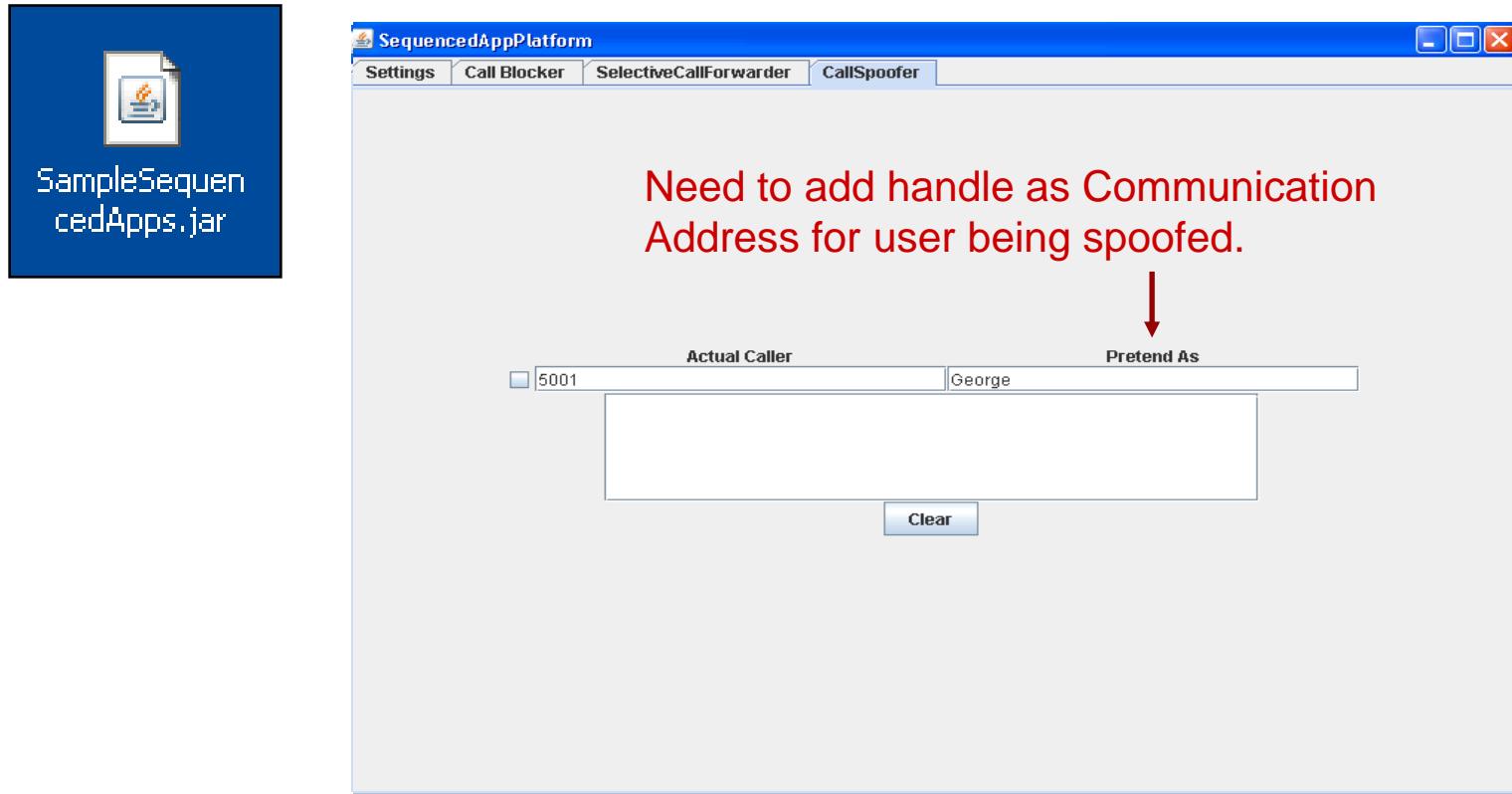
CSECallBlocker – This is a terminating app administered on the phone the call is made to. This application can block calls from a given number to the number this application is administered.



Must add Application Handle - CSECallBlocker

Application Sequencing: Origination Vs. Termination ? (continued)

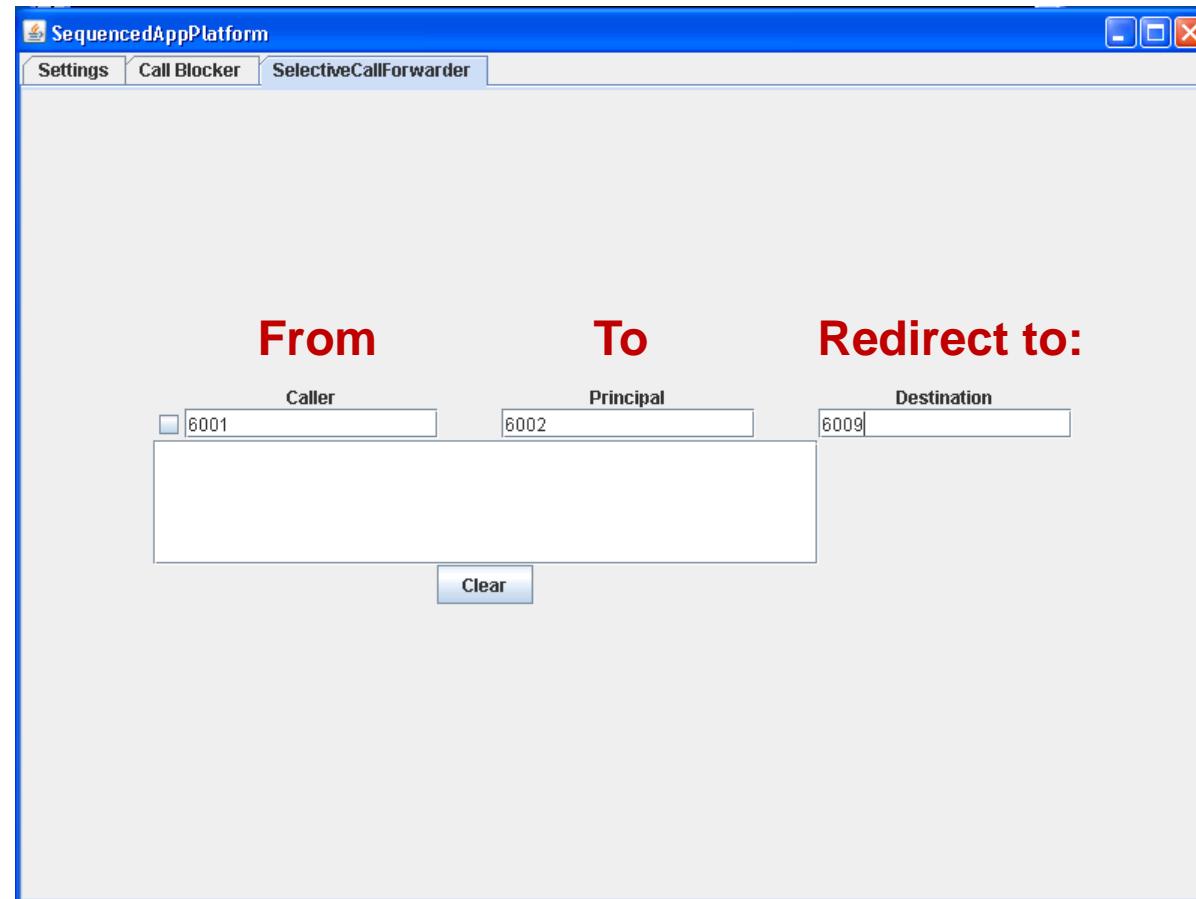
CSECallSpoofer – Origination. This application changes the identity of the phone placing an outbound call.



Must add Application Handle - CSECallSpoof

Application Sequencing: Origination Vs. Termination ? (continued)

CSEsCallForwarder – This is a terminating app, administered on the phone that the call is made to. This application can forward calls from a given number to another number.



Must add Application Handle - CSEsCallForwarder

Configuring the New Feature Server

- ▶ Create a SIP Entity for the new Feature Server

The screenshot shows the 'SIP Entity Details' configuration page under the 'Routing' section. On the left, a sidebar lists various routing-related options. The main area is titled 'General' and contains the following fields:

- Name: Call Blocker (highlighted by a red box)
- FQDN or IP Address: 172.16.6.12 (highlighted by a red box)
- Type: Other (highlighted by a red box)
- Notes: (empty)
- Adaptation: (dropdown menu)
- Location: Denver (highlighted by a red box)
- Time Zone: Americas/Denver (highlighted by a red box)
- Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV: (checkbox)
- SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4 (highlighted by a red box)
- Credential name: (text input field)
- Call Detail Recording: none (dropdown menu)
- CommProfile Type Preference: (dropdown menu)

Below this, a section titled 'SIP Link Monitoring' is shown with the following setting:

- SIP Link Monitoring: Link Monitoring Disabled (highlighted by a red box)

Red annotations on the right side of the screen provide additional context:

- Runs on each student's Desktop
- Type = Other
- Disable SIP Link Monitoring

Create an Entity Link between 'MySessionManager' and the new Feature Server

The screenshot shows the 'Entity Links' configuration page. At the top, a message states: "The TCP listening port for the SampleApp is 6053 on each student's desktop". The table below lists the entity links:

Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	Trusted	Notes
* SMToSampApp	* MySessionManager	TCP	* 5060	* SampleApp	* 6053	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Defining the Application

- ▶ Each feature will require an application configuration.

The screenshot shows the left-hand navigation menu of the Session Manager interface. The 'Application Configuration' section is expanded, revealing three sub-options: Applications, Application Sequences, and Conference Factories. Other sections like Session Manager, Network Configuration, and System Status are also visible.

The screenshot shows three separate instances of the 'Application Editor' dialog box. Each dialog has 'Application' fields ('Name' and 'SIP Entity' set to 'SampleApp') and an 'Application Attributes (optional)' table. The first table (top right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSECallBlocker'. The second table (middle right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSEsCallForwarder'. The third table (bottom right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSECallsSpoof'. All rows in these tables have their 'Value' cells highlighted with a yellow background and a red border.

The screenshot shows three separate instances of the 'Application Editor' dialog box. Each dialog has 'Application' fields ('Name' and 'SIP Entity' set to 'SampleApp') and an 'Application Attributes (optional)' table. The first table (top right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSECallBlocker'. The second table (middle right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSEsCallForwarder'. The third table (bottom right) contains a single row: Name 'Application Handle' and Value 'CSECallsSpoof'. All rows in these tables have their 'Value' cells highlighted with a yellow background and a red border.

Create an Application Sequence for Call Blocker

- ▶ Select Session Manager from Elements Menu >> Application Sequences

Session Manager

- Dashboard
- Session Manager
- Administration
- Communication Profile
- Editor
- Network Configuration
- Device and Location Configuration
- Application Configuration
- Applications**
- Application Sequences
- Conference Factories
- Implicit Users
- NRS Proxy Users
- System Status
- System Tools
- Performance

Application Sequence Editor

Differentiate applications between student a and b

*Name: SampleAppCallBlocker

Description:

Applications in this Sequence:

Sequence Order (first to last)	Name	SIP Entity
1	SampleAppCallBlocker	SampleApp

Select : All, None

Available Applications:

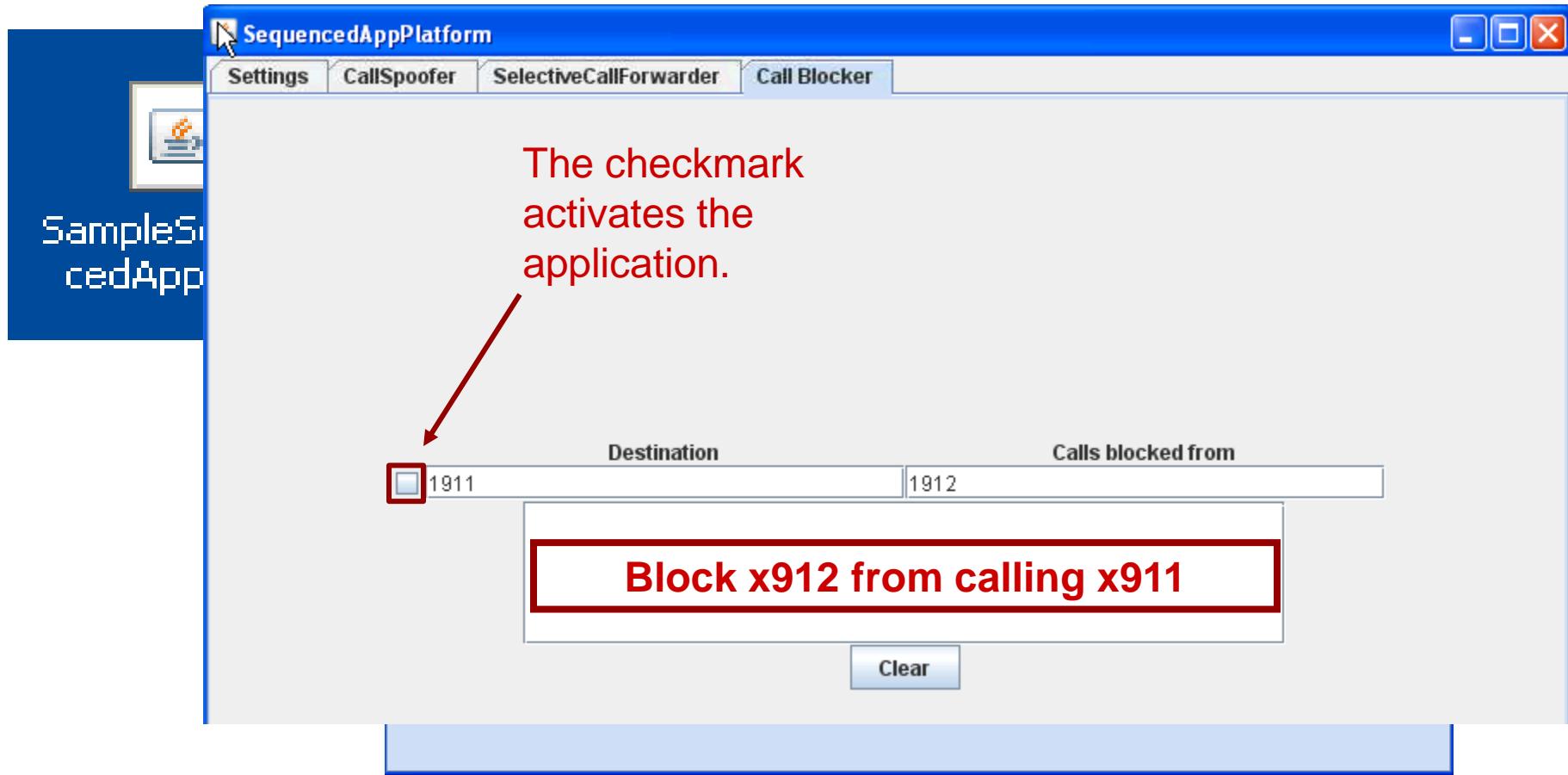
Name	SIP Entity	Description
CM2	CM2	
SampleAppCallBlocker	SampleApp	
SamnleAnnCallFwd	SampleAnn	

Commit Cancel

Application Entries

Name	Refresh
Application Name	<input type="button" value="New"/>
Audio Conferencing	<input type="button" value="Edit"/>
Cell BlockerA	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Cell BlockerB	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

Run the Application – Call Blocker



Assign the New Application Sequence

Communication Address

New Edit Delete

Type	Handle	Domain
Avaya SIP	1901	training.com

Select : All, None

Is Call Blocker an Origination or Termination Application?

Exercise: Implement Sample Application CSECallBlocker

- ▶ Block x912 from calling x911 using the Sample App feature called CSECallBlocker.

Step	Action
1	Go to desktop and find the SampleSequencedApp.jar Activate each feature by clicking on the box
2	From the Routing Menu select SIP Entities: Define the SIP Entity (use desktop IP) <i>Student a: 172.16.x.11</i> <i>Student b: 172.16.x.12</i>
3	Define the Entity Link (port 6053/TCP)
4	Define the Application Name: Call Blocker A/B SIP Entity: Select the SIP Entity you've created Add CSECallBlocker in the application handle Commit
5	Define the Application Sequence Add the Call Blocker Application by clicking on the +
6	Assign the Application Sequence to the User x911/x921 as Termination

Viewing Results

If the application was configured correctly, you will see a 403 Blocked in the SIP trace.

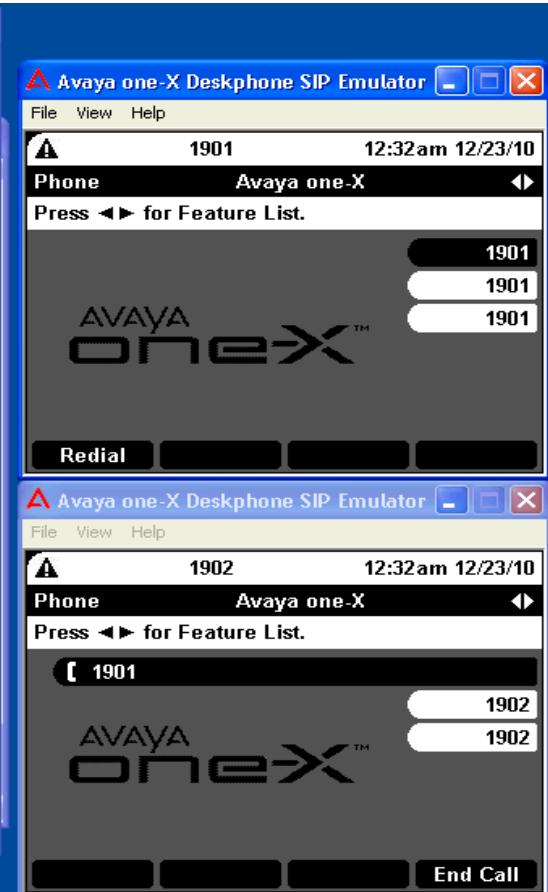
Destination Calls blocked from

1901 1902

blocking call from 1902 to 1901

```
135.122.80.70 SM100

08:42:12,523 | --INVITE-->| | (3) T:1901 F:1902 U:1901
08:42:12,528 | <--Trying--| | (3) 100 Trying
08:42:12,532 | <<Proxy A->| | (3) 407 Proxy Authentication Requir
08:42:12,679 | ----ACK-->| | (3) sip:1901@training.com
08:42:12,720 | --reINVIT-->| | (3) T:1901 F:1902 U:1901
08:42:12,722 | <--Trying--| | (3) 100 Trying
08:42:12,728 | <<reINVIT-->| | (3) T:1902 U:1901 P:imsterm
08:42:16,754 | <--Request-->| | (3) 408 Request Timeout
08:42:16,756 | ----ACK-->| | (3) sip:1901@training.com
08:42:59,464 | --INVITE-->| | (7) T:1901 F:1902 U:1901
08:42:59,466 | <--Trying--| | (7) 100 Trying
08:42:59,469 | <<Proxy A->| | (7) 407 Proxy Authentication Requir
08:42:59,614 | ----ACK-->| | (7) sip:1901@training.com
08:42:59,645 | --reINVIT-->| | (7) T:1901 F:1902 U:1901
08:42:59,655 | <--Trying-->| | (7) 100 Trying
08:42:59,800 | --INVITE-->| | (7) T:1902 U:1901 P:imsterm
08:42:59,665 | --Blocked-->| | (7) 403 Blocked
08:42:59,669 | <--ACK-->| | (7) sip:1901@training.com
08:42:59,670 | <<Blocked-->| | (7) 403 Blocked
08:42:59,681 | ----ACK-->| | (7) sip:1901@training.com
08:42:59,823 | ----ACK-->| | (7) sip:1901@training.com
```



Multiple Applications in a Sequence

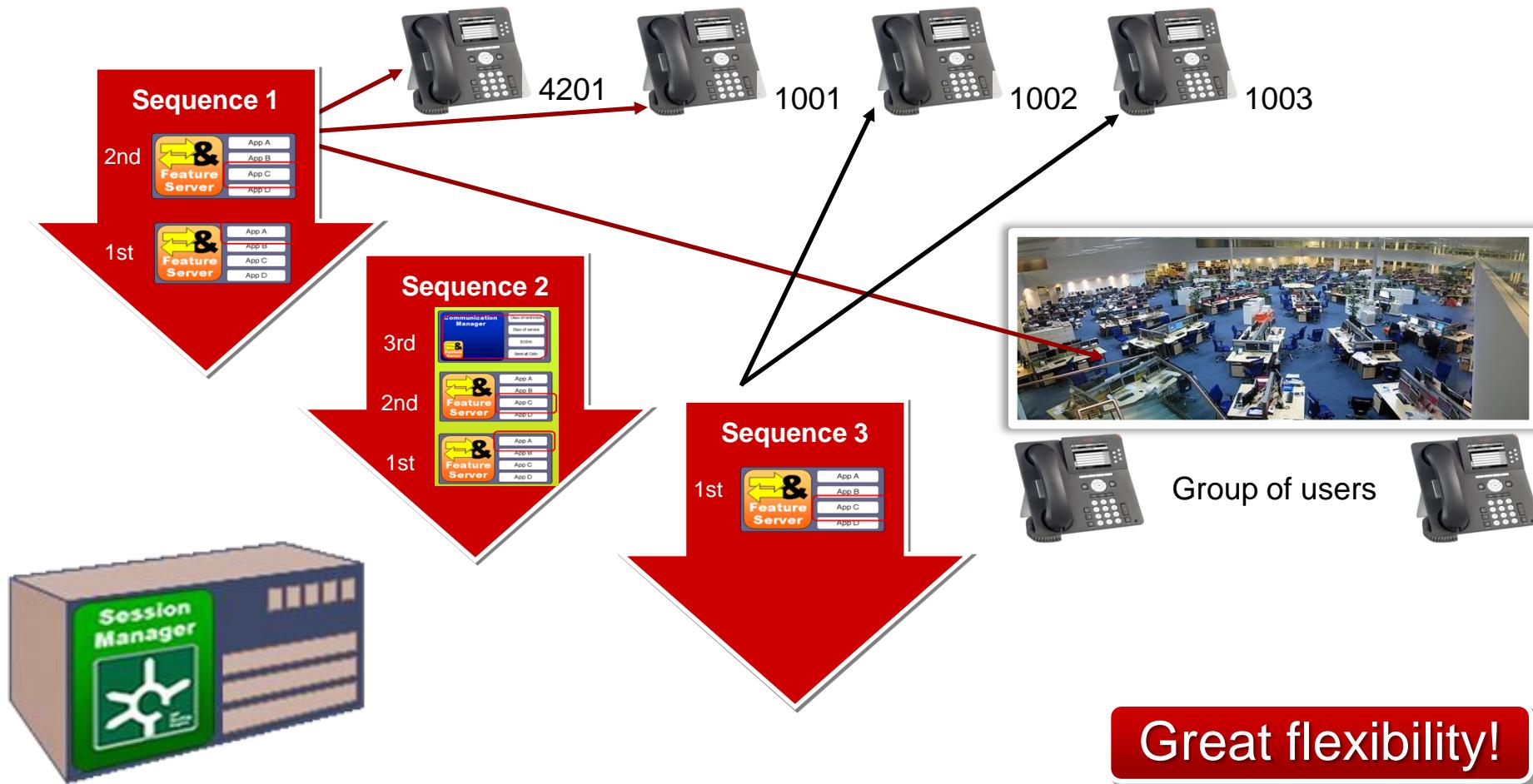
Application Sequences



Multiple application sequences give us the flexibility to pick and choose, mix and match features for users!

A Sequence is a Template

- Once a sequence is created it can be applied multiple times
- Different sequences can be applied to different types of users



Administering an Application Sequence

Session Manager
Dashboard
Session Manager Administration
Communication Profile Editor
▶ Network Configuration
▶ Device and Location Configuration
▼ Application Configuration
Applications
Application Sequences
Conference Factories
Implicit Users
NRS Proxy Users
▶ System Status
▶ System Tools
▶ Performance

Application Sequence Editor

Commit Cancel

Application Sequence

*Name: CM App Seq

Description: Sequence/Template 1

Applications in this Sequence

Move First Move Last Remove

2 Items

	Sequence Order (first to last)	Name	SIP Entity
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/> <input type="button" value="✖"/>	CM App	CommunicationManager1
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="▲"/> <input type="button" value="▼"/> <input type="button" value="✖"/>	CM App	CommunicationManager2

Select : All, None

Available Applications

1 Item | Refresh Filter: Enable

	Name	SIP Entity	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	CM App	CommunicationManager1	

Sequence 1

1st

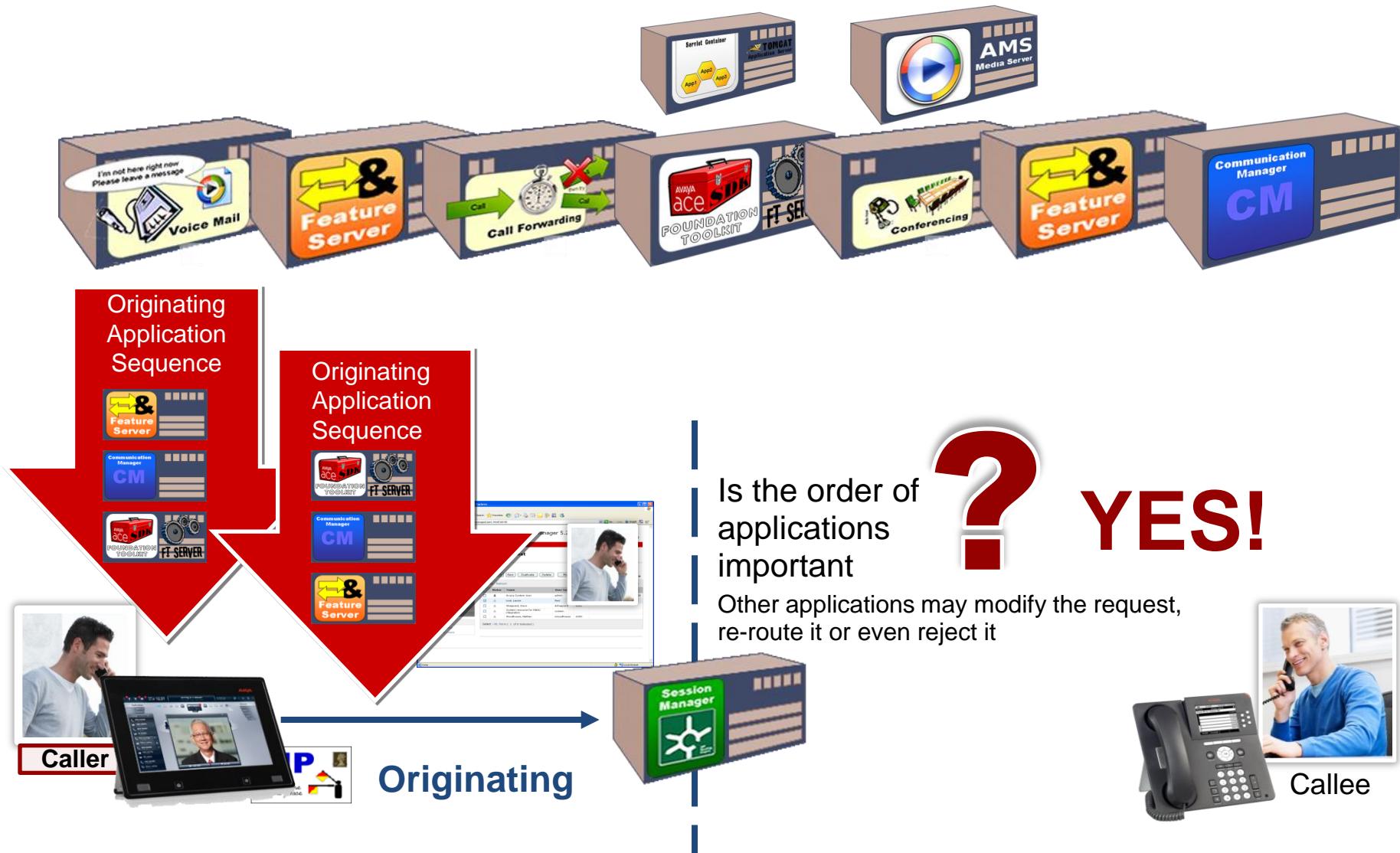
2nd

Available Applications

Name	SIP Entity	Description
CM App	CommunicationManager1	

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Order of Application Sequence



What Combinations Provide Required Outcome?



This one first?



Then this one?



And this one last?

Sequence Order



Where should CM sit in the sequence



Depends on what type of CM

- CM-ES (Evolution Server)
- CM-FS (Feature Server)



Callee

Rules for Application Sequence Placement for CM



The CM-ES must be last in the origination sequence, and first in the termination sequence.

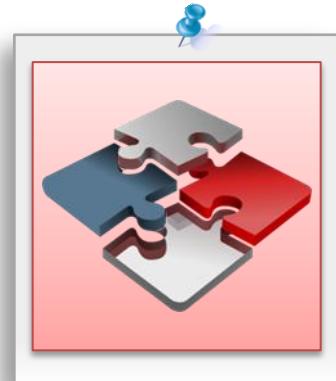


The CM-FS must be first in the origination sequence and the termination sequence.

Lesson Summary

You have completed the following lesson objective:

- ▶ Review the nature of sequenced applications, and how they are administered.



Administering Features to Non-SIP Users

Lesson Objectives

After you complete this course you will be able to:

- ▶ Apply features to non-SIP users using Implicit Users.



Implicit Users

Non-SIP Phones and Feature Application



Non-SIP Phones and Feature Application (continued)

1st problem?

SM expects SIP

1st solution?

Gateway SIP Entity

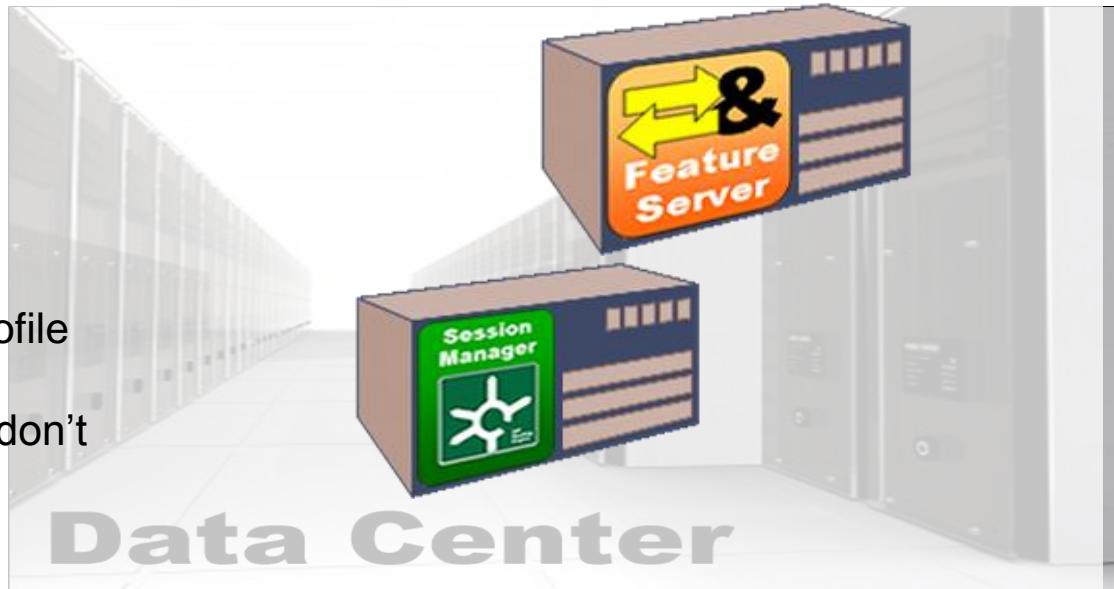
2nd problem?

SM checks User Profile
for Sequences.

Non-SIP endpoints don't
have a User Profile

2st solution?

Implicit Users



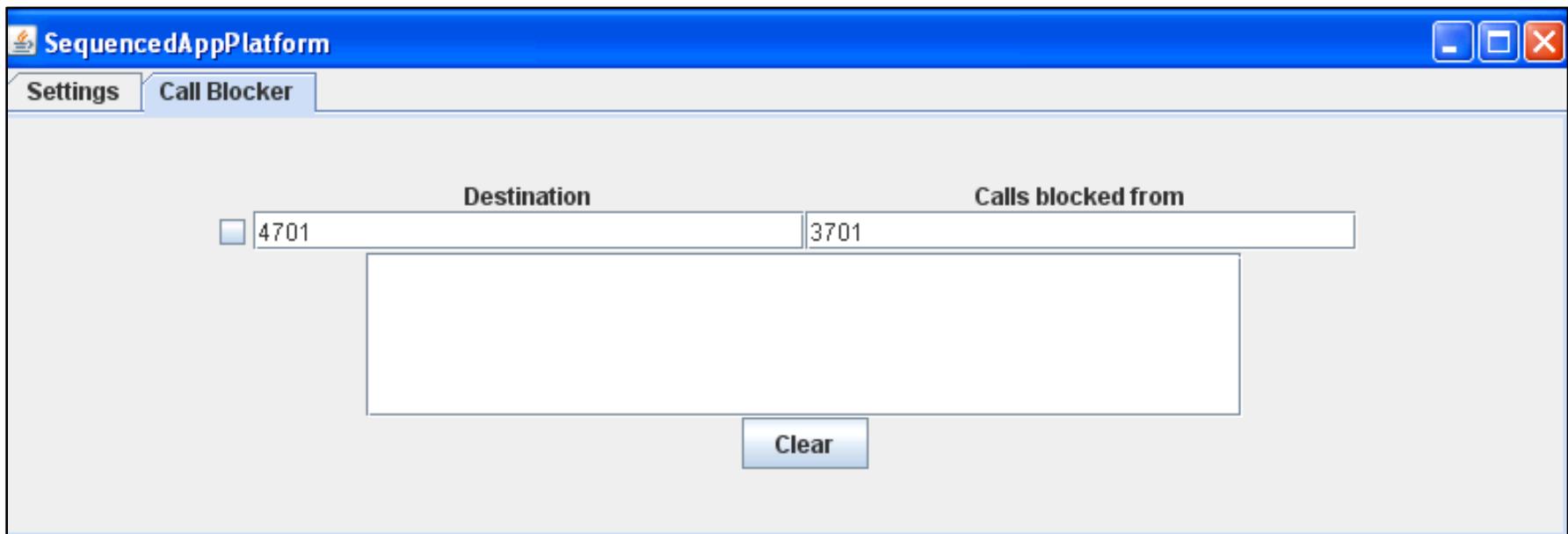
SIP Entity



Caller 2
Non - SIP

Implicit Users-prep

- ▶ Configure the Call Blocker app to block your SIP phone from calling your H.323 phone.
- ▶ If the application was configured correctly, you will see a 403 Blocked in the SIP trace.



Implicit Users-prep

You will be using the application sequence you've created for the Call Blocker App.

Application Editor

Commit

Application

*Name: Call Blocker

*SIP Entity: Call Blocker

Description:

Application Attributes (optional)

Name	Value
Application Handle	CSECellBlocker
URI Parameters	

Application Sequence Editor

Commit Cancel

Application Sequence

*Name: Call Blocker App Seq

Description:

Applications in this Sequence

Move First Move Last Remove

1 Item				
Sequence Order (first to last)	Name	SIP Entity	Mandatory	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> ↕ ✖	Call Blocker	Call Blocker	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Select : All, None

Creating an Implicit User for non-SIP Endpoints

- ▼ Session Manager
 - Dashboard
 - Session Manager
 - Administration
 - Communication Profile Editor
- ▶ Network Configuration
- ▶ Device and Location Configuration
- ▼ Application Configuration
 - Applications
 - Application Sequences
 - Conference Factories
- Implicit Users**
- NRS Proxy Users
- ▶ System Status
- ▶ System Tools
- ▶ Performance

Implicit User Rule Editor

Implicit User Rule

Any 4 digit number beginning with 47

* Pattern	47
* Min	4
* Max	4
Description	
SIP Domain	-ALL-
Origination Application Sequence	
Termination Application Sequence	Call Blocker

Originating Outgoing Calls

Terminating Incoming Calls

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Access the H.323 Phone



Call Server = 172.16.x.53
Password: 123456

Student	Pod 1	Pod 2	Pod 3	Pod 4	Pod 5	Pod 6
Student a	1711	2711	3711	4711	5711	6711
Student b	1721	2721	3721	4721	5721	6721

Exercise: Implicit User

Step	Action
1	Make a test call between H.323 and SIP phones to make sure the call completes.
2	Add a rule using Implicit Users to block your SIP x911 or x921 to call your H.323 x711 or x721
3	Modify the settings on the Call Blocker Sample Sequenced Application to block your partner's extension from calling your extension.
4	Apply the application sequence that only contains the Call Blocker app
5	Create an Implicit User Dial Pattern: Your H.323 phone extension (17,27,37,47) Min/Max Length: 4 Assign App sequence to Termination Application Sequence
6	When your Pod partner calls you the call will not go through. Run traceSM to view the call flow.

Lesson Summary

After you complete this course you will be able to:

- ▶ Apply features to non-SIP users with Implicit Users.



Module Summary

After completing this module, you will be able to:

- ▶ Identify the role of Session Manager in applying features to calls and know how to administer named and sequenced applications.
- ▶ Administer Sequenced Applications: Avaya and 3rd Party.
- ▶ Administer features to non-SIP users using Implicit Users.



To Learn More

Support and Documentation

- ▶ <https://support.avaya.com> - Avaya Aura™ Session Manager
- ▶ Avaya Aura™ Session Manager Overview
- ▶ Installing and Configuring Avaya Aura Session Manager
- ▶ Administering Avaya Aura™ Session Manager
- ▶ Maintaining and Troubleshooting Avaya Aura™ Session Manager
- ▶ Comparison of Avaya Aura™ SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Aura™ Session Manager 6.x
- ▶ Administering Avaya Aura™ Communication Manager as a Feature Server